State of Ohio

Annual Comprehensive Financial Report

Ohio Office of Budget and Management



ACKNOWLEDGMENTS

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Special appreciation is given to all fiscal and accounting personnel throughout the State whose extra efforts to contribute accurate, timely financial data for their agencies made this report possible.

STATE OF OHIO

ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT

Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021



Office of Budget and Management

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State Accounting and Reporting

Prepared by OBM State Accounting and Reporting

STATE OF OHIO

ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

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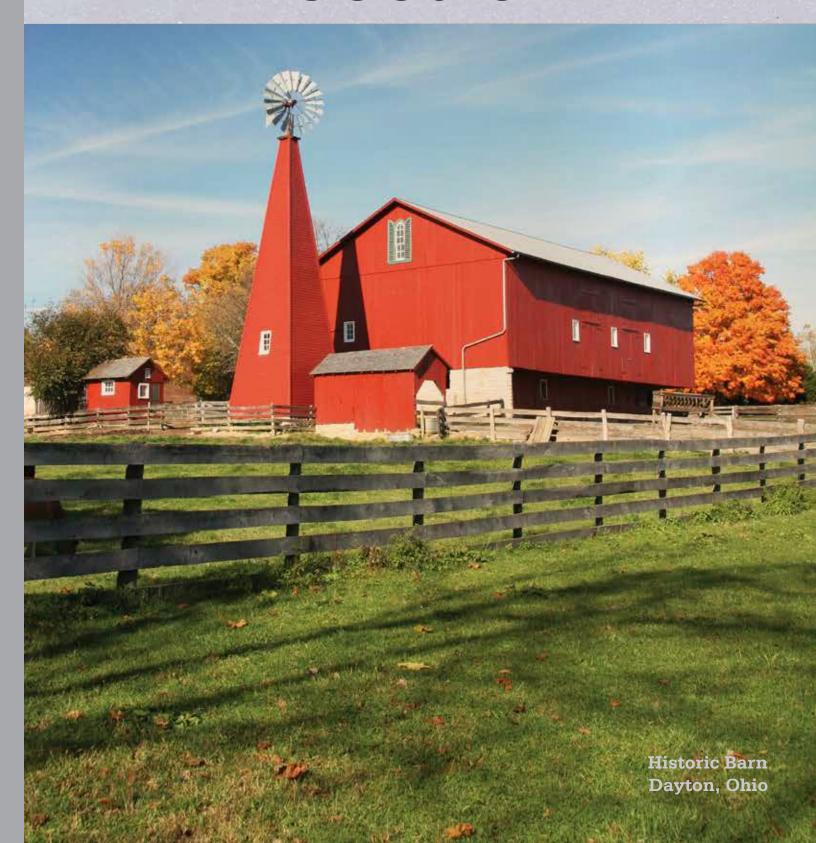
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Introductory Section







December 22, 2021

Jon Husted, Lt. Governor

The Honorable Mike DeWine, Governor of Ohio; The Honorable Jon Husted, Lieutenant Governor of Ohio; Members of the General Assembly; Agencies, Boards, Commissions; And fellow Ohioans:

It is my privilege to present the State of Ohio's Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR) for the year ended June 30, 2021, prepared in accordance with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP) as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB).

The Office of Budget and Management (OBM) prepared this report pursuant to Section 126.21 of the Ohio Revised Code. The report includes the state's basic financial statements, providing an overview of the state's financial position and the management of Ohio's financial operations. Responsibility for the accuracy of the data presented and the completeness and fairness of the presentation, including all disclosures, rests with the Office of Budget and Management (OBM).

To the best of my knowledge and belief, the information presented is accurate in all material respects and reported in a manner that fairly depicts the financial position and results of operations of the state of Ohio. All disclosures necessary for a reasonable understanding of the state's financial activities have been included.

This letter of transmittal is intended to complement management's discussion and analysis (MD&A) and should be read in conjunction with it. The MD&A provides an overview of the state's financial activities addressing both governmental and business-type activities reported in the government-wide financial statements.

The reporting format for our ACFR is significantly different from the way the State more typically presents its finances on a non-GAAP budgetary basis. The most obvious difference is that the "General Fund" in the ACFR includes more than just the state's General Revenue Fund (GRF). The General Fund also includes the reimbursement-supported funds used for activities administered by state agencies for which special revenue or proprietary fund classifications were inappropriate.

The state is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal control designed to ensure that the state's assets are protected from loss, theft, or misuse and to ensure that adequate accounting data are compiled to allow for the preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP. Internal control is designed to provide reasonable, but not absolute, assurance that these objectives are met. The concept of reasonable assurance recognizes that the cost of a control should not exceed the benefits likely to be derived, and that the valuation of costs and benefits requires estimates and judgments by management.

INDEPENDENT AUDIT RESULTS

In compliance with Ohio Revised Code, an annual financial audit has been performed by the Office of the Auditor of State. The audit was conducted in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and Government Auditing Standards issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. This opinion indicates a qualification on Business-Type Activities and the Unemployment Compensation Fund related to a new benefits system. The unmodified section of the opinion indicates all other financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, in accordance with GAAP.

Additionally, the state's Single Audit report is audited by the Office of the Auditor of State to meet the requirements of the federal Single Audit Act Amendments of 1996 and related Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Uniform Guidance. The Single Audit report will be issued separately from the state's ACFR.

PROFILE OF THE GOVERNMENT

History

Ohio's first constitution was adopted in 1802, and Ohio entered the union in 1803. Ohio's present constitution was modified by a state constitutional convention in 1851 and has since been amended on numerous occasions. The Constitution establishes a state governmental structure like the federal model, with three separate branches of government — executive, legislative, and judicial.

Governmental Structure

The executive branch consists of the Governor and Lieutenant Governor, who are jointly elected, and four additional statewide elected officials: Attorney General, Auditor of State, Secretary of State, and Treasurer of State. Each of these officials are elected to four-year terms.

Approximately 100 agencies, boards, and commissions are part of the executive branch of government and receive appropriations from the legislature, along with several judicial and legislative agencies. An organizational chart of state government can be found on pages x and xi.

The state legislature in Ohio is referred to as the General Assembly and consists of two separate chambers, the Senate, a 33-member body, and the House of Representatives, a 99-member body. Each member of the General Assembly is elected to represent the residents of a geographical district for a specified term. Members of the General Assembly are subject to term-limits; senators are restricted to serving two consecutive four-year terms, and representatives are restricted to serving four consecutive two-year terms. Each chamber has a presiding officer to call the chamber to order and direct the calendar of events. The presiding officer in the Senate is the President of the Senate, and the presiding officer of the House of Representatives is the Speaker of the House. A new General Assembly is convened in January of each odd-numbered year.

Within the Judicial system, the Supreme Court is the court of last resort in Ohio. Most of its cases are appeals from the 12 district courts of appeal. The Chief Justice and six justices are elected to six-year terms on a nonpartisan ballot.

Reporting Entity and Its Services

For financial reporting purposes, the state's reporting entity consists of (1) the primary government, (2) component units for which the primary government is financially accountable, and (3) other component units for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government is such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. The criteria set forth in Governmental Accounting Standards Board's (GASB) Statement 14, the Financial Reporting Entity, Statement 39, Determining Whether Certain Organizations are Component Units, an amendment of GASB

14, Statement 61, the Financial Reporting Entity: Omnibus, an amendment of GASB 14 and Statement 80, Blending Requirements for Certain Component Units, an amendment of GASB 14, are used to determine the organizations for which the state is financially accountable. NOTE 1A to the financial statements explains more fully which financial activities are included in the state's reporting entity.

The state provides a wide range of services and support to its citizenry that are accounted for in the following functions or programs: primary, secondary and other education, higher education support, public assistance and Medicaid, health and human services, justice and public protection, environmental protection and natural resources, transportation, general government, community and economic development, workers' compensation, lottery, unemployment compensation, tuition credits, and other business-type activities.

Retirement Systems

Employees of the primary government or its component units may be eligible to participate in the Ohio Public Employees Retirement System, State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio, State Highway Patrol Retirement System, or an alternative retirement plan. Further information on the state's participation in the different retirement systems can be found in NOTE 9 to the financial statements.

Risk Management

As discussed in NOTE 1Q to the financial statements, the state's primary government is self-insured for claims under its traditional healthcare plan and its vehicle liability plan. Employee and public official fidelity bonding are placed with a private insurer. Tort liability is self-funded; however, several state agencies have also acquired private insurance. State-owned buildings are covered under a catastrophic property policy for both real and personal property losses. All other liability risk to State property is self-funded on a pay-as-you-go basis. The state's primary government and its component units participate in a public entity risk pool, which is accounted for in the Workers' Compensation Enterprise Fund, for the financing of their workers' compensation liability.

Budgetary Control and Accounting System

Ohio's Constitution requires a balanced state budget. The state's biennial operating budget begins on July 1 of odd-numbered years and ends 24 months later, on June 30. The state maintains budgetary controls to ensure compliance with legal provisions embodied in the appropriated budget approved by the General Assembly. Budgets are entered into the statewide accounting system once the appropriations bill becomes law. Controls are maintained first at the agency level, with additional control at the fund and appropriation level to ensure that expenditures do not exceed authorized limits.

The state's non-GAAP budgetary schedules are prepared on a modified cash basis of accounting. This means that revenues are recognized when cash is received, and expenditures are recognized when cash is paid. Encumbrances, reservations of appropriation authority as of June 30, the end of the state fiscal year, are reflected as expenditures on the budgetary basis of accounting.

Budget-to-actual comparisons can be found in this report for each governmental fund for which an appropriated annual budget has been adopted. For the General Fund and Job, Family and Other Human Services Special Revenue Fund, these comparisons are presented as part of the required supplementary information. For other budgeted non-major governmental funds with appropriated annual budgets, budget-to-actual comparisons are in the non-major governmental funds section of the ACFR.

Additional discussion of the budgetary and GAAP bases of accounting is provided in NOTE 1 to the financial statements.

The accounting system maintains all non-GAAP budgetary basis transactions and most GAAP basis adjustments. In addition to the information obtained from the accounting system for financial reporting,

selected financial information provided by the state's agencies is compiled to complete the GAAP basis financial statements.

Differences between the two basis of accounting (GAAP vs. non-GAAP budgetary) include: 1) entity differences — the GAAP reporting entity may include organizations such as financing authorities and other component units that are not included in the state's budget; 2) basis differences — the GAAP basis results in the reporting of accruals while the non-GAAP budgetary basis results in the reporting of cash transactions; and 3) timing differences — for example, GAAP recognizes expenditures for payables for goods and services received, whereas the non-GAAP budgetary basis considers unliquidated encumbrances as expenditures. Reconciliation between the GAAP basis and non-GAAP budgetary basis fund balances is presented in the ACFR as a note to the budgetary section of required supplementary information.

ECONOMIC OVERVIEW AND OUTLOOK

The Economy in 2021

The national economy suffered a tremendous blow when the global COVID-19 pandemic began to impact the United States in early 2020. As the country and the state braced for uncertainty, mitigation efforts were implemented to stabilize the economy by saving lives. As a result, the Ohio economy surged forward in fiscal year 2021.

According to the Bureau of Economic Analysis, Real Gross Domestic Product (GDP) grew at a seasonally adjusted annual rate of a historically high 33.8 percent in the first quarter of fiscal year 2021. Growth then continued at 4.5 percent in the second quarter, and then increased to 6.3 percent and 6.7 percent in the third and fourth quarters, respectively. The four quarters of remarkable gains brought GDP above pre-pandemic levels. The increases in GDP reflected positive contributions in personal consumption and private inventory investment but were partially offset by a decrease in exports.

Overall, Ohio's seasonally adjusted GDP growth during fiscal year 2021 was robust. During the first two quarters, Ohio's GDP grew at a slightly faster rate than the country. In the third quarter, Ohio's growth continued at 3.5 percent and then grew even faster in the fourth quarter by increasing to 5.2 percent. Increases throughout the fiscal year reflected positive contributions from most sectors including construction, manufacturing, accommodation and food services, and professional, scientific, and technical services.

Ohio's unemployment rate dramatically decreased throughout the fiscal year. In July 2020, the unemployment rate was 9.3 percent having come down from its pandemic high of 16.4 percent in just three months. By the end of fiscal year 2021, the unemployment rate was down to 5.2 percent and has further declined to 4.8 percent as of November 2021.

Nationally, real disposable personal income was higher in the third quarter of fiscal year 2021 than any prior quarter in history, in large part due to an increase in transfer receipts from the federal government provided by the Coronavirus Response and Relief Supplemental Appropriations Act and the American Rescue Plan Act.

Real personal consumption also grew at a 7.8 percent seasonally adjusted annual rate over the course of the fiscal year. During the first six months of the fiscal year growth was relatively modest. With the second round of stimulus checks reaching eligible Americans in mid-December and early January, there was a large increase in consumption in January, and an even bigger increase with the third round of stimulus payments in March. Since March's increase, consumption has remained at or near the same level.

Overall, the economy improved substantially over the course of fiscal year 2021. The Back-to-Normal Index created by Moody's Analytics and CNN to track the economic recovery provides evidence of this growth. In

July 2020, Ohio's index averaged 81.6 percent, 6.7 percentage points above the national average of 74.9. By June 2021, Ohio's average index value was 94.6 percent, suggesting that Ohio's strong economy was largely back to its pre-pandemic levels and would continue to grow on pace with the national recovery heading into fiscal year 2022. Ohio's index has continually outpaced the national index.

Ohio's Economic Outlook

While fiscal year 2021 ended with COVID-19 receding, the delta variant surged across the nation just as schools were reopening in August and September. As a result, fiscal year 2022 opened with more measured economic growth than was forecasted prior to the identification of the delta variant. Despite the start, the economic outlook is still strong. In recent months, forecasters moderated growth estimates in the near term, and increased their estimates for the next year and beyond. The October 2021 Wall Street Journal Survey of Economists reported that the average respondent forecasted GDP to increase 5.2 percent in calendar year 2021, 3.6 percent in calendar year 2022 and 2.5 percent in calendar year 2023.

The COVID-19 pandemic has been a major factor impacting the economy since March 2020. As of the end December 2021, more than 70 percent of adult Ohioans have received at least an initial vaccination, more than 2.7 million Ohioans have already received a booster, and all school-age children are now eligible to receive a vaccine. The State's economic outlook continues to be strong based on proactive management of the pandemic and related economic effects. In the months to come, the national economic outlook will likely continue to be impacted by the secondary effects of the pandemic such as the rise in prices, supply shortages and labor uncertainty.

As the economy restarted, demand for goods surged sparking global supply chain shortages. Issues in the supply chain continue to permeate throughout Ohio and around the globe. Shortages of raw materials, key components, and worker shortages hampered those efforts, as container ships filled with goods headed to the U.S. have been stranded offshore or on docks waiting to be unloaded. Once unloaded, goods have not been delivered on time, as shortages of truck drivers have exacerbated the issue. As such, prices have risen to record highs for deliveries.

Many economists are forecasting that the bottlenecks and labor uncertainty affecting the supply chain will persist for the rest of fiscal year 2022 and potentially continue into fiscal year 2023. As many manufacturers and companies use just-in-time inventory and production methods, there is no 'catch-all' solution that will instantly fix the issue. Additionally, countries around the globe have different policies regarding and access to COVID vaccinations, leading to many production facilities shutting down when an outbreak occurs.

In Ohio and across the United States, labor shortages are adding to the supply chain challenges. As federal stimulus programs ended in the fourth quarter of the fiscal year, the prevailing thought was that people would return to the workforce. The first quarter of fiscal year 2022 has shown that there is a mismatch between job seekers and potential employers, as employment has grown at a much slower pace: 1.1 percent nationally and 0.6 percent in Ohio. Current data suggests that many workers chose to retire early due to the pandemic, while others chose to stay at home to take care of children or other family members. Ohio is positioned to move ahead despite these challenges given the state budget's proactive focus on economic development, community supports, primary and secondary and higher education, and workforce.

Although uncertainty remains, the Ohio economy has proven resilient and pandemic mitigation efforts remain balanced and focused.

Fiscal Year 2021 State Finances in Review

Ohio's fiscal year 2021 General Revenue Fund (GRF) performance reflected the early and ongoing recovery from the onset of the COVID-19 pandemic, as federal fiscal policies provided economic support and as Ohio's citizens and businesses adapted to the evolving public health environment.

For the fiscal year as a whole, GRF tax revenues surged by \$3,843.7 million (17%) from fiscal year 2020. Furthermore, fiscal year 2021 GRF tax revenues displayed a positive variance from estimate, exceeding anticipated levels by \$1,538.0 million (6.2%). Some of the year-over-year growth stemmed from a postponement in various calendar year 2020 personal income tax payment deadlines, which were extended from April 15/June 15 to July 15. This shifted an estimated \$719 million from fiscal year 2020, and into early fiscal year 2021. However, this shift in revenue was incorporated into the fiscal year 2021 revenue estimates, so the positive revenue variance figure shown here is not inflated by the income tax due date postponements.

The variances for the major tax categories – non-auto sales, auto sales, personal income, and commercial activity – ranged from 0.8 percent for the commercial activity tax to 16.6 percent for the auto sales tax.

| | Actual FY 2021 | Estimated FY 2021 | Variance | Percent Variance |
|-------------------------|-------------------|-------------------|----------|---------------------|
| Non-Auto Sales & Use | \$10,334.0 | \$9,588.7 | \$745.3 | 7.8% |
| Auto Sales & Use | \$1,856.6 | \$1,592.0 | \$264.6 | 16.6% |
| Personal Income | \$10,201.3 | \$9,765.8 | \$435.5 | 4.5% |
| Commercial Activity Tax | \$1,666.8 | \$1,653.0 | \$13.7 | 0.8% |

Total tax and non-tax GRF receipts exceeded the fiscal year 2021 estimate by \$1,574.3 million (4.2%). Federal grant revenue was modestly below estimate for the year (by \$30.3 million, or -0.2%) while other non-tax sources were \$66.7 million above the estimate.

Most of the positive fiscal year 2021 revenue results occurred in the final quarter. During the spring, additional federal fiscal stimulus lifted consumer spending and economic conditions improved as COVID virus caseloads fell. Accordingly, Ohio sales tax revenues during the fiscal year's final quarter grew at high rates and reached historically large levels. Non-auto GRF sales tax revenue not only greatly exceeded the suppressed levels of late fiscal year 2020 (by \$763.4 million, or 35.1%) but was also \$564.4 million above the final quarter of pre-pandemic fiscal year 2019, increasing at a 11.3 percent annualized rate. Auto sales tax revenue grew at a similar percentage pace. Such large growth was not anticipated in the revenue forecast and as a result, combined auto and non-auto sales tax revenue performance for the final quarter exceeded the estimate by \$532.5 million (18%).

Through the first five months of the 2022-2023 budget biennium, revenues demonstrate that the state's conservative, balanced budget is on firm footing and that Ohio's economic resurgence continues. Ohio tax revenues have outperformed estimates through November 2021. July-November 2021 sales tax revenues grew by 7.9 percent and were 2.3 percent above estimates. Total GRF tax revenues are above estimate by \$337 million, or 3.2 percent, with positive variances in all major categories. The revenue performance demonstrated so far in fiscal year 2022 and the relatively modest tax revenue growth assumptions for the remainder of the fiscal year augur well for attaining anticipated revenue levels for the year as a whole.

While the global pandemic remains a factor, Ohio's actions have proven successful. OBM continues vigilant monitoring of revenue performance, poised to take actions necessary to ensure a balanced budget as the biennium proceeds.

ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

In conclusion, I wish to express my appreciation to the Financial Reporting staff of OBM's State Accounting Section and staffs of the various state agencies whose time and dedicated efforts made this report possible. I encourage you to access Ohio's Annual Comprehensive Financial Report at obm.ohio.gov.

Very respectfully yours,

Kimberly A. Murnieks

Director



STATE OF OHIO OFFICIALS

As of June 30, 2021

EXECUTIVE

Mike DeWine Governor

Jon Husted Lieutenant Governor

Dave Yost Attorney General

Keith Faber Auditor of State

Robert Sprague Treasurer of State

Frank LaRose Secretary of State

LEGISLATIVE

Matt Huffman President of the Senate

Robert Cupp Speaker of the House

JUDICIAL

Maureen O'Connor Chief Justice Supreme Court

STATE OF OHIO ORGANIZATION CHART

FINANCIAL REPORTING ENTITY

| PRIMARY GOVERNMENT | | | | | | | | |
|--|--|---|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| LEGISLATIVE | EXECUTIVE | JUDICIAL | | | | | | |
| Senate (33 Members) House of Representatives (99 Members) | Governor Lieutenant Governor Attorney General Auditor of State Secretary of State Treasurer of State State Board of Education (11 Elected Members, and 8 At-Large Members) | Supreme Court Chief Justice and 6 Justices | | | | | | |
| Governmental Activities: General Government: Senate House of Representatives Legislative Service Commission Legislative Committees | Governmental Activities: Primary, Secondary and Other Education: Arts Council Broadcast Educational Media Commission Department of Education School for the Blind School for the Deaf State Library Board | Governmental Activities: Justice and Public Protection: Supreme Court Judicial Conference Judiciary Court of Claims | | | | | | |
| | Higher Education Support: Department of Higher Education State Board of Career Colleges and Schools | | | | | | | |
| | Public Assistance and Medicaid: Department of Job and Family Services Department of Medicaid | | | | | | | |
| | Health and Human Services: Commission on Hispanic/Latino Affairs Commission on Minority Health Department of Aging Department of Developmental Disabilities Department of Health Department of Mental Health and Addiction Services Department of Veteran Services Opportunities for Ohioans with Disabilities | | | | | | | |
| | Justice and Public Protection: Adjutant General's Department Board of Tax Appeals Civil Rights Commission Department of Public Safety Department of Rehabilitation and Correction Department of Youth Services Ethics Commission Office of the Attorney General Public Defender Commission | | | | | | | |
| | Environmental Protection and Natural Resources: Department of Natural Resources Environmental Protection Agency Environmental Review Appeals Commission Lake Erie Commission | | | | | | | |
| | Transportation: Department of Transportation | | | | | | | |

PRIMARY GOVERNMENT (Continued)

General Government:

Capitol Square Review & Advisory Board

Consumers' Counsel

Department of Administrative Services

Department of Commerce

Department of Insurance

Department of Taxation

Office of Budget and Management

Office of the Governor

Office of the Inspector General

Office of the Lieutenant Governor

Office of the Secretary of State

Office of the Treasurer of State

Public Utilities Commission

Sinking Fund Commission

State Racing Commission

Other Boards and Commissions

Community and

Economic Development:

Department of Agriculture

Department of Development

Expositions Commission

Public Works Commission

Southern Ohio Agricultural & Community

Development Foundation

Business-Type Activities:

Bureau of Workers' Compensation and Industrial Commission

Department of Job and Family Services— **Unemployment Compensation Program**

Lottery Commission

Office of the Auditor of State

Tuition Trust Authority

COMPONENT UNITS

Blended Component Units:

Buckeye Tobacco Settlement Financing Authority (included as Governmental Activities)

Fiduciary Component Unit:

State Highway Patrol Retirement System

Discretely Presented Component Units:

Financing Authorities and Commissions: Ohio Air Quality Development Authority

Ohio Capital Fund

Ohio Facilities Construction Commission

Ohio Turnpike and Infrastructure Commission

Nonprofit Organizations:

Jobs Ohio

Discretely Presented Component Units

(continued):

State Universities:

Bowling Green State University Central State University

Cleveland State University

Kent State University

Miami University

Northeast Ohio Medical University

Ohio State University

State Community Colleges:

Cincinnati State

Clark State

Columbus State

Edison State Northwest State Owens State Southern State Terra State Washington State

Ohio University

University of Akron

University of Toledo

University of Cincinnati

Wright State University

Youngstown State University

Shawnee State University

FIDUCIARY

STABLE Program STAR Ohio Variable College Savings Plan **Custodial Funds**

| JOINT VENTURES | RELATED ORGANIZATIONS |
|--|--|
| Great Lakes Protection Fund Local Community Colleges Technical Colleges | Higher Educational Facility Commission Ohio Housing Finance Agency Ohio Legal Assistance Foundation Ohio Water Development Authority Petroleum Underground Storage Tank Release Compensation Board |



Financial Section







88 East Broad Street, 5th Floor Columbus, Ohio 43215-3506 (614) 466-3402 or (800) 443-9275 StateRegion@ohioauditor.gov

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

The Honorable Mike DeWine, Governor State of Ohio Columbus, Ohio 43215

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the State of Ohio (the State), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the State's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for preparing and fairly presenting these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes designing, implementing, and maintaining internal control relevant to preparing and fairly presenting financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to opine on these financial statements based on our audit. We did not audit the financial statements of the following organizations which represent the percentages of total assets and expenditures/expenses/deductions indicated for the related opinion units:

| | | Percent of Opinion Unit's Total | | |
|--|---|------------------------------------|------|--|
| Opinion Unit | Opinion Unit Organization | | | |
| Governmental Activities (GA) | Treasurer of State Lease Revenue Bonds and Buckeye Tobacco Settlement Financing Authority (BTSFA) | 2% | 1% | |
| Business-Type Activities (BTA) | Ohio Bureau of Workers' Compensation | 95% | 27% | |
| GA/BTSFA Revenue Bonds | Buckeye Tobacco Settlement Finance Authority | 100% | 100% | |
| BTA / Workers' Compensation | Ohio Bureau of Workers' Compensation | 100% | 100% | |
| Aggregate Discretely Presented Component Units | Bowling Green State University; Cleveland State University; Columbus State Community College; JobsOhio; Kent State University; Miami University; Ohio State University; Ohio University; Shawnee State University; University of Akron; University of Cincinnati; University of Toledo; Wright State University; and Youngstown State University. | 91% | 93% | |
| Aggregate Remaining Fund Information | State Highway Patrol Retirement System; State Treasury Asset Reserve of Ohio; and Treasurer of State Lease Revenue Bonds | 40% | 1% | |

State of Ohio Independent Auditor's Report Page 2

Those statements were audited by other auditors whose report has been furnished to us, and our opinion, insofar as it relates to the amount included for these independently audited organizations, is based solely on the report of other auditors. We audited in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the financial audit standards in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*. Those standards require us to plan and perform the audit to reasonably assure the financial statements are free from material misstatement. The other auditors audited the financial statements of JobsOhio, which represents five percent of the total assets and twelve percent of the total expenses of the aggregate discretely presented component units, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and not in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*.

An audit requires obtaining evidence about financial statement amounts and disclosures. The procedures selected depend on our judgment, including assessing the risks of material financial statement misstatement, whether due to fraud or error. In assessing those risks, we consider internal control relevant to the State's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not to the extent needed to opine on the effectiveness of the State's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of management's accounting policies and the reasonableness of their significant accounting estimates, as well as our evaluation of the overall financial statement presentation.

We believe the audit evidence we obtained is sufficient and appropriate to support our audit opinions.

Summary of Opinions

| Opinion Unit | Type of Opinion |
|---|--------------------|
| Governmental Activities | Unmodified |
| Business-Type Activities | Qualified |
| Aggregate Discretely Presented Component Units | Unmodified |
| Governmental - General Fund | Unmodified |
| Governmental - Job Family & Other Human Services Fund | Unmodified |
| Governmental - BTSFA Revenue Bonds Fund | Unmodified |
| Governmental - Pandemic Relief Funds | Unmodified |
| Enterprise - Workers' Compensation Fund | Unmodified |
| Enterprise - Lottery Commission Fund | Unmodified |
| Enterprise - Unemployment Compensation Fund | Qualified |
| Aggregate Remaining Fund Information | Unmodified |

Basis for Qualified Opinions on Business-Type Activities and Unemployment Compensation Fund

The State has outsourced unemployment benefit claims processing to a service organization for the federal pandemic unemployment benefits. The financial statements report benefits and claims expenses in the Unemployment Compensation Fund (a major enterprise fund) and in the Business-Type Activities. The State or the service organization did not provide us with sufficient information regarding the proper operation of internal controls related to eligibility for recipient benefits and claims processing during the audit period. We were, therefore, unable to obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence about the proper processing of federal pandemic unemployment benefits and claims expenses. Those transactions represent 30% of expenses reported within Business-Type Activities and 53% of the expenses reported within the Unemployment Compensation Fund. Consequently, the amount by which the lack of sufficient internal

State of Ohio Independent Auditor's Report Page 3

controls at the State or service organization would affect the unemployment benefits and claims expenses of the Unemployment Compensation Fund and the Business-Type Activities cannot be reasonably determined.

Qualified Opinions

In our opinion, based on our audit and the report of other auditors, except for the effects of the matters described in the *Basis for Qualified Opinions on Business-Type Activities and Unemployment Compensation Fund* paragraph, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the business-type activities and the Unemployment Compensation Fund of the State, as of June 30, 2021, and the respective changes in its financial position thereof for the year then ended in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Unmodified Opinions

In our opinion, based on our audit and the report of other auditors, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the governmental activities, aggregate discretely presented component units, the General Fund, the Job Family and Other Human Services Fund, the BTSFA Revenue Bonds fund, the Pandemic Relief Funds, the Workers' Compensation fund, the Lottery Commission fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the State, as of June 30, 2021, and the respective changes in its financial position and, where applicable its cash flows, thereof for the year then ended in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Emphasis of Matters

As discussed in Note 2 to the financial statements, during 2021, the State adopted new accounting guidance in Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 84, *Fiduciary Activities*. We did not modify our opinion regarding this matter.

As discussed in Note 20 to the financial statements, the State reported to the U.S. Department of Labor Unemployment Compensation overpayments totaling \$3.75 billion as of June 30, 2021. Of these total overpayments, \$474.6 million was identified as fraud and \$3.27 billion as non-fraud relating to regular unemployment as well as federal pandemic unemployment benefits. The federal government gave discretion to states to waive the need for repayment of pandemic funding related to non-fraud. Due to the nature of these known overpayments along with federal waiver discretion, most of these monies have not been subject to a collection process. Additionally, the State has flagged as possible overpayments, certain claims with one or more fraud identifiers. These flagged claims were both regular unemployment and federal pandemic unemployment benefits with an accumulated amount of \$1.41 billion. Despite being flagged as potential overpayments, until the claims are fully adjudicated, no determination can be made on the outcome. We did not modify our opinion regarding this matter.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require this presentation to include Management's Discussion and Analysis, Required Budgetary Comparison Schedules, Schedules for Infrastructure Assets Accounted for using the Modified Approach, Schedules of Net Pension and Other Post-employment Benefit Liabilities, and Pension and Other Post-Employment Benefit Contributions listed in the table of contents, to supplement the basic financial statements. Although this information is not part of the basic financial statements, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board considers it essential for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, consisting of inquiries of management about

State of Ohio Independent Auditor's Report Page 4

the methods of preparing the information, and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries and to the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not opine or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to opine or provide any other assurance.

Supplementary and Other Information

Our audit was conducted to opine on the State's basic financial statements taken as a whole.

The introductory section, the financial section's combining statements, individual fund statements and schedules, and the statistical section information present additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The statements and schedules are management's responsibility, and derive from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. We subjected this information to the auditing procedures we applied to the basic financial statements. We also applied certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling this information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, this information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

We did not subject the introductory section and statistical section information to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion or any other assurance on them.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 22, 2021 on our consideration of the State's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. That report describes the scope of our internal control testing over financial reporting and compliance, and the results of that testing, and does not opine on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the State's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Keith Faber Auditor of State Columbus, Ohio

December 22, 2021



State of Ohio

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

(Unaudited)

Introduction

This section of the State of Ohio's annual financial report presents management's discussion and analysis of the State's financial performance during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021. The management's discussion and analysis section should be read in conjunction with the preceding transmittal letter and the State's financial statements, which follow.

Financial Highlights

Government-wide Financial Statements

During fiscal year 2021, net position of the State's primary government increased by \$4.16 billion (after a restatement of beginning balance) and ended fiscal year 2021 with a \$34.62 billion balance. Net position of the State's component units increased by \$6.26 billion (after a restatement of beginning balance) and ended fiscal year 2021 with a \$16.81 billion balance. See additional discussion beginning on page 9.

Fund Financial Statements

Governmental funds reported a combined ending fund balance of \$21.71 billion that was comprised of \$371.6 million in nonspendable, \$9.59 billion restricted for specific purposes, \$2.18 billion committed, \$3.86 billion in assigned, and \$5.71 billion in unassigned. See additional discussion beginning on page 12.

As of June 30, 2021, the General Fund's fund balance was approximately \$12.06 billion, including \$47 million in nonspendable, \$1.61 billion in restricted, \$837.6 million in committed, \$3.86 billion in assigned, and \$5.72 billion in unassigned. The General Fund's fund balance increased by \$3.47 billion (after restatement and exclusive of a \$6 million decrease in inventories) or 40.3 percent during fiscal year 2021. See additional discussion beginning on page 13.

Proprietary funds reported net position of \$8.8 billion, as of June 30, 2021, a decrease of \$2.84 billion or 24.4 percent over the prior fiscal year. This decrease is largely due to the net decrease of \$2.21 billion in the Workers' Compensation Fund along with a \$735.8 million decrease in the Unemployment Compensation Fund. For more information, see additional discussion beginning on page 14.

Capital Assets

The carrying amount of capital assets for the State's primary government increased to \$29.5 billion at June 30, 2021. The majority of the \$400.5 million increase during fiscal year 2021 was from additions made to the construction in progress and land. See additional discussion beginning on page 14.

Long-Term Debt — Bonds and Notes Payable and Certificates of Participation Obligations

Overall, the carrying amount of total long-term debt for the State's primary government increased \$248.1 million or 1.3 percent during fiscal year 2021, for an ending balance of \$18.97 billion. During the year, the State issued a par amount of \$1.6 billion dollars in long-term debt of which \$319 million was refunding bonds and certificates of participation. See additional discussion beginning on page 16.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This annual report consists of three required components: management's discussion and analysis, basic financial statements, including the accompanying notes to the financial statements, and required supplementary information. In addition, this report includes an optional section that contains combining statements and schedules for the nonmajor governmental funds, nonmajor proprietary funds, fiduciary funds, and nonmajor discretely presented component unit funds.

The basic financial statements are comprised of the government-wide financial statements and fund financial statements. The table on the following page summarizes the major features of these statements.

| | | | Fund Statements | | | |
|--|--|--|--|---|--|--|
| | Government-wide Statements | Governmental Funds | Proprietary Funds | Fiduciary Funds | | |
| Scope | Entire State govern- ment (except fiduciary funds) and the State's component units | The activities of the State that are not proprietary or fiduciary, such as general government, transportation, justice and public protection, etc. | Activities the State operates similar to private businesses, such as the workers' compensation insurance program, lottery, tuition credit program, etc. | Instances in which the State is the trustee or agent for someone else's resources | | |
| Required Financial Statements | Statement of Net Position Statement of Activities | Balance Sheet Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances | Statement of Net Position Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position Statement of Cash Flows | Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position | | |
| Accounting Ba- sis and Meas- urement Focus | Accrual accounting and economic resources focus | Modified accrual ac- counting and current fi- nancial resources focus | Accrual accounting and economic resources focus | Accrual accounting and economic resources focus | | |
| Type of asset/liability information | All assets and liabili- ties, both financial and capital, and short-term and long-term | Only assets expected to be used up and liabili- ties that come due dur- ing the year or soon thereafter; no capital as- sets included | All assets and liabilities, both financial and capi- tal, and short-term and long-term | All assets and liabilities, both financial and capi- tal, and short-term and long-term | | |
| Type of inflow/outflow information | All revenues and ex- penses during the year, regardless of when cash is received or paid | Revenues for which cash is received during or soon after the end of the year; expenditures when goods or services have been received and payment is due during the year or soon thereafter | All revenues and ex- penses during the year, regardless of when cash is received or paid | All revenues and ex- penses during the year, regardless of when cash is received or paid | | |

Government-wide Financial Statements – Reporting the State as a Whole

The two government-wide financial statements, prepared on a basis and focus similar to those used by private-sector companies, report the State's net position and how it has changed. Net position — the difference between the State's assets/deferred outflows of resources and liabilities/deferred inflows of resources — is one way to measure the State's financial health, or position. Over time, increases or decreases in the State's net position indicate whether its financial health has improved or deteriorated, respectively. However, a reader should consider additional nonfinancial factors, such as changes in the State's economic indicators and the condition of the State's highway system, when assessing the State's overall financial status.

These statements, found on pages 22 through 25 of this report, are divided into three categories as follows.

Governmental Activities — Most of the State's basic services are reported under this category, such as primary, secondary and other education, higher education support, public assistance and Medicaid, and transportation. Taxes, federal grants, and charges for services, fees, fines and forfeitures finance most of these activities.

Business-type Activities — The State charges fees to customers to help cover the costs of certain services it provides. The State reports the following programs and activities as business-type: workers' compensation insurance program, lottery operations, unemployment compensation program, guaranteed college tuition credit program, and the Auditor of State's governmental auditing and accounting services.

Component Units — The State presents the financial activities of the Ohio Facilities Construction Commission, Ohio State University, and other entities as discretely presented component units under a separate column in the government-wide financial statements. The Buckeye Tobacco Settlement Financing Authority is presented as a blended component unit with its activities blended and included under governmental activities. Although legally separate, the State is financially accountable for its component units. For further explanation and a complete list of component units, see NOTE 1A. to the financial statements.

Fund Financial Statements – Reporting more detail about the State's most significant funds

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. State law and bond covenants mandate the use of some funds. The Ohio General Assembly establishes other funds to control and manage money for particular purposes or to show that the State is properly using certain taxes and grants. The State employs fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. The basic fund financial statements can be found on pages 26 through 45 of this report while the combining fund statements and schedules can be found on pages 183 through 255. The State has three kinds of funds as follows:

Governmental Funds — Most of the State's basic services are included in governmental funds, which focus on how cash and other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash flow in and out (i.e., near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources) and the balances remaining at year-end that are available for spending (i.e., balances of spendable resources). Consequently, the governmental fund financial statements provide a detailed short-term view that helps the financial statement reader determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the State's programs. Because these statements do not encompass the long-term focus of the government-wide statements, a reconciliation schedule, which follows each of the governmental fund financial statements, explains the relationship (or differences) between them.

The State's governmental funds include the General Fund, Job, Family and Other Human Services Special Revenue Fund, Buckeye Tobacco Settlement Financing Authority Revenue Bonds Debt Service Fund, and Pandemic Relief Funds Special Revenue Fund, all of which are considered major funds. Data from the other governmental funds, which are classified as nonmajor funds, are combined into an aggregated presentation under a single column on the basic governmental fund financial statements. Individual fund data for each of these nonmajor governmental funds is provided in the form of combining statements elsewhere in this report.

For budgeted governmental funds, the State also presents budgetary comparison schedules in required supplementary information and combining statements to demonstrate compliance with the appropriated budget. The State's budgetary process is explained further in NOTE 1D. to the financial statements.

Proprietary Funds — Services for which the State charges customers a fee are generally reported in proprietary funds. Financial statements for the proprietary funds, which are classified as enterprise funds, provide both longand short-term financial information.

Presented under separate columns on the three statements is information for the Workers' Compensation, Lottery Commission, and Unemployment Compensation enterprise funds, all of which are considered to be major funds. Data from the other enterprise funds, which are classified as nonmajor funds, are combined into an aggregated presentation under a single column on the statements. Individual fund data for each of these nonmajor proprietary funds is provided in the form of combining statements elsewhere in this report.

The enterprise funds are the same as the State's business-type activities reported in the government-wide financial statements, but the proprietary fund financial statements provide more detail and additional information, such as information on cash flows.

Fiduciary Funds — The State is the trustee, or fiduciary, for assets that — because of a trust arrangement — can only be used for the trust beneficiaries. The State is also the fiduciary of some custodial funds. The State is responsible for ensuring the assets reported in these funds are used for their intended purposes. The State Highway Patrol Retirement System Pension Trust Fund, Private Purpose Trust Funds, STAR Ohio Investment Trust Fund, and the Custodial Funds are presented on two statements. Fiduciary information is excluded from the government-wide financial statements because the State cannot use these assets to finance its operations. Individual fund data for the Private Purpose Trust Funds and Custodial Funds is provided in the form of combining statements elsewhere in this report.

Discretely Presented Component Unit Statements (Component Unit)

Following the fund financial statements, the State includes statements for its major discretely presented component units within the basic financial statements section. Nonmajor discretely presented component units are also presented in aggregation under a single column in the component unit financial statements and in combining statements elsewhere in this report.

Notes to the Financial Statements

The basic financial statements section includes notes that more fully explain the information in the government-wide and fund financial statements; the notes provide additional detail that is essential to a full understanding of the data presented in the financial statements. The notes can be found on pages 50 through 148 of this report.

Required Supplementary Information

Following the notes is a section of required supplementary information in three parts. The first part discusses the assessed condition and estimated and actual maintenance and preservation costs of the state's highway and bridge infrastructure assets that are reported using the modified approach. Limited in application to a government's infrastructure assets, the modified approach provides an alternative to the traditional recognition of depreciation expense. The second part presents schedules disclosing the following for the various retirement systems in which the State participates: the State's share of pension and other postemployment benefit (OPEB) obligations, required employer contributions for pension/actuarially determined employer contributions for OPEB as compared to employer contributions actually paid, and covered payroll. The final part is the budgetary comparison schedule for the General Fund and major special revenue funds and the accompanying note that explains the GAAP versus budgetary basis. Required supplementary information can be found on pages 149 through 181 of this report.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE STATE AS A WHOLE

Net Position

During fiscal year 2021, as shown in the table below, the combined net position of the State's primary government increased by \$4.16 billion (after a restatement of beginning balance) or by 13.6 percent. Net position reported for governmental activities increased approximately \$7 billion (after restatement) or 37.2 percent, compared to the net position on July 1, 2020, and business-type activities decreased \$2.84 billion, or 24.4 percent. Condensed financial information derived from the Statement of Net Position for the primary government is presented in the following table.

Net Position
As of June 30, 2021 and 2020
(dollars in thousands)

| - | | (dollars in th | | * 7 1 | 00 0000 / | |
|----------------------------------|---------------|-------------------|---------------|---------------|-------------------|---------------|
| | A | s of June 30, 202 | 21 | As of Ju | ne 30, 2020 (as r | estated) |
| | Govern- | Business- | Total | Govern- | Business- | Total |
| | mental | Type | Primary | mental | Type | Primary |
| | Activities | Activities | Government | Activities | Activities | Government |
| Current and Other Assets | \$ 35,992,871 | \$ 25,592,938 | \$ 61,585,809 | \$ 26,111,513 | \$ 28,405,731 | \$ 54,517,244 |
| Capital Assets | 29,391,217 | 106,726 | 29,497,943 | 28,983,214 | 114,253 | 29,097,467 |
| Total Assets | 65,384,088 | 25,699,664 | 91,083,752 | 55,094,727 | 28,519,984 | 83,614,711 |
| Deferred Outflows of Resources | 4,905,832 | 30,417 | 4,936,249 | 5,314,116 | 68,905 | 5,383,021 |
| Current and Other Liabilities | 15,769,199 | 2,236,992 | 18,006,191 | 10,816,307 | 692,521 | 11,508,828 |
| Noncurrent Liabilities | 24,268,507 | 14,510,132 | 38,778,639 | 27,418,195 | 16,154,457 | 43,572,652 |
| Total Liabilities | 40,037,706 | 16,747,124 | 56,784,830 | 38,234,502 | 16,846,978 | 55,081,480 |
| Deferred Inflows of Resources | 4,425,762 | 184,556 | 4,610,318 | 3,346,892 | 102,024 | 3,448,916 |
| Net Position: | | | | | | |
| Net Investment in Capital Assets | 25,297,331 | 91,810 | 25,389,141 | 24,838,706 | 111,342 | 24,950,048 |
| Restricted | 5,905,280 | 9,480,977 | 15,386,257 | 4,783,877 | 11,674,798 | 16,458,675 |
| Unrestricted | (5,376,159) | (774,386) | (6,150,545) | (10,795,134) | (146,253) | (10,941,387) |
| Total Net Position | \$ 25,826,452 | \$ 8,798,401 | \$ 34,624,853 | \$ 18,827,449 | \$ 11,639,887 | \$ 30,467,336 |

As of June 30, 2021, the primary government's Net Investment in Capital Assets (e.g., land, buildings, infrastructure, and construction-in-progress) was \$25.39 billion. Restricted net position was approximately \$15.39 billion, resulting in an unrestricted \$6.15 billion deficit. Net position is restricted when constraints placed on their use are either 1) externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or 2) legally imposed through constitutional or enabling legislation. Unrestricted net position consists of net position that does not meet the definition of "restricted" or "net investment in capital assets." The State's Budget Stabilization Fund balance of over \$2.69 billion at June 30, 2021, is included within unrestricted net position.

The government-wide Statement of Net Position reflects a \$5.38 billion deficit for unrestricted governmental activities, which is primarily attributable to the following three factors:

1) The State of Ohio, like many other state governments, issues general and special obligation debt, the proceeds of which benefit local governments and component units. The proceeds are used to build facilities for public-assisted colleges and universities and local school districts and finance infrastructure improvements for local governments. The policy of selling general obligation and special obligation bonds for these purposes has been the practice for many years. Of the \$12.07 billion of outstanding general obligation and special obligation debt at June 30, 2021, \$8.41 billion is attributable to debt issued for state assistance to component units (Ohio Facilities Construction Commission and the colleges and universities) and local governments. The balance sheets of component unit and local government recipients reflect ownership of the related constructed capital assets without the burden of

recording the debt. Unspent proceeds related to these bond issuances are included on the Statement of Net Position as restricted net position. By issuing such debt, the State is left to reflect significant liabilities without the benefit of recording the capital assets constructed with the proceeds from the debt issuances.

- 2) The State reported liabilities of \$3.42 billion as of June 30, 2021, for its proportionate share of the net pension liability of the associated pension plans that provide benefits to State employees. This liability was a 21.3 percent decrease from fiscal year 2020.
- 3) The State reported OPEB liabilities of \$633.4 million as of June 30, 2021. This liability was a net 79.7 percent decrease from the fiscal year 2020 amount.

For more information related to pensions and OPEB see NOTES 9, 14, 15, and 18.

Condensed financial information derived from the Statement of Activities, which reports how the net position of the State's primary government changed during fiscal years 2021 and 2020 follows.

Changes in Net Position For the Fiscal Years Ended June 30, 2021 and 2020

(dollars in thousands) Fiscal Year 2020 (as restated) Fiscal Year 2021 Govern-Business-Total Govern-Business-Total Primary Primary mental Type mental Type Activities Activities Government Activities Activities Government Program Revenue: Charges for Services, Fees, Fines and Forfeitures \$ 6,509,382 \$ 8,008,488 \$14,517,870 \$ 5,644,997 \$ 6,766,392 \$12,411,389 Operating Grants, Contributions and 16,042,228 Restricted Investment Income/ (loss)... 36,859,973 52,902,201 28,334,834 9,011,299 37,346,133 Capital Grants. Contributions and Restricted Investment Income/ (loss)... 1,485,791 1,485,791 1,509,920 1,509,920 Total Program Revenues..... 24,050,716 68,905,862 15,777,691 44.855.146 35.489.751 51.267.442 General Revenues: 27,422,768 24,775,978 24,775,978 General Taxes..... 27,422,768 Taxes Restricted for Transportation...... 2,547,613 2,547,613 2,593,158 2,593,158 Tobacco Settlement..... 362,378 362,378 324,269 324,269 230,265 230.265 194,814 194.814 Escheat Property..... 7 21 210,560 Unrestricted Investment Income..... (22,994)(22,987)210,539 723 552 1,275 Other..... 67 15 82 30,541,312 30,540,753 28,098,825 28,098,861 Total General Revenues..... 559 36 24,051,275 99,447,174 79,366,303 75.395.899 63,588,576 15,777,727 Total Revenue..... Expenses: Primary, Secondary and Other Education 14,679,666 14,679,666 13,500,953 13,500,953 Higher Education Support..... 3.008.618 3.008.618 2.696.257 2.696.257 Public Assistance and Medicaid..... 37,646,142 37,646,142 32,728,623 32,728,623 1.898.068 1.898.068 1.894.296 Health and Human Services 1.894.296 Justice and Public Protection..... 3,303,035 3,303,035 4,209,070 4,209,070 Environmental Protection and Natural Resources..... 457,657 457,657 505,950 505,950 Transportation..... 2,565,694 2,565,694 2,661,529 2,661,529 General Government..... 2.085.214 2.085.214 1.331.397 1.331.397 Community and Economic Development.. 4,003,838 4,003,838 3,498,595 3,498,595 Interest on Long term Debt (excludes interest charged as 91,499 program expense)..... 91,499 98,824 98,824 6,845,396 2,772,348 Workers' Compensation..... 6.845.396 2.772.348 4.091.517 4.091.517 3.209.778 3,209,778 Lottery Commission..... 9,765,240 Unemployment Compensation..... 14.539.576 14.539.576 9,765,240 Tuition Trust Authority..... 31,902 31,902 44,813 44,813 Office of Auditor of State..... 41.946 41,946 95,221 95,221 69.739.431 Total Expenses..... 25,550,337 95,289,768 63,125,494 15,887,400 79,012,894 Surplus/ (Deficiency) Before Gains (Losses) and Transfers..... 5.656.468 (1.499.062)463.082 (109.673)353,409 4,157,406 Transfers - Internal Activities..... 1,342,535 (1,342,535)1,109,508 (1,109,508)353,409 (2,841,486)4,157,517 1,572,590 (1,219,181)Change In Net Position..... 6.999.003 Net Position, July 1 (as restated)..... 18,827,449 11,639,887 30,467,336 17,254,859 12,859,068 30,113,927 \$ 8,798,401 \$34,624,853 \$18,827,449 \$11,639,887 \$30,467,336

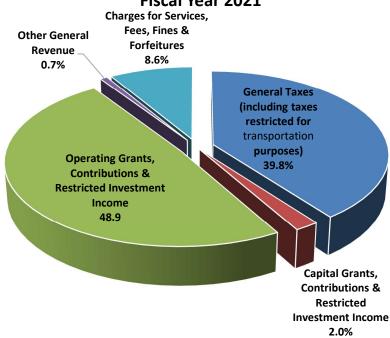
Governmental Activities

Revenues exceeded expenses during fiscal year 2021 for governmental activities. Revenues of \$75.4 billion for fiscal year 2021 were \$11.81 billion higher (after restatement) than those reported for fiscal year 2020. General Taxes (including taxes restricted for transportation purposes) comprised 39.8 percent of fiscal year 2021 total revenues, an increase of 9.5 percent over the prior fiscal year. Operating Grants, Contributions, and Restricted Investment Income, making up 48.9 percent of total revenues, increased by 30.9 percent (after restatement) compared

to fiscal year 2020. Expenses for fiscal year 2021 increased \$6.61 billion or 10.5 percent (after restatement) from over the prior fiscal year primarily in the Public Assistance and Medicaid and Primary, Secondary and Other Education functions. Fiscal year 2021 net transfers-in of \$1.34 billion reflect an increase of 21 percent over the prior fiscal year.

The following chart illustrates revenues by source of governmental activities as percentages of total reported for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021.





Total FY 2021 Revenue for Governmental Activities = \$75.4 Billion

The following table presents the total expenses and net cost of each of the State's governmental programs for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021, with comparative numbers from June 30, 2020. The net cost (total program expenses less revenues generated by the program) represents the financial burden that was placed on the State's taxpayers by each of these programs. This cost is essentially funded with the State's general revenues from taxes, Tobacco Settlement, Escheat Property, and Unrestricted Investment Income.

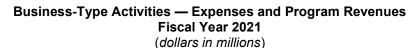
Program Expenses and Net Costs of Governmental Activities by Program For the Fiscal Years Ended June 30, 2021 and 2020 (dollars in thousands)

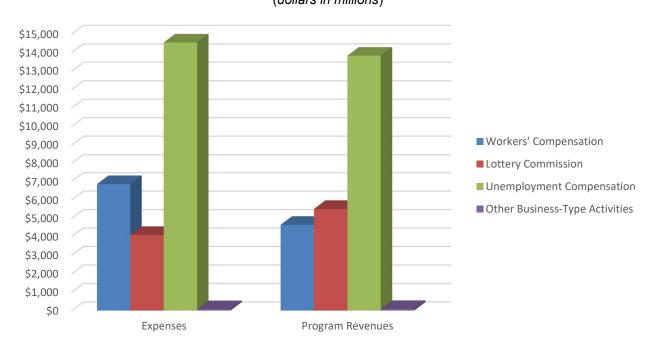
| Program Primary, Secondary and | Expenses 2021 | Expense | of Pro | | Net Cost as Percentage of Total Expenses for | | Net Cost as Percentage of Total Expenses — All | |
|----------------------------------|------------------|---------|---------------|---------------|--|--------|--|-------|
| Primary, Secondary and | 2021 | | e of Program | | Program | | <u>Programs</u> | |
| | | 2021 | 2021 | 2020 | 2021 | 2020 | 2021 | 2020 |
| | | | | | , | | | |
| Other Education\$ | \$ 14,679,666 | 21.0% | \$ 11,832,061 | \$ 11,551,466 | 80.6% | 85.6% | 17.0% | 18.3% |
| Higher Education Support | 3,008,618 | 4.3% | 2,672,008 | 2,667,194 | 88.8% | 98.9% | 3.8% | 4.2% |
| Public Assistance and Medicaid | 37,646,142 | 54.1% | 5,345,039 | 5,862,560 | 14.2% | 17.9% | 7.7% | 9.3% |
| Health and Human Services | 1,898,068 | 2.7% | 204,528 | 360,956 | 10.8% | 18.8% | 0.3% | 0.5% |
| Justice and Public Protection | 3,303,035 | 4.7% | 1,502,929 | 2,823,042 | 45.5% | 67.0% | 2.2% | 4.5% |
| Environmental Protection | | | | | | | | |
| and Natural Resources | 457,657 | 0.7% | 79,068 | 170,329 | 17.3% | 33.7% | 0.1% | 0.3% |
| Transportation | 2,565,694 | 3.7% | 485,726 | 896,290 | 18.9% | 33.7% | 0.7% | 1.4% |
| General Government | 2,085,214 | 3.0% | (233,875) | 776,160 | -11.2% | 58.3% | -0.3% | 1.2% |
| Community and | | | | | | | | |
| Economic Development | 4,003,838 | 5.7% | 2,905,302 | 2,702,852 | 72.6% | 77.3% | 4.2% | 4.3% |
| Interest on Long-Term Debt | 91,499 | 0.1% | 91,499 | 98,824 | 100.0% | 100.0% | 0.1% | 0.2% |
| Total Governmental Activities \$ | \$ 69,739,431 | 100.0% | \$ 24,884,285 | \$ 27,909,673 | 35.7% | 44.2% | 35.6% | 44.2% |

Business-Type Activities

The State's enterprise funds reported net position of \$8.8 billion, as of June 30, 2021, compared to \$11.64 billion, as of June 30, 2020, a decrease of \$2.84 billion, or 24.4 percent. The Unemployment Compensation Fund reported a \$735.8 million decrease in net position during fiscal year 2021, primarily due to the novel coronavirus (COVID-19) pandemic and the resulting spike in unemployment rates. The Workers' Compensation Fund reported a \$2.21 billion decrease in net position during fiscal year 2021 primarily from a reduction in premium rates for employers and distribution of \$6.2 billion in dividends to policy holders.

The chart below compares program expenses and program revenues for business-type activities. Additional analysis of the Business-Type Activities' revenues, expenses, and other changes in net position is included with the discussion of the Proprietary Funds beginning on page 14.





FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE STATE'S FUNDS

The State uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds

Governmental funds reported the following results, as of and for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2021, and June 30, 2020 (dollars in thousands).

| | As of and for the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021 | | | | | | | | |
|-----------------------------------|---|------------|-------------|------------|--------------|------------|--------------|------------|--|
| | | | | | Nonmajor | | Total | | |
| | | | Other Major | | Governmental | | Governmental | | |
| | General Fund | | Funds | | Funds | | Funds | | |
| Unassigned Fund Balance (Deficit) | \$ | 5,717,927 | \$ | (6,674) | \$ | - | \$ | 5,711,253 | |
| Total Fund Balance | | 12,063,898 | | 5,030,070 | | 4,615,946 | | 21,709,914 | |
| Total Revenues | | 42,950,405 | | 20,509,247 | | 11,887,437 | | 75,347,089 | |
| Total Expenditures | | 38,782,210 | | 20,280,569 | | 14,671,242 | | 73,734,021 | |

| | As of and for the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020 (as restated) | | | | | | | | |
|-----------------------------------|---|------------|-------------|------------|--------------------------|------------|-----------------------|------------|--|
| | | | Other Major | | Nonmajor Governmental | | Total Governmental | | |
| | | | | | | | | | |
| | General Fund | | Funds | | Funds | | Funds | | |
| Unassigned Fund Balance (Deficit) | \$ | 2,924,183 | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | 2,924,183 | |
| Total Fund Balance | | 8,600,905 | | 4,731,605 | | 3,863,853 | | 17,196,363 | |
| Total Revenues | | 38,124,841 | | 15,452,503 | | 9,882,243 | | 63,459,587 | |
| Total Expenditures | | 36,005,625 | | 15,692,379 | | 13,264,124 | | 64,962,128 | |

General Fund

The main operating fund of the State is the General Fund. During fiscal year 2021, General Fund revenue increased by \$4.83 billion (after restatement). Federal grant revenue rose \$2.21 billion or 21.9 percent primarily due to increased funding for Medicaid and recognition of revenue for COVID-19 pandemic related expenditures. Income and Sales tax revenues each rose over \$1 billion. The increase in income tax revenue is primarily due to employees returning to work in early fiscal year 2021 after a spike in unemployment starting with the onset of the COVID-19 pandemic in March 2020. Additionally, in late fiscal year 2020 into early fiscal year 2021, restrictions eased and economic recovery began at a slow pace resulting in increased consumer spending and associated increased sales tax revenue in fiscal year 2021. Expenditures increased \$2.78 billion, or 7.7 percent, from the prior year. Public Assistance and Medicaid showed increased expenditures of \$2.27 billion largely due to increased public assistance needs in response to the COVID-19 pandemic. Total fund balance at June 30, 2021, increased by \$3.47 billion or 40.3 percent (after restatement and exclusive of a \$6 million decrease in inventories). The State's Budget Stabilization Fund remained unchanged with a balance of over \$2.69 billion that is included within unassigned fund balance.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

The State ended the second year of its 2020-21 biennial budget on June 30, 2021, with a General Fund budgetary fund balance (i.e., cash less encumbrances) of \$9.66 billion. Total budgetary sources for the General Fund (including \$929.5 million in transfers from other funds) in the amount of \$47.76 billion were below final estimates by 143.6 million or 0.3 percent during fiscal year 2021. Primarily this shortfall was the result of lower-than-expected transfers from other funds. Total tax receipts were above final estimates by \$363.1 million or 1.3 percent due to higher-than-expected income and sales tax receipts.

Total budgetary uses for the General Fund (including \$1.34 billion in transfers to other funds) in the amount of \$45.06 billion were below final estimates by \$3.9 billion or 7.9 percent for fiscal year 2021. The majority of lower than appropriated spending came from Medicaid, economic development programs, and higher education. Additionally, there were lower than expected transfers to other funds. There was no budget stabilization designation at June 30, 2020, for use in balancing the final fiscal year 2021 budget.

The main appropriations act (Act) for the 2020-21 biennium for the General Revenue Fund (GRF), the largest, non-GAAP, budgetary-basis operating fund included in the State's General Fund, was passed by the General Assembly and signed (with selective vetoes) by the Governor on July 18, 2019, following a 17-day interim appropriations act. Reflecting a goal of making wise investments to positively impact Ohio's future, the budget targeted resources to children and families, as well as to Ohio's education system, workforce, local communities, environment, and mental health and addiction recovery efforts. The Act provided for GRF appropriations of approximately \$36 billion in fiscal year 2021, a 6 percent increase from fiscal year 2020 appropriations. The underlying economic forecast does not consider the possible economic effects of the COVID-19 pandemic.

GRF appropriations for major program categories in 2021, relative to 2020 appropriations, reflect the following changes: 11.8 percent increase in Medicaid; increase of 0.2 percent, which included transfers from the GRF in support of student wellness and success, for primary and secondary education; increase of 2.6 percent for higher education; 2.8 percent increase for mental health and developmental disabilities; and an increase of 3.5 percent for corrections and youth services.

The Act reflected tax law changes that were projected to decrease GRF revenues by approximately \$177 million in fiscal year 2021. These items included an across-the-board four percent reduction in State personal income tax rates and elimination of the bottom two tax brackets (effective in tax year 2019). Also reflected in the 2020-21 Act was the creation of the H2Ohio Fund to pay for water quality projects in Lake Erie and across Ohio's rivers, lakes, and waterways.

As is customary in the second year of a biennium, the State revised its fiscal year 2021 GRF revenue forecast to reflect updated economic assumptions (influenced largely by the COVID-19 Pandemic) and actual fiscal year 2020 revenue performance. Initial revised fiscal year 2021 revenue projections indicated State revenue receipts and balances would be \$2.43 billion less than originally estimated and additional cost savings measures were implemented. In January 2021 the final fiscal year 2021 budget reductions were lower than previously anticipated. On March 11, 2021, President Biden signed into law the American Rescue Plan Act of 2021 (ARPA). Under ARPA, Ohio directly received approximately \$5.6 billion, with an additional \$274 million specifically to use in State capital projects, to help mitigate fiscal effects resulting from COVID-19 pandemic.

The Ohio Constitution prohibits the State from borrowing money to fund operating expenditures in the GRF. Therefore, by law, the GRF's budget must be balanced so that appropriations do not exceed available cash receipts and cash balances for the current fiscal year.

The State ended fiscal year 2021 with a GRF cash balance of \$4.72 billion and a GRF budgetary fund balance of \$4.03 billion. In addition to meeting the State's statutory target to maintain an ending fund balance reflecting one-half of one percent of fiscal year 2021 GRF revenues, the State transferred \$1.2 billion into the Health and Human Services Fund, \$132 million to the H2Ohio fund, \$100 million to the Investing in Ohio fund, and \$66.3 million to three other purposes in early fiscal year 2022.

Other Major Governmental Funds

The Job, Family and Other Human Services Fund had a fund balance of \$742.8 million at June 30, 2021, an increase of \$342.7 million (after restatement), or 85.6 percent, compared to fiscal year 2020. During fiscal year 2021, Federal Government revenue increased \$2.28 billion and Public Assistance and Medicaid expenditures increased \$2.59 billion related to Food Assistance Programs and Medicaid spending partly due to COVID-19 pandemic effects. Contributing in part to the increase in fund balance was a \$289.3 million increase in Licenses, Permits and Fees revenue.

The fund balance for the *Buckeye Tobacco Settlement Financing Authority Revenue Bonds Fund*, as of June 30, 2021, totaled approximately \$4.18 billion dollars, a decrease of \$122.9 million or 2.9 percent over the prior fiscal year. Refunding bonds were issued in fiscal year 2020 resulting in a decrease of \$287.2 million in Debt Service expenditures and a net decrease in other sources/uses of \$293.4 million in fiscal year 2021. Overall expenditures exceeded revenues resulting in a net decrease in fund balance.

Fund balance for the *Pandemic Relief Funds* (formerly named the *Coronavirus Relief Fund*), was \$103.2 million at June 30, 2021, a net increase of \$78.6 million (including a \$78.8 million increase in inventories), or 319.6 percent since June 30, 2020. The fund was created in late fiscal year 2020 to receive federal funding for emergency expenditures related to the COVID-19 pandemic. During fiscal year 2021, Federal Government revenue recognition increased \$2.28 billion. Fiscal year total expenditures were \$2.7 billion, an increase of \$2.27 billion, or 528.2% over the prior fiscal year. General Government expenditures comprised \$1.42 billion for allowable distributions to local governments to cover expenses incurred due to the public health emergency. Additionally, expenditures for both Higher Education Support and Health and Human Services exceeded \$300 million each, with \$648.1 in other expenditure categories to cover allowable COVID-19 pandemic related costs. The balance of funding received but not expended as of June 30, 2021, is reported as a \$4.46 billion Unearned Revenue liability.

Proprietary Funds

Major Proprietary Funds

The State's proprietary fund financial statements report the same type of information found in the business-type activities portion of the government-wide financial statements, but in a slightly different format.

The *Workers' Compensation Fund's* fiscal year 2021 net position decreased by \$2.21 billion, or 19.1 percent, to \$9.36 billion, as compared to the prior year. An increase in operating expenses primarily due to the distribution of \$6.2 billion in dividends to policy holders resulted in the significant decrease in net position over the prior year.

For fiscal year 2021, the *Lottery Commission Fund* reported \$1.41 billion in net income before transfers of approximately \$1.36 billion to the Lottery Profits Education Fund. Net position at June 30, 2021, in the amount of \$297.2 million, increased 20.5 percent from fiscal year 2020.

The Unemployment Compensation Fund ended fiscal year 2021 with a \$912.4 million deficit. The \$735.8 million net position decrease in the Unemployment Compensation Fund over the prior year is due to the economic impact of the COVID-19 pandemic and resulting high unemployment rates. The unemployment rate decreased from its initial spike starting late in fiscal year 2020 but remained high throughout fiscal year 2021 at an average of 6.1 percent. Federal Government revenue increased \$5.46 billion due to additional funding in response to the ongoing COVID-19 pandemic. Unemployment Benefits and Claims expense increased \$4.77 billion over the previous fiscal year due to continued pandemic high unemployment rates and associated unemployment claims. Federal repayable advances (loans) with an outstanding balance of \$1.47 billion at June 30, 2021, were repaid in full to the federal government in early fiscal year 2022.

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital Assets

As of June 30, 2021, and June 30, 2020, the State's primary government had invested \$29.5 billion and \$29.1 billion, respectively, net of accumulated depreciation of \$5.21 billion and \$4.99 billion, respectively, in a broad range of capital assets, as detailed in the table on the following page.

The total increase in the State's capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, for the current fiscal year was 1.4 percent (a 1.4 percent increase for governmental activities and a 6.6 percent decrease for business-type activities).

Depreciation expense increased 8 percent for governmental activities and decreased 23.7 percent for business-type activities.

The State completed construction on a variety of infrastructure, facilities, and software projects during fiscal year 2021 totaling approximately \$397.5 million, as compared with \$1.01 billion in the previous fiscal year when the construction for a major bypass was completed. As further detailed in the notes to the financial statements (NOTE 20D), the State had \$527.6 million in major construction commitments (unrelated to infrastructure), as of June 30, 2021, compared to \$487.9 million for the prior year.

| Capital Assets, Net of Accumulated Depreciation |
|---|
| As of June 30, 2021 and 2020 |
| (dollars in thousands) |

| | As | s of June 30, 20 | 21 | As of June 30, 2020 | | | | |
|---------------------------|----------------------------|---------------------------------|---------------|----------------------------|---------------------------------|---------------|--|--|
| | Governmental Activities | Business- Type Activities | Total | Governmental Activities | Business- Type Activities | Total | | |
| Land | \$ 2,622,710 | \$ 9,466 | \$ 2,632,176 | \$ 2,519,465 | \$ 9,466 | \$ 2,528,931 | | |
| Buildings | 1,695,070 | 7,181 | 1,702,251 | 1,644,209 | 7,960 | 1,652,169 | | |
| Land Improvements | 168,402 | - | 168,402 | 172,476 | - | 172,476 | | |
| Machinery and Equipment | 520,118 | 88,684 | 608,802 | 505,189 | 21,491 | 526,680 | | |
| Vehicles | 197,831 | 1,395 | 199,226 | 226,724 | 1,413 | 228,137 | | |
| Infrastructure: | | | | | | | | |
| Highw ay Netw ork: | | | | | | | | |
| General Subsystem | 9,097,505 | - | 9,097,505 | 9,074,849 | - | 9,074,849 | | |
| Priority Subsystem | 9,210,434 | - | 9,210,434 | 9,143,435 | - | 9,143,435 | | |
| Bridge Network | 2,994,689 | - | 2,994,689 | 2,996,353 | - | 2,996,353 | | |
| Parks, Recreation, and | | | | | | | | |
| Natural Resources System. | 218,230 | | 218,230 | 225,860 | | 225,860 | | |
| | 26,724,989 | 106,726 | 26,831,715 | 26,508,560 | 40,330 | 26,548,890 | | |
| Construction-in-Progress | 2,666,228 | | 2,666,228 | 2,474,654 | 73,923 | 2,548,577 | | |
| Total Capital Assets, Net | \$ 29,391,217 | \$ 106,726 | \$ 29,497,943 | \$ 28,983,214 | \$ 114,253 | \$ 29,097,467 | | |

Modified Approach

For reporting its highway and bridge infrastructure assets, the State has adopted the use of the modified approach. To use this approach, a government must maintain an asset management system and demonstrate that the infrastructure is being preserved approximately at or above an established condition level. Under this approach, infrastructure is not depreciated, and maintenance and preservation costs are expensed. Infrastructure assets accounted for using the modified approach include approximately 43,433 lane miles of highway and approximately 109 million square feet of deck area that comprises 14,265 bridges for which the State has the responsibility for ongoing maintenance.

Ohio accounts for its pavement network in two subsystems: Priority and General. It is the State's goal to allow no more than 25 percent of the total lane-miles reported for each of the priority and general subsystems to be classified with a "poor" condition rating. The most recent condition assessment, completed by the Ohio Department of Transportation (ODOT) for fiscal year 2021, indicates that 3.2 percent and 1.8 percent of the priority and general subsystems, respectively, were assigned a "poor" condition rating. Comparatively, 4.1 percent and 2.2 percent of the priority and general subsystems, respectively, were assigned a "poor" condition rating in fiscal year 2020.

For the bridge network, it is the State's intention to allow no more than 15 percent of the total number of square feet of deck area to be in "fair" or "poor" condition. The most recent condition assessment, completed by ODOT for fiscal year 2021, indicates that only 1.6 percent of the number of square feet of bridge deck area was considered to be in "fair" or "poor" conditions, a 0.2 percent increase over the prior year.

Fiscal year 2021 total actual maintenance and preservation costs for the pavement network were \$834.4 million, compared to estimated costs of \$707.1 million, while total actual maintenance and preservation costs for the bridge network were \$397 million, \$27.5 million above estimate. In the previous fiscal year, total actual maintenance and preservation costs for the pavement network were \$898.5 million, compared to estimated costs of \$699.2 million, while total actual maintenance and preservation costs for the bridge network were \$447.5 million, \$55.4 million above estimate. Overall, the State's costs for actual maintenance and preservation for highway infrastructure

assets have exceeded estimates over the past two years due to steadily increasing underlying costs for the materials and labor associated with infrastructure projects.

More detailed information on the State's capital assets can be found in NOTE 8 to the financial statements and in the Required Supplementary Information Infrastructure section of this report.

Debt — Bonds and Notes Payable and Certificates of Participation Obligations

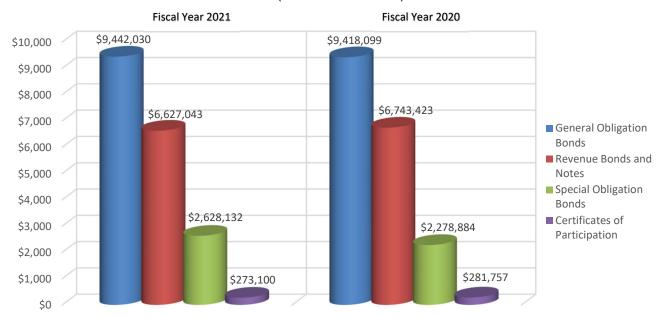
The State's general obligation bonds are backed by its full faith and credit. Revenue bonds and notes are secured with revenues pledged for the retirement of debt principal and the payment of interest. Special obligation bonds are supported with lease payments from tenants of facilities constructed with the proceeds from the bonds. Under certificate of participation (COPs) financing arrangements, the State is required to pay base rent (subject to appropriation) that approximates interest and principal payments made by trustees to certificate holders.

During fiscal year 2021, the State issued a par amount of \$799.1 million in general obligation bonds, \$150.2 million in revenue bonds, \$563.7 million in special obligation bonds, and \$88.5 million in certificates of participation. Of the general obligation bonds, revenue bonds, special obligation bonds, and certificates of participation issued, \$126 million, \$58.2 million, \$66.8 million, and \$68 million, respectively, were refunding bonds and certificates. The total increase in the State's debt for the current fiscal year, based on carrying amount, was 1.3 percent, all in governmental activities.

As of June 30, 2021, and June 30, 2020, the State had total debt, all in governmental activities, of approximately \$18.97 billion and \$18.72 billion, respectively, as shown in the chart below.

Bonds and Notes Payable and Certificates of Participation As of June 30, 2021 and 2020

(dollars in thousands)



Credit Ratings

Both the State's general and special obligation bonds carry a "stable" credit outlook from all three credit rating agencies. A credit outlook is an indication of the pressure on the rating over the near-to-intermediate term and should not be viewed as a precursor to a rating change. On August 5, 2021, Fitch elevated the State's credit outlook to positive. That puts Ohio's bond rating and outlook at the highest level in 42 years. In addition, Buckeye Tobacco Settlement Financing Authority's 2031 A-2 maturity was upgraded from A- to A on September 30, 2021.

The ratings and rating outlooks in effect from time to time reflect only the views of the particular rating organization. An explanation of its view of the meaning and significance of its rating or outlook may be obtained from the respective rating agency. Generally, the rating agencies base their rating on submitted information and on their own investigations, studies, and assumptions. There can be no assurance that the ratings or outlooks assigned will continue for any given time. Rating agencies may lower or withdraw a rating at any time, if in its judgment circumstances so warrant.

| Credit Ratings As of June 30, 2021 | | | | | | | |
|---|-----------------------------------|--------|-----------------------------------|--|--|---|--|
| Bonds and Notes | lssuer | Fitch | Kroll Bond Rating Agency | Moody's Investor Services, Inc. | S & P Global Ratings Services | Security and Source of Funds | |
| General Obligations Bonds: | | | | | | | |
| Common Schools Capital Facilities | Ohio Public Facilities Commission | AA+ | N/A | Aa1 | AA+ | General Revenue Funds | |
| Higher Education Capital Facilities | Ohio Public Facilities Commission | AA+ | N/A | Aa1 | AA+ | General Revenue Funds | |
| Highw ay Capital Improvements | Treasurer of State | AA+ | AAA | Aa1 | AAA | Highw ay User Receipts | |
| Infrastructure Improvements | Ohio Public Facilities Commission | AA+ | N/A | Aa1 | AA+ | General Revenue Funds | |
| Coal Research and Development | Ohio Public Facilities Commission | AA+ | N/A | Aa1 | AA+ | General Revenue Funds | |
| Natural Resources Capital Facilities | Ohio Public Facilities Commission | AA+ | N/A | Aa1 | AA+ | General Revenue Funds | |
| Conservation Projects Third Frontier Research | Ohio Public Facilities Commission | AA+ | N/A | Aa1 | AA+ | General Revenue Funds | |
| and Development | Ohio Public Facilities Commission | AA+ | N/A | Aa1 | AA+ | General Revenue Funds | |
| Site Development | Ohio Public Facilities Commission | AA+ | N/A | Aa1 | AA+ | General Revenue Funds | |
| Veterans' Compensation | Ohio Public Facilities Commission | AA+ | N/A | Aa1 | AA+ | General Revenue Funds | |
| Revenue Bonds: | | | | | | | |
| Major New State Infrastructure | Treasurer of State | N/A | N/A | Aa2 | AA | Federal Transportation Grants Pledged Receipts from | |
| | Buckeye Tobacco Settlement | | | | BBB+ to | the Tobacco Master | |
| Tobacco Settlement Asset-Backed. | o , | NΑ | N/A | N/A | Α* | Settlement Agreement | |
| *The Class 2 Senior Current Interest Boupgraded from A- to A on February 25 | • | Appred | ciation Bon | ids are Non | -Rated. Th | e 2030 A-2 maturity w as | |
| Special Obligation Bonds: | | | | | | | |
| Mental Health Facilities | Treasurer of State | AA | N/A | Aa2 | AA | General Revenue Funds | |
| Parks and Recreation Facilities | Treasurer of State | AA | N/A | Aa2 | AA | General Revenue Funds | |
| Cultural and Sports Facilities | Treasurer of State | AA | N/A | Aa2 | AA | General Revenue Funds | |
| Adult Correctional Facilities | Treasurer of State | AA | N/A | Aa2 | AA | General Revenue Funds | |
| Administrative Facilities | Treasurer of State | AA | N/A | Aa2 | AA | General Revenue Funds | |
| Juvenile Correctional Facilities | Treasurer of State | AA | N/A | Aa2 | AA | General Revenue Funds | |
| Transportation Building Projects | Treasurer of State | AA | N/A | Aa1 | AA | Highway User Receipts | |
| Highway Safety Facilities | Treasurer of State | AA | N/A | Aa2 | AA | Highw ay User Receipts | |

Limitations on Debt

Section 17 of Article VIII of the Ohio Constitution, approved by Ohio voters in November 1999, establishes an annual debt service "cap" applicable to future issuances of direct obligations payable from the GRF or net state lottery proceeds. Generally, new obligations may not be issued if debt service for any future fiscal year on those new and the then outstanding bonds of those categories would exceed five percent of the total of estimated GRF revenues plus net state lottery proceeds for the fiscal year of issuance.

Those direct obligations of the State include general obligation and special obligation bonds that are paid from the State's GRF but exclude general obligation debt for Third Frontier Research and Development, development of sites and facilities, and veterans' compensation, and general obligation bonds payable from non-GRF funds (such as highway bonds that are paid from highway user receipts). Pursuant to the implementing legislation, the Governor has designated the Director of the Ohio Office of Budget and Management as the State official responsible for making the five percent determinations and certifications. Application of the five percent cap may be waived in a particular instance by a three-fifths vote of each house of the Ohio General Assembly and may be changed by future constitutional amendments.

The State met the requirements of Section 17 of Article VIII of the Ohio Constitution. More detailed information on the State's long-term debt, including changes during the year, can be found in NOTES 10 through 13 and NOTE 15 to the financial statements.

Conditions Expected to Affect Future Operations

Economic Factors

Through October 2021, the economy continues to recover from the decrease in economic activity due to the COVID-19 pandemic. Ohio's unemployment rate decreased from 5.6 percent in October 2020 to 5.1 percent in October 2021. At the beginning of November 2021, the consensus among forecasters suggests the economy will have robust acceleration in the fourth quarter. In October 2021, Ohio's nonfarm payroll employment increased by almost 10 thousand jobs but still remained 4.5 percent lower than February 2020's pre-pandemic levels.

Nationally, real gross domestic product (GDP) expanded in the third quarter at an annualized rate of 2 percent. Growth has slowed from the second quarter due to a decrease in consumer spending resulting from a surge in the delta variant of COVID-19 and the end of federal pandemic assistance. Persistent disruptions to the supply chain and labor shortages have resulted in high prices for goods and services.

The national labor market outlook strengthened further in October 2021, as the level of nonfarm payroll employment increased by 531 thousand jobs. While employment was up significantly from April 2020 during the height of the pandemic, employment was still below February 2020's pre-pandemic levels by 4.2 million jobs. The U.S. unemployment rate for October 2021 was 4.6 percent, down from 6.9 percent in October 2020.

The 2022-23 Biennial Budget

The main appropriations act (Act) for the 2022-23 biennium for the General Revenue Fund (GRF), the largest, non-GAAP, budgetary-basis operating fund included in the State's General Fund, was passed by the General Assembly, and signed (with selective vetoes) by the Governor on June 30, 2021. Reflecting a conservative underlying economic forecast, the Act provides for GRF appropriations of approximately \$34.9 billion in fiscal year 2022, a 2 percent decrease over fiscal year 2021 actual expenditures, and \$39.3 billion in fiscal year 2023, a 12.6 percent increase over fiscal year 2022 appropriations.

GRF appropriations for major program categories in fiscal years 2022, relative to 2021 expenditures, and 2023, relative to 2022 appropriations, reflect the following changes: for Medicaid, 11.7 percent decrease in fiscal year 2022 and 26.1 percent increase in fiscal year 2023; for elementary and secondary education, including transfers in support of student wellness and success, 5.8 percent increase in fiscal year 2022, and 2 percent increase in fiscal year 2023; for higher education, 2.7 percent increase in fiscal year 2022, and 0.1 percent increase in fiscal year 2023; for health and human services (excluding Medicaid), 18 percent increase in fiscal year 2022, and 0.6 percent decrease in fiscal year 2023; for corrections services, 8.1 percent increase in fiscal year 2022, and 3.4 percent increase in fiscal year 2023; and for general government, 17.1 percent increase in fiscal year 2022, and 0.2 percent increase in fiscal year 2023. The large increase in GRF Medicaid spending in fiscal year 2023 is partly due to the expected end to the federal enhanced rate for Medicaid.

The Act reflects certain tax policy changes, resulting in estimated net GRF revenue decreases of \$1 billion in fiscal year 2022 and \$977 million in fiscal year 2023. Included in these changes are an across-the-board 4 percent reduction in personal income tax rates (effective in tax year 2019), establishes new non-refundable tax credits related to home-schooling and non-charted private schools and repeals sales and use tax on employment services. The Act also revised the school funding formula to consider resident income levels in addition to property tax values and authorized the Budget Stabilization Fund to retain interest earnings.

General Revenue Fund

For fiscal year 2022, total fiscal year-to-date GRF receipts collected through October 2021 are \$125.6 million above estimates and \$939.9 million less than collections through October of the prior fiscal year. Total fiscal year-to-date GRF disbursements through October 2021 are \$701.2 million below estimates for the first four months of fiscal year 2022 and \$708.2 million less than expenditures for the first four months of the prior fiscal year. As of October 2021, receipts were 1 percent above budget estimates and disbursements were 5.3 percent below budget estimates for fiscal year 2022. Fiscal year 2022 receipts are 7 percent behind of receipts for the first four months of fiscal year 2021, due largely to a significant amount of pandemic related federal grant funding received in fiscal year 2021. Disbursements for fiscal year 2022 are 5.4 percent below disbursements for the same time period of fiscal year 2021.

Budget Stabilization Fund

The Budget Stabilization Fund (BSF) is Ohio's rainy day savings account, a reserve balance set aside in good economic times to protect the State's budget from cyclical changes in revenues and expenditures should the economy become weakened unexpectedly. By law, the target balance for the BSF can be up to 8.5 percent of the prior fiscal year's GRF revenues. The BSF continues to maintain a balance of over \$2.69 billion.

Workers' Compensation Fund

The Ohio Bureau of Workers' Compensation (BWC) continues to take actions to address the impact on its financial position and the economic challenges its customers are experiencing related to the COVID-19 pandemic. These actions include: reducing private employer estimated payroll by 20 percent; approving \$28 million in federal COVID-19 pandemic Indoor Air Quality Assistance Grants to improve heating, ventilation and air conditioning systems for adult day cares, nursing homes and assisted living facilities; shipping masks to employers; utilizing personnel to monitor retail establishments for compliance with COVID-19 pandemic safety protocols; and assisting the Ohio Department of Job and Family Services in fielding calls due to the large influx of unemployment claims. In addition, statewide average base rates will decrease an average of 15 percent for private employers for the July 1, 2021, policy year and for public taxing district (PEC) employers for the January 1, 2022, policy year.

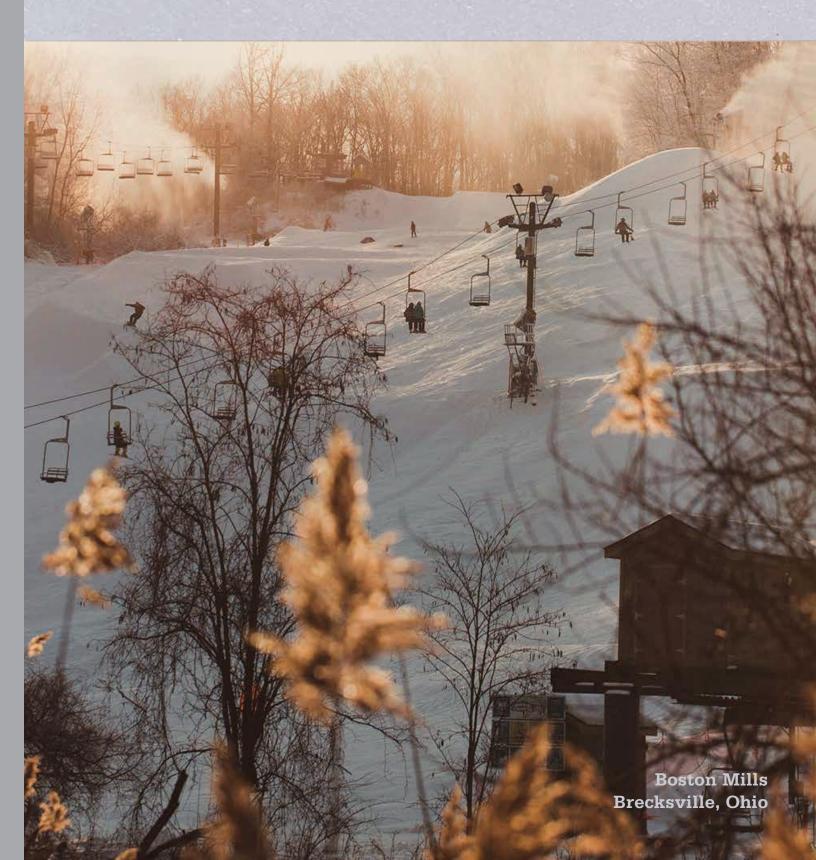
Contacting the Ohio Office of Budget and Management

This financial report is designed to provide the State's citizens, taxpayers, customers, investors and creditors with a general overview of the State's finances and to demonstrate the State's accountability for the money it receives. Questions regarding any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the Ohio Office of Budget and Management, Financial Reporting Section, 30 East Broad Street, 34th Floor, Columbus, Ohio 43215-3457 or through the OBM Website at Contact Us | Office of Budget and Management (ohio.gov).



Financial Section

Basic Financial Statements



STATE OF OHIO STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2021 (dollars in thousands)

| PRIMARY GOVERNMENT | |
|--------------------|---|
| · | · |

| | PRIMART GOVERNMENT | | | - | |
|---|----------------------------|-----------------------------|---------------|--------------------|--|
| | GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES | BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES | TOTAL | COMPONENT UNITS | |
| ASSETS: | | | | | |
| Cash Equity with Treasurer | \$ 21,494,882 | \$ 168,124 | \$ 21,663,006 | \$ 360,550 | |
| Cash and Cash Equivalents | 165,769 | 801,962 | 967,731 | 2,273,810 | |
| Deposit with Federal Government | _ | 487,435 | 487,435 | _ | |
| Investments | 1.944.921 | 21,939,232 | 23.884.153 | 17.121.304 | |
| Collateral on Lent Securities. | 4,778,901 | 37,447 | 4,816,348 | 79,991 | |
| Taxes Receivable | , , | _ | 1,946,068 | _ | |
| Intergovernmental Receivable | | 6.316 | 1,281,731 | 104.061 | |
| Premiums and Assessments Receivable | | 584,853 | 584,853 | | |
| Investment Trade Receivable | | 354,319 | 354,319 | _ | |
| Loans Receivable, Net | 1,405,354 | 334,319 | 1,405,354 | 278,314 | |
| · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | , , | _ | 1,400,304 | , | |
| Receivable from Primary Government | | _ | | 22,347 | |
| Receivable from Component Units | 9,849 | | 9,849 | | |
| Other Receivables | | 515,866 | 1,653,320 | 1,875,375 | |
| Inventories | 344,280 | _ | 344,280 | 217,276 | |
| Other Assets | 411,700 | 34,177 | 445,877 | 2,308,027 | |
| Restricted Assets: | | | | | |
| Cash Equity with Treasurer | _ | 43 | 43 | _ | |
| Cash and Cash Equivalents | 22 | 736 | 758 | 632,244 | |
| Investments | 372,036 | 578,159 | 950,195 | 3,214,609 | |
| Collateral on Lent Securities | | 84,269 | 84,269 | | |
| Other Receivables. | 706.220 | | 706.220 | _ | |
| Capital Assets Being Depreciated, Net. | , | 97,260 | 2,830,161 | 15,078,786 | |
| Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated | | 9,466 | 26,667,782 | 1,937,078 | |
| TOTAL ASSETS | 65,384,088 | 25,699,664 | 91,083,752 | 45,503,772 | |
| | | | | | |
| DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES | 4,905,832 | 30,417 | 4,936,249 | 1,244,058 | |
| TOTAL ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES | 70,289,920 | 25,730,081 | 96,020,001 | 46,747,830 | |
| LIABILITIES: | | | | | |
| Accounts Payable | 925,414 | 52,414 | 977,828 | 938,616 | |
| Accrued Liabilities | 465,656 | 6,206 | 471,862 | 876,110 | |
| Medicaid Claims Payable | 619,973 | · <u> </u> | 619,973 | · — | |
| Obligations Under Securities Lending | | 121.716 | 4.900.617 | 79.991 | |
| Investment Trade Payable | | 588.755 | 588,755 | _ | |
| Intergovernmental Payable | 1,711,378 | 1,472,566 | 3,183,944 | 1.198 | |
| Internal Balances | 486,076 | (486,076) | 0,700,077 | 7,700 | |
| Payable to Primary Government | 400,010 | (400,070) | | 10.482 | |
| | 22.347 | _ | 22,347 | 10,402 | |
| Payable to Component Units | , - | 379.206 | | 993.916 | |
| Unearned Revenue | 5,319,843 | , | 5,699,049 | 993,916 | |
| Benefits Payable | | 13,446 | 13,446 | | |
| Refund and Other Liabilities | 1,439,611 | 88,759 | 1,528,370 | 243,570 | |
| Noncurrent Liabilities: | | | | | |
| Bonds and Notes Payable: | | | | | |
| Due in One Year | 1,305,084 | _ | 1,305,084 | 639,209 | |
| Due in More Than One Year | 17,392,121 | _ | 17,392,121 | 10,677,061 | |
| Certificates of Participation: | | | | | |
| Due in One Year | 31.314 | _ | 31.314 | _ | |
| Due in More Than One Year | 241,786 | _ | 241,786 | _ | |
| Other Noncurrent Liabilities: | 2,.00 | | 2,.00 | | |
| Due in One Year | 204.824 | 1.915.886 | 2.120.710 | 534.913 | |
| Due in More Than One Year | | 12,594,246 | 17,687,624 | 8,707,440 | |
| TOTAL LIABILITIES | 40,037,706 | 16,747,124 | 56,784,830 | 23,702,506 | |
| DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES | | 184,556 | 4,610,318 | 6,238,531 | |
| | | | • | | |
| TOTAL LIABILITIES AND DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES | 44,463,468 | 16,931,680 | 61,395,148 | 29,941,037 | |

| | GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES | BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES | TOTAL | COMPONENT UNITS |
|--|----------------------------|-----------------------------|---------------|--------------------|
| NET POSITION (DEFICITS): | | | | |
| Net Investment in Capital Assets | 25,297,331 | 91,810 | 25,389,141 | 9,577,066 |
| Primary, Secondary and Other Education | 135.713 | _ | 135.713 | _ |
| Higher Education Support | 76,044 | _ | 76,044 | _ |
| Public Assistance and Medicaid | 442,377 | _ | 442,377 | _ |
| Health and Human Services | 487,403 | _ | 487,403 | _ |
| Justice and Public Protection | 166,156 | _ | 166,156 | _ |
| Environmental Protection and Natural Resources | 417,404 | _ | 417,404 | _ |
| Transportation | 2,849,466 | _ | 2,849,466 | 204,899 |
| General Government | 280,968 | _ | 280,968 | _ |
| Community and Economic Development | 1,049,749 | _ | 1,049,749 | 6,950 |
| Lottery Prizes | _ | 91,013 | 91,013 | _ |
| Workers Compensation | _ | 9, 275, 737 | 9,275,737 | _ |
| Tuition Trust Authority | _ | 114,227 | 114,227 | _ |
| Nonexpendable for | | | | |
| Colleges and Universities | _ | _ | _ | 4,804,873 |
| Expendable for | | | | |
| Colleges and Universities | _ | _ | _ | 4,413,647 |
| Unrestricted | (5, 376, 159) | (774,386) | (6,150,545) | (2, 200, 642) |
| TOTAL NET POSITION (DEFICITS) | \$ 25,826,452 | \$ 8,798,401 | \$ 34,624,853 | \$ 16,806,793 |

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

(dollars in thousands)

PROGRAM REVENUES

| FUNCTIONS/PROGRAMS | | EXPENSES | | CHARGES FOR ERVICES, FEES, FINES AND FORFEITURES | A | OPERATING GRANTS, CONTRIBUTIONS ND RESTRICTED INVESTMENT INCOME(LOSS) | - | CAPITAL GRANTS, CONTRIBUTIONS AND RESTRICTED INVESTMENT INCOME/(LOSS) | | NET (EXPENSE) REVENUE |
|---|----|------------|----|--|----|--|----|--|----|-----------------------------|
| PRIMARY GOVERNMENT: | | | | | | | | | | |
| GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES: | | | | | | | | | | |
| Primary, Secondary | | | | | | | | | | |
| and Other Education | \$ | 14,679,666 | \$ | 18,346 | \$ | 2,829,259 | \$ | _ | \$ | (11,832,061) |
| Higher Education Support | | 3,008,618 | | 2,221 | | 334,389 | | _ | | (2,672,008) |
| Public Assistance and Medicaid | | 37,646,142 | | 3,516,188 | | 28,784,915 | | _ | | (5,345,039) |
| Health and Human Services | | 1,898,068 | | 145,002 | | 1,548,538 | | _ | | (204,528) |
| Justice and Public Protection | | 3,303,035 | | 1,197,262 | | 602,835 | | 9 | | (1,502,929) |
| Environmental Protection | | | | | | | | | | |
| and Natural Resources | | 457,657 | | 281,670 | | 95,095 | | 1,824 | | (79,068) |
| Transportation | | 2,565,694 | | 221,025 | | 393,770 | | 1,465,173 | | (485,726) |
| General Government | | 2,085,214 | | 662,303 | | 1,656,773 | | 13 | | 233,875 |
| Community and Economic | | | | | | | | | | |
| Development | | 4,003,838 | | 465,365 | | 614,399 | | 18,772 | | (2,905,302) |
| Interest on Long-Term Debt | | | | | | | | | | |
| (excludes interest charged as | | | | | | | | | | |
| program expense) | | 91,499 | | | | | _ | | | (91,499) |
| TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES | | 69,739,431 | _ | 6,509,382 | | 36,859,973 | _ | 1,485,791 | _ | (24,884,285) |
| BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES: | | | | | | | | | | |
| Workers' Compensation | | 6,845,396 | | 1,176,954 | | 3,464,053 | | _ | | (2,204,389) |
| Lottery Commission | | 4,091,517 | | 5,515,487 | | (12,683) | | _ | | 1,411,287 |
| Unemployment Compensation | | 14,539,576 | | 1,264,495 | | 12,559,560 | | _ | | (715,521) |
| Tuition Trust Authority | | 31,902 | | 6,261 | | 31,298 | | _ | | 5,657 |
| Office of Auditor of State | | 41,946 | _ | 45,291 | | | _ | | | 3,345 |
| TOTAL BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES | | 25,550,337 | | 8,008,488 | | 16,042,228 | | | | (1,499,621) |
| TOTAL PRIMARY GOVERNMENT | \$ | 95,289,768 | \$ | 14,517,870 | \$ | 52,902,201 | \$ | 1,485,791 | \$ | (26,383,906) |
| COMPONENT UNITS: | | | | | | | | | | |
| Ohio Facilities Construction Commission | \$ | 60,872 | \$ | 6,019 | \$ | 1,985 | \$ | _ | \$ | (52,868) |
| Ohio State University | | 6,446,704 | | 5,861,865 | | 840,451 | | 78,942 | | 334,554 |
| Other Component Units | _ | 8,079,589 | _ | 5,678,650 | | 1,430,516 | _ | 30,029 | _ | (940, 394) |
| TOTAL COMPONENT UNITS | \$ | 14,587,165 | \$ | 11,546,534 | \$ | 2,272,952 | \$ | 108,971 | \$ | (658,708) |

PRIMARY GOVERNMENT

| | ERNMENTAL CTIVITIES | BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES | | | TOTAL | | COMPONENT UNITS |
|--|------------------------|-----------------------------|-------------|----|--------------|----|--------------------|
| CHANGES IN NET POSITION: | | | | | | | |
| Net (Expense) Revenue | \$ (24,884,285) | \$ | (1,499,621) | \$ | (26,383,906) | \$ | (658,708) |
| General Revenues: | | | | | | | |
| Taxes: | | | | | | | |
| Income | 9,852,014 | | _ | | 9,852,014 | | _ |
| Sales | 12,338,794 | | _ | | 12,338,794 | | _ |
| Corporate and Public Utility | 3,137,355 | | _ | | 3,137,355 | | _ |
| Cigarette | 928,637 | | _ | | 928,637 | | _ |
| Other | 1,165,968 | | _ | | 1,165,968 | | _ |
| Restricted for Transportation Purposes: | | | | | | | |
| Motor Vehicle Fuel Taxes | 2,547,613 | | _ | | 2,547,613 | | _ |
| Total Taxes | 29,970,381 | | | | 29,970,381 | | |
| Tobacco Settlement | 362,378 | | _ | | 362,378 | | _ |
| Escheat Property | 230, 265 | | _ | | 230,265 | | _ |
| Unrestricted Investment Income | (22,994) | | 7 | | (22,987) | | 3,024,376 |
| State Assistance | _ | | _ | | _ | | 2,535,898 |
| Other | 723 | | 552 | | 1,275 | | 1,220,840 |
| Gain (Loss) on Extinguishment of Debt | _ | | 111 | | 111 | | _ |
| Additions to Endowments | | | | | | | |
| and Permanent Fund Principal | _ | | _ | | _ | | 132,840 |
| Transfers-Internal Activities | 1,342,535 | | (1,342,535) | | | | |
| TOTAL GENERAL REVENUES, GAINS (LOSSES), CONTRIBUTIONS, SPECIAL ITEMS AND TRANSFERS | 31,883,288 | | (1,341,865) | | 30,541,423 | | 6,913,954 |
| AND TRANSPERSON | 31,003,200 | | (1,541,005) | | 30,041,423 | | 0,310,304 |
| CHANGE IN NET POSITION | 6,999,003 | | (2,841,486) | | 4,157,517 | | 6,255,246 |
| ${\it NET POSITION (DEFICITS), JULY 1 (as \ restated)}$ | 18,827,449 | | 11,639,887 | _ | 30,467,336 | | 10,551,547 |
| NET POSITION (DEFICITS), JUNE 30 | \$ 25,826,452 | \$ | 8,798,401 | \$ | 34,624,853 | \$ | 16,806,793 |

BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2021 (dollars in thousands)

| | | GENERAL | OT | JOB, FAMILY AND OTHER HUMAN SERVICES | | BUCKEYE TOBACCO SETTLEMENT FINANCING AUTHORITY REVENUE BONDS | | |
|---|----------|------------------|----|--|----|---|--|--|
| ASSETS: | • | 44 505 400 | Φ. | 044.707 | Φ. | | | |
| Cash Equity with Treasurer | | 11,585,403 | \$ | 844,787 | \$ | _ | | |
| Cash and Cash Equivalents | | 114,076 | | 2,842 | | 22 | | |
| Investments | | 1,886,150 | | 400.462 | | 372,036 | | |
| Collateral on Lent Securities | | 2,571,741 | | 188, 162 | | _ | | |
| Taxes Receivable | | 1,757,567 | | 244 264 | | _ | | |
| Intergovernmental Receivable | | 320,513 | | 311,361 | | _ | | |
| Loans Receivable, Net | | 1,219,505 | | _ | | _ | | |
| Receivable from Component Units | | - | | 770.500 | | 700.000 | | |
| Other Receivables | | 314,860 | | 778,528 | | 706,220 | | |
| Inventories | | 19,714 | | _ | | _ | | |
| Other Assets | | 47 | | 2.425.600 | | 4.070.070 | | |
| TOTAL ASSETS | · — | 19,789,576 | | 2,125,680 | | 1,078,278 | | |
| DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES | | | | | | 3,811,934 | | |
| TOTAL ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES | . \$ | 10 700 576 | \$ | 2 125 690 | \$ | 4 900 212 | | |
| OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES | <u>φ</u> | 19,789,576 | Þ | 2,125,680 | Þ | 4,890,212 | | |
| LIABILITIES: | | | | | | | | |
| Accounts Payable | \$ | 286, <i>4</i> 53 | \$ | 215,272 | \$ | _ | | |
| Accrued Liabilities | | 212,134 | | 31,319 | | _ | | |
| Medicaid Claims Payable | | 419,838 | | _ | | _ | | |
| Obligations Under Securities Lending | | 2,571,741 | | 188,162 | | _ | | |
| Intergovernmental Payable | | 1,184,931 | | 130,717 | | _ | | |
| Interfund Payable | | 374,647 | | 8,771 | | _ | | |
| Payable to Component Units | | 11,010 | | 3,611 | | _ | | |
| Unearned Revenue | | _ | | 720,070 | | _ | | |
| Refund and Other Liabilities | | 1,436,629 | | 2,982 | | _ | | |
| Liability for Escheat Property | · | 314,195 | | | | | | |
| TOTAL LIABILITIES | | 6,811,578 | | 1,300,904 | | | | |
| DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES | | 914,100 | | 81,928 | | 706,220 | | |
| FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS): | | | | | | | | |
| Nonspendable | | 47,018 | | _ | | | | |
| Restricted | | 1,605,009 | | 182,022 | | 4,183,992 | | |
| Committed | - | 837,568 | | 567,500 | | | | |
| Assigned | - | 3,856,376 | | _ | | _ | | |
| Unassigned | · | 5,717,927 | | (6,674) | | <u> </u> | | |
| TOTAL FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS) | | 12,063,898 | | 742,848 | | 4,183,992 | | |
| TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES | . \$ | 19,789,576 | \$ | 2,125,680 | \$ | 4,890,212 | | |

| PANI | DEMIC RELIEF FUNDS | | NONMAJOR VERNMENTAL FUNDS | TOTAL | | |
|----------|---|----|---------------------------------|-------|------------------------|--|
| \$ | 4,490,968 | \$ | 4,573,724 | \$ | 21,494,882 | |
| Ψ | | Ψ | 48,851 | Ψ | 165,791 | |
| | | | 58,771 | | 2,316,957 | |
| | 1,000,285 | | 1,018,713 | | 4,778,901 | |
| | 7,000,200 | | 188,501 | | 1,946,068 | |
| | _ | | 643,541 | | 1,275,415 | |
| | | | 185,849 | | 1,405,354 | |
| | _ | | 9,849 | | 9,849 | |
| | _ | | 44,066 | | 9,649 1,843,674 | |
| | 103,230 | | 221,336 | | 344,280 | |
| | 103,230 | | 221,330 | | 344,260 47 | |
| | 5.594.483 | | 6.993.201 | | 35,581,218 | |
| | 0,001,100 | | 0,000,201 | | | |
| | | | | | 3,811,934 | |
| \$ | 5,594,483 | \$ | 6,993,201 | \$ | 39,393,152 | |
| <u> </u> | ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,, | | | _ | | |
| ø | 24.054 | ø | 200.042 | ø | 005 204 | |
| \$ | 24,854 | \$ | 398,812 | \$ | 925,391 | |
| | 426 | | 79,247 200,135 | | 323, 126 619,973 | |
| | 1,000,285 | | 1,018,713 | | 4,778,901 | |
| | 1,000,265 | | | | , , | |
| | <u> </u> | | 395,730 96,647 | | 1,711,378 486,076 | |
| | 0,011 | | · | | 460,076 22,347 | |
| | 4 450 677 | | 7,726 | | , | |
| | 4,459,677 | | 140,096 | | 5,319,843 1,439,611 | |
| | _ | | _ | | , , | |
| | 5,491,253 | | 2,337,106 | | 314,195 15,940,841 | |
| | 0,491,203 | | | | | |
| | | | 40,149 | | 1,742,397 | |
| | 103,230 | | 221,336 | | 371,584 | |
| | — | | 3,622,732 | | 9,593,755 | |
| | _ | | 771,878 | | 2,176,946 | |
| | _ | | | | 3,856,376 | |
| | _ | | _ | | 5,711,253 | |
| | 103,230 | | 4,615,946 | | 21,709,914 | |
| | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | | <u> </u> | | | |
| \$ | 5,594,483 | \$ | 6,993,201 | \$ | 39,393,152 | |



STATE OF OHIO
RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION
JUNE 30, 2021
(dollars in the upgets) (dollars in thousands)

| Total Fund Balances for Governmental Funds | | \$ 21,709,914 |
|--|--|---------------|
| Total net position reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position is different because: | | |
| Net Pension Assets Reported for Governmental Activities are not Financing Resources and | | |
| therefore are not Reported in the Funds | | 411,653 |
| Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources, and therefore, are not reported in the funds. Those assets consist of: | | |
| Land | 2,622,710 | |
| Buildings and Improvements, net of \$2,711,457 accumulated depreciation | 1,695,070 168,402 520,118 197,831 | |
| Infrastructure, net of \$66,212 accumulated depreciation Construction-in-Progress | 21,520,858 2,666,228 | |
| Total Capital Assets | | 29,391,217 |
| | | |
| The following Deferred Outflows of Resources are not related to the current period and therefore, are not reported in the funds. | | |
| Hedging Derivative Instruments | 8,396 | |
| Loss on Debt Refundings | 203,314 | |
| Net Pension and OPEB Liability/Asset | 882,188 | |
| Total Deferred Outflows of Resources | | 1,093,898 |
| The following liabilities are not due and payable in the current period, and therefore, are not reported in the funds. | | |
| Accrued Liabilities: Interest Payable | (142,530) | |
| Accounts Payable | (23) | |
| Bonds and Notes Payable: | (-) | |
| General Obligation Bonds | (9,442,030) | |
| Revenue Bonds and Notes | (6,627,043) | |
| Special Obligation Bonds Certificates of Participation | (2,628,132) (273,100) | |
| Other Noncurrent Liabilities: | (273, 100) | |
| Compensated Absences | (572,734) | |
| Net Pension Liability | (3,416,948) | |
| Net OPEB Liability | (633,413) | |
| Capital Leases Payable | (27,394) | |
| Derivative InstrumentsPollution Remediation | (11,756) (1,829) | |
| Infrastructure Liabilities | (319,933) | |
| Total Liabilities | | (24,096,865) |
| The following Deferred Inflows of Resources are not related to the current period and therefore, are not reported in the funds. | | |
| Resources from the Sale of Future Revenues | (936,692) | |
| Net Pension and OPEB Liability/Asset | (2,721,944) | |
| Debt Refundings | (25,149) | |
| Less Unavailable Resources Reported in the Funds: | · · · · · · | |
| Taxes Receivable | 121,554 | |
| Intergovernmental Receivable | 142,267 | |
| Other Receivables | 736,599 1,000,420 | |
| Total Deferred Inflows of Resources | 1,000,420 | (2,683,365) |
| Total Net Position of Governmental Activities | | \$ 25,826,452 |

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021 (dollars in thousands)

| | | | | | - | |
|---|---|----|------------|--|-----------|--|
| | JOB, FAMILY AN OTHER HUMAN GENERAL SERVICES | | HER HUMAN | BUCKEYE TOBACCO SETTLEMENT FINANCING AUTHORITY REVENUE BONDS | | |
| REVENUES: | | | | | | |
| Income Taxes | \$ 9,843,394 | \$ | _ | \$ | _ | |
| Sales Taxes | 12,338,794 | | _ | | _ | |
| Corporate and Public Utility Taxes | 3,092,343 | | _ | | _ | |
| Motor Vehicle Fuel Taxes | 1,429,435 | | _ | | _ | |
| Cigarette Taxes | 928,637 | | _ | | _ | |
| Other Taxes | 794,540 | | 946 | | _ | |
| Licenses, Permits and Fees | 1,329,822 | | 2,642,761 | | _ | |
| Sales, Services and Charges | 98,976 | | _ | | _ | |
| Federal Government | 12,272,448 | | 14,386,865 | | _ | |
| Tobacco Settlement | 252 | | _ | | 306, 162 | |
| Escheat Property | 230,265 | | _ | | _ | |
| Investment Income | 31, 4 50 | | 4,303 | | 988 | |
| Other | 560,049 | | 456,724 | | 37 | |
| TOTAL REVENUES | 42,950,405 | | 17,491,599 | | 307,187 | |
| EXPENDITURES: CURRENT OPERATING: | | | | | | |
| Primary, Secondary and Other Education | 10,194,210 | | _ | | 99, 163 | |
| Higher Education Support | 2,563,549 | | _ | | _ | |
| Public Assistance and Medicaid | 18,272,285 | | 16,769,141 | | _ | |
| Health and Human Services | 708,769 | | 334,438 | | _ | |
| Justice and Public Protection | 3,355,971 | | 57,026 | | _ | |
| Environmental Protection and Natural Resources | 120,487 | | _ | | _ | |
| Transportation | 47,531 | | _ | | _ | |
| General Government | 586,390 | | 3,033 | | 1,800 | |
| Community and Economic Development | 2,933,018 | | _ | | _ | |
| CAPITAL OUTLAY | _ | | 7,117 | | _ | |
| DEBT SERVICE | _ | | _ | | 306,490 | |
| TOTAL EXPENDITURES | 38,782,210 | | 17,170,755 | | 407,453 | |
| EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES | | | | | | |
| OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES | 4,168,195 | | 320,844 | | (100,266) | |
| OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): | | | | | | |
| Bonds, Notes, and COPs Issued | 737,411 | | | | _ | |
| Refunding Bonds and COPs Issued | _ | | _ | | _ | |
| Payment to Refunded Bond and COPs Escrow Agents | _ | | _ | | _ | |
| Premiums/Discounts | 188,996 | | _ | | _ | |
| Capital Leases | 1,634 | | _ | | _ | |
| Transfers-in | 281,440 | | 27,321 | | 18 | |
| Transfers-out | (1,908,638) | | (5,465) | | (22,614) | |
| TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) | (699,157) | | 21,856 | | (22,596) | |
| NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES | 3,469,038 | | 342,700 | | (122,862) | |
| FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS), July 1 (as restated) | 8,600,905 | | 400,148 | | 4,306,854 | |
| Increase (Decrease) for Changes in Inventories | (6,045) | | | | | |
| FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS), JUNE 30 | \$ 12,063,898 | \$ | 742,848 | \$ | 4,183,992 | |

MAJOR FUNDS

| PANDEMIC RELIEF FUNDS | NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS | TOTAL |
|--------------------------|-----------------------------------|---------------|
| | | |
| | | |
| \$ — | \$ — | \$ 9,843,394 |
| _ | _ | 12,338,794 |
| _ | 45,012 | 3,137,355 |
| _ | 1,118,178 | 2,547,613 |
| _ | _ | 928,637 |
| _ | 370,482 | 1,165,968 |
| _ | 827,970 | 4,800,553 |
| _ | 26,205 | 125, 181 |
| 2,696,329 | 8,793,154 | 38,148,796 |
| _ | 2,275 | 308,689 |
| _ | _ | 230,265 |
| 13,812 | 15,246 | 65,799 |
| 320 | 688,915 | 1,706,045 |
| 2,710,461 | 11,887,437 | 75,347,089 |
| | | |
| | | |
| 147,925 | 4,013,417 | 14,454,715 |
| 304,943 | 29,976 | 2,898,468 |
| 30,719 | 2,763,636 | 37,835,781 |
| 330,095 | 1,046,860 | 2,420,162 |
| 175,765 | 552,303 | 4,141,065 |
| 6,557 | 377,736 | 504,780 |
| ´— | 2,797,892 | 2,845,423 |
| 1,419,254 | 398,992 | 2,409,469 |
| 287,103 | 736,673 | 3,956,794 |
| <u> </u> | 505,174 | 512,291 |
| _ | 1,448,583 | 1,755,073 |
| 2,702,361 | 14,671,242 | 73,734,021 |
| | | |
| 8,100 | (2,783,805) | 1,613,068 |
| | | |
| _ | 545,069 | 1,282,480 |
| _ | 318,995 | 318,995 |
| _ | (479,744) | (479,744) |
| _ | 155,500 | 344,496 |
| _ | | 1,634 |
| 17 | 3,435,358 | 3,744,154 |
| (8.253) | (456.649) | (2.401.619) |
| (8,236) | 3,518,529 | 2,810,396 |
| (0,230) | 0,010,029 | 2,010,030 |
| (136) | 734,724 | 4,423,464 |
| 24,603 | 3,863,853 | 17,196,363 |
| 78,763 | 17,369 | 90,087 |
| \$ 103,230 | \$ 4,615,946 | \$ 21,709,914 |

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021 (dollars in thousands)

| Net Change in Fund Balances Total Governmental Funds | | \$ 4,423,464 90.087 |
|--|---|----------------------------|
| Change in inventorious | | 4,513,551 |
| The change in net position reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities is different because: | | 4,313,331 |
| Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlays exceeded depreciation in the current period. | | |
| Capital Outlay Expenditures Depreciation Expense | 682,482 (274,479) | |
| Excess of Capital Outlay Over Depreciation Expense | | 408,003 |
| Debt proceeds provide current financial resources to governmental funds, but issuing debt increases long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position. In the current period, proceeds were received from: | | |
| General Obligation Bonds | (673,060) (91,980) (496,940) (360,669) (20,500) (176,801) (23,633) (97,672) (4,716) | (1,945,971) |
| Debt Principal Retirement and Defeasements: General Obligation BondsRevenue Bonds and NotesSpecial Obligation BondsCertificates of Participation | 860,395 267,184 275,328 96,406 | |
| Total Long-Term Debt Repayment | | 1,499,313 |

Some revenues and expenses reported in the Statement of Activities are not reported as revenue and expenditures in the governmental funds. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting used in the governmental funds, expenditures are not recognized for transactions that are not normally paid with expendable available financial resources. In the Statement of Activities, however, which is presented on the accrual basis, expenses, liabilities, and deferred resources are reported regardless of when financial resources are available. In addition, interest on long-term debt is not recognized under the modified accrual basis of accounting until due, rather than as it accrues. This adjustment combines the changes in the following balances:

| Increase in Other Assets | 367,750 | |
|--|------------------|--------------|
| Increase in Capital Leases Payable | (3,116) | |
| Increase in Accrued Interest and Other Accrued Liabilities | (4,449) | |
| Increase in Accounts Payable | (23) | |
| Amortization of Bond Premiums/Accretion of Bond Discount, Net | 198,516 | |
| Increase in Refunding Loss Included in Deferred Outflows of Resources | 122,066 | |
| Decrease in Pension/OPEB Related Balances Included in Deferred Outflows of Resources | (259, 175) | |
| Decrease in Resources of a Future Period | (143,820) | |
| Increase in Compensated Absences | (56,839) | |
| Decrease in Derivative Instrument Liabilities (Excluding Hedging Derivative Instruments) | 2,642 | |
| Decrease in Pollution Remediation | 51 | |
| Decrease in Infrastructure Liability | 22,062 | |
| Decrease in Net Pension Liability | 922,372 | |
| Decrease in OPEB Liability | <i>2,487,058</i> | |
| Increase in Deferred Inflow of Resources | (1,130,988) | |
| Total Additional Revenues and Expenditures | | 2,524,107 |
| Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities | | \$ 6,999,003 |

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS -- ENTERPRISE JUNE 30, 2021 (dollars in thousands)

| | MAJ | IOR PROPRIETARY FU | JNDS |
|---|--------------------------|--------------------------|------------------------------|
| | WORKERS' COMPENSATION | LOTTERY COMMISSION | UNEMPLOYMENT COMPENSATION |
| ASSETS: | | | |
| CURRENT ASSETS: | | | |
| Cash Equity with Treasurer | \$ 23,538 | \$ 111,330 | \$ — |
| Cash and Cash Equivalents | 593,875 | 196,798 | _ |
| Deposit with Federal Government | _ | · <u> </u> | 487,435 |
| Collateral on Lent Securities | 5,243 | 24,797 | _ |
| Restricted Assets: | -, - | , - | |
| Cash Equity with Treasurer | _ | 43 | _ |
| Investments | _ | 41,931 | _ |
| Collateral on Lent Securities | _ | 84,269 | _ |
| Intergovernmental Receivable | _ | 04,200 | 813 |
| Premiums and Assessments Receivable | | | 26.620 |
| Investment Trade Receivable | 354,319 | | 20,020 |
| | | _ | _ |
| Interfund Receivable | | | |
| Other Receivables | 394,141 | 54,070 | 66,758 |
| Other Assets | 600 | 2,952 | 20 |
| TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS | 1,419,170 | 516,190 | 581,646 |
| NONCURRENT ASSETS: | | | |
| Restricted Assets: | | | |
| | 726 | | |
| Cash and Cash Equivalents | 736 | 200 572 | _ |
| Investments | | 322,573 | _ |
| Investments | * * | _ | _ |
| Premiums and Assessments Receivable | , | _ | _ |
| Interfund Receivable | 438,047 | _ | _ |
| Other Assets | 19,339 | 3,431 | _ |
| Capital Assets Being Depreciated, Net | 73,715 | 22,889 | _ |
| Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated | 9,466 | | |
| TOTAL NONCURRENT ASSETS | 23,038,218 | 348,893 | _ |
| TOTAL ASSETS | 24,457,388 | 865,083 | 581,646 |
| | | | 001,040 |
| DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES | 20,083 | 3, 125 | |
| TOTAL ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES | 24,477,471 | 868,208 | 581,646 |
| LIABILITIES: | | | |
| CURRENT LIABILITIES: | | | |
| Accounts Payable | 24,422 | 27,144 | _ |
| Accrued Liabilities | _ | _ | _ |
| Obligations Under Securities Lending | 5,243 | 109,066 | _ |
| Investment Trade Payable | 588,755 | | _ |
| Intergovernmental Payable | | _ | 1.472.566 |
| Prize Awards Payable | | 41,975 | 1,472,000 |
| Interfund Pavable | | , | _ |
| · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | 070 740 | 106 | _ |
| Unearned Revenue | , | 1,357 | _ |
| Benefits Payable | 1,294,961 | | 13,446 |
| Refund and Other Liabilities | 591,207 | 42,476 | 8,065 |
| TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES | 2,881,334 | 222,124 | 1,494,077 |
| NONCURRENT LIABILITIES: | | | |
| Prize Awards Payable | _ | 288,308 | _ |
| Interfund Payable | _ | 758 | _ |
| Benefits Payable | 10,593,651 | _ | _ |
| Refund and Other Liabilities | 1,522,900 | 40,285 | _ |
| TOTAL NONCURRENT LIABILITIES | 12,116,551 | 329,351 | |
| TOTAL LIABILITIES | | | 1 404 077 |
| TOTAL LIABILITIES | | <i>551,475</i> | 1,494,077 |
| DEEEDDED INELOWS OF DESCUREES | 14,997,885 | 40.500 | |
| DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES | 120,668 | 19,536 | |
| TOTAL LIABILITIES AND DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES | | 19,536 571,011 | 1,494,077 |
| | 120,668 | | 1,494,077 |
| TOTAL LIABILITIES AND DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES | 120,668 15,118,553 | | 1,494,077 |
| TOTAL LIABILITIES AND DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES NET POSITION (DEFICITS): | 120,668 15,118,553 | 571,011 | |
| TOTAL LIABILITIES AND DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES NET POSITION (DEFICITS): Net Investment in Capital Assets | 120,668 15,118,553 | 571,011 7,973 | |

MAJOR PROPRIETARY FUNDS

| 11,289 | 168,124 801,962 487,435 |
|------------------|-------------------------------|
| 11,289 8 | 301,962 |
| _ 4 | |
| | |
| 7,407 | |
| | 37,447 |
| <u> </u> | 43 65,931 |
| _ | 84,269 |
| 5,503 | 6,316 |
| _ | 27,170 |
| <u> </u> | 354,319 |
| 1,989 | 48,893 |
| 897 5 | 515,866 |
| <u> </u> | 3,572 |
| 84,341 2,6 | 601,347 |
| _ | 736 |
| 189,655 | 512,228 |
| | 939,232 |
| | 557,683 |
| | 138,047 |
| 7,835 | 30,605 |
| 656 | 97,260 |
| | 9,466 |
| 198,146 23,5 | 585,257 |
| 282,487 26,1 | 186,604 |
| 7,209 | 30,417 |
| 289,696 26,2 | 217,021 |
| 848 | 52,414 |
| 6,206 | 6,206 |
| 7,407 | 121,716 |
| | 88,755 |
| — 1,4 | 172,566 |
| _ | 41,975 |
| _ | 106 |
| | 379,206 |
| | 332,407 |
| | 643,709 |
| 41,525 4,6 | 539,060 |
| | 288,308 |
| | 758 |
| | 678,551 827 297 |
| | 527,387 595,004 |
| | 234.064 |
| | 184,556 |
| | |
| 234,979 17,4 | 118,620 |
| 656 | 91,810 |
| _ | 91,013 |
| 54,061 8,6 | 615,578 |
| \$ 54,717 \$ 8,7 | 798,401 |

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS -- ENTERPRISE FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

(dollars in thousands)

| | MAJOR PROPRIETARY FUNDS | | | | | |
|--|--------------------------|-----------------------|---------------------------------------|--|--|--|
| | WORKERS' COMPENSATION | LOTTERY COMMISSION | UNEMPLOYMENT COMPENSATION | | | |
| OPERATING REVENUES: | | | | | | |
| Charges for Sales and Services | \$ — | \$ 5,515,487 | \$ 48,636 | | | |
| Premium and Assessment Income | 1,169,595 | _ | 1,077,602 | | | |
| Federal Government | _ | _ | 12,567,930 | | | |
| Investment Income | _ | _ | _ | | | |
| Other | 7,359 | _ | 127,815 | | | |
| TOTAL OPERATING REVENUES | 1,176,954 | 5,515,487 | 13,821,983 | | | |
| OPERATING EXPENSES: | | | | | | |
| Costs of Sales and Services | _ | _ | _ | | | |
| Administration | 27,348 | 143,505 | _ | | | |
| Bonuses and Commissions | _ | 1,085,109 | _ | | | |
| Prizes | _ | 2,841,590 | _ | | | |
| Benefits and Claims | 526,258 | · · · · — | 14,539,576 | | | |
| Depreciation | 14,224 | 8,398 | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | | | |
| Other | 6,277,566 | _ | _ | | | |
| TOTAL OPERATING EXPENSES | 6,845,396 | 4,078,602 | 14,539,576 | | | |
| OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) | (5,668,442) | 1,436,885 | (717,593) | | | |
| NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES): | | | | | | |
| Investment Income | 3,464,053 | (12,683) | 2,072 | | | |
| Interest Expense | _ | (46) | _ | | | |
| Other | _ | (12,869) | _ | | | |
| TOTAL NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES) | 3,464,053 | (25,598) | 2,072 | | | |
| INCOME (LOSS) BEFORE GAIN (LOSS) AND TRANSFERS | (2,204,389) | 1,411,287 | (715,521) | | | |
| Gain on Extinguishment of Debt | _ | _ | 111 | | | |
| Transfers-in | 8,253 | _ | _ | | | |
| Transfers-out | (8,923) | (1,360,689) | (20,423) | | | |
| TOTAL GAIN (LOSS) AND TRANSFERS | (670) | (1,360,689) | (20,312) | | | |
| NET INCOME (LOSS) | (2,205,059) | 50,598 | (735,833) | | | |
| NET POSITION (DEFICITS), JULY 1 | 11,563,977 | 246,599 | (176,598) | | | |
| NET POSITION (DEFICITS), JUNE 30 | \$ 9,358,918 | \$ 297,197 | \$ (912,431) | | | |
| | | | | | | |

| PROPRIETARY | |
|-------------|--------------|
| FUNDS | TOTAL |
| | |
| \$ 51,536 | \$ 5,615,659 |
| _ | 2,247,197 |
| _ | 12,567,930 |
| 7,598 | 7,598 |
| 23,716 | 158,890 |
| 82,850 | 20,597,274 |
| | |
| 35,277 | 35,277 |
| 14,425 | 185,278 |
| _ | 1,085,109 |
| _ | 2,841,590 |
| 23,955 | 15,089,789 |
| 191 | 22,813 |
| _ | 6,277,566 |
| 73,848 | 25,537,422 |
| 9,002 | (4,940,148) |
| | |
| 7 | 3,453,449 |
| _ | (46) |
| 552 | (12,317) |
| 559 | 3,441,086 |
| | |
| 9,561 | (1,499,062) |
| _ | 111 |
| 39,247 | 47,500 |
| | (1,390,035) |
| 39,247 | (1,342,424) |
| 48,808 | (2,841,486) |
| 5,909 | 11,639,887 |
| \$ 54,717 | \$ 8,798,401 |

NONMAJOR

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS -- ENTERPRISE FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021 (dollars in thousands)

| | MAJOR PROPRIETARY FUNDS | | | | |
|---|-------------------------|-----------------------|--|--|--|
| | WORKERS' COMPENSATION | LOTTERY COMMISSION | UNEMPLOYMENT COMPENSATION | | |
| CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES: | | | | | |
| Cash Received from Customers | \$ — | \$ 5,533,901 | \$ — | | |
| Cash Received from Multi-State Lottery for Grand Prize Winner | _ | 390 | _ | | |
| Cash Received from Premiums and Assessments | 1,166,717 | _ | 1,149,061 | | |
| Cash Received from Interfund Services Provided | 37,483 | _ | _ | | |
| Other Operating Cash Receipts | 28,287 | (951) | 12,697,865 | | |
| Cash Payments to Suppliers for Goods and Services | (80,982) | (91,800) | _ | | |
| Cash Payments to Employees for Services | (218,030) | (37, 335) | _ | | |
| Cash Payments for Benefits and Claims | (1,448,122) | | (13,687,078) | | |
| Cash Payments for Lottery Prizes | | (2,884,319) | _ | | |
| Cash Payments for Bonuses and Commissions | _ | (1,085,109) | _ | | |
| Cash Payments for Premium Reductions and Refunds | (6,433,444) | (1,000,100) | _ | | |
| Cash Payments for Interfund Services Used | (39,401) | (10,416) | _ | | |
| • | (39,401) | • • • | (044 536) | | |
| Other Operating Cash Payments | | (6,536) | (944,536) | | |
| NET CASH FLOWS PROVIDED (USED) BY | | | | | |
| OPERATING ACTIVITIES | (6,987,492) | 1,417,825 | (784,688) | | |
| Federal Advance (Loan) Other Transfers-in Transfers-out NET CASH FLOWS PROVIDED (USED) BY | 8,253 (8,923) | (1,360,689) | 1,254,076 — — — — — —————————————————————————— | | |
| NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES | (670) | (1,360,689) | 1,233,653 | | |
| CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL | | | | | |
| AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES: | | | | | |
| Principal Payments on Bonds, Notes and Capital Leases | _ | (1,945) | _ | | |
| Acquisition and Construction of Capital Assets | (419) | (1,043) | _ | | |
| Proceeds from Sales of Capital Assets | 221_ | | | | |
| NET CASH FLOWS PROVIDED (USED) BY | | | | | |
| CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES | (198) | (2,988) | | | |
| CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES: | | | | | |
| Purchase of Investments | (12,522,010) | (39,953) | _ | | |
| Proceeds from the Sales and Maturities of Investments | 19,130,501 | 75,443 | _ | | |
| Investment Income Received | 565,385 | (1,787) | 2,072 | | |
| Borrower Rebates and Agent Fees | (54,995) | (96) | _ | | |
| | (0.,000) | | | | |
| NET CASH FLOWS PROVIDED (USED) BY INVESTING ACTIVITIES | 7,118,881 | 33,607 | 2,072 | | |
| NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH & CASH EQUIVALENTS | 130,521 | 87,755 | 451,037 | | |
| CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, JULY 1 | 487,628 | 220,416 | 36,398 | | |
| CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, JUNE 30 | \$ 618,149 | \$ 308,171 | \$ 487,435 | | |

| NONMAJOR | |
|-------------|--|
| PROPRIETARY | |

| PRIETARY | | TOTAL |
|--------------|----|----------------|
| UNDS | _ | TOTAL |
| \$ 36,512 | \$ | 5,570,413 |
| _ | | 390 |
| _ | | 2,315,778 |
| 10,589 | | 48,072 |
| 6,400 | | 12,731,601 |
| (8,451) | | (181,233) |
| (82,079) | | (337,444) |
| _ | | (15, 135, 200) |
| _ | | (2,884,319) |
| _ | | (1,085,109) |
| | | (6,433,444) |
| (4,636) | | (54,453) |
| (23,955) | _ | (975,027) |
| (65,620) | | (6,419,975) |
| | | |
| _ | | 1,254,076 |
| 552 | | 552 |
| 39,079 | | 47,332 |
| | | (1,390,035) |
| 39,631 | | (88,075) |
| _ | | (1,945) |
| (95) | | (1,557) |
| | | 221 |
| (95) | _ | (3,281) |
| (39,763) | | (12,601,726) |
| 64,617 | | 19,270,561 |
| 252 | | 565,922 |
| _ | | (55,091) |
| | | , , , , , |
| 25,106 | _ | 7,179,666 |
| (978) | | 668,335 |
| 45,523 | | 789,965 |
| | | |

(continued)

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS -- ENTERPRISE FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

(dollars in thousands) (continued)

| | | MAJOR PROPRIETARY FUNDS | | | | | |
|---|-----------------------|-------------------------|----|-----------------------|----|------------------------------|--|
| | WORKERS' COMPENSATION | | | LOTTERY COMMISSION | | UNEMPLOYMENT COMPENSATION | |
| RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME TO NET | | | | | | | |
| CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES: | _ | (= aaa | _ | | _ | | |
| Operating Income (Loss) | \$ | (5,668,442) | \$ | 1,436,885 | \$ | (717,593) | |
| Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income (Loss) to | | | | | | | |
| Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities: | | | | | | | |
| Investment Income | | _ | | _ | | _ | |
| Depreciation | | 14,224 | | 8,398 | | _ | |
| Provision for Uncollectible Accounts | | 28,471 | | _ | | _ | |
| Decrease (Increase) in Assets: | | | | | | | |
| Intergovernmental Receivable | | _ | | _ | | (435) | |
| Premiums and Assessments Receivable | | 32,633 | | _ | | 38,207 | |
| Interfund Receivable | | 20,035 | | _ | | _ | |
| Other Receivables | | (179,725) | | 17,663 | | (45,947) | |
| Other Assets | | _ | | 2,337 | | _ | |
| Increase (Decrease) in Liabilities: | | | | | | | |
| Accounts Payable | | 5,846 | | 13,224 | | _ | |
| Accrued Liabilities | | _ | | _ | | _ | |
| Intergovernmental Payable | | _ | | _ | | (2,815) | |
| Prize Awards Payable | | _ | | (35, 263) | | _ | |
| Interfund Payable | | _ | | (92) | | _ | |
| Unearned Revenue | | 40,778 | | (201) | | _ | |
| Benefits Payable | | (880,042) | | _ | | (61,898) | |
| Refund and Other Liabilities | | (401,270) | | (25,126) | | 5,793 | |
| NET CASH FLOWS PROVIDED (USED) BY | | | | | | | |
| OPERATING ACTIVITIES | \$ | (6,987,492) | \$ | 1,417,825 | \$ | (784,688) | |
| NONCASH INVESTING, | | | | | | | |
| CAPITAL AND FINANCING ACTIVITIES: | | | | | | | |
| Change in Fair Value of Investments | \$ | 2,995,025 | \$ | (50,741) | \$ | _ | |
| Gain on Extinguishment of Debt | | _ | | _ | | 111 | |
| Acquiring a Capital Asset through a Capital Lease | | _ | | 13,900 | | _ | |

| PRIETARY FUNDS | | TOTAL |
|-------------------|----|---------------------|
| | | |
| \$ 9,002 | \$ | (4,940,148) |
| (7,598) | | (7,598) |
| 191 | | 22,813 |
| _ | | 28,471 |
| (16,499) | | (16,934) |
| _ | | 70,840 |
| (168) | | 19,867 |
| (454) | | (208,463) |
| _ | | 2,337 |
| (28, 107) | | (9,037) |
| 538 | | 538 |
| _ | | (2,815) |
| _ | | (35, 263) |
| | | (92) |
| 1,103 (23,700) | | 41,680 (965,640) |
| (23,700) 72 | | (420,531) |
| | _ | (420,001) |
| \$ (65,620) | \$ | (6,419,975) |
| | | |
| \$ _ | \$ | 2,944,284 |
| _ | | 111 |
| _ | | 13,900 |

NONMAJOR

STATE OF OHIO STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2021 (dollars in thousands)

| | PENSION TRUST - STATE HIGHWAY PATROL RETIREMENT SYSTEM (as of 12/31/20) | PRIVATE- PURPOSE TRUST FUNDS | INVESTMENT TRUST - STAR OHIO |
|---|--|---------------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| ASSETS: | | | |
| Cash Equity with Treasurer | \$ — | \$ — | \$ — |
| Cash and Cash Equivalents | 36,992 | 297,398 | <i>824,382</i> |
| Investments (at fair value): | | | |
| U.S. Government and Agency Obligations | 15,497 | _ | 1,668,913 |
| Common and Preferred Stock | | _ | · · · · <u>-</u> |
| Corporate Bonds and Notes | 16,991 | _ | 652,706 |
| Foreign Stocks and Bonds | 5,086 | _ | · <u> </u> |
| Commercial Paper | • | _ | 6,111,385 |
| Repurchase Agreements | _ | _ | 338,756 |
| Mutual Funds | 529.464 | 16,010,827 | 5,348,417 |
| Real Estate | , - | | |
| Partnership and Hedge Funds | 284,738 | | _ |
| State Treasury Asset Reserve of Ohio (STAR Ohio) | | | _ |
| Collateral on Lent Securities. | | _ | _ |
| Employer Contributions Receivable | | _ | _ |
| Employee Contributions Receivable | | _ | _ |
| Other Receivables | | 69.907 | 11.698 |
| Other Assets. | • | | 77,000 |
| | | | |
| TOTAL ASSETS | 1,035,513 | 16,378,132 | 14,956,257 |
| DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES | 293 | | |
| TOTAL ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES | 1,035,806 | 16,378,132 | 14,956,257 |
| LIABILITIES: | | | |
| Accounts Payable | 522 | _ | _ |
| Accounts Payable | | <u> </u> | — 575 |
| Obligations Under Securities Lending | | 4,401 | - J75 |
| Intergovernmental Payable | | | |
| Refund and Other Liabilities | | 55.905 | <u> </u> |
| | | | |
| TOTAL LIABILITIES | 9,375 | 60,306 | 635 |
| DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES | 417 | | |
| TOTAL LIABILITIES AND DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES | 9,792 | 60,306 | 635 |
| NET POSITION (DEFICITS): Restricted for: | | | |
| Employees' Pension Benefits | 907,391 | _ | _ |
| Employees' Postemployment Healthcare Benefits | 118,623 | _ | _ |
| Individuals, Organizations and Other Governments | | 16,317,826 | _ |
| Pool Participants | _ | , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , | 14,955,622 |
| TOTAL NET POSITION (DEFICITS) | \$ 1,026,014 | \$ 16,317,826 | \$ 14,955,622 |
| , | | | |

| ODIAL I GIVDO |
|--------------------------|
| \$ 263,632 101,960 |
| 15,928 — — |
| _ |
| = |
| 18,802 58,720 |
| _ _ _ |
| 450.042 |
| 459,042 |
| |
| 459,042 |
| |
| _ |
| 58,720 |
| 239,837 |
| 96,105 |
| 394,662 |
| |
| 394,662 |
| , |
| _ |
| 64,380 — |
| \$ 64,380 |

CUSTODIAL FUNDS

STATE OF OHIO STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021 (dollars in thousands)

| | STATI P REI S | ION TRUST - E HIGHWAY PATROL FIREMENT FYSTEM 12/31/20) | <u> </u> | PRIVATE- PURPOSE RUST FUNDS | | NVESTMENT ST - STAR OHIO |
|---|------------------------|---|----------|-----------------------------------|----|-----------------------------|
| ADDITIONS: | | | | | | |
| Contributions from: Employer | \$ | 32,855 | \$ | _ | \$ | _ |
| Employees | φ | 17,334 | Ψ | _ | φ | _ |
| Plan Participants | | _ | | 6,111,085 | | _ |
| Other | | 8,250 | | - | | _ |
| Total Contributions | | 58,439 | | 6,111,085 | | _ |
| Investment Income: | | | | | | |
| Net Appreciation (Depreciation) | | | | | | |
| in Fair Value of Investments | | 129,019 | | 2,406,368 | | _ |
| Interest, Dividends and Other | | 16,964 | | 533,985 | | 27,958 |
| Total Investment Income | | 145,983 | | 2,940,353 | | 27,958 |
| Less: Investment Expense | | 8,617 | | 40,829 | | 6,020 |
| Net Investment Income | | 137,366 | | 2,899,524 | | 21,938 |
| Capital Share and Individual Account Transactions: | | | | | | |
| Shares Sold | | | | _ | | 29,019,598 |
| Reinvested Distributions | | _ | | _ | | 2 <i>4</i> ,561 |
| Shares Redeemed | | | | | | (26,501,263) |
| Net Capital Share and Individual Account Transactions | | | | | | 2,542,896 |
| Tax Collections for Local Governments | | _ | | _ | | _ |
| Child Support Collections | | | | _ | | _ |
| Detainee / Resident Home Personal Accounts Other Organizations' Accounts | | _ | | _ | | _ |
| Miscellaneous | | | | _ | | _ |
| TOTAL ADDITIONS | | 195,805 | | 9,010,609 | | 2,564,834 |
| DEDUCTIONS | | | | | | |
| DEDUCTIONS: | | 70.504 | | | | |
| Pension Benefits Paid to Participants or Beneficiaries Healthcare Benefits Paid to Participants or Beneficiaries | | 78,594 15,726 | | _ | | _ |
| Refunds of Employee Contributions | | 2,553 | | _ | | _ |
| Administrative Expense | | 2,333 1,710 | | _ | | _ |
| Transfers to Other Retirement Systems | | 54 | | _ | | _ |
| Distributions to Shareholders, Plans, Participants | | | | 5,747,939 | | 21,938 |
| Tax Distributions to Local Governments | | _ | | | | |
| Child Support Payments | | | | _ | | _ |
| Detainee / Resident Home Personal Accounts | | _ | | _ | | _ |
| Other Organizations' Accounts | | _ | | _ | | _ |
| Miscellaneous | | _ | | | | |
| TOTAL DEDUCTIONS | | 98,637 | | 5,747,939 | | 21,938 |
| CHANGE IN NET POSITION RESTRICTED FOR: | | | | | | |
| Employees' Pension Benefits | | 89,532 | | _ | | _ |
| Employees' Postemployment Healthcare Benefits | | 7,636 | | _ | | _ |
| Individuals, Organizations and Other Governments | | · _ | | 3,262,670 | | _ |
| Pool Participants | | | | | | 2,542,896 |
| TOTAL CHANGE IN NET POSITION | | 97,168 | | 3,262,670 | | 2,542,896 |
| NET POSITION (DEFICITS), JULY 1 (as restated) | | 928,846 | | 13,055,156 | | 12,412,726 |
| NET POSITION (DEFICITS), JUNE 30 | \$ | 1,026,014 | \$ | 16,317,826 | \$ | 14,955,622 |

\$ 2,065,002 2,065,002 41 41 41 39,210 (47,143) (7,933) 3,931,442 2,004,866 109,262 168,211 2,150 8,273,041 2,065,617 3,931,442 2,004,866 97,547 169,794 2,234 8,271,500 1,541 1,541 62,839 64,380

CUSTODIAL FUNDS

STATE OF OHIO
COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION
DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNITS
JUNE 30, 2021
(dollars in thousands)

| MAJO | R COMPON | ENT UNITS |
|------|----------|-----------|
| | | |

| | OHIO FACILITIES CONSTRUCTION COMMISSION | OHIO STATE UNIVERSITY | NONMAJOR COMPONENT UNITS |
|---|---|---------------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| ASSETS: | | | |
| CURRENT ASSETS: | 0.50.404 | • | |
| Cash Equity with Treasurer | \$ 359,134 — | \$ — 938.144 | \$ 1,416 1,335,666 |
| Investments | 2,514 | 2,813,669 | 3,963,585 |
| Collateral on Lent Securities | 79,991 | · · · · · | · · · — |
| Restricted Assets: | | | |
| Cash and Cash Equivalents | _ | _ | 244,696 |
| Investments | _ | 11.187 | 64,444 92,874 |
| Loans Receivable, Net | _ | 25,231 | 24,122 |
| Receivable from Primary Government | _ | 442 | 21,905 |
| Other Receivables | _ | 877,786 | 630,113 |
| Inventories | _ | 95,891 | 121,385 |
| Other Assets | 444.620 | 59,308 | 100,321 |
| TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS | 441,639 | 4,821,658 | 6,600,527 |
| NONCURRENT ASSETS: Restricted Assets: | | | |
| Cash and Cash Equivalents | _ | 276,243 | 111,305 |
| Investments | _ | | 3,150,165 |
| Investments | _ | 7,390,200 | 2,951,336 |
| Loans Receivable, Net | _ | 37,566 | 191,395 |
| Other Receivables | _ | 97,441 | 270,035 |
| Other Assets | 13 | 479,315 5,278,831 | 1,669,083 9,799,942 |
| Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated, Net | — 13 — | 1,232,103 | 704,975 |
| TOTAL NONCURRENT ASSETS | 13 | 14,791,699 | 18,848,236 |
| TOTAL ASSETS | 441,652 | 19,613,357 | 25,448,763 |
| DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES | 741,032 | | |
| | | 467,600 | 776,458 |
| TOTAL ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES | 441,652 | 20,080,957 | 26,225,221 |
| LIABILITIES: | | | |
| CURRENT LIABILITIES: | 2 201 | 615,171 | 320.164 |
| Accounts Payable | 3,281 271 | 193,256 | 682,583 |
| Obligations Under Securities Lending | 79,991 | - | - |
| Intergovernmental Payable | 221,037 | _ | 927 |
| Unearned Revenue | . . . | 640,827 | 386,086 |
| Refund and Other Liabilities | 2,644 | 250,306 | 271,770 |
| Payable to Primary Government | | 344,779 | 10,482 294,430 |
| TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES | 307,224 | 2,044,339 | 1,966,442 |
| NONCURRENT LIABILITIES: | 301,224 | 2,044,000 | 1,300,442 |
| Intergovernmental Payable | 154,178 | _ | 19,710 |
| Unearned Revenue | - | _ | 24,117 |
| Refund and Other Liabilities | 1,293 | 4,442,628 | 4,065,514 |
| Bonds and Notes Payable | | 2,912,463 | 7,764,598 |
| TOTAL NONCURRENT LIABILITIES | 155,471 | 7,355,091 | 11,873,939 |
| TOTAL LIABILITIES | 462,695 | 9,399,430 | 13,840,381 |
| DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES | 3,104,058 | 1,796,237 | 1,338,236 |
| TOTAL LIABILITIES AND DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES | 3,566,753 | 11,195,667 | 15,178,617 |
| NET POSITION (DEFICITS): | | | |
| Net Investment in Capital Assets | _ | 3.742.876 | 5.834.190 |
| Restricted for: | | , , | , , |
| Transportation | _ | _ | 204,899 |
| Community and Economic Development | 6,950 | _ | _ |
| Nonexpendable: Scholarships and Fellowships | | | 494,711 |
| Research | _ | _ | 97,517 |
| Endowments and Quasi-Endowments | _ | 1,789,304 | 1,843,523 |
| Loans, Grants and Other College and University Purposes | _ | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | 579,818 |
| Expendable: | | | 500 105 |
| Scholarships and Fellowships | _ | _ | 503,425 |
| Research Instructional Department Uses | _ | _ | 167,778 199,328 |
| Student and Public Services | _ | _ | 116,833 |
| Academic Support | _ | _ | 231,313 |
| Debt Service | _ | _ | 21,552 |
| Capital Purposes | _ | 2,006 | 137,197 |
| Endowments and Quasi-Endowments Current Operations | _ | 877,452 1,151,470 | 406,338 44,912 |
| Loans, Grants and Other College and University Purposes | _ | 1,131,470 | 554,043 |
| Unrestricted | (3,132,051) | 1,322,182 | (390,773) |
| TOTAL NET POSITION (DEFICITS) | \$ (3,125,101) | \$ 8,885,290 | \$ 11,046,604 |
| / | . (-,,) | -,, | ,, |

| TOTAL |
|---|
| \$ 360,550 2,273,810 6,779,768 79,991 |
| 244,696 64,444 104,061 49,353 22,347 1,507,899 217,276 159,629 11,863,824 |
| 387,548 3,150,165 10,341,536 228,961 367,476 2,148,398 15,078,786 1,937,078 33,639,948 45,503,772 1,244,058 |
| 938,616 876,110 79,991 221,964 1,026,913 524,720 10,482 639,209 4,318,005 |
| 173,888 24,117 8,509,435 10,677,061 19,384,501 23,702,506 6,238,531 29,941,037 |
| 9,577,066 204,899 6,950 |
| 494,711 97,517 3,632,827 579,818 |
| 503,425 167,778 199,328 116,833 231,313 21,552 139,203 1,283,790 1,196,382 554,043 (2,200,642) \$ 16,806,793 |

STATE OF OHIO
COMBINING STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES
DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNITS
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021
(dollars in thousands)

| | М. | AJOR COMP | PONENT | UNITS | | |
|--|-------|---------------------------------|--------|--------------------------|----|------------------------------|
| | CONST | ACILITIES RUCTION MISSION | S | OHIO STATE VERSITY | | ONMAJOR OMPONENT UNITS |
| EXPENSES: Primary Secondary and Other Education | \$ | 5.675 | \$ | | \$ | |
| Primary, Secondary and Other Education Transportation | Φ | 5,675 | Ф | _ | Ф | — 276,142 |
| Community and Economic Development Education and General: | | 55,195 | | _ | | 1,660,828 |
| Instruction and Departmental Research | | _ | | 965.286 | | 1,908,470 |
| Separately Budgeted Research | | _ | | 457,996 | | 329,749 |
| Public Service | | _ | | 145,797 | | 240,720 |
| Academic Support | | _ | | 190,097 | | 445,742 |
| Student Services | | _ | | 52,086 | | 273,069 |
| Institutional Support | | _ | | 252,338 | | 633,213 |
| Operation and Maintenance of Plant | | _ | | 96,389 | | 301,002 |
| Scholarships and Fellowships | | _ | | 146,187 | | 386,484 |
| Auxiliary Enterprises | | _ | | 206,123 | | 492,418 |
| Hospitals | | _ | | 3,336,465 | | 386,587 |
| Interest on Long-Term Debt | | _ | | 127,236 | | 319,578 |
| Depreciation | | 2 | | 470,704 | | 664,716 |
| Other | | | | | | (239, 129) |
| TOTAL EXPENSES | | 60,872 | | 6,446,704 | | 8,079,589 |
| | | | | | | |
| PROGRAM REVENUES: | | 2.242 | | | | |
| Charges for Services, Fees, Fines and Forfeitures | | 6,019 | | 5,861,865 | | 5,678,650 |
| Operating Grants, Contributions and Restricted Investment Income | | 4.005 | | 040 454 | | 4 420 540 |
| | | 1,985 | | 840,451 | | 1,430,516 |
| Capital Grants, Contributions and Restricted Investment Income | | | | 79.040 | | 20,020 |
| | | | | 78,942 | | 30,029 |
| TOTAL PROGRAM REVENUES | | 8,004 | | 6,781,258 | | 7,139,195 |
| NET PROGRAM (EXPENSE) REVENUE | | (52,868) | | 334,554 | | (940,394) |
| GENERAL REVENUES: | | | | | | |
| Unrestricted Investment Income | | _ | | 1,860,926 | | 1,163,450 |
| State Assistance | | 454.795 | | 550,103 | | 1,531,000 |
| Other | | _ | | 394,229 | | 826,611 |
| TOTAL GENERAL REVENUES | | 454,795 | | 2,805,258 | | 3,521,061 |
| | | <u> </u> | | <u> </u> | | · |
| ADDITIONS (DEDUCTIONS) TO ENDOWMENTS | | | | | | |
| AND PERMANENT FUND PRINCIPAL | | | | 63,157 | | 69,683 |
| CHANGE IN NET POSITION | | 401,927 | | 3,202,969 | | 2,650,350 |
| NET POSITION (DEFICITS), JULY 1 (as restated) | | (3,527,028) | | 5,682,321 | | 8,396,254 |
| NET POSITION (DEFICITS), JUNE 30 | \$ | (3,125,101) | \$ | 8,885,290 | \$ | 11,046,604 |
| | | | | | | |

| TOTAL |
|--------------------|
| \$ 5,675 |
| 276,142 |
| 1,716,023 |
| 2,873,756 |
| 787,745 |
| 386,517 |
| 635,839 |
| 325,155 |
| 885,551 397,391 |
| 532,671 |
| 698,541 |
| 3,723,052 |
| 446,814 |
| 1,135,422 |
| (239,129) |
| 14,587,165 |
| 11,546,534 |
| 2,272,952 |
| 108,971 |
| 13,928,457 |
| (658,708) |
| 3,024,376 |
| 2,535,898 |
| 1,220,840 |
| 6,781,114 |
| 132,840 |
| |
| 6,255,246 |
| 10,551,547 |
| \$ 16,806,793 |



NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accompanying financial statements of the State of Ohio, as of June 30, 2021, and for the year then ended, conform with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to governments. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles, which are included in the GASB's *Codification of Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards*. The State's significant accounting policies are as follows.

A. Financial Reporting Entity

The State of Ohio's primary government includes all funds, elected officials, departments and agencies, bureaus, boards, commissions, and authorities that make up the State's legal entity. Component units, legally separate organizations for which the State's elected officials are financially accountable, also comprise, in part, the State's reporting entity. Additionally, other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete should be included in a government's financial reporting entity.

GASB 14, The Financial Reporting Entity, as amended by GASB 39, Determining Whether Certain Organizations are Component Units, GASB 61, The Financial Reporting Entity: Omnibus, and GASB 80, Blending Requirements for Certain Component Units, defines financial accountability. The criteria for determining financial accountability include the following circumstances:

- appointment of a voting majority of an organization's governing authority and the ability of the primary government to either impose its will on that organization or the potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits to, or impose specific financial burdens on, the primary government, or
- an organization is fiscally dependent on the primary government and there is a potential for the organization to
 provide specific financial benefits to, or impose specific financial burdens on, the primary government.

1. Blended Component Units

The Buckeye Tobacco Settlement Financing Authority (BTSFA) is a legally separate organization for which the State has financial accountability through voting majority and the State has the potential to receive a financial benefit. The BTSFA provides services entirely, or almost entirely, to the State or otherwise exclusively, or almost exclusively, for the benefit of the State. Therefore, the State reports this organization's balances and transactions as though they were part of the primary government using the blending method.

2. Fiduciary Component Units

The State Highway Patrol Retirement System is a legally separate organization that provides services entirely, or almost entirely, to the State or otherwise exclusively, or almost exclusively, for the benefit of the State. Therefore, the State reports this organization's balances and transactions separately in the fiduciary fund financial statements.

3. Discretely Presented Component Units

The component units' columns in the basic financial statements include the financial data of another 28 organizations. The separate discrete column labeled, "Component Units," emphasizes these organizations' separateness from the State's primary government. Officials of the primary government appoint a voting majority of each organization's governing board.

The primary government can impose its will on the following organizations by modifying or approving their respective budgets, through policy modification authority, or by modifying or approving rate or fee changes.

Ohio Facilities Construction Commission Ohio Air Quality Development Authority Ohio Capital Fund JobsOhio

The Ohio Turnpike and Infrastructure Commission has the potential to provide a financial benefit to the primary government.



The following organizations impose or potentially impose financial burdens on the primary government:

Ohio State University University of Cincinnati Ohio University Miami University University of Akron Bowling Green State University Kent State University University of Toledo Cleveland State University Youngstown State University Wright State University Shawnee State University Northeast Ohio Medical University Central State University Terra State Community College Columbus State Community College Clark State Community College Edison State Community College Southern State Community College Washington State Community College Cincinnati State Community College Northwest State Community College Owens State Community College

The Ohio Facilities Construction Commission, a governmental component unit, does not issue separately audited financial reports.

Information on how to obtain financial statements for the State's component units that do issue their own separately audited financial reports is available from the Ohio Office of Budget and Management.

4. Joint Ventures and Related Organizations

As discussed in more detail in NOTE 19, the State participates in several joint ventures and has related organizations. The State does not include the financial activities of these organizations in its financial statements, in conformity with GASB 14, as amended by GASB 39, GASB 61 and GASB 80.

B. Basis of Presentation

Government-wide Statements — The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities display information about the primary government (the State) and its component units. These statements include the financial activities of the overall government, except for fiduciary activities.

Fiduciary funds of the primary government and component units that are fiduciary in nature are reported only in the statements of fiduciary net position and changes in fiduciary net position.

For the government-wide financial statements, eliminations have been made to minimize the double counting of internal activities. These statements distinguish between the *governmental* and *business-type activities* of the State. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other non-exchange transactions. Business-type activities are financed in whole, or in part, by fees charged to external parties for goods or services.

The Statement of Net Position reports all financial and capital resources using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. The State presents the statement in a format that displays assets and deferred outflows of resources less liabilities and deferred inflows of resources equal net position. The net position section is displayed in three components:



- The Net Investment in Capital Assets component consists of 1) capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, and deferred outflows of resources that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvements of those assets or related debt less 2) outstanding balances of any bonds or other borrowings and deferred inflows of resources that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets or related debt. The portion of debt and deferred inflows of resources attributable to significant unspent related debt proceeds at year-end is not included in the calculation of this net position component.
- The Restricted Net Position component represents the net position with constraints placed on its use that are
 either 1) externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or
 2) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. For component units with permanent
 endowments, restricted net position is displayed in two additional components nonexpendable and
 expendable. Nonexpendable net position is for those endowments that are required to be retained in perpetuity.
- The *Unrestricted Net Position* component consists of the net position that does not meet the definition of the preceding two components.

The Statement of Activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function of the State's governmental activities and for the different business-type activities of the State. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular program or function. Centralized expenses have been included in direct expenses. Indirect expenses have not been allocated to the programs or functions reported in the Statement of Activities.

Program revenues include licenses, permits and other fees, fines, forfeitures, charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs, and grants, contributions, and investment earnings that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all tax, tobacco settlement, escheat property revenues, unrestricted investment income, and state assistance, are presented as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements — The fund financial statements provide information about the State's funds, including the fiduciary funds and blended component units. Separate statements for each fund category — governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary — are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental and enterprise funds, each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental and proprietary funds are aggregated and reported as nonmajor funds.

Governmental fund types include the General, special revenue, debt service, and capital projects funds. The proprietary funds consist of enterprise funds. Fiduciary fund types include pension trust, private-purpose trust, investment trust, and custodial funds.

Operating revenues for the State's proprietary funds mainly consist of charges for sales and services and premium and assessment income since these revenues result from exchange transactions associated with the principal activity of the respective enterprise fund. Exchange transactions are those in which each party receives and gives up essentially equal values. Revenue from the federal government for the underfunded regular and extended unemployment benefits is also reported as operating revenues for the Unemployment Compensation Fund since this source provides significant funding for the payment of unemployment benefits – the fund's principal activity. Investment income for the Tuition Trust Authority Fund is also reported as operating revenue since this source provides significant funding for the payment of tuition benefits. Nonoperating revenues for the proprietary funds result from nonexchange transactions or ancillary activities; nonoperating revenues are primarily comprised of investment income and federal operating grants.

Proprietary fund operating expenses principally consist of expenses for the cost of sales and services, administration, bonuses and commissions, prizes, benefits and claims, and depreciation. Nonoperating expenses principally consist of interest expense on debt and the amortization of discount on lottery prize liabilities, which is reported under "Other" nonoperating expenses.



The State reports the following major governmental funds:

General — The General Fund, the State's primary operating fund, accounts for resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Job, Family and Other Human Services Special Revenue Fund — This fund accounts for public assistance programs primarily administered by the Ohio Department of Job and Family Services, which provides financial assistance, services, and job training to those individuals and families who do not have sufficient resources to meet their basic needs. The primary sources of revenue for this fund are licenses, permits and fees and the federal government.

Buckeye Tobacco Settlement Financing Authority Revenue Bonds Debt Service Fund — This fund accounts for the payment of principal and interest on the revenue bonds issued to fund long-lived capital projects at State-supported institutions of higher education and to pay the State's share of the cost of rebuilding elementary and secondary school facilities across the State.

Pandemic Relief Funds — This fund accounts for federal pandemic funds to provide relief to the State for necessary expenditures incurred due to the novel coronavirus (COVID-19) pandemic.

The State reports the following major proprietary funds:

Workers' Compensation Enterprise Fund — This fund accounts for the operations of the Ohio Bureau of Workers' Compensation and the Industrial Commission of Ohio, which provide workers' compensation insurance services.

Lottery Commission Enterprise Fund — This fund accounts for the State's lottery operations.

Unemployment Compensation Enterprise Fund — This fund, which is administered by the Ohio Department of Job and Family Services, accounts for unemployment compensation benefit claims.

The State reports the following fiduciary fund types:

Pension Trust Fund — The State Highway Patrol Retirement System Pension Trust Fund accounts for resources that are required to be held in trust for members and beneficiaries of the defined benefit plan. The financial statements for the State Highway Patrol Retirement System Pension Trust Fund are presented for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2020.

Private-Purpose Trust Fund — The Private-Purpose Trust Fund accounts for trust arrangements under which principal and income benefit participants in the Variable College Savings Plan, which is administered by the Tuition Trust Authority and the STABLE Program, which is administered by the Treasurer of State's Office.

Investment Trust Fund — The STAR Ohio Investment Trust Fund accounts for the state-sponsored external investment pool, which the Treasurer of State administers for local government participants.

Custodial Funds — These funds account for the receipt, deposit, temporary investment, and remittance of fiduciary resources held on behalf of individuals, private organizations, and other governments.

The State reports the following major discretely presented component unit funds:

The Ohio Facilities Construction Commission Fund primarily accounts for grants that provide assistance to local entities for the construction of school buildings. The fund also provides construction services for arts and sports facilities.



The *Ohio State University Fund* is a business-type activity that uses proprietary fund reporting. It reports the university's operations, including the University's health system, supercomputer center, agricultural research and development center, and other legally separate entities subject to the control of the university's board.

C. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

Government-wide, Enterprise Fund, and Fiduciary Fund Financial Statements — The State reports the government-wide financial statements and the proprietary fund and fiduciary fund financial statements using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned, and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash flows take place.

The State recognizes revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets, and liabilities resulting from exchange and exchange-like transactions when the exchange takes place. When resources are received in advance of the exchange, the State reports the unearned revenue as a liability.

Nonexchange transactions, in which the State gives (or receives) value without directly receiving (or giving) equal value in exchange, include derived taxes, grants, and entitlements. The revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources resulting from nonexchange transactions are recognized in accordance with the requirements of GASB 33, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Nonexchange Transactions* and GASB 65, *Items Previously Reported as Assets and Liabilities*.

Under the accrual basis, the State recognizes assets from derived tax revenues (e.g., personal income, sales, and motor vehicle fuel taxes) in the fiscal year when the exchange transaction on which the tax is imposed occurs or when the resources are received, whichever occurs first. The State recognizes derived tax revenues, net of estimated refunds and estimated uncollectible amounts, in the same period that the assets are recognized, provided that the underlying exchange transaction has occurred.

Revenue from grants and entitlements is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Resources transmitted in advance of the State meeting eligibility requirements are reported as unearned revenue.

Investment income includes the net increase (decrease) in the fair value of investments.

Governmental Fund Financial Statements — The State reports governmental funds using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when measurable and available. The State considers revenues reported in the governmental funds to be available when the revenues are collectible within 60 days after year-end or soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period.

Significant revenue sources susceptible to accrual under the modified accrual basis of accounting include:

- Personal income taxes
- Sales and use taxes
- Motor vehicle fuel taxes
- Charges for goods and services
- Federal government grants
- Tobacco settlement
- Investment income

The State recognizes assets from derived tax revenues (e.g., personal income, sales, and motor vehicle fuel taxes) in the fiscal year when the exchange transaction on which the tax is imposed occurs or when the resources are received, whichever occurs first. The State recognizes derived tax revenues, net of estimated refunds and estimated uncollectible amounts, in the same period that the assets are recognized, provided that the underlying exchange transaction has occurred, and the revenues are collected during the availability period.



For revenue arising from exchange transactions (e.g., charges for goods and services), the State recognizes deferred inflows of resources when resources earned from the exchange are not received during the availability period and reports unearned revenue when resources are received in advance of exchange.

The governmental funds recognize federal government revenue in the period when all applicable eligibility requirements have been met and resources are available. Resources transmitted in advance of the State meeting eligibility requirements are reported as unearned revenue. The State recognizes deferred inflows of resources for reimbursement-type grant programs if the reimbursement is not received during the availability period.

Licenses, permits, fees, and certain other miscellaneous revenues are not susceptible to accrual because generally they are not measurable until received in cash. The "Other" revenue account is comprised of refunds, reimbursements, recoveries, and other miscellaneous income.

Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on general long-term debt, capital lease obligations, compensated absences, and claims and judgments. The governmental funds recognize expenditures for these liabilities to the extent they have matured or will be liquidated with expendable, available financial resources.

Capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in the governmental funds. Proceeds from long-term debt issuances, including refunding bond proceeds, premiums, and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources while discounts and payments to refunded bond escrow agents are reported as other financing uses.

D. Budgetary Process

As the Ohio Revised Code requires, the Governor submits biennial operating and capital budgets to the General Assembly.

The General Assembly approves operating appropriations in annual amounts and capital appropriations in two-year amounts.

The General Assembly enacts the budget through passage of specific departmental line-item appropriations, the legal level of budgetary control. Line-item appropriations are established within funds by program or major object of expenditure. The Governor may veto any item in an appropriation bill. Such vetoes are subject to legislative override.

The State's Controlling Board can transfer or increase a line-item appropriation within the limitations set under Sections 127.14 and 131.35, Ohio Revised Code.

All governmental funds are budgeted except the following activities within the debt service and capital projects fund types:

Improvements General Obligations
Highway Improvements General Obligations
Development General Obligations
Highway General Obligations
Public Improvements General Obligations
Vietnam Conflict Compensation General Obligations
Infrastructure Bank Revenue Bonds
Buckeye Tobacco Settlement Financing Authority Revenue Bonds
Lease Rental Special Obligations
Certificates of Participation as follows:
MARCS Certificates of Participation
OAKS Certificates of Participation
STARS Certificates of Participation
TMS Certificates of Participation
EDCS Certificates of Participation



BCIRS Certificates of Participation
VSA Certificates of Participation
UIS Certificates of Participation
MARCS Project
OAKS Project
STARS Project
TMS Project
EDCS Project
BCIRS Project
UIS Project

For budgeted funds, the State's Ohio Administrative Knowledge System (OAKS) controls expenditures by appropriation line-item, so at no time can expenditures exceed appropriations and financial-related legal compliance is assured. The State uses the modified cash basis of accounting for budgetary purposes.

The Detailed Appropriation Summary by Fund Report is available for public inspection at the Ohio Office of Budget and Management and on its web site at https://obm.ohio.gov/wps/portal/gov/obm/areas-of-interest/state-accounting/financial-reporting/dasf. This Summary provides a more comprehensive accounting of activity on the budgetary basis at the legal level of budgetary control.

In the Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances — Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) — General Fund and Major Special Revenue Funds, the State reports estimated revenues and other financing sources and uses for the General Fund only; the State does not estimate revenue and other financing sources and uses for the major special revenue funds or its budgeted nonmajor governmental funds.

Additionally, in the non-GAAP budgetary basis schedules, "actual" budgetary expenditures include cash disbursements and outstanding encumbrances, as of June 30.

The State Highway Patrol Retirement System Pension Trust Fund, the Variable College Savings Plan and STABLE Program Private-Purpose Trust Funds, and the STAR Ohio Investment Trust Fund are not legally required to adopt budgets. The State is not legally required to report budgetary data and comparisons for the budgeted proprietary funds. Also, the State does not present budgetary data for its discretely presented component units.

Because the State budgets on a modified cash basis of accounting, which differs from GAAP, the budgetary required supplementary information notes present a reconciliation of the differences between the GAAP basis and non-GAAP budgetary basis of reporting.

E. Cash Equity with Treasurer and Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash equity with Treasurer consists of pooled demand deposits and investments carried at fair value. The State's cash pool under the Treasurer of State's administration has the general characteristics of a demand deposit account whereby additional cash can be deposited at any time and can also be effectively withdrawn at any time, within certain budgetary limitations, without prior notice or penalty.

Cash and cash equivalents include amounts on deposit with financial institutions and cash on hand. The cash and cash equivalents account also includes investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition for the Workers' Compensation Enterprise Fund.

The Unemployment Compensation Enterprise Fund Trust Account has the general characteristics of a demand deposit account whereby additional cash can be deposited at any time and can also be effectively withdrawn at any time, without prior notice or penalty. The balance in the account at fiscal year-end is reported by the State as "Deposit with Federal Government" and is considered a cash equivalent for cash flow purposes.

Cash equity with Treasurer and cash and cash equivalents, including the portions reported under "Restricted Assets" and the Deposit with Federal Government are considered to be cash equivalents, as defined in GASB Statement No. 9, for purposes of the Statement of Cash Flows.

Additional disclosures on the State's deposits can be found in NOTE 4.



F. Investments

Investments include long-term investments that may be restricted by law or other legal instruments. With the exception of certain money market investments, which have remaining maturities at the time of purchase of one year or less and are carried at amortized cost, and holdings in the State Treasury Asset Reserve of Ohio (STAR Ohio) investment pool, the State primarily reports investments at fair value. STAR Ohio reports investments at amortized cost, which approximates fair value.

The colleges and universities report investments received as gifts at their fair value on the donation date.

The primary government does not manage or provide investment services for investments reported in the Fiduciary Custodial Funds that are owned by other entities that are not part of the State of Ohio's reporting entity.

Additional disclosures on the State's investments can be found in NOTE 4.

G. Taxes Receivable

Taxes receivable represent amounts due to the State at June 30, which will be collected sometime in the future. In the government-wide financial statements, revenue has been recognized for the receivable. In the fund financial statements, only the portion of the receivable collected during the 60-day availability period has been recognized as revenue while the remainder is recorded as deferred inflows of resources. Additional disclosures on taxes receivable can be found in NOTE 5.

H. Intergovernmental Receivable

The intergovernmental receivable balance is primarily comprised of amounts due from the federal government for reimbursement-type grant programs. Advances of resources to recipient local governments before eligibility requirements have been met under government-mandated and voluntary nonexchange programs and amounts due for exchanges of State goods and services with other governments are also reported as intergovernmental receivables. Additional details on the intergovernmental receivable balance can be found in NOTE 5.

I. Inventories

Inventories are valued at cost. Principal inventory cost methods applied include first-in/first-out, average cost, moving-average, and retail.

In the governmental fund financial statements, the State recognizes the costs of material inventories as expenditures when purchased. Inventories do not reflect current appropriable resources in the governmental fund financial statements. Therefore, the State reports an equivalent portion of fund balance as nonspendable.

J. Restricted Assets

The primary government reports assets restricted primarily for the payment of lottery prize awards payable, revenue bonds, and tuition benefits.

Generally, the component unit funds hold assets in trust under bond covenants or other financing arrangements that legally restrict the use of these assets.

K. Capital Assets

Primary Government

The State reports capital assets purchased with governmental fund resources in the government-wide financial statements at historical cost, or at estimated historical cost when no historical records exist. Donated capital assets are reported at acquisition value as of the donation date. The State does not report capital assets purchased with governmental fund resources in the fund financial statements. Governmental capital assets are reported net of accumulated depreciation, except for land, construction-in-progress, transportation infrastructure assets, and individual works of art and historical treasures, including historical land improvements and buildings. Transportation infrastructure assets are reported using the "modified approach," as discussed below, and therefore are not depreciable. Individual works of art and historical treasures, including historical land improvements and buildings, are considered to be inexhaustible, and therefore, are not depreciable.



The State reports capital assets purchased with enterprise fund resources and fiduciary fund resources in the government-wide and the fund financial statements at historical cost, or at estimated historical cost when no historical records exist. Donated capital assets are reported at acquisition value as of the donation date. Capital assets, except for land and construction-in-progress, are reported net of accumulated depreciation.

The State has elected to capitalize its transportation infrastructure assets, defined as bridges, general highways, and priority highways, using the modified approach. Under this approach, the infrastructure assets are not depreciated because the State has committed itself to maintaining the assets at a condition level that the Ohio Department of Transportation (ODOT) has determined to be adequate to meet the needs of the citizenry. Costs of maintaining the bridge and highway infrastructure are not capitalized. New construction that represents additional lane-miles of highway or additional square-footage of bridge deck area and improvements that add to the capacity or efficiency of an asset are capitalized.

ODOT maintains an inventory of its transportation infrastructure capital assets and conducts annual condition assessments to establish that the condition level that the State has committed itself to maintaining is, in fact, being achieved. ODOT also estimates the amount that must be spent annually to maintain the assets at the desired condition level.

For its other types of capital assets, the State does not capitalize the costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to an asset's value or materially extend its useful life. Costs of major improvements are capitalized. Interest costs associated with the acquisition of capital assets purchased using governmental fund resources are not capitalized, while those associated with acquisitions purchased using enterprise and fiduciary fund resources are capitalized.

The State does not capitalize collections of works of art or historical treasures that can be found at the Governor's residence, Malabar Farm (i.e., Louis Bromfield estate), which the Ohio Department of Natural Resources operates, the Ohio Arts Council, the State Library of Ohio, and the Capitol Square Review and Advisory Board for the following reasons:

- The collection is held for public exhibition, education, or research in furtherance of public service rather than for financial gain.
- The collection is protected, kept unencumbered, cared for, and preserved.
- The collection is subject to an organizational policy that requires the proceeds from sales of collection items to be used to acquire other items for collections.

The State has established the following capitalization thresholds:

| Buildings | \$ 15,000 |
|------------------------------------|-------------------------|
| Building Improvements | 100,000 |
| Land, including easements | All, regardless of cost |
| Land Improvements | 15,000 |
| Machinery and Equipment | 15,000 |
| Vehicles | 15,000 |
| Infrastructure: | |
| Highway Network | 500,000 |
| Bridge Network | 500,000 |
| Park and Natural Resources Network | All, regardless of cost |
| | |

For depreciable assets, the State applies the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

| Buildings | 20-45 Years |
|----------------------------|-------------|
| Land Improvements | 10-30 Years |
| Machinery and Equipment | 3-15 Years |
| Vehicles | 7-15 Years |
| Park and Natural Resources | |
| Infrastructure Network | 10-50 Years |

NOTE 8 contains additional disclosures about the primary government's capital assets.



Discretely Presented Component Unit Funds

The discretely presented component unit funds value capital assets at cost and donated capital assets at acquisition value on the donation date. They apply the straight-line method to depreciable capital assets. Additional disclosures about the discretely presented component unit funds' capital assets can be found in NOTE 8.

L. Medicaid Claims Payable

The Medicaid claims liability, which has an average maturity of one year or less, includes an estimate for incurred, but not reported claims.

M. Noncurrent Liabilities

Government-wide Financial Statements — Liabilities whose average maturities are greater than one year are reported in two components — the amount due in one year and the amount due in more than one year. Additional disclosures as to the specific liabilities included in noncurrent liabilities can be found in NOTES 10 through 15.

Fund Financial Statements — Governmental funds recognize noncurrent liabilities to the extent they have matured or will be liquidated with expendable, available financial resources.

The proprietary funds and discretely presented component unit funds report noncurrent liabilities expected to be financed from their operations.

N. Compensated Absences

Employees of the State's primary government earn vacation leave, sick leave, and personal leave at various rates within limits specified under collective bargaining agreements or under law. Generally, employees accrue vacation leave at a rate of 3.1 hours every two weeks for the first four years of employment, up to a maximum rate of 9.2 hours every two weeks after 24 years of employment. Employees may accrue a maximum of three years vacation leave credit. At termination or retirement, the State pays employees, at their full rate, 100 percent of unused vacation leave, personal leave, and, in certain cases, compensatory time and 50 to 55 percent of unused sick leave.

Such leave is liquidated in cash, under certain restrictions, either annually in December, or at the time of termination from employment.

For the governmental funds, the State reports the matured compensated absences liability as a fund liability (included in the "Accrued Liabilities" account as a component of wages payable) to the extent it will be liquidated with expendable, available financial resources. For the primary government's proprietary funds and its discretely presented component unit funds, the State reports the compensated absences liability as a fund liability included in the "Refund and Other Liabilities" account.

The State's primary government accrues vacation, compensatory time, and personal leaves as liabilities when an employee's right to receive compensation is attributable to services already rendered and it is probable that the employee will be compensated through paid time off or some other means, such as at termination or retirement.

Sick leave time that has been earned but is unavailable for use as paid time off or as some other form of compensation because an employee has not met a minimum service time requirement, is accrued to the extent that it is considered to be probable that the conditions for compensation will be met in the future.

The State's primary government accrues sick leave using the vesting method. Under this method, the liability is recorded on the basis of leave accumulated by employees who are eligible to receive termination payments, as of the balance sheet date, and on leave balances accumulated by other employees who are expected to become eligible in the future to receive such payments.

Included in the compensated absences liability is an amount accrued for salary-related payments directly and incrementally associated with the payment of compensated absences upon termination. Such payments include the primary government's share of Medicare taxes.

For the colleges and universities, vacation and sick leave policies vary by institution.



O. Pensions and Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring the net pension and net OPEB liabilities/(assets), Deferred Outflows of Resources, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and pension and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position and additions to/deductions from each fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the pension systems. For this purpose, pension benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with benefit terms. Health care benefits are also recognized when due and payable, net of certain health care receipts, in accordance with benefit terms. The pension systems report investments at fair value. Additional disclosures on the pension systems can be found in NOTE 9.

P. Fund Balance Classification; Budget Stabilization Fund; Net Position/Fund Balance Spending Order Fund balance reported in the governmental fund financial statements is classified as follows:

Nonspendable

The *nonspendable* fund balance classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either 1) not in spendable form, such as prepaids and inventories or 2) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact, such as the corpus of a permanent fund.

Restricted

Fund balance amounts should be *restricted* when constraints placed on the use of resources are either 1) externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or 2) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Unrestricted

Committed

Amounts constrained for specific purposes by formal action (i.e., legislation) of the government's highest level of decision-making authority (i.e., General Assembly) should be reported as *committed* fund balance. Committed amounts cannot be used for other purposes unless the General Assembly passes legislation to remove the constraints.

Assigned

Amounts that are constrained by the government's *intent* to be used for specific purposes, but are neither restricted nor committed, should be reported as *assigned* fund balance, except for stabilization arrangements. The intent should be conveyed by the governing body itself or through delegation to a body or official authorized on behalf of the government to assign amounts to be used for specific purposes. The Controlling Board created under Chapter 127, Ohio Revised Code, is an example of a body delegated by the government to make assignments. The Director of the Office of Budget and Management is an example of an authorized official granted assignment authority through legislative language, including enacted budget bills. While both the committed and assigned fund balance classifications include amounts constrained for specific use by actions taken by the government itself, the authority for making an assignment is not required to be the government's highest level of decision-making authority. Amounts should not be reported as assigned if the assignment would result in a deficit in unassigned fund balance.

Unassigned

Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the General Fund. This classification represents spendable fund balance that has not been otherwise restricted, committed or assigned to specific purposes within the General Fund. In funds other than the General Fund, the unassigned classification should only be used to report a deficit balance due to overspending amounts that are restricted or committed.

Fund balance in the State's Budget Stabilization Fund, as discussed in Sections 131.43 and 131.44, Ohio Revised Code, does not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed and is, therefore, reported as unassigned in the General Fund.

For reporting purposes, restricted amounts are generally considered to have been spent first, followed by unrestricted amounts. Within the unrestricted fund balance amounts, the spending order is generally committed, followed by assigned, and then unassigned when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any unrestricted fund balance classification could be used.



Q. Risk Management

The State's primary government is self-insured for claims under its traditional healthcare plan and for vehicle liability while it has placed employee and public official fidelity bonding with a private insurer. The State self-funds tort liability although several agencies also choose to participate in private insurance programs. All State-owned buildings are covered under a catastrophic property policy that covers both real and personal property losses. All other liability risk to State property is self-funded on a pay-as-you-go basis.

While not the predominant participants, the State's primary government and its discretely presented component units participate in a public entity risk pool, which is accounted for in the Workers' Compensation Enterprise Fund, for the financing of their respective workers' compensation liabilities. These liabilities are reported in the governmental and proprietary funds under the "Interfund Payable" account. (See NOTE 7).

R. Interfund Balances and Activities

Interfund transactions and balances have been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements to the extent that they occur within either the governmental or business-type activities. Balances between governmental and business-type activities are presented as internal balances and are eliminated in the total column. Revenues and expenses associated with reciprocal transactions within governmental or within business-type activities have not been eliminated.

In the fund financial statements, interfund activity within and among the three fund categories (governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary) is classified and reported as follows:

Reciprocal interfund activity is the internal counterpart to exchange and exchange-like transactions. This activity includes:

Interfund Loans — Amounts provided with a requirement for repayment, which are reported as interfund receivables in lender funds and interfund payables in borrower funds. When interfund loan repayments are not expected within a reasonable time, the interfund balances are reduced and the amount that is not expected to be repaid is reported as a transfer from the fund that made the loan to the fund that received the loan.

Interfund Services Provided and Used — Sales and purchases of goods and services between funds for a price approximating their external exchange value. Interfund services provided and used are reported as revenues in seller funds and as expenditures or expenses in purchaser funds. Unpaid amounts are reported as interfund receivables and payables in the fund balance sheets or fund statements of net position.

Nonreciprocal interfund activity is the internal counterpart to nonexchange transactions. This activity includes:

Interfund Transfers – Flows of assets without equivalent flows of assets in return and without a requirement for repayment. In governmental funds, transfers are reported as other financing uses in the funds making transfers and as other financing sources in the funds receiving transfers.

Interfund Reimbursements — Repayments from funds responsible for particular expenditures or expenses to the funds that initially paid for them. Reimbursements are not displayed in the financial statements.

Details on interfund balances and transfers are disclosed in NOTE 7.

S. Intra-Entity Balances and Activities

Balances due between the primary government and its discretely presented component units are reported as receivables from component units or primary government and payables to component units or primary government. For the discretely presented component units, the nature and amount of significant transactions with the primary government are disclosed in NOTE 7.

Resource flows between the primary government and its discretely presented component units are reported like external transactions (i.e., revenues and expenses).



T. Derivative Instruments

The State's derivative instruments include investment derivative instruments and interest rate swaps. Interest rate swaps that are ineffective hedging derivative instruments are reported within the investment derivative instruments classification.

The State reports its derivative instruments at fair value in the Statement of Net Position. Changes in fair value for investment derivative instruments are recorded as investment income in the Statement of Activities. Changes in fair value for effective hedging derivative instruments are reported as deferred outflows/inflows of resources in the Statement of Net Position and disclosed in NOTE 18.

Additional disclosures on the State's investment derivative instruments and its hedging derivative instruments can be found in NOTE 4 and NOTE 10, respectively.

U. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reported period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

NOTE 2 RESTATEMENTS, CHANGES IN ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLES, EXTINGUISHMENTS OF DEBT AND SPECIAL ITEMS

A. Restatements

Restatements of fund balance/net position, as of June 30, 2020, for governmental, discretely presented component units and fiduciary funds are presented in the following table (dollars in thousands):



| Government-Wide Financial Statemen | nts | Stateme | Financial | -Wide | Government |
|------------------------------------|-----|---------|------------------|-------|------------|
|------------------------------------|-----|---------|------------------|-------|------------|

| | | Total Discretely |
|---|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| | | Presented |
| | Governmental | Component |
| | Activities | Units |
| Net Position, as of June 30, 2020, As Previously Reported | \$ 18,553,519 | \$ 10,552,791 |
| Implementation of a New Accounting Standard: GASB Statement No. 84 | 241,302 | 2,042 |
| Change in Reporting Entity: Wright State University | - | (3,286) |
| Correction of an Error: Community & Economic Development and Health-PPP Inventory | 32,628 | - |
| Total Changes in Net Position | 273,930 \$ 18,827,449 | (1,244) \$ 10,551,547 |

Governmental Fund Financial Statements:

| | 0. | and Ford | Oth | Family and er Human | Nonmajor vernmental |
|---|----|-------------|-----|------------------------|------------------------|
| | G | eneral Fund | | ervices | Funds |
| Fund Balance, as of June 30, 2020, As Previously Reported | \$ | 8,367,212 | \$ | 312,491 | \$ 3,911,273 |
| Implementation of a New Accounting Standard: GASB Statement No. 84 | | 233,693 | | 87,657 | (80,048) |
| Correction of an Error: Community & Economic Development and Health-PPP Inventory | | - | | - | 32,628 |
| Total Changes in Fund Balance | | 233,693 | | 87,657 | (47,420) |
| Fund Balance, July 1, 2020, As Restated | \$ | 8,600,905 | \$ | 400,148 | \$ 3,863,853 |
| | | | | | |

Fiduciary Fund Financial Statements:

| | Private- | |
|--|--------------------------|---------------------|
| | Purpose Trust | Custodial |
| | Funds | Funds |
| Net Position, as of June 30, 2020, As Previously Reported | \$ 12,938,339 | \$ - |
| Implementation of a New Accounting Standard: GASB Statement No. 84 | - | 62,839 |
| Change in Reporting Entity: STABLE Program | 116,817 | - |
| Total Changes in Net Position | 116,817 \$ 13,055,156 | 62,839 \$ 62,839 |

B. Implementation of Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Pronouncements

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021, the State implemented the provisions of:

GASB 84, *Fiduciary Activities*, enhances consistency and comparability by 1) establishing criteria to identify and report fiduciary activities and 2) clarifying whether and how business-type activities should report their fiduciary activities.

GASB 90, Majority Equity Interests-An Amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 61, improves the consistency and comparability of reporting a government's majority equity interest in a legally separate organization and to improve the relevance of financial statement information for certain component units. There was no material impact to the primary government.

GASB 93, Replacement of Interbank Offered Rates, address implications to accounting and financial reporting resulting from the replacement of the London Interbank Offered Rate also known as (LIBOR). GASB 93 is implemented, in part, in fiscal year 2021. There was no material impact to the primary government.



NOTE 2 RESTATEMENTS, CHANGES IN ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLES, EXTINGUISHMENTS OF DEBT AND SPECIAL ITEMS (Continued)

GASB 98, *The Annual Comprehensive Financial Report*, establishes the term annual comprehensive financial report along with the acronym ACFR. This replaces the previous term comprehensive annual financial report along with its associated acronym. The State early implemented GASB 98. There was no material impact to the primary government.

C. New GASB Pronouncements for Fiscal Year 2022 Implementation

During the June 2017 issuance of GASB Statement No. 87, *Leases*, the provisions of GASB 87 were effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2019. However, GASB 95 provided for the postponement of this implementation date by 18 months. This statement improves usefulness for financial statement users by recognition of certain lease assets along with lease liabilities. Furthermore, the statement also provides a single model to follow for lease accounting.

During the June 2018 issuance of GASB Statement No. 89, *Accounting for Interest Cost Incurred Before The end of a Construction Period*, the provisions of GASB 89 were effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2019. However, GASB 95 provided for the postponement of this implementation date by one year. This statement establishes accounting requirements regarding interest costs acquired prior to the end of a construction period.

In January 2020, GASB Statement No. 92, *Omnibus 2020*, was issued with effective dates primarily beginning for reporting periods after June 15, 2020. However, GASB 95 provided for the postponement of this implementation date by one year. This Statement establishes accounting and financial reporting requirements for specific issues related to leases, intra-entity transfers of assets, postemployment benefits, government acquisitions, risk financing and insurance-related activities of public entity risk pools, fair value measurements, and derivative instruments.

During March 2020, GASB issued Statement No. 93, *Replacement of Interbank Offered Rates*, with effective dates for paragraph 13 and 14 only for fiscal year periods beginning after June 15, 2021. The objective of this statement is to address implications to accounting and financial reporting resulting from the replacement of the London Interbank Offered Rate (LIBOR).

During June 2020, GASB issued Statement No. 97, Certain Component Unit Criteria, and Accounting and Financial Reporting for Internal Revenue Code Section 457 Deferred Compensation Plans. The effective dates are for fiscal year and reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2021, as applied to specific paragraphs. This statement primarily requires that an IRC Section 457 plan should be classified as either a pension plan or other employee benefit plan and clarifies that Statement 84, as amended, should be applied to all arrangements organized under IRC Section 457 to determine whether those arrangements should be reported as fiduciary activities. The statement also addresses whether a primary government is financially accountable for a potential component unit in the absence of a governing board.

Management is assessing the impact that the new GASB pronouncements will have on the State's financial statements.

D. Extinguishments of Debt – Major Funds

As of June 30, 2021, the State had no material extinguishments of debt to report.

NOTE 3 TAX ABATEMENTS

As of June 30, 2021, the State offers the following tax abatement programs – Job Creation Credit, Sales of Qualified Property Used in an Eligible Computer Data Center (Computer Data Center), Job Retention Credit, Historic Preservation Tax Credit, Motion Picture Tax Credit and New Markets Tax Credit. The programs are described below:

NOTE 3 TAX ABATEMENTS (Continued)

Job Creation Credit

As established in Ohio Revised Code 122.17, a taxpayer proposing a project to create new jobs in the state may be granted a refundable tax credit through an agreement with the Ohio Tax Credit Authority. This tax credit applies to non-retail projects or the non-retail portion of a project only. The credit equals an agreed upon percentage of the taxpayer's "excess payroll", which is the taxpayer's "Ohio employee payroll" less "baseline payroll." "Ohio employee payroll" is compensation paid by an employer that is subject to Ohio income tax withholding requirements. "Baseline payroll" is "Ohio employee payroll," for the 12 months immediately preceding the agreement. The Ohio Tax Credit Authority must determine that the project will increase payroll; is economically sound, will provide increasing opportunities for employment, and will strengthen the economy; and the tax credit was a major factor in the decision to go forward with the project. The taxpayer is required to maintain operations at the project location for at least the greater of seven years or the term of the credit plus three years. The types of taxes to be abated are insurance, financial institutions, foreign insurance, petroleum activity, income, and commercial activity.

The tax abatements are subject to recapture if the taxpayer fails to maintain operations at the project location, or has failed to meet its commitments, which information should be included in annual reports the taxpayer is required to file.

The computer data center tax abatement, established in Ohio Revised Code 122.175, also requires job creation and is included in the job creation credit category on the following tax abatement table. Sales, storage, use or other consumption of computer data center equipment used or to be used at an eligible computer data center are exempt from the sales and use tax. To be eligible for this tax exemption, the Ohio Tax Credit Authority must determine: that the computer data center will increase payroll and the corresponding taxes withheld; the applicant is economically sound, can affect the completion of the capital investment project, and intends to maintain operations at the project site for the term of agreement; and the exemption was a major factor in the applicant's decision to be part of the capital investment project. The taxpayer operating a computer data center at the project site will in the aggregate pay annual compensation that is subject to the withholding obligation of at least \$1.5 million to employees at the eligible computer data center. If it is determined that a taxpayer who received the exemption no longer meets eligibility criteria, and/or is no longer in compliance with the agreement, the agreement may be terminated or the taxpayer may have to pay to the state all or a portion of the taxes the taxpayer would have owed.

Job Retention Credit

The job retention credit, established in Ohio Revised Code 122.171, allows an eligible business to be granted a nonrefundable tax credit through an agreement with the Ohio Tax Credit Authority. The credit is equal to a designated percentage of the taxpayer's Ohio employee payroll. The taxpayer is required to maintain operations at the project location for at least the greater of seven years or the term of the credit plus three years. The taxpayer must also retain at least 500 full-time equivalent employees at the project site and within this state for the entire term of the credit, maintain an annual Ohio employee payroll of at least \$35 million dollars for the entire term of the credit, or remain located in a foreign trade zone for the entire term of the credit. The types of taxes to be abated are insurance, financial institutions, foreign insurance, petroleum activity, income, and commercial activity.

The tax abatements are subject to recapture if the taxpayer fails to maintain operations at the project location, or has failed to meet its commitments, which information should be included in annual reports the taxpayer is required to file.

Historic Preservation Tax Credit

Ohio Revised Code section 149.311 establishes the historic preservation tax credit. The program provides a tax credit to leverage the private redevelopment of historically designated buildings. The State uses a cost-benefit analysis to determine whether rehabilitation of the historic building will result in a net revenue gain in state taxes once the building is placed into use. The analysis must be completed prior to eligibility approval. The credit shall equal 25 percent of the taxpayer's qualified rehabilitation expenditures. The credit claimed shall not exceed \$5 million for any calendar or tax year. Tax credits received by the applicant shall be deemed to be an unpaid tax assessment subject to collection if all required criteria are not met. The tax credit can be applied to the financial institution tax, foreign and domestic insurance taxes and individual income tax.

NOTE 3 TAX ABATEMENTS (Continued)

Motion Picture Tax Credit

The motion picture tax credit is established by Ohio Revised Code 122.85. A refundable tax credit may be claimed for Ohio production expenditures by eligible motion picture or broadway theatrical productions. The credit equals 30 percent of eligible expenditures. The credit is based on the lesser of initially budgeted production expenditures or actual production expenditures. No credits will be issued until a minimum of \$300 thousand in eligible expenditures have been made. The total amount of issued credits may not exceed \$40 million per fiscal year. The abated tax types are insurance, financial institutions, foreign insurance, and income tax.

No tax credits may be taken until the production is complete and a report has been filed showing the expenses that were incurred, which provides the basis for determining the amount of the tax credit. The Department of Taxation has the authority, under Ohio Revised Code 122.85(C)(3), to examine the claimed expenses for validity.

New Markets Tax Credit

Ohio Revised Code sections 5725.33, 5726.54, and 5729.16 establish the new markets tax credit. Taxpayers with an equity investment in a qualified community development entity may claim a nonrefundable tax credit equal to a designated percentage of the adjusted purchase price of qualified low-income community investments. The credit percentage is zero percent in the first two years of the investment, seven percent in the third year of the investment, and eight percent in the following four years. The taxes abated are insurance, financial institutions, and foreign insurance.

The foregone revenue through tax abatements for fiscal year 2021 is presented in the following table (dollars in thousands):

| | A | mount of |
|----------------------------------|-----|-----------|
| Abatement Program | Tax | es Abated |
| Job Creation Credit | \$ | 280,027 |
| Job Retention Credit | | 47,983 |
| Historic Preservation Tax Credit | | 48,111 |
| Motion Picture Tax Credit | | 29,122 |
| New Markets Tax Credit | | 9,820 |
| Total of Tax Abatements | \$ | 415,063 |

NOTE 4 DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

A. Legal Requirements

The deposit and investment policies of the Treasurer of State and the State Board of Deposit are governed by the Uniform Depository Act, Chapter 135, Ohio Revised Code, which requires state moneys to be maintained in one of the following three classifications:

Active Deposits – Moneys required to be kept in cash or near cash status to meet current demands. Such moneys must be maintained either as cash in the State's treasury or in any of the following: a commercial account that is payable or about to be withdrawn, in whole or in part, on demand, a negotiable order of withdrawal account, a money market deposit account or a designated warrant clearance account.

Inactive Deposits – Those moneys not required for use within the current two-year period of designation of depositories. Inactive moneys may be deposited or invested only in certificates of deposit maturing not later than the end of the current period of designation of depositories.

Interim Deposits – Those moneys not required for immediate use but needed before the end of the current period of designation of depositories. Interim deposits may be deposited or invested in the following instruments:

 US Treasury bills, notes, bonds or other obligations or securities issued by or guaranteed as to principal and interest by the United States;



- Bonds, notes, debentures, or other obligations or securities issued by any federal government agency or instrumentality;
- Bonds and other direct obligations of the State of Ohio issued by the Treasurer of State and of the Ohio
 Public Facilities Commission, the Ohio Housing Finance Agency, the Ohio Water Development Authority,
 and the Ohio Turnpike and Infrastructure Commission;
- Commercial paper issued by any corporation that is incorporated under the laws of the United States or a state;
- Written repurchase agreements with any eligible Ohio financial institution that is a member of the Federal Reserve System or Federal Home Loan Bank, or any registered U.S. government securities dealer;
- No-load money market mutual funds;
- Securities lending agreements with any eligible financial institution that is a member of the Federal Reserve System or Federal Home Loan Bank, or any recognized U.S. government securities dealer;
- Bankers' acceptances of any domestic bank or federally chartered domestic branch office of a foreign bank;
- Certificates of deposit in the eligible institutions applying for interim moneys as provided in section 135.08 of the Ohio Revised Code, including linked deposits, as authorized under Sections 135.61 to 135.67, Ohio Revised Code, agricultural linked deposits, as authorized under Sections 135.71 to 135.76, Ohio Revised Code, business linked deposits as authorized under Sections 135.77 to 135.774, Ohio Revised Code, and housing linked deposits, as authorized under Sections 135.81 to 135.87, Ohio Revised Code;
- The Treasurer of State's investment pool, as authorized under section 135.45, Ohio Revised Code;
- The Treasurer of State's STAR Plus program;
- Debt interests, other than commercial paper as described above, of corporations incorporated under the laws of the United States or a state, or foreign nations diplomatically recognized by the United States, or any instrument based on, derived from, or related to such interests that are denominated and payable in U.S. funds:
- Bonds, notes, and other obligations of any state or political subdivision thereof;
- Obligations of a board of education, as authorized under Section 133.10, Ohio Revised Code; and
- Obligations of a political subdivision issued under Chapter 133, Ohio Revised Code.

The reporting entity's deposits must be held in insured depositories approved by the State Board of Deposit or appropriate governing authority and generally must be fully collateralized. However, financial institutions that are part of the Ohio Pooled Collateral System may apply to the Treasurer of State to be approved for a reduced collateral floor, at a level as low as 50 percent. The Treasurer of State then conducts an analysis to determine if the financial institution is eligible for a reduced collateral floor. The financial institution will then notify the Treasurer of State of each account holder's contractual collateral floor.

Deposit and investment policies of certain individual funds and component units are established by Ohio Revised Code provisions other than the Uniform Depository Act and by bond trust agreements. In accordance with applicable statutory authority, the State Highway Patrol Retirement System Pension Trust Fund, the Tuition Trust Authority Enterprise Fund, the Workers' Compensation Enterprise Fund, and the higher education institutions may also invest in common and preferred stocks, domestic and foreign corporate and government bonds and notes, mortgage loans, limited partnerships, venture capital, real estate, and other investments.

B. State-Sponsored Investment Pool

The Treasurer of State is the investment advisor and administrator of the State Treasury Asset Reserve of Ohio (STAR Ohio), a statewide external investment pool authorized under Section 135.45, Ohio Revised Code. STAR Ohio issues a stand-alone financial report, copies of which may be obtained by making a written request to: Director of Investments, Treasurer of State, 30 East Broad Street, 9th Floor, Columbus, Ohio 43215, by calling 1-800-648-7827, or by accessing the Treasurer of State's website at www.tos.ohio.gov.



C. Deposit and Investment Risks

Although exposure to risks is minimized by complying with the legal requirements explained above and internal policies adopted by the Treasurer of State and the investment departments at the various state agencies, the State's deposits and investments are exposed to risks that may lead to losses of value.

The following risk disclosures report investments by type. The "U.S. Agency Obligations" category includes securities issued by federal government agencies and instrumentalities, including government sponsored enterprises.

1. Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk for deposits exists when a government is unable to recover deposits or recover collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party in the event of a failure of a depository financial institution.

Deposits of the primary government and its component units are exposed to custodial credit risk if they are not covered by depository insurance, and the deposits are uncollateralized, collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution, or collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent but not in the depositor-government's name.

In Ohio, legal requirements for depositor-governments are met when uninsured deposits are collateralized in one of two methods. The Treasurer's office administers the Ohio Pooled Collateral System (OPCS) that allows eligible financial institutions to pool collateral to secure Ohio's public deposits. The total market value of pledged securities is 102 percent of all uninsured public deposits or at a percentage determined by the Treasurer's rules. Another option is for the financial institutions outside of OPCS to pledge 105 percent of the uninsured public deposits. In both methods, a qualified trustee must hold the eligible securities in an account indicating the public depositor's security interest in the eligible securities. The State's reporting entity has not established specific policies for managing custodial credit risk exposure for deposits.

The table below reports the carrying amount of deposits, as of June 30, 2021, held by the primary government, including fiduciary activities, and its major discretely presented component unit and the extent of exposure to custodial credit risk.

Primary Government (including Fiduciary Activities) and Major Discretely Presented Component Unit Deposits—Custodial Credit Risk As of June 30, 2021

(dollars in thousands

| | | (dollars | in thousands) |) | | | | |
|--|----|-----------|---------------|------|--------------|----------|---------------|------------------|
| | | | | | Uninsured P | ortion o | of Reported B | ank Balance |
| | | | | | | Col | lateralized | |
| | | | | | | w ith | Securities | |
| | | | | | | He | eld by the | |
| | | | | | | F | Pledging | |
| | | | | | | Institu | ution's Trust | |
| | | | | | | Dep | partment or | Collateralized |
| | | | | | | Age | nt but not in | w ith Securities |
| | | | | | | the | Depositor- | Held by the |
| | (| Carrying | Bank | | | Go۱ | ernment's | Pledging |
| | | Amount | Balance | Unco | llateralized | | Name | Institution |
| Primary Government | \$ | 1,978,040 | \$2,018,915 | \$ | 63,059 | \$ | 52,487 | \$ - |
| Major Discretely Presented Component Unit: | | | | | | | | |
| Ohio State University | | 1,115,582 | 1,116,644 | | - | | - | 1,111,754 |



Custodial credit risk for investments exists when a government is unable to recover the value of investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party in the event of a failure of a counterparty to a transaction.

Investment securities are exposed to custodial credit risk if the securities are uninsured, are not registered in the name of the government, and are held by either the counterparty or the counterparty's trust department but not in the government's name.

The State's reporting entity has not established specific policies for managing custodial credit risk exposure for investments.



The following table reports the fair value, as of June 30, 2021, of investments by type for the primary government, including fiduciary activities, and the extent of exposure to custodial credit risk:

Primary Government (including Fiduciary Activities) Investments - Fair Value and Custodial Credit Risk As of June 30, 2021

(dollars in thousands)

| (donars in allousands) | | |
|---|---------------|-----------------------------|
| | | Uninsured, Unregistered, |
| | | and Held by the |
| | | Counterparty's |
| | | Trust Department |
| | | or Agent but not |
| | | in the State's |
| | Fair Value | Name |
| Investments Subject to Custodial Credit Risk Exposure: | | |
| U.S. Government Obligations | \$ 7,717,350 | \$ 549,264 |
| U.S. Government Obligations - strips | 581,326 | 499,120 |
| U.S. Agency Obligations | 4,656,791 | - |
| U.S. Agency Obligations-strips | 69,768 | - |
| Common and Preferred Stock | 4,276,492 | - |
| Corporate Bonds and Notes | 5,651,396 | - |
| Municipal Obligations | 275,089 | - |
| Negotiable Certificates of Deposit | 23,110 | - |
| Commercial Paper | 14,022,300 | - |
| Repurchase Agreements | 408,542 | - |
| Mortgage and Asset-Backed Securities | 617,253 | - |
| International Investments: | | |
| Foreign Stocks | 5,086 | = |
| Foreign Bonds | 1,168,529 | = |
| Securities Lending Collateral: | | |
| Corporate Bonds and Notes | • | - |
| Commercial Paper | | - |
| Repurchase Agreements | 4,368,881 | - |
| Variable Rate Notes | . 223,557 | |
| | | \$ 1,048,384 |
| Investments Not Subject to Custodial Credit Risk Exposure: | | |
| Investments Held by Broker-Dealers under Securities Loans with Cash Collateral: | | |
| U.S. Government Obligations | 4,746,501 | |
| U.S. Government Obligations-strips | 82,431 | |
| U.S. Agency Obligations | 67,316 | |
| Corporate Bonds and Notes | 58,056 | |
| International Investments: | | |
| Commingled Equity Funds | 2,494,562 | |
| Equity Mutual Funds | 16,692,016 | |
| Bond Mutual Funds | 12,226,394 | |
| Real Estate | . 3,601,599 | |
| Partnerships and Hedge Funds | | |
| Deposit with Federal Government | 487,435 | |
| Component Units' Equity in State Treasurer's Cash and Investment Pool | (440,541) | |
| Component Units' Equity in the State Treasury Asset Reserve of Ohio | (816,377) | _ |
| Total Investments — Primary Government | \$ 83,838,715 | = |



The following table reports investments with custodial credit risk exposure for the major discretely presented component unit. The Ohio Facilities Construction Commission Component Unit also participates in the State Treasurer's Cash and Investment Pool. Risks associated with the Ohio Facilities Construction Commission's share of the pool are included in the disclosures for the Primary Government. The Ohio State University's policy is to hold investments in custodial accounts with the securities registered solely in the name of the university.

Major Discretely Presented Component Unit Investments - Fair Value and Custodial Credit Risk As of June 30, 2021

(dollars in thousands)

| | | Uninsured, |
|------------------------------------|------------|---------------|
| | | Unregistered, |
| | | and Held by |
| | | the |
| Ohio State University | Fair Value | Counterparty |
| U.S. Government Obligations | \$ 201,357 | \$ 201,357 |
| U.S. Agency Obligations | 112,954 | 112,954 |
| Common and Preferred Stock | 1,182,412 | 1,182,412 |
| Corporate Bonds and Notes | 1,622,424 | 1,622,424 |
| Municipal Obligations | 44,584 | 44,584 |
| Negotiable Certificates of Deposit | 428,243 | 428,243 |
| Commercial Paper | 32,534 | 32,534 |
| International Investments: | | |
| Foreign Stocks | 513,586 | 513,586 |
| Foreign Bonds | 66,547 | 66,547 |
| Securities Lending Collateral: | | |
| Repurchase Agreements | 72,042 | 72,042 |
| Total Ohio State University | | \$ 4,276,683 |

2. Credit Risk

The risk that an investment's issuer or counterparty will not satisfy its obligation is called credit risk. The exposure to this risk has been minimized through the laws and policies adopted by the State.

For investments that are included in the treasury's cash and investment pool and reported as "Cash Equity with Treasurer" and other investment securities managed by the Treasurer of State's Office, Chapter 135, Ohio Revised Code, requires such investments to carry certain credit ratings at the time of purchase as follows:

- Commercial paper must carry ratings in the two highest categories by two nationally recognized rating agencies;
- Debt interests (other than commercial paper) must carry ratings in the three highest categories by two
 nationally recognized rating agencies. This requirement is met when either the debt interest or the issuer
 of the debt interest carries this rating;
- No-load money market mutual funds must carry a rating of the highest category by one nationally recognized rating agency; and
- Bonds and notes of any other State or political subdivision thereof must be rated in the three highest categories by one nationally recognized rating agency.

Investment policies of the Treasurer of State's Office further define required credit ratings as follows:

- Commercial paper must have a short-term debt rating in the two highest categories by two or more of the nationally recognized statistical rating organizations (NRSROs);
- Bonds and notes of any other State or political subdivision thereof must be rated in the three highest categories by at least one NRSRO;



- Corporate bonds and notes must be rated in the three highest categories by two nationally recognized rating agencies;
- Banker acceptances must carry a minimum of "A+" for long-term debt ("AAA" for foreign issuers) by a
 majority of the nationally recognized rating agencies rating the issuer. For short-term debt, the rating must
 be at least "A-1" or equivalent by at least two nationally recognized rating agencies;
- Foreign debt, or the implicit rating of the issuer of the debt, must be rated in one of the three highest categories by at least two nationally recognized rating agencies;
- Repurchase agreements must, in the case when issued by a counterparty that is not either: an Ohio
 financial institution that is a member of the Federal Reserve System, or a Federal Home Loan Bank, or a
 recognized government securities dealer, then such counterparty must have a short-term debt rating in the
 two highest categories by one or more of the NRSROs, if the counterparty is not explicitly rated in such a
 category, the counterparty must possess a guarantee from an NRSRO-rated parent company; and
- Registered investment companies open-end, no-load money market mutual funds must be rated in the highest category from one or more of the NRSROs.

Investment policies regarding credit risk that are in addition to Ohio Revised Code requirements and are specific to the following significant entities reported in the State's reporting entity are as follows:

Workers' Compensation Enterprise Fund

The Fund requires investment-grade ratings by at least two of the following nationally recognized bond rating services: Moody's, Fitch or Standard & Poor's, for fixed income securities. If only one of the rating services rates a security, the rating must be investment grade.

Variable College Savings Plan Private-Purpose Trust Fund

The fixed income portfolio should consist primarily of domestic investment grade bonds and may be partially invested in below investment grade bonds. Any portion of the portfolio in below-investment grade securities should be mostly invested in "BB" and "B" rated securities.

STAR Ohio Investment Trust Fund

Investment policies governing the STAR Ohio external investment pool generally require that all securities must be rated the equivalent of "A-1+" or "A-1" by Standard & Poor's rating agency. Exceptions to the general policy are: mutual funds must be rated "AAA" or "AAAm" by Standard and Poor's, while commercial paper, corporate bonds and notes, and bankers' acceptances must have a second equivalent rating from another nationally recognized rating agency, and municipal obligations must be rated in the three highest categories by Standard & Poor's.

The Ohio Facilities Construction Commission Component Unit also participates in the State Treasurer's Cash and Investment Pool. Risks associated with the Ohio Facilities Construction Commission's share of the pool are included in the disclosures for the Primary Government.

All investments, as categorized by credit ratings in the tables below and on the following page, meet the requirements of the State's laws and policies, when applicable.

Primary Government (including Fiduciary Activities) Investment Credit Ratings As of June 30, 2021

(dollars in thousands)

| | Credit Rating | | | | | | | | |
|--------------------------------------|---------------|-------------|--------------|-------------|------------|-----------|--|--|--|
| Investment Type | AAA/Aaa | AA/Aa | A/A-1 | BBB/Baa | BB/Ba | В | | | |
| U.S. Agency Obligations | \$ 133,463 | \$4,564,345 | \$ - | \$ 3,018 | \$ 7,460 | \$ 3,597 | | | |
| U.S. Agency Obligations-strips | 1,622 | 68,146 | - | - | - | - | | | |
| Corporate Bonds and Notes | 181,666 | 795,614 | 2,433,728 | 2,006,741 | 214,869 | 69,368 | | | |
| Municipal Obligations | 27,539 | 168,454 | 62,131 | 12,241 | 3,987 | - | | | |
| Negotiable Certificates of Deposit | - | - | - | - | - | - | | | |
| Commercial Paper | 6,428,775 | 935,564 | 4,638,928 | - | - | - | | | |
| Repurchase Agreements | 3,463 | - | - | - | - | - | | | |
| Mortgage and Asset-Backed Securities | 317,703 | 40,330 | 85,360 | 123,431 | 19,197 | 7,787 | | | |
| Bond Mutual Funds | 9,358,227 | 1,600,506 | 472,193 | 450,270 | 73,843 | 20,167 | | | |
| International Investments: | | | | | | | | | |
| Foreign Bonds | 1,124 | 47,253 | 361,412 | 617,983 | 107,877 | 26,543 | | | |
| Securities Lending Collateral: | | | | | | | | | |
| Corporate Bonds and Notes | - | - | 34,994 | - | - | - | | | |
| Commercial Paper | - | - | 254,120 | - | - | - | | | |
| Repurchase Agreements | - | - | 2,835,000 | 1,533,881 | - | - | | | |
| Variable Rate Notes | - | - | 223,557 | - | - | - | | | |
| Bond Mutual Funds | 159,032 | | | | | | | | |
| Total Primary Government | \$16,612,614 | \$8,220,212 | \$11,401,423 | \$4,747,565 | \$ 427,233 | \$127,462 | | | |

| | Credit Rating | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|--------------------------------------|---------------|--------|----|---------|----|-------|-----|----------|--------------|-------|--|-------|--|-------|--|---|---------|--|-------|
| Investment Type | С | CC/Caa | (| CC/Ca D | | CC/Ca | | CC/Ca | | CC/Ca | | CC/Ca | | CC/Ca | | D | D Unrat | | Total |
| U.S. Agency Obligations | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | 12,224 | \$ 4,724,107 | | | | | | | | | | |
| U.S. Agency Obligations-strips | | - | | - | | - | | - | 69,768 | | | | | | | | | | |
| Corporate Bonds and Notes | | 7,466 | | - | | - | | - | 5,709,452 | | | | | | | | | | |
| Municipal Obligations | | - | | - | | - | | 737 | 275,089 | | | | | | | | | | |
| Negotiable Certificates of Deposit | | - | | - | | - | | 23,110 | 23,110 | | | | | | | | | | |
| Commercial Paper | | - | | - | | - | 2 | ,019,033 | 14,022,300 | | | | | | | | | | |
| Repurchase Agreements | | - | | - | | - | | 405,079 | 408,542 | | | | | | | | | | |
| Mortgage and Asset-Backed Securities | | 20,905 | | 2,540 | | - | | - | 617,253 | | | | | | | | | | |
| Bond Mutual Funds | | 6,482 | | - | | 17 | | 85,657 | 12,067,362 | | | | | | | | | | |
| International Investments: | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Foreign Bonds | | 5,298 | | - | | 1,039 | | - | 1,168,529 | | | | | | | | | | |
| Securities Lending Collateral: | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Corporate Bonds and Notes | | - | | - | | - | | - | 34,994 | | | | | | | | | | |
| Commercial Paper | | - | | - | | - | | - | 254,120 | | | | | | | | | | |
| Repurchase Agreements | | - | | - | | - | | - | 4,368,881 | | | | | | | | | | |
| Variable Rate Notes | | - | | - | | - | | - | 223,557 | | | | | | | | | | |
| Bond Mutual Funds | | - | | - | | - | | - | 159,032 | | | | | | | | | | |
| Total Primary Government | \$ | 40,151 | \$ | 2,540 | \$ | 1,056 | \$2 | ,545,840 | \$44,126,096 | | | | | | | | | | |

Major Discretely Presented Component Unit Investment Credit Ratings As of June 30, 2021

(dollars in thousands)

| Ohio State University: | Credit Rating | | | | | |
|------------------------------------|---------------|------------|------------|-----------|----------|-----------|
| Investment Type | AAA/Aaa | AA/Aa | A/A-1 | BBB/Baa | BB/Ba | В |
| U.S. Agency Obligations | \$ 2,536 | \$ 34,488 | \$ 75,786 | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - |
| Corporate Bonds and Notes | 99,056 | 159,131 | 555,200 | 574,991 | 35,585 | 9,584 |
| Municipal Obligations | 655 | 24,122 | 13,591 | 1,483 | - | - |
| Negotiable Certificates of Deposit | 36,984 | = | - | - | - | - |
| Commercial Paper | 4,996 | 3,165 | 22,623 | 1,750 | - | - |
| Bond Mutual Funds | 147,795 | 110,424 | 258,630 | 275,279 | 31,049 | 17,565 |
| International Investments: | | | | | | |
| Foreign Bonds | 30,738 | 5,860 | 7,841 | 9,982 | - | - |
| Securities Lending Collateral: | | | | | | |
| Repurchase Agreements | = | <u>-</u> | | | | |
| Total Ohio State University | \$ 322,760 | \$ 337,190 | \$ 933,671 | \$863,485 | \$66,634 | \$ 27,149 |

| Ohio State University (continued): | Credit Rating | | |
|------------------------------------|------------------------------|---|---|
| Investment Type | CCC/Caa | Unrated | Total |
| U.S. Agency Obligations | \$ - - - - 7,173 | \$ 144 188,877 4,733 391,259 - 223,236 12,126 72,042 | \$ 112,954 1,622,424 44,584 428,243 32,534 1,071,151 66,547 72,042 |
| Total Ohio State University | \$ 7,173 | \$ 892,417 | \$3,450,479 |

At June 30, 2021, the Ohio Facilities Construction Commission had \$2.5 million invested in Bond Mutual Funds with a credit rating of AAA.

Descriptions of the investment credit ratings shown in the tables are as follows:

| Rating | General Description of Credit Rating | | |
|---------|---|--|--|
| AAA/Aaa | Extremely strong | | |
| AA/Aa | Very strong | | |
| A/A-1 | Strong | | |
| BBB/Baa | Adequate | | |
| BB/Ba | Less vulnerable | | |
| В | More vulnerable | | |
| CCC/Caa | Currently vulnerable to nonpayment | | |
| CC/Ca | Currently highly vulnerable to nonpayment | | |
| С | Currently highly vulnerable to nonpayment due to certain conditions (e.g., | | |
| D | filing of bankruptcy petition or similar action by issuer) Currently highly vulnerable to nonpayment for failure to pay by due date | | |
| | | | |



STATE OF OHIO NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTE 4 DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

3. Concentration of Credit Risk

The potential for loss of value increases when investments are not diversified. The State has imposed limits on the types of authorized investments to prevent this type of loss.

For investments that are included in the treasury's cash and investment pool, and reported as "Cash Equity with Treasurer" and other investment securities managed by the Treasurer of State's Office, Chapter 135, Ohio Revised Code, requires the following:

- Investments in commercial paper may not exceed 40 percent of the State's total average portfolio;
- Bankers acceptances cannot exceed ten percent of the State's total average portfolio;
- Debt interest (other than commercial paper) shall not exceed 25 percent of the State's total average portfolio, and when combined with commercial paper, the amount of a single issuer may not exceed five percent of the total average portfolio; and
- Debt interests in foreign nations may not exceed two percent of the State's portfolio.

Investment policies of the Treasurer of State further restrict concentrations of investments. Maximum concentrations are as follows:

| | Maximum % |
|--------------------------------|------------|
| | of Total |
| | Average |
| Investment Type | Portf olio |
| | |
| U.S. Treasury | 100 |
| Federal Agency (fixed rate) | 100 |
| Federal Agency (callable) | 55 |
| Federal Agency (variable rate) | 10 |
| Repurchase Agreements | 50 |
| Bankers' Acceptances | 10 |
| Commercial Paper | 40 |
| Corporate Notes | 25 |
| Foreign Notes | 2 |
| Certificates of Deposit | 20 |
| Municipal Obligations | 20 |
| STAR Ohio | 25 |
| Mutual Funds | 100 |

The investment policies of the Treasurer of State's Office also specify that:

- Commercial paper, when combined with investments in other corporate obligations of a single issuer, are further limited to no more than five percent of the book value of the portfolio;
- Bankers' Acceptances are further limited to no more than five percent of the book value of the portfolio in any single issuer;
- Mutual funds are limited in that the Treasurer's holdings in a single mutual fund cannot be more than ten
 percent of the total assets of that mutual fund, nor more than ten percent of the book value of the portfolio;
- Repurchase Agreements are limited in that any one counterparty may not exceed ten percent of the book value of the portfolio; and
- Municipal obligations are limited to no more than 2.5 percent of the book value of the portfolio in any single issuer.



Investment policies regarding concentration of investments that are in addition to Ohio Revised Code requirements and are specific to the following significant entities reported in the State's reporting entity are as follows:

Lottery Commission Enterprise Fund

No more than two percent of the total average portfolio may be invested in the securities of any single issuer with the following exceptions: U.S. government obligations, 100 percent maximum; repurchase agreements, limited at the lesser of five percent or \$250 million; and mutual funds, 10 percent maximum.

State Highway Patrol Retirement System Pension Trust Fund

Policy prohibits the investment of more than ten percent of its fixed income portfolio in securities of any one issuer except for U.S. government securities, or the investment of more than five percent of the Fund's total investments in any one issue except for U.S. government securities.

STAR Ohio Investment Trust Fund

Investments in a single issuer are limited to no more than five percent of the net assets except as follows:

- U.S. Treasury obligations, limited at 100 percent;
- U.S. Agency obligations, limited to 100 percent with no single U.S. Agency exceeding 33 percent unless maturing in 30 days or less and rated "AA-" or higher;
- Repurchase agreements with terms to maturity of 5 days or less, limited at 100 percent; investments with any one counterparty limited at a maximum of 5 percent for "A-2" rated counterparties, a maximum of 25 percent for "A-1" rated counterparties, and at a maximum of 50 percent for "A-1+" rated counterparties, with further limitations based on the maturity of the investment;
- Mutual funds, limited at 100 percent; with no more than 10 percent of the total average portfolio invested in any single mutual fund and limited to STAR Ohio representing no more than 10 percent of the total assets under management of any single mutual fund;
- Corporate obligations, limited to 25 percent, and when added to investments in commercial paper, no more than five percent invested with any single issuer;
- Municipal bonds, limited at 10 percent and limited to no more than 2.5 percent with any single issuer;
- Commercial paper, limited to 40 percent, and when added to investments in other corporate obligations, no more than 5 percent invested with any single issuer; and
- Bankers' acceptances, limited at 10 percent, with no more than 5 percent invested with any single issuer.

As of June 30, 2021, all investments meet the requirements of the State's law and policies, when applicable. However, investments in certain issuers are at least five percent of investment balances, as follows (dollars in thousands):

| , | | Percentage of |
|----------------------------------|------------|---------------|
| | | Investment |
| Issuer | Amount | Balance |
| STAR Ohio Investment Trust Fund: | | |
| Federal Farm Credit Bank | \$ 980,036 | 6% |

4. Interest Rate Risk

Certain of the State's investments are exposed to interest rate risk. This risk exists when changes to interest rates will negatively impact the fair value of an investment. The State has adopted laws and policies to mitigate this risk.

For investments that are included in the treasury's cash and investment pool and reported as "Cash Equity with Treasurer" and other investment securities managed by the Treasurer of State's Office, Chapter 135, Ohio Revised Code, requires that Bankers Acceptances must mature in 270 days or less.



Investment policies governing the treasury's cash and investment pool, which is reported as "Cash Equity with Treasurer" and is managed by the Treasurer of State's Office, limit maturities of short-term investments to no more than 18 months with a weighted average maturity not to exceed 90 days. For long-term investments, maturities are limited to five years or less, except for those that are matched to a specific obligation or debt of the State. A duration target of three years or less has been established for long-term investments. Policy also limits maturities for specific investment types as follows:

- Corporate notes five years;
- Commercial paper 397 days;
- · Repurchase agreements 90 days; and
- Foreign debt five years.

Investment policies regarding investment maturities that are in addition to Ohio Revised Code requirements and are specific to the following significant entities reported in the State's reporting entity are as follows:

Workers' Compensation Enterprise Fund

Policy requires each fixed-income portfolio to be invested with duration characteristics that are within a range consistent with Bloomberg Barclay's Fixed Income Index ranges.

Lottery Commission Enterprise Fund

Investments are required to have maturities of 30 years or less. In no case may the maturity of an investment exceed the expected date of disbursement of those funds.

Variable College Savings Plan Private-Purpose Trust Fund

Policy requires the fixed-income portfolio to be invested with duration characteristics that are within a range consistent with Barclay's Aggregate Index ranges.

STAR Ohio Investment Trust Fund

Investment policies limit maturities of investments to a final stated maturity of 397 days or less, with a 762-day limit for floating rate U.S. Treasury and U.S. Agency obligations. Repurchase agreements are limited to maturities of 30 days and both commercial paper and bankers' acceptances are limited to maturities of 270 days.

As of June 30, 2021, investments reported as "Cash Equity with Treasurer" have terms that make their fair values highly sensitive to interest rate changes. The U.S. agency obligations investment type includes \$2.20 billion with call dates from fiscal years 2022 through 2024, and maturity dates from fiscal years 2023 through 2026. The Corporate Bonds and Notes investment type has \$896 million with call dates and maturity dates from fiscal years 2022 through 2026.

Additionally, several investments reported as "Investments" have terms that make their fair values highly sensitive to interest rate changes. U.S. agency obligations of \$10 million have call dates from fiscal year 2022 through 2023, and maturity dates from fiscal years 2023 through 2025. Corporate bonds in the amount of \$492.8 million have call dates and maturity dates in fiscal year 2022.

The tables that follow list the investment maturities of the investments for the primary government, including fiduciary activities, and its major discretely presented component units. All investments at June 30, 2021, meet the requirements of the State's laws and policies, when applicable. The Ohio Facilities Construction Commission Component Unit Fund also participates in the State Treasurer's Cash and Investment Pool. Risks associated with the Ohio Facilities Construction Commission's share of the pool are included in the disclosures for the Primary Government.

Primary Government (including Fiduciary Activities) Investments Subject to Interest Rate Risk As of June 30, 2021

(dollars in thousands)

| Investment Maturities (in years) | | | | | |
|--------------------------------------|--------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|---------------|
| Investment Type | < 1 | 1 - 5 | 6 - 10 | > 10 | Total |
| U.S. Government Obligations | \$ 5,316,177 | \$5,364,154 | \$1,028,065 | \$ 755,455 | \$ 12,463,851 |
| U.S. Government Obligations - strips | 428,795 | 71,101 | 2,579 | 161,282 | 663,757 |
| U.S. Agency Obligations | 1,701,418 | 2,658,965 | 44,877 | 318,847 | 4,724,107 |
| U.S. Agency Obligations-strips | 19,762 | 41,739 | 8,267 | - | 69,768 |
| Corporate Bonds and Notes | 1,038,286 | 1,321,211 | 452,448 | 2,897,507 | 5,709,452 |
| Municipal Obligations | 55,515 | 23,667 | 5,929 | 189,978 | 275,089 |
| Negotiable Certificates of Deposit | 4,173 | 18,937 | - | - | 23,110 |
| Commercial Paper | 14,022,300 | - | - | - | 14,022,300 |
| Repurchase Agreements | 408,542 | - | - | - | 408,542 |
| Mortgage and Asset-Backed Securities | 201,399 | 67,425 | 35,725 | 312,704 | 617,253 |
| Bond Mutual Funds | 10,070,506 | 136,505 | 1,127,578 | 732,773 | 12,067,362 |
| International Investments: | | | | | |
| Foreign Bonds | 45,070 | 292,711 | 187,569 | 643,179 | 1,168,529 |
| Securities Lending Collateral: | | | | | |
| Corporate Bonds and Notes | 34,994 | - | - | - | 34,994 |
| Commercial Paper | 254,120 | - | - | - | 254,120 |
| Repurchase Agreements | 4,368,881 | - | - | - | 4,368,881 |
| Variable Rate Notes | 223,557 | - | - | - | 223,557 |
| Bond Mutual Funds | 159,032 | | | | 159,032 |
| Total Primary Government | \$38,352,527 | \$9,996,415 | \$2,893,037 | \$6,011,725 | \$ 57,253,704 |

Major Discretely Presented Component Unit Investments Subject to Interest Rate Risk As of June 30, 2021

(dollars in thousands)

| Ohio State University: | lnv | Investment Maturities (in years) | | | | | |
|------------------------------------|-------------|----------------------------------|-----------|-----------|-------------|--|--|
| Investment Type | < 1 | 1 - 5 | 6 - 10 | > 10 | Total | | |
| U.S. Government Obligations | \$ 38,719 | \$ 146,540 | \$ 3,612 | \$ 12,486 | \$ 201,357 | | |
| U.S. Agency Obligations | 1,351 | 22,288 | 32,047 | 57,268 | 112,954 | | |
| Corporate Bonds and Notes | 375,809 | 968,458 | 146,402 | 131,755 | 1,622,424 | | |
| Municipal Obligations | 5,803 | 31,732 | 253 | 6,796 | 44,584 | | |
| Negotiable Certificates of Deposit | 428,243 | - | - | - | 428,243 | | |
| Commercial Paper | 32,534 | - | - | - | 32,534 | | |
| Bond Mutual Funds | 337,095 | 478,265 | 114,819 | 140,972 | 1,071,151 | | |
| International Investments: | | | | | | | |
| Foreign Bonds | 10,148 | 19,537 | 3,951 | 32,911 | 66,547 | | |
| Securities Lending Collateral: | | | | | | | |
| Repurchase Agreements | 72,042 | | | | 72,042 | | |
| Total Ohio State University | \$1,301,744 | \$1,666,820 | \$301,084 | \$382,188 | \$3,651,836 | | |

At June 30, 2021, the Ohio Facilities Construction Commission had \$2.5 million invested in Bond Mutual Funds with a maturity of less than one year.

5. Foreign Currency Risk

Investments in stocks and bonds denominated in foreign currencies are affected by foreign currency risk which arises from changes in currency exchange rates.

As of June 30, 2021, investments denominated in the currency of foreign nations, as detailed in the following tables for the primary government, including fiduciary activities, and the Ohio State University, a major discretely presented component unit, meet the requirements of the State's laws and policies, when applicable.

Primary Government (including Fiduciary Activities) International Investments—Foreign Currency Risk As of June 30, 2021

(dollars in thousands)

| Currency | Commingled International | Total |
|---|-----------------------------|----------------|
| Currency | Equity | Total |
| Argentinean Peso | \$ 59 | \$ 59 |
| Australian Dollar | 98,792 | 98,792 |
| Bermudian Dollar | 1,146 | 1,146 |
| Brazilian Real | 37,396 | 37,396 |
| British Pound | 183,789 | 183,789 |
| Canadian Dollar | 160,707 | 160,707 |
| Caymanian Dollar | 223 | 223 |
| Chilean Peso | 3,191 | 3,191 |
| Chinese Renminbi | 254,922 | 254,922 |
| Colombian Peso | 1,128 | 1,128 |
| Czech Koruna | 725 | 725 |
| Danish Krone | 36,421 | 36,421 |
| Egyptian Pound | 410 | 410 |
| Euro | 492,519 | 492,519 |
| Hong Kong Dollar | 60,000 | 60,000 |
| Hungarian Forint | 1,592 | 1,592 |
| Indian Rupee | 70,952 | 70,952 |
| Indonesian Rupiah | 7,853 | 7,853 |
| Israeli Shekel | 8,592 | 8,592 |
| Japanese Yen | 327,021 | 327,021 |
| Kuw aiti Dinar | 3,652 | 3,652 |
| Macau Pataca | 1,081 | 1,081 |
| Malaysian Ringgit | 8,862 | 8,862 |
| Manx Pound | 1,426 | 1,426 |
| Mexican Peso | 12,612 | 12,612 |
| New Zealand Dollar | 4,478 | 4,478 |
| Norw egian Krone | 8,825 | 8,825 |
| Pakistani Rupee | 134 | 134 |
| Papua New Guinea Kina | 410 | 410 |
| Peruvian New Sol | 136 | 136 |
| Philippines Peso | 4,486 | 4,486 |
| • • | • | • |
| Polish Zloty | 4,529 | 4,529 4,517 |
| Qatari Rial | 4,517 | |
| Russian Ruble | 20,294 | 20,294 |
| Saudi Riyal | 20,652 | 20,652 |
| Singapore Dollar | 15,435 | 15,435 |
| South African Rand | 24,885 | 24,885 |
| South Korean Won | 94,847 | 94,847 |
| Sw edish Krona | 49,709 | 49,709 |
| Sw iss Franc | 144,458 | 144,458 |
| Taiw an Dollar | 98,449 | 98,449 |
| Thailand Baht | 11,545 | 11,545 |
| Turkish Lira | 1,672 | 1,672 |
| United Arab Emirates Dirham | 5,027 | 5,027 |
| Investments Held in Foreign Currency | \$ 2,289,559 | 2,289,559 |
| Foreign Investments Held in U.S. Dollars | | 1,378,618 |
| Total Foreign Investments - Primary Government, including Fiduciary A | ctivities | \$ 3,668,177 |

Major Discretely Presented Component Unit International Investments—Foreign Currency Risk As of June 30, 2021

(dollars in thousands)

| Ohio State University: | | | Commingled International | |
|--|------------|-----------|-----------------------------|--------------|
| Currency | Stocks | Bonds | Equity | Total |
| Australian Dollar | \$ 13,268 | \$ 12,060 | \$ - | \$ 25,328 |
| Brazilian Real | 904 | - | - | 904 |
| British Pound | 57,597 | 28,686 | 284,936 | 371,219 |
| Canadian Dollar | 34,149 | 10,822 | - | 44,971 |
| Chilean Peso | 82 | - | - | 82 |
| Chinese Renminbi | (202) | - | - | (202) |
| Colombian Peso | 27 | - | - | 27 |
| Czech Koruna | 27 | - | - | 27 |
| Danish Krone | 3,142 | - | - | 3,142 |
| Egyptian Pound | 14 | - | - | 14 |
| Euro | 157,006 | 8,218 | 173,594 | 338,818 |
| Hong Kong Dollar | 37,836 | - | - | 37,836 |
| Hungarian Forint | 41 | - | - | 41 |
| Indian Rupee | 1,739 | - | - | 1,739 |
| Indonesian Rupiah | 192 | - | - | 192 |
| Israeli Shekel | 123 | 5,860 | - | 5,983 |
| Japanese Yen | 142,466 | 901 | - | 143,367 |
| Kuw aiti Dinar | 96 | - | - | 96 |
| Malaysian Ringgit | 219 | - | - | 219 |
| Mexican Peso | 301 | - | - | 301 |
| New Zealand Dollar | 253 | - | - | 253 |
| Norw egian Krone | 6,052 | - | - | 6,052 |
| Philippines Peso | 109 | - | - | 109 |
| Polish Zloty | 109 | - | - | 109 |
| Qatari Rial | 109 | - | - | 109 |
| Russian Ruble | 397 | - | - | 397 |
| Saudi Riyal | 506 | - | - | 506 |
| Singapore Dollar | 868 | - | - | 868 |
| South African Rand | 616 | - | - | 616 |
| South Korean Won | 13,612 | - | - | 13,612 |
| Sw edish Krona | 12,766 | - | - | 12,766 |
| Swiss Franc | 21,945 | - | 26,429 | 48,374 |
| Taiw an Dollar | 6,806 | - | - | 6,806 |
| Thailand Baht | 274 | - | - | 274 |
| Turkish Lira | 41 | - | - | 41 |
| United Arab Emirates Dirham | 96 | | | 96 |
| Total Foreign Currency Investments - Ohio State University | \$ 513,586 | \$ 66,547 | \$ 484,959 | \$ 1,065,092 |

The State's laws and investment policies include provisions to limit the exposure to this type of risk. According to Chapter 135, Ohio Revised Code, investments managed by the Treasurer of State's Office, and reported as "Cash Equity with Treasurer", are limited to the debt of nations diplomatically recognized by the United States and that are backed by the full faith and credit of that foreign nation, and provided that all denomination of principal and interest be in U.S. dollars.

D. Securities Lending Transactions

The Treasurer of State participates in the securities lending programs for securities included in the "Cash Equity with Treasurer" and "Investments" accounts. Each lending program is administered by a custodial agent bank, whereby certain securities are transferred to an independent broker-dealer (borrower) in exchange for collateral.

At the time of the loan, the Treasurer of State requires its custodial agents to ensure that the State's lent securities are collateralized at no less than 102 percent of fair value, with the exception of U.S. Treasury Bills, which are purchased at a discount and are collateralized at par. At no point in time can the value of the collateral be less than 100 percent of the underlying securities.

Consequently, as of June 30, 2021, the State had no credit exposure since the amount the State owed to the borrowers at least equaled or exceeded the amount borrowers owed to the State.

The State invests cash collateral in short-term obligations, which have a weighted average maturity of 28 days while the weighted average maturity of securities loans is four days.

According to the lending contracts the Treasurer of State executes for the State's cash and investment pool and for the Ohio Lottery Commission Enterprise Fund, the securities lending agent is to indemnify the Treasurer of State for any losses resulting from the insolvency default of the lending counterparty.

During fiscal year 2021, the State had not experienced any losses due to credit or market risk on securities lending activities.

In fiscal year 2021, the Treasurer of State lent U.S. government and agency obligations and corporate notes in exchange for cash collateral.

E. Investment Derivative Instruments

As of June 30, 2021, the State reports the following investment derivative instruments in its financial statements:

| | ' | As | t Derivative Instruments of June 30, 2021 Ilars in thousands) | | |
|------------------------------------|-----------|------------|---|----------|---|
| | | Fai | r Value at 6/30/2021 | lr | ncrease (Decrease) in Fair Value |
| | Notional | Amount | Reported as | Amount | Reported as |
| Governmental Activities: | | | | | |
| Investment Derivative Instruments: | | | | | |
| | | | | | Operating Restricted Investment Gain - Primary, Secondary and Other Education |
| Pay-Fixed Interest Rate Sw aps | \$ 49,400 | \$ (3,360) | Other Noncurrent Liability | \$ 2,643 | Function |

For governmental activities, the pay-fixed swaps included in the table above do not meet the criteria for hedging derivative instruments as of June 30, 2021, and are reported as investment derivative instruments. The increase in fair value for fiscal year 2021 of \$2.6 million is reported as operating restricted investment gains for the primary, secondary, and other education function in the Statement of Activities.

The credit quality ratings of JPMorgan Chase, the counterparty, are "Aa2/A+/AA" as of June 30, 2021. The State was not exposed to credit risk because these swaps had negative fair values at June 30, 2021. However, should interest rates change and the fair values of the swaps become positive, the State would be exposed to credit risk in the amount of the derivative instrument's positive fair value.

Each swap counterparty is required to post collateral to a third party when their respective credit rating, as determined by specified nationally recognized credit rating agencies, falls below the trigger level defined in the swap agreement and based on the fair value of the swap. This arrangement protects the State by mitigating the credit risk, and therefore termination risk, inherent in the swap. Collateral on all swaps must be in the form of cash or U.S. government securities held by a third-party custodian. Net payments are made on the same date, as specified in the agreements.

These swaps, maturing March 15, 2025, are associated with Common Schools Bonds, Series 2005A and Series 2005B. The underlying index is a variable rate based on 62 percent of the 10-year LIBOR. The combination of the variable-rate bonds and a floating-to-fixed swap creates a low-cost, long-term synthetic fixed-rate debt that protects the State from rising interest rates.

F. Fair Value Disclosures

The State categorizes fair value measurements of its investments within the fair value hierarchy shown in the following tables:

Primary Government (including Fiduciary Activities) Investments - Fair Value Disclosures As of June 30, 2021

(dollars in thousands)

| | | Amount of Fair Value Measured Using: | | | | |
|---|---------------|--------------------------------------|--------------|--------------|--|--|
| | | Quoted Prices | Significant | | | |
| | | in Active | Other | Significant | | |
| | | Markets for | Observable | Unobservable | | |
| | | Identical Assets | Inputs | Inputs | | |
| | Fair Value | (Level 1) | (Level 2) | (Level 3) | | |
| Investments Measured by Fair Value Level: | | | | | | |
| U.S. Government Obligations | \$ 12,462,745 | \$ 3,828,242 | \$ 8,634,503 | \$ - | | |
| U.S. Government Obligations - strips | 663,757 | 663,757 | · · · · - | · <u>-</u> | | |
| U.S. Agency Obligations | 4,724,970 | 1,779 | 4,723,191 | - | | |
| U.S. Agency Obligations-strips | 69,768 | - | 69,768 | - | | |
| Common and Preferred Stock | 4,276,492 | 4,276,333 | - | 159 | | |
| Corporate Bonds and Notes | 4,988,742 | - | 4,984,717 | 4,025 | | |
| Corporate Bonds and Notes - Strips | 720,271 | - | 720,271 | - | | |
| Municipal Obligations | 275,089 | - | 275,089 | = | | |
| Negotiable Certificates of Deposit | 5,141 | - | 5,141 | = | | |
| Commercial Paper | 7,588,916 | - | 7,588,916 | - | | |
| Repurchase Agreements | 408,542 | 8,542 | 400,000 | - | | |
| Mortgage and Asset-Backed Securities | 617,253 | - | 508,300 | 108,953 | | |
| Equity Mutual Funds | 16,051,708 | 16,051,462 | 246 | - | | |
| Bond Mutual Funds | 9,463,548 | 9,393,364 | 70,184 | - | | |
| International Investments: | | | | | | |
| Foreign Stocks | 5,086 | 5,086 | - | - | | |
| Foreign Bonds | 1,168,529 | - | 959,275 | 209,254 | | |
| Commingled Equity Funds | 20,467 | 20,467 | - | = | | |
| Securities Lending Collateral: | | | | | | |
| Corporate Bonds and Notes | 34,994 | - | 34,994 | - | | |
| Variable Rate Notes | 223,557 | - | 223,557 | = | | |
| Bond Mutual Funds | 159,032 | 159,032 | <u>-</u> | <u> </u> | | |
| | \$ 63,928,607 | \$ 34,408,064 | \$29,198,152 | \$ 322,391 | | |
| Investment Derivative Instruments: | | | | | | |
| Interest Rate Sw ap | \$ (3,360) | \$ - | \$ (3,360) | \$ - | | |
| | \$ (3,360) | \$ - | \$ (3,360) | \$ - | | |

Primary Government (including Fiduciary Activities) Investments - Fair Value Disclosures As of June 30, 2021

(dollars in thousands)

| | Net Asset Value | |
|--|-----------------|-----------|
| Investments Measured at Net Asset Value Level: | | |
| Equity Mutual Funds | \$ | 639,235 |
| Bond Mutual Funds | | 1,942,998 |
| Real Estate | | 3,601,599 |
| Partnerships and Hedge Funds | | 284,739 |
| International Investments: | | |
| Commingled Equity Funds | | 2,474,095 |
| | \$ | 8,942,666 |

For investments held by the Treasurer of State, \$2.50 billion classified in Level 1 were valued using inputs based on published share price. Level 2 classifications in the amount of \$12.30 billion were valued using either matrix pricing, or, in the case of variable rate notes, were valued by discounting the current and future coupons using a yield calculation or scale based on the characteristics of the security. For matrix pricing, inputs such as benchmark yields, reported trades, broker/dealer quotes, issuer spreads, two-sided markets, benchmark securities, bids, offers, and reference data including market research publications were used. Interactive Data pricing used by the Treasurer's office also monitors market indicators, and industry and economic events. The Ohio Lottery Commission's structured investments are included in the Treasurer of State's Level 2 investments noted above. Investments in the amount of \$200 million, classified in Level 3, were bonds for which there is no secondary market, and were therefore, valued at the original principal.

For investments held by the STAR Ohio investment pool, \$6.31 billion in open-end investment companies, including money market funds, were classified in Level 1 and were valued using the daily redemption value as reported by the underlying fund, while the \$10.36 billion in short-term investments classified in Level 2 was valued using market inputs such as benchmark yields, reported trades, broker/dealer quotes, issuer spreads, two-sided markets, benchmark securities, bids and offers. Market indicators and industry and economic events were also monitored to see if further market data was needed.

Investments held by the Department of Commerce in the amount of \$1.05 billion for escheat property classified in Level 1, were valued using quoted prices for identical securities in an active market. Investments held by other state agencies in the amount \$35.2 million classified in Level 1, were valued using quoted prices in a large and active market.

For investments held by independently audited organizations of the primary government, more information regarding investment valuations can be found in the organizations' stand-alone financial reports. The stand-alone financial reports for the independently audited organizations included in the table above may be found as follows:

- STAR Ohio investment pool at the Treasurer of State's Office, at http://www.tos.ohio.gov/;
- Development Services Agency-Office of Loan Administration, at https://development.ohio.gov/;
- Buckeye Tobacco Settlement Financing Authority, <u>Issuers | Office of Budget and Management (ohio.gov)</u>;
- Southern Ohio Agricultural and Community Development Foundation, at http://www.soacdf.net/;
- Bureau of Workers' Compensation/Industrial Commission of Ohio, at https://www.bwc.ohio.gov/;
- Tuition Trust Authority, at https://www.collegeadvantage.com/;
- STABLE, contact the Ohio Treasurer of State's office at (800) 228-1102 to request a copy of the report.
- State Highway Patrol Retirement System, at https://www.ohprs.org/ohprs/;

The fair value investment hierarchy for the Ohio State University, a major discretely presented component unit, is reported in the table below:

Major Discretely Presented Component Unit Investments - Fair Value Disclosures As of June 30, 2021

(dollars in thousands)

| | | | Amount of Fair Value Measured Using: | | | | | | |
|---|-----------|---|---|---|---|--|--|--|--|
| Ohio State University: | | Fair Value | Quoted Prices in Active Markets for Identical Assets (Level 1) | | Significant Other Observable Inputs (Level 2) | | Significant Unobservable Inputs (Level 3) | | |
| Investments Measured by Fair Value Level: | | all value | | (Level I) | | (LCVC12) | | (LCVCI 3) | |
| U.S. Government Obligations | \$ | 201,357 112,954 1,182,412 1,622,424 44,584 428,243 32,534 | \$ | 605 - 1,182,412 - - - 382,020 | \$ | 200,752 112,954 - 1,622,424 44,584 46,223 32,534 | \$ | - | |
| Equity Mutual Funds Bond Mutual Funds Real Estate Partnerships and Hedge Funds | | 358,408 948,828 143,424 137,009 | | 358,408 948,828 127,615 | | | | 15,809 137,009 | |
| Life Insurance | \$ | 3,552 513,586 66,547 365,192 72,042 6,233,096 | \$ | 513,586 - - - - 3,513,474 | \$ | 66,547 - 72,042 2,198,060 | \$ | 3,552 - - 365,192 - 521,562 | |
| Ohio State University: Investments Measured at Net Asset Value Equity Mutual Funds | Net \$ | Asset Value 851,850 | | | | | | | |
| Bond Mutual Funds Real Estate Partnerships and Hedge Funds International Investments: Commingled Equity Funds | \$ | 122,323 16 2,890,547 119,767 3,984,503 | | | | | | | |

More information on Ohio State University's fair value investment valuations can be found in its audited stand-alone financial report at https://www.osu.edu/.

The Ohio Facilities Construction Commission's investments in the amount of \$2.5 million were classified in Level 1 based on their valuation using the market approach.

NOTE 5 RECEIVABLES

A. Taxes Receivable – Primary Government

Current taxes receivable is expected to be collected in the next fiscal year while noncurrent taxes receivable is not expected to be collected until more than one year from the balance sheet date. As of June 30, 2021, approximately \$121.6 million of the net taxes receivable balance is also reported as Deferred Inflows of Resources on the governmental funds' balance sheet, all of which is reported in the General Fund.

Refund liabilities for income taxes, totaling approximately \$1.26 billion are reported as "Refund and Other Liabilities" for governmental activities on the Statement of Net Position and in the General Fund on the governmental funds' Balance Sheet.

The following table summarizes taxes receivable for the primary government (dollars in thousands):

| | Governmental Activities Nonmajor | | | | | | |
|---------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|-----------|-----|-----------|--------------------------|-----------|--|
| | | | | | | | |
| | | | Gov | ernmental | Total Primary Government | | |
| | | Seneral | | Funds | | | |
| Current-Due Within One Year: | | | | | | | |
| Income Taxes | \$ | 358,871 | \$ | - | \$ | 358,871 | |
| Sales Taxes | | 588,755 | | - | | 588,755 | |
| Motor Vehicle Fuel Taxes | | 175,441 | | 169,073 | | 344,514 | |
| Commercial Activity Taxes | | 524,401 | | 13,607 | | 538,008 | |
| Public Utility Taxes | | 92,289 | | - | | 92,289 | |
| Casino Taxes | | | | 5,821 | | 5,821 | |
| | | 1,739,757 | | 188,501 | | 1,928,258 | |
| Noncurrent-Due in More Than One Year: | | | | | | | |
| Income Taxes | | 17,810 | | - | | 17,810 | |
| Taxes Receivable, Net | \$ | 1,757,567 | \$ | 188,501 | \$ | 1,946,068 | |

B. Intergovernmental Receivable – Primary Government

The intergovernmental receivable balance reported for the primary government, all of which is expected to be collected within the next fiscal year, consists of the following, as of June 30, 2021 (dollars in thousands):

| | From None Prog | 0 | From Sales and Se | | | |
|---|-------------------|------------|----------------------|------------|------------------|--|
| | Federal | Local | Other State | Local | Total Primary | |
| | Government | Government | Governments | Government | | |
| Governmental Activities: Major Governmental Funds: | | | | | | |
| General | \$ 320,513 | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ 320,513 | |
| Job, Family and Other Human Services | 295,679 | 15,682 | - | - | 311,361 | |
| Nonmajor Governmental Funds | 555,300 | 70,871 | | 17,370 | 643,541 | |
| Total Governmental Activities | 1,171,492 | 86,553 | | 17,370 | 1,275,415 | |
| Business-Type Activities: Major Proprietary Funds: | | | | | | |
| Unemployment Compensation | - | - | 813 | - | 813 | |
| Nonmajor Proprietary Funds | | | | 5,503 | 5,503 | |
| Total Business-Type Activities | | | 813 | 5,503 | 6,316 | |
| Intergovernmental Receivable | \$1,171,492 | \$ 86,553 | \$ 813 | \$ 22,873 | \$ 1,281,731 | |



NOTE 5 RECEIVABLES (Continued)

C. Loans Receivable

Loans receivable for the primary government, as of June 30, 2021, are detailed in the following table (dollars in thousands):

| Primary Government - Loans Receivable | | | | | | | | |
|--|-------------------------|-----------|-------|------------|--------------------------|-----------|--|--|
| | Governmental Activities | | | | | | | |
| | | | 1 | Nonmajor | | | | |
| | | | | vernmental | Total Primary Government | | | |
| Loan Program | General | | Funds | | | | | |
| Economic Development Office of Loan Administration | \$ | 238,691 | \$ | | \$ | 238,691 | | |
| Local Infrastructure Improvements | | 641,116 | | - | | 641,116 | | |
| Housing Finance | | 339,698 | | - | | 339,698 | | |
| Highway, Transit, & Aviation Infrastructure Bank | | = | | 141,332 | | 141,332 | | |
| Third Frontier Program Loans | | - | | 43,754 | | 43,754 | | |
| Wayne Trace Local School District | | - | | - | | - | | |
| Capital Access Loan Program | | - | | 763 | | 763 | | |
| Loans Receivable, Net | \$ | 1,219,505 | \$ | 185,849 | \$ | 1,405,354 | | |
| Current-Due Within One Year | \$ | 108.045 | \$ | 24.054 | \$ | 132.099 | | |
| Noncurrent-Due in More Than One Year | • | 1,111,460 | • | 161,795 | * | 1,273,255 | | |
| Loans Receivable, Net | \$ | 1,219,505 | \$ | 185,849 | \$ | 1,405,354 | | |

The "Loans Receivable" balance reported in the major discretely presented component units, as of June 30, 2021, is comprised of student loans and other miscellaneous loans.



NOTE 5 RECEIVABLES (Continued)

D. Other Receivables

The other receivables balances reported for the primary government, as of June 30, 2021, consists of the following (dollars in thousands):

| | | | | Gov | ernme | ntal Activitie | s | | | |
|---|----------|------------|----------|--------------------------|----------|--------------------------------|----|-------------------|------|----------------------|
| | | Majo | r Go | vernmental | Funds | 3 | | | | |
| | | | | | T Se | Buckeye obacco ettlement | | onmajor | | |
| | | | | o, Family & ner Human | | inancing authority | | Govern- mental | | |
| Types of Receivables | | General | | Services | | enue Bonds | | Funds | | Total |
| Manufacturers' Rebates | \$ | 253,393 | \$ | 586,732 | \$ | - | \$ | 106 | \$ | 840,231 |
| Tobacco Settlement | Ψ | | ~ | | Ψ | 706,220 | ¥ | 34,100 | Ψ | 740,320 |
| Health Facility Bed Assessments | | _ | | 104,357 | | - | | - | | 104,357 |
| Managed Care Franchise Fees | | - | | 68,059 | | - | | - | | 68,059 |
| Interest | | 20,031 | | - | | - | | - | | 20,031 |
| Accounts | | 13,671 | | 19,380 | | - | | 9,860 | | 42,911 |
| Miscellaneous | | 27,765 | | - | | - | | - | | 27,765 |
| Other Receivables, Net | \$ | 314,860 | \$ | 778,528 | \$ | 706,220 | \$ | 44,066 | \$1 | 1,843,674 |
| Current-Due Within One Year | \$ | 214 960 | \$ | 770 F00 | ¢ | | ¢. | 0.066 | Φ. | 1 102 251 |
| Noncurrent-Due in More Than One Year | Φ | 314,860 | φ | 778,528 | \$ | 706,220 | Φ | 9,966 34,100 | Φ | 1,103,354 740,320 |
| Other Receivables, Net | \$ | 314,860 | \$ | 778,528 | \$ | 706,220 | \$ | 44,066 | \$ 1 | 1,843,674 |
| | <u> </u> | 011,000 | <u> </u> | 770,020 | <u> </u> | 700,220 | | 1 1,000 | _ | 1,010,011 |
| | | | | Busi | ness- | Гуре Activitie | es | | | |
| | | Ma | jor P | roprietary F | unds | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | onmajor | | |
| | | Vorkers' | | Lottery | | mployment | | oprietary | | |
| Types of Receivables | | npensation | | mmission | | pensation | | Funds | | Total |
| Accounts | \$ | 317,774 | \$ | - | \$ | 113,802 | \$ | - | \$ | 431,576 |
| Interest and Dividends (including restricted portion) | | 77,623 | | | | - | | 897 | | 78,520 |
| Lottery Sales Agents | | - | | 54,579 | | - | | | | 54,579 |
| Other Receivables, Gross | | 395,397 | | 54,579 | | 113,802 | | 897 | | 564,675 |
| Estimated Uncollectible | _ | (1,256) | _ | (509) | | (47,044) | _ | - | _ | (48,809 |
| Other Receivables, Net-Due Within One Year | \$ | 394,141 | \$ | 54,070 | \$ | 66,758 | \$ | 897 | \$ | 515,866 |
| Total Primary Government | | | | | | | | | \$ 2 | 2,359,540 |

The "Other Receivables" balance reported in the fiduciary funds as of June 30, 2021, is comprised of interest due of approximately \$6.8 million and investment trade receivables of \$76 million.

In the major discretely presented component units, the "Other Receivables" balance reported, as of June 30, 2021, is comprised of accounts receivable, interest receivable, pledges receivable, unbilled charges receivable, grants receivable, and other miscellaneous receivables.



NOTE 6 PAYABLES

A. Accrued Liabilities

Details on accrued liabilities for the primary government and fiduciary activities, as of June 30, 2021, follow (dollars in thousands):

| Primary Government and Fidu | ciary | / Activities | s - A | ccrued Lia | bilities | s | | |
|--|-------|--------------|-------|------------|----------|-------------|------|------------|
| | | | Wa | ages and | | | | |
| | | | Е | mployee | Α | ccrued | Tota | al Accrued |
| | | | Е | Benefits | li li | nterest | L | iabilities |
| Governmental Activities: | | | | | | | | |
| Major Governmental Funds: | | | | | | | | |
| General | | | \$ | 212,134 | \$ | - | \$ | 212,134 |
| Job, Family and Other Human Services | | | | 31,319 | | - | | 31,319 |
| Pandemic Relief Funds | | | | 426 | | - | | 426 |
| Nonmajor Governmental Funds | | | | 79,247 | | - | | 79,247 |
| | | | | 323,126 | | - | | 323,126 |
| Reconciliation of fund level statements to government- | | | | | | | | |
| wide statements due to basis differences | | | | - | | 142,530 | | 142,530 |
| Total Governmental Activities | | | | 323,126 | | 142,530 | | 465,656 |
| Business-Type Activities: | | | | | | | | |
| Nonmajor Proprietary Funds | | | | 6,206 | | - | | 6,206 |
| Total Primary Government | | | \$ | 329,332 | \$ | 142,530 | \$ | 471,862 |
| | | | | | Mar | nagement | | |
| | Wa | ges and | | Health | | and | | |
| | Εn | nployee | | Benefit | Adm | inistrative | Tota | al Accrued |
| | В | enefits | (| Claims | Ex | penses | L | iabilities |
| Fiduciary Activities: | | | | | | • | | |
| State Highway Patrol Retirement System | | | | | | | | |
| Pension Trust (12/31/2020) | \$ | 6,931 | \$ | 446 | \$ | - | \$ | 7,377 |
| Private-Purpose Trust: | | | | | | | | |
| Variable College Savings Plan | | - | | - | | 4,307 | | 4,307 |
| STABLE Program | | - | | - | | 94 | | 94 |
| STAR Ohio Investment Trust | | - | | - | | 575 | | 575 |
| Total Fiduciary Activities | \$ | 6,931 | \$ | 446 | \$ | 4,976 | \$ | 12,353 |

The "Accrued Liabilities" balance reported in the major discretely presented component units, as of June 30, 2021, is comprised largely of payables similar to those of the primary government, such as wages and employee benefits, self-insurance, and accrued interest.



NOTE 6 PAYABLES (Continued)

B. Intergovernmental Payable

The intergovernmental payable balances for the primary government and fiduciary activities, as of June 30, 2021, are comprised of the following (dollars in thousands):

| • | | Local Gov | ernr | nent | | | | | | |
|---------------------------------------|---------|-----------|------|----------|---------|-----------|----------|-----|----------|-----------|
| - | | Shared | | | | | | | | |
| | Re | venue and | | | | | | | | |
| | | Local | | | | | | | | |
| | F | ermissive | S | ubsidies | ı | Federal | Oth | er | | |
| | | Taxes | aı | nd Other | Go | vernment | Stat | tes | | Total |
| Governmental Activities: | | | | | | | | | | |
| Major Governmental Funds: | | | | | | | | | | |
| General | \$ | 1,077,923 | \$ | 64,930 | \$ | 42,078 | \$ | - | \$ | 1,184,931 |
| Job, Family and Other Human Services | | - | | 130,717 | | - | | - | | 130,717 |
| Nonmajor Governmental Funds | | 108,040 | | 287,690 | | - | | - | | 395,730 |
| Total Governmental Activities | \$ | 1,185,963 | \$ | 483,337 | \$ | 42,078 | \$ | - | \$ | 1,711,378 |
| Business-Type Activities: | | | | | | | | | | |
| Major Proprietary Funds: | | | | | | | | | | |
| Unemployment Compensation | \$ | - | \$ | 170 | \$ | 1,472,396 | \$ | - | \$ | 1,472,566 |
| Total Business-Type Activities | \$ | - | \$ | 170 | \$ | 1,472,396 | \$ | - | \$ | 1,472,566 |
| Total Primary Government | | | | | | | | | \$ | 3,183,944 |
| Educiory Activities | | | | | | | | | | |
| Fiduciary Activities: Custodial Funds | \$ | 239,837 | \$ | | Ф | | \$ | | Ф | 239,837 |
| | Φ | • | | <u>-</u> | Φ | | Φ | | <u>Φ</u> | |
| Total Fiduciary Activities | <u></u> | 239,837 | \$ | | | | <u>*</u> | - | <u></u> | 239,837 |

As of June 30, 2021, the Ohio Facilities Construction Commission, a major discretely presented component unit, reported an intergovernmental payable balance totaling approximately \$375.2 million for long-term funding contracts the Commission has with local school districts. In the government-wide Statement of Net Position, the intergovernmental payable balance for the Commission is included with "Other Noncurrent Liabilities." The contracts commit the State to cover the costs of construction of facilities of the school districts once the districts have met certain eligibility requirements.



NOTE 6 PAYABLES (Continued)

C. Refund and Other Liabilities

Refund and other liabilities for the primary government and fiduciary activities, as of June 30, 2021, consist of the balances, as follows (dollars in thousands):

| Prima | ary Government ar | d Fidu | ciary Activitie | s - Re | und and Othe | r Liabi | lities | | | |
|---|-------------------------------------|--------|----------------------------------|--------|--|-------------|---|------------------------------|----|--|
| | | | | Tax | onal Income Estimated und Claims | WithI He | Payroll holding and alth Care Benefits | Other | | Total |
| Governmental Activities: Major Governmental Funds: General | | | | \$ | 1,261,042 | \$ | 143,977 | \$ 31,610 2,982 | \$ | 1,436,629 2,982 |
| Total Governmental Activities | | | | \$ | 1,261,042 | \$ | 143,977 | \$ 34,592 | \$ | 1,439,611 |
| | Reserve for Compensation Adjustment | | t Pension / EB Liability | | efund and irity Deposits | | npensated bsences | Other | | Total |
| Business-Type Activities: Major Proprietary Funds: Workers' Compensation Lottery Commission Unemployment Compensation Nonmajor Proprietary Funds | \$ 1,649,999 - - - | \$ | 149,066 24,150 - 53,974 | \$ | 29,664 8,065 | \$ | 34,732 5,383 - 12,189 | \$ 280,310 23,564 - | \$ | 2,114,107 82,761 8,065 66,163 |
| Reconciliation of balances included in the "Other Noncurrent Liabilities" balance in the government-wide financial statements | 1,649,999 | | 227,190 (227,190) | | 37,729 | | 52,304 | 303,874 | | 2,271,096 (2,182,337) |
| Total Business-Type Activities Total Primary Government | \$ - | \$ | | \$ | 37,729 | \$ | - | \$ 51,030 | \$ | 88,759 1,528,370 |
| | | | | | | | d Support | Other | _ | Total |
| Fiduciary Activities: State Highway Patrol Retirement System Pension Trust (12/31/2020) Private Purpose Trust Funds: | | | | | | \$ | - | \$ 1,476 | \$ | 1,476 |
| Variable College Savings PlanSTABLE Program | | | | | | | - | 55,886 19 | | 55,886 19 |
| STAR Ohio Investment Trust Custodial Funds Total Fiduciary Activities | | | | | | \$ | - 88,237 88,237 | \$ 7,868 65,309 | \$ | 96,105 153,546 |

In the major discretely presented component units, the "Refunds and Other Liabilities" balance reported, as of June 30, 2021, is comprised largely of payables similar to the primary government, such as refund and security deposits, compensated absences, capital leases, and other miscellaneous payables.

NOTE 7 INTERFUND BALANCES AND TRANSFERS AND SIGNIFICANT TRANSACTIONS WITH COMPONENT UNITS

A. Interfund Balances

Interfund balances, as of June 30, 2021, consist of the following (dollars in thousands):

| | | Due T | o | | |
|--------------------------------------|-----|------------|-----|----------|---------------|
| | | | No | nmajor | |
| | V | Vorkers' | Pro | prietary | |
| Due from | Con | npensation | F | unds | Total |
| | | | | | _ |
| General | \$ | 372,658 | \$ | 1,989 | \$ 374,647 |
| Job, Family and Other Human Services | | 8,771 | | - | 8,771 |
| Pandemic Relief Funds | | 6,011 | | | 6,011 |
| Nonmajor Governmental Funds | | 96,647 | | - | 96,647 |
| Lottery Commission | | 864 | | - | 864 |
| Total | \$ | 484,951 | \$ | 1,989 | \$ 486,940 |

Interfund balances result from the time lag between dates that 1) interfund goods and services are provided or reimbursable expenditures/expenses occur, 2) transactions are recorded in the accounting system, and 3) payments between funds are made.

The State's primary government is permitted to pay its workers' compensation liability on a terminal-funding (pay-as-you-go) basis. As a result, the Workers' Compensation Enterprise Fund recognized \$485 million as an interfund receivable for the unbilled premium due for the primary government's share of the Bureau's actuarially determined liability for compensation. In the Statement of Net Position, the State includes the liability in the internal balance reported for governmental activities.

B. Interfund Transfers

Interfund transfers, for the fiscal year ended of June 30, 2021, consist of the following (dollars in thousands):

| | | | Transferred | :0 | | |
|---|------------|-------------|--------------|--------------|-------------|-------------|
| | | Job, Family | | | _ | |
| | | & Other | Other Major | Nonmajor | | |
| | | Human | Governmental | Governmental | Proprietary | |
| Transferred from | General | Services | Funds | Funds | Funds | Total |
| General | \$ - | \$ 13,683 | \$ 17 | \$ 1,855,691 | \$ 39,247 | \$1,908,638 |
| Job, Family and Other Human Services Buckeye Tobacco Settlement | - | - | - | 5,465 | - | 5,465 |
| Financing Authority Revenue Bonds | 22,614 | - | - | - | - | 22,614 |
| Pandemic Relief Funds | - | - | - | - | 8,253 | 8,253 |
| Nonmajor Governmental Funds | 241,268 | 171 | 18 | 215,192 | - | 456,649 |
| Workers' Compensation | 8,923 | - | - | - | - | 8,923 |
| Lottery Commission | 1,679 | - | - | 1,359,010 | - | 1,360,689 |
| Unemployment Compensation | 6,956 | 13,467 | - | - | - | 20,423 |
| Total | \$ 281,440 | \$ 27,321 | \$ 35 | \$ 3,435,358 | \$ 47,500 | \$3,791,654 |

Transfers are used to 1) move revenues from the fund that statute or budget requires to collect them, to the fund that statute or budget requires to expend them, 2) move receipts restricted to debt service from the funds collecting the receipts, to the debt service fund as the debt service payments become due, and 3) utilize unrestricted revenues collected in one fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budget authorizations.

454,795 550,103

1,531,000

2,535,898

442

21,905

22.347

10,482

10,482



NOTE 7 INTERFUND BALANCES AND TRANSFERS AND SIGNIFICANT TRANSACTIONS WITH COMPONENT UNITS (Continued)

C. Discretely Presented Component Units

For fiscal year 2021, the discretely presented component units reported \$2.54 billion in state assistance revenue from the primary government in the Statement of Activities.

Included in "Primary, Secondary, and Other Education" expenses reported for the governmental activities, is the funding that the primary government provided to the Ohio Facilities Construction Commission for capital construction at local school districts. The primary government also transferred bond proceeds to the Ohio Facilities Construction Commission to pay the State's share of the cost of rebuilding elementary and secondary school facilities across the State.

Additionally, the primary government provided financial support to the colleges and universities in the form of state appropriations for instructional and non-instructional purposes and capital appropriations for construction. This assistance is included in "Higher Education Support" expenses reported for governmental activities.

Details of balances and activity reported in the government-wide financial statements between the primary government and its discretely presented component units are summarized below:

Primary Government

| | | • | | | ı Program Evr | enses for Stat | ο Λεεί | stance to | Comr | onent I Inite |
|--|-------|------------------|------|--------------------|------------------------|----------------------|--------|------------|------|--------------------------|
| | | | | | i Program Exp | enses for State | e Assi | starice to | COM | oneni oniis |
| | _ | | _ | | Primary, | | | | | |
| | | eivable | Pay | able to | Secondary, | Higher | | | | otal State |
| | | m the ponent | Cor | the nponent | and Other Education | Education Support | Tranc | sportation | | sistance to Component |
| | | Iponeni Jnits | | Units | Function | Function | | unction | uie | Units |
| Major Governmental Funds: | | ,, iii.O | | 0.110 | - 1 011011011 | - 1 011011 | | 1100011 | | Oi iii.o |
| General | \$ | _ | \$ | 11,010 | \$ 454,795 | \$ 2,078,413 | \$ | 2,690 | \$ | 2,535,898 |
| Job, Family and Other Human Services | | - | | 3,611 | - | - | | · - | | - |
| Nonmajor Governmental Funds | | 9,849 | | 7,726 | | _ | | - | | - |
| Total Primary Government | \$ | 9,849 | \$ | 22,347 | \$ 454,795 | \$ 2,078,413 | \$ | 2,690 | \$ | 2,535,898 |
| | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | |
| ' | Jiscr | - | | nted Co in thou | om ponent U | nits | | | | |
| | | (00 | marc | | sarras) | | | | т | otal State |
| | | | | | | Receivable | | | | ssistance |
| | | | | | | from the | Paya | ble to the | | from the |
| | | | | | | Primary | Pr | rimary | | Primary |
| | | | | | | Government | Gov | ernment | Go | overnment |
| Major Discretely Presented Component Units | : | | | | | Government | Gov | ernment | G | (|

Ohio Facilities Construction Commission.....

Total Discretely Presented Component Units

NOTE 8 CAPITAL ASSETS

A. Primary GovernmentCapital asset activity, for the year ended June 30, 2021, reported for the primary government was as follows (dollars in thousands):

| | | | Prim ary (| Gove | ernment | | |
|---|---------------------------------------|----|-------------|------|---|----|-------------|
| | Balance | | | | | | Balance |
| | July 1, 2020 | ln | creases | D | ecreases | Ju | ne 30, 2021 |
| Governmental Activities: | | | | | | | |
| Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated: | | | | | | | |
| Land | \$ 2,519,465 | \$ | 115,986 | \$ | (12,741) | \$ | 2,622,710 |
| Buildings | 62,464 | | 2,847 | | - | | 65,311 |
| Land Improvements | 1,439 | | - | | - | | 1,439 |
| Construction-in-Progress | 2,474,654 | | 515,128 | | (323,554) | | 2,666,228 |
| Infrastructure: | | | | | | | |
| Highway Network: | | | | | | | |
| General Subsystem | 9,074,849 | | 22,656 | | - | | 9,097,505 |
| Priority Subsystem | 9,143,435 | | 66,999 | | - | | 9,210,434 |
| Bridge Network | 2,996,353 | | 16,487 | | (18,151) | | 2,994,689 |
| Total Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated | 26,272,659 | | 740,103 | | (354,446) | | 26,658,316 |
| Other Capital Assets: | | | | | (,, | - | -,,- |
| Buildings | 4,187,790 | | 166,287 | | (12,861) | | 4,341,216 |
| Land Improvements | 552,577 | | 16,869 | | (2,479) | | 566,967 |
| Machinery and Equipment | 1,750,949 | | 104,181 | | (52,589) | | 1,802,541 |
| Vehicles | 549,832 | | 25,642 | | (29,944) | | 545,530 |
| Infrastructure: | 040,002 | | 20,042 | | (20,044) | | 0-10,000 |
| Parks, Recreation and Natural Resources Network | 284,421 | | 21 | | - | | 284,442 |
| Total Other Capital Assets at Historical Cost | 7,325,569 | | 313,000 | | (97,873) | | 7,540,696 |
| Less Accumulated Depreciation for: | | | • | | | | · · · · · |
| Buildings | 2,606,045 | | 116,725 | | (11,313) | | 2,711,457 |
| Land Improvements | 381,540 | | 20,004 | | (1,540) | | 400,004 |
| Machinery and Equipment | 1,245,760 | | 78,461 | | (41,798) | | 1,282,423 |
| Vehicles | 323,108 | | 51,638 | | (27,047) | | 347,699 |
| Infrastructure: | , | | - 1, | | (== ,= ;= , | | - 11,000 |
| Parks, Recreation and Natural Resources Network | 58,561 | | 7,651 | | _ | | 66,212 |
| | | | | | (94.609) | | |
| Total Accumulated Depreciation | 4,615,014 | | 274,479 | | (81,698) | | 4,807,795 |
| Other Capital Assets, Net | 2,710,555 | _ | 38,521 | Φ. | (16,175) | Ф. | 2,732,901 |
| Governmental Activities - Capital Assets, Net | \$ 28,983,214 | \$ | 778,624 | | (370,621) | | 29,391,217 |
| Business-Type Activities: | | | | | | | |
| Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated: | | | | | | | |
| Land | \$ 9,466 | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | 9,466 |
| Construction-In Progress | 73,923 | | | | (73,923) | | - |
| Total Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated | 83,389 | | - | | (73,923) | | 9,466 |
| Other Capital Assets: | | | | | | | |
| Buildings | 209,439 | | - | | - | | 209,439 |
| Machinery and Equipment | 197,691 | | 88,997 | | (1,267) | | 285,421 |
| Vehicles | 3,700 | | 466 | | (543) | | 3,623 |
| Total Other Capital Assets at Historical Cost | 410,830 | | 89,463 | | (1,810) | | 498,483 |
| Less Accumulated Depreciation for: | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | | | | <u>, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , </u> | | |
| Buildings | 201,479 | | 779 | | - | | 202,258 |
| Machinery and Equipment | 176,200 | | 21,741 | | (1,204) | | 196,737 |
| Vehicles | 2,287 | | 401 | | (460) | | 2,228 |
| Total Accumulated Depreciation | 379,966 | | 22,921 | | (1,664) | | 401,223 |
| | , | | , | | · ,/ | | , |
| Other Capital Assets, Net | 30,864 | | 66,542 | • | (146) | | 97,260 |



NOTE 8 CAPITAL ASSETS (Continued)

For fiscal year 2021, the State charged depreciation expense to the following functions (dollars in thousands):

| Governmental Activities: | • | reciation Expense |
|--|----|----------------------|
| Primary, Secondary and Other Education | \$ | 2.773 |
| Public Assistance and Medicaid | · | 17,997 |
| Health and Human Services | | 14,029 |
| Justice and Public Protection | | 66,389 |
| Environmental Protection and Natural Resources | | 27,052 |
| Transportation | | 80,119 |
| General Government | | 65,554 |
| Community and Economic Development | | 7,156 |
| Total Depreciation Expense for Governmental Activities | | 281,069 |
| Gains (Losses) on Capital Asset Disposals Included in Depreciation | | (6,590) |
| Fiscal Year 2021 Increases to Accumulated Depreciation | \$ | 274,479 |
| Business-Type Activities: | | |
| Workers' Compensation | \$ | 14,224 |
| Lottery Commission | | 8,398 |
| Tuition Trust Authority | | 8 |
| Office of Auditor of State | | 183 |
| Total Depreciation Expense for Business-Type Activities | | 22,813 |
| Gains (Losses) on Capital Asset Disposals Included in Depreciation | | 108 |
| Fiscal year 2020 Increase to Accumulated Depreciation | \$ | 22,921 |

As of June 30, 2021, the State considered the following governmental capital asset balances as being impaired and removed from service (dollars in thousands):

| Governmental Activities: | Net Bo | ook Value |
|---|--------|-----------|
| Permanently Impaired Assets Removed from Service: | | _ |
| Buildings | \$ | 4,198 |
| Land Improvements | | 225 |
| Total | \$ | 4,423 |



NOTE 8 CAPITAL ASSETS (Continued)

B. Major Discretely Presented Component Unit

Capital asset activity, for the year ended June 30, 2021, reported for major discretely presented component unit funds with significant capital asset balance was as follows (dollars in thousands):

| | Major I | Discretely Pres | ented Compon | ent Unit |
|---|--------------|-----------------|--------------|---------------|
| | Balance | | | Balance |
| | July 1, 2020 | Increases | Decreases | June 30, 2021 |
| Ohio State University: | | | | |
| Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated: | | | | |
| Land | \$ 139,597 | \$ 2,071 | \$ - | \$ 141,668 |
| Construction-in-Progress | 950,722 | 1,005,694 | (884,446) | 1,071,970 |
| Patents and Trademarks | 18,589 | - | (124) | 18,465 |
| Total Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated | 1,108,908 | 1,007,765 | (884,570) | 1,232,103 |
| Other Capital Assets: | | | | |
| Buildings | 7,038,077 | 587,797 | (24,749) | 7,601,125 |
| Land Improvements | 979,039 | 30,215 | (9) | 1,009,245 |
| Machinery, Equipment and Vehicles | 1,771,655 | 330,227 | (36,677) | 2,065,205 |
| Library Books and Publications | 196,468 | 3,943 | (220) | 200,191 |
| Total Other Capital Assets at Historical Cost | 9,985,239 | 952,182 | (61,655) | 10,875,766 |
| Less Accumulated Depreciation for: | | | | |
| Buildings | 3,313,930 | 239,217 | (20,844) | 3,532,303 |
| Land Improvements | 400,326 | 45,523 | 1,334 | 447,183 |
| Machinery, Equipment and Vehicles | 1,285,345 | 180,107 | (24,942) | 1,440,510 |
| Library Books and Publications | 172,531 | 4,626 | (218) | 176,939 |
| Total Accumulated Depreciation | 5,172,132 | 469,473 | (44,670) | 5,596,935 |
| Other Capital Assets, Net | 4,813,107 | 482,709 | (16,985) | 5,278,831 |
| Total Capital Assets, Net | \$ 5,922,015 | \$1,490,474 | \$ (901,555) | \$ 6,510,934 |
| | | | | |

For fiscal year 2021, Ohio State University reported approximately \$470.7 million in depreciation expense. Increases to accumulated depreciation not included in depreciation expense include \$1.2 million related to a loss on the sale of capital assets.

NOTE 9 PENSION AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) PLANS

All part-time and full-time employees and elected officials of the State, including its component units (unless otherwise excluded in Ohio Revised Code), are eligible to be covered by one of the following retirement plans:

- Ohio Public Employees Retirement System
- State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio
- State Highway Patrol Retirement System
- Alternative Retirement Plan

GASB 68 and 75 require employers participating in cost-sharing multiple-employer retirement plans to recognize a proportionate share of net pension and OPEB assets/liabilities, expenses, and deferrals. For the year ended June 30, 2021, the State recognized total pension expense for all retirement plans of \$139 million, net pension liabilities of \$3.64 billion, net pension assets of \$57.3 million, deferred outflows of \$430.1 million, and deferred inflows of \$1.61 billion. The State also recognized total OPEB expense of \$(2.21) billion, net OPEB liabilities of \$633.4 million, net OPEB assets of \$384.9 million, deferred outflows of \$483 million, and deferred inflows of \$1.3 billion.

A. Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS) Pension Benefits

OPERS is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer public employee retirement system that administers three separate pension plans – the Traditional Pension Plan (Traditional Plan) which is a defined benefit plan, the Member-Directed Plan which is a defined contribution plan, and the Combined Plan with features of both the defined benefit plan and the defined contribution plan.



OPERS issues a stand-alone financial report, which may be obtained by visiting https://www.opers.org or by making a written request to Ohio Public Employees Retirement System, 277 East Town Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215-4642, or calling (800) 222-7377.

As established under Chapter 145, Ohio Revised Code, OPERS provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and survivor and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries enrolled in the defined benefit and combined plans.

New employees hired on or after January 1, 2003, are eligible to select one of the OPERS retirement plans, as listed above, in which they wish to participate. Members not eligible to select a plan include law enforcement officers, who must participate in the defined benefit plan, college and university employees who choose to participate in one of the university's alternative retirement plans (see NOTE 9D), and re-employed OPERS retirees.

Senate Bill 343 was enacted into law with an effective date of January 7, 2013. In the legislation, members were categorized into three groups with varying provisions of the law applicable to each group. Members eligible to retire under the law in effect prior to Senate Bill 343 or who will be eligible to retire no later than five years after January 7, 2013, comprise Transition Group A. Members with 20 years of service credit prior to January 7, 2013, or who will be eligible to retire no later than 10 years after January 7, 2013, are included in Transition Group B. Those members who are not in Group A or B or were hired after January 7, 2013, are in Transition Group C.

The age and service requirements for State and Law Enforcement employees in all transition groups are shown in the table below:

| Unreduced Benefit | Jnreduced Benefit Group A | | Gro | ир В | Group C | | |
|-------------------|---------------------------|---------|-----|---------|---------|---------|--|
| On caacca Benefit | Age | Service | Age | Service | Age | Service | |
| | Any | 30 | 52 | 31 | 55 | 32 | |
| State | N/A | N/A | Any | 32 | N/A | N/A | |
| | 65 | 5 | 66 | 5 | 67 | 5 | |
| Law Enforcement | 48 | 25 | 50 | 25 | 52 | 25 | |
| Law Lindicement | 62 | 15 | 64 | 15 | 64 | 15 | |

| Reduced Benefit | Grou | ıp A | Group B | | Group B Group C | | |
|-----------------|------|---------|---------|---------|-----------------|---------|--|
| Reddeed Benefit | Age | Service | Age | Service | Age | Service | |
| State | 55 | 25 | 55 | 25 | 57 | 25 | |
| State | 60 | 5 | 60 | 5 | 62 | 5 | |
| Law Enforcement | 52 | 15 | 52 | 15 | 56 | 15 | |
| Law Lindicement | N/A | N/A | 48 | 25 | 48 | 25 | |

The retirement allowance for the Traditional Plan (defined benefit) is calculated based on age, years of credited service, and the final average salary. The annual allowance for regular employees for members in Transition Groups A and B is determined by multiplying the final average salary by 2.2 percent for each year of Ohio contributing service up to 30 years and by 2.5 percent for all other years in excess of 30 years of credited service. The annual allowance for regular employees for members in Transition Group C is determined by multiplying the final average salary by 2.2 percent for each year of Ohio contributing service up to 35 years and by 2.5 percent for all other years in excess of 35 years of credited service. The annual allowance for law enforcement employees is determined by multiplying the final average salary by 2.5 percent for the first 25 years of Ohio contributing service, and by 2.1 percent for each year of service over 25 years. Retirement benefits increase three percent annually of the original base amount regardless of changes in the Consumer Price Index for those who retired prior to January 7, 2013. For those retiring after January 7, 2013, beginning in calendar year 2019, the increase will be based on the average increase in the Consumer Price Index, capped at three percent.



The retirement allowance for the Combined Plan (defined benefit portion) is calculated based on age, years of credited service, and the final average salary. The annual allowance for regular employees for members in Transition Groups A and B is determined by multiplying the final average salary by one percent for each year of Ohio contributing service up to 30 years and by 1.25 percent for all other years in excess of 30 years of credited service. The annual allowance for regular employees for members in Transition Group C is determined by multiplying the final average salary by one percent for each year of Ohio contributing service up to 35 years and by 1.25 percent for all other years in excess of 35 years of credited service. Retirement benefits for the defined benefit portion of the plan increase three percent annually of the original base amount regardless of changes in the Consumer Price Index, for those who retired prior to January 7, 2013. For those retiring after January 7, 2013, the increase will be based on the average increase in the Consumer Price Index, capped at three percent. Additionally, retirees receive the proceeds of their individual retirement plans in a manner similar to retirees in the defined contribution plan, as discussed below.

Certain retirees and benefit recipients may also choose to take part of their retirement benefit in a Partial Lump-Sum Option Plan (PLOP). Under this option, the amount of the monthly pension benefit paid to the retiree is actuarially reduced to offset the amount received initially under the PLOP. The amount payable under the PLOP cannot be less than six times or more than 36 times the monthly amount that would be payable to the member under the plan of payment selected and cannot result in a monthly allowance that is less than 50 percent of that monthly amount.

Regular employees who participate in the Member-Directed Plan (defined contribution) may retire after they reach the age of 55. The retirement allowance for the defined contribution plan is based entirely on the total member and vested employer contributions to the plan, plus or minus any investment gains or losses. Employer contributions vest at a rate of 20 percent per year over a five-year vesting period. Retirees may choose from various payment options including monthly annuities, a PLOP, rollovers to another eligible retirement plan, or made payable to the member, or various combinations of these options. Participants direct the investment of their accounts by selecting from professionally managed OPERS investment options.

Employer and employee required contributions to OPERS are established by the Retirement Board and are within the limits authorized by the Ohio Revised Code. The contribution rates are based on percentages of covered employees' gross salaries, which are calculated annually by the retirement system's actuaries. The Ohio Revised Code currently limits the employer contribution to a rate not to exceed 14 percent of covered payroll for regular employees and 18.1 percent of covered payroll for law enforcement employees.

Contribution rates for fiscal year 2021, which are the same for the defined benefit, defined contribution, and combined plans, were as follows:

| | Contribution Rates | | | |
|---|--------------------|-------------------|--|--|
| | Employee Share | Employer Share | | |
| Regular Employees: July 1, 2020 through June 30, 2021 | 10.00% | 14.00% | | |
| Law Enforcement Employees: July 1, 2020 through June 30, 2021 | 13.00% | 18.10% | | |

In the Combined Plan, the employer's share finances the defined benefit portion of the plan, while the employee's share finances the defined contribution portion of the plan. In the Member Directed defined contribution plan, both the employee and employer share of the costs are used to finance the plan.



At June 30, 2021, the State reports a liability of \$3.16 billion for its proportionate share of the net pension liability for the Traditional Plan and an asset for its proportionate share of the net pension asset of \$57.3 million for the Combined Plan. Ohio State University discretely presented component unit reports liabilities of \$1.5 billion for its proportionate share of the net pension liability for the Traditional Plan. The net pension liability/asset was measured as of December 31, 2020. The Plan's total pension liability used to calculate the Plan's net pension liability/asset was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2020. The State's proportion of the net pension liability/asset is determined by a measure of the State's proportionate relationship of employer contributions made to OPERS to the total contributions made to OPERS by all employers and non-employer contributing entities to the Plan. At December 31, 2020, the State's proportion was 21.37 percent for the Traditional Plan based on employer contributions of \$421.7 million, as compared to the December 31, 2019, proportion of 20.82 percent. For the Combined Plan, the State's proportion at December 31, 2020, was 19.85 percent based on employer contributions of \$11.8 million, as compared to the December 31, 2019, proportion of 19.36 percent. The proportion for the Traditional Plan for Ohio State University discretely presented component unit was 10.4 percent based on employer contributions totaling \$240.1 million compared to 10.2 percent for the previous fiscal year. For purposes of measuring the net pension liability/asset. Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the system and additions to and deductions from the fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the Plan. For this purpose, deductions are recorded when the liability is incurred, and revenues are recognized when earned. Refunds are payable two months after termination of the member's employment. All investments are reported at fair value.

For the year ended June 30, 2021, the State recognized pension expense of \$103.9 million for the Traditional Plan, and \$1.2 million for the Combined Plan. Ohio State University discretely presented component unit, recognized \$(134.8) million in pension expense.

At June 30, 2021, the State reported Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources related to pensions from the following sources (dollars in thousands):



| | Pension | | | |
|---|---------|------------|----|-----------|
| | | Primary | 0 | hio State |
| Traditional Plan | Go | vernment | U | niversity |
| Deferred Outflow of Resources: | | | | |
| Differences Between Expected and Actual Experience | \$ | - | \$ | 1,578 |
| Changes of Assumptions | | 109 | | 2,577 |
| Change in Employers' Proportionate Share | | 91,752 | | 4,836 |
| Contributions Subsequent to the Measurement Date | | 181,516 | | 118,738 |
| Total | \$ | 273,377 | \$ | 127,729 |
| Deferred Inflow of Resources: | | | | |
| Net Difference Betw een Projected and Actual Earnings | | | | |
| on Pension Plan Investments | \$ (| 1,233,458) | \$ | (602,692) |
| Change in Employers' Proportionate Share | | (4,447) | | (21) |
| Differences Between Expected and Actual Experience | | (132,688) | | (72,258) |
| Total | \$ (| 1,370,593) | \$ | (674,971) |
| | | Primary | | |
| Combined Plan | | vernment | | |
| Deferred Outflow of Resources: | | | | |
| Change in Employers' Proportionate Share | \$ | 289 | | |
| Change in Assumptions | | 3,473 | | |
| Contributions Subsequent to the Measurement Date | | 5,088 | | |
| Total | \$ | 8,850 | | |
| Deferred Inflow of Resources: | | | | |
| Change in Employers' Proportionate Share | \$ | (852) | | |
| Net Difference Between Projected and Actual Earnings | | | | |
| on Pension Plan Investments | | (8,272) | | |
| Differences Between Expected and Actual Experience | | (10,494) | | |
| Total | \$ | (19,618) | | |

Deferred Outflows of Resources of \$181.5 million related to pensions resulting from State contributions subsequent to the measurement date for the Traditional Plan will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2022. Deferred Outflows of Resources of \$5.1 million resulting from State contributions subsequent to the measurement period for the Combined Plan will be recognized as an increase to the net pension asset in the year ended June 30, 2022. Ohio State University, a discretely presented component unit, will recognize \$118.7 million resulting from contributions subsequent to the measurement period as a reduction of its net pension liability in the following year.

Other amounts reported as Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows (dollars in thousands):



| | | Pen | sion | |
|---------------------|--------------|------------|------|------------|
| | | Primary | (| Ohio State |
| Traditional Plan | Government | | ι | Jniversity |
| Year Ended June 30: | | | | |
| 2022 | \$ | (490, 149) | \$ | (245,432) |
| 2023 | | (142,231) | | (91,050) |
| 2024 | | (478,048) | | (244,892) |
| 2025 | | (168, 266) | | (83,567) |
| 2026 | (20) (18) | | | (457) |
| Thereafter | | | | (582) |
| | | Primary | | |
| Combined Plan | Go | vernment | | |
| Year Ended June 30: | | | | |
| 2022 | \$ | (4,062) | | |
| 2023 | | (2,610) | | |
| 2024 | | (4,518) | | |
| 2025 | | (2,156) | | |
| 2026 | | (991) | | |
| Thereafter | | (1,519) | | |

OPEB Benefits

In addition to the pension plan, OPERS maintains a cost-sharing, multiple-employer postemployment health care plan for the Traditional Plan and Combined Plan, which includes hospitalization, medical expenses and prescription drugs for non-Medicare retirees and eligible dependents. Medicare Eligible retirees must select coverage through the OPERS Medicare Connector and may receive an allowance to offset a portion of the monthly premium to retirees and eligible dependents. The allowance is deposited into a Health Retirement Account to be used to reimburse eligible health care expenses. Members of the Member-Directed Plan do not qualify for ancillary benefits, including postemployment health care coverage, but qualify for a Retiree Medical Account.

The Ohio Revised Code permits, but does not mandate, OPERS to provide OPEB benefits to its eligible recipients, with one exception. Ohio law currently requires OPERS to provide a Medicare Part A equivalent plan or reimbursement for members and dependents who do qualify for Medicare Part A. Authority to establish and amend OPEB benefits is provided in Chapter 145 of the Ohio Revised Code as well.

To qualify for postemployment health care coverage, age-and-service retirees under the Traditional and Combined plans must have 20 years of qualifying Ohio service credit with a minimum age of 60, or 30 or more years of qualifying service at any age. The Member Directed Plan participants can use vested retiree medical account funds upon retirement for reimbursement of qualified medical expenses. Currently, an employee's interest in the medical account for qualifying health care expenses vests based on length of service, with 100 percent vesting attained after five years of credited service for employees hired prior to July 1, 2015. Members who elect the Member-Directed Plan after July 1, 2015, will vest at 15 years of service at a rate of 10 percent each year starting with the sixth year of participation.

Medicare-eligible retirees who choose to become re-employed in an OPERS covered position must enroll in the employer's health care plan if the employer offers a plan. After the two-month forfeiture period, the retiree may continue participation in an OPERS health care plan. The coverage provided by the employer plan is primary coverage and the OPERS health care plan is secondary coverage. OPERS provides a monthly allowance to offset a portion of the monthly premium. Medicare eligible spouses and dependents can also enroll in this plan if the retiree is enrolled. Health care coverage for disability benefit recipients and qualified survivor benefit recipients is available. Spouses eligible for Medicare will have access to OPERS Medicare Connector and, if not yet eligible for Medicare, will have access to OPERS group coverage at full cost to the spouse.



The Ohio Revised Code provides the statutory authority which allows public employers to fund post-retirement health care through their contributions to OPERS. A portion of each employer's contribution to OPERS may be set aside for the funding of post-retirement health care benefits. Each year, the OPERS Board of Trustees determines the portion of the employer contribution rate that will be set aside for funding of postemployment health care benefits. The OPEB contribution rates for regular and law enforcement employees for 2020 and 2021 was zero percent for the Traditional and Combined Plans. The employer contribution to the Member Directed Plan participants health care accounts for 2020 was four percent. Employers make no further contributions to a member's health care account after retirement, nor do employers have any further obligation to provide postemployment health care benefits.

At June 30, 2021, the State reports an asset of \$378.6 million for its proportionate share of the net OPEB asset compared to a liability of \$2.86 billion at June 30, 2020. Ohio State University discretely presented component unit reports assets of \$189.8 million for its proportionate share of the net OPEB asset, as compared to a liability of \$1.44 billion as of June 30, 2020. The net OPEB asset was measured as of December 31, 2020. The Plan's total OPEB liability used to calculate the Plan's net OPEB asset was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31. 2019, rolled forward to the measurement date of December 31, 2020, by incorporating the expected value of health care cost accruals, the actual health care payments, and interest accruals during the year. The State's proportion of the net OPEB asset is determined by a measure of the State's proportionate relationship of employer contributions made to OPERS to the total contributions made to OPERS by all employers. At December 31, 2020, the State's proportion was 21.25 percent based on total employer contributions to OPERS of \$449.8 million, as compared to the December 31, 2019, proportion of 20.71 percent. The proportion for the Ohio State University discretely presented component unit was 10.7 percent based on employer contributions totaling \$240.1 million compared to 10.4 percent for the previous fiscal year. For purposes of measuring the net OPEB asset, Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the system and additions to and deductions from the fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the plan. For this purpose, deductions are recorded when the liability is incurred, and revenues are recognized when earned.

For the year ended June 30, 2021, the State recognized OPEB expense of \$(2.26) billion. Ohio State University discretely presented component unit, recognized \$(1.12) billion in OPEB expense. At June 30, 2021, the State reported Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources related to OPEB from the following sources (dollars in thousands):

| | OPEB | | | |
|--|------|-------------|----|------------|
| | | Primary | С | hio State |
| | G | overnment | | Iniversity |
| Deferred Outflow of Resources: | | | | |
| Changes of Assumptions | \$ | 186,068 | \$ | 91,112 |
| Change in Employers' Proportionate Share | | 51,962 | | 3,076 |
| Total | \$ | 238,030 | \$ | 94,188 |
| Deferred Inflow of Resources: | | | | |
| Differences Between Expected and Actual Experience | \$ | (341,543) | \$ | (170,003) |
| Net Difference Between Projected and Actual Earnings | | | | |
| on OPEB Plan Investments | | (201,666) | | (100,068) |
| Changes of Assumptions | | (613,367) | | (307,493) |
| Change in Employers' Proportionate Share | | (2,373) | | |
| Total | \$ | (1,158,949) | \$ | (577,564) |
| | | | | |

There were no State contributions related to OPEB subsequent to the measurement date and therefore, there will be no increase of the net OPEB asset resulting from state contributions subsequent to the measurement date recognized in the year ended June 30, 2022.



Other amounts reported as Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows (dollars in thousands):

| | OPEB | | | | | |
|----------------------|------|-----------|------------|-----------|--|--|
| | | Primary | Ohio State | | | |
| | G | overnment | University | | | |
| Year Ending June 30: | | | | | | |
| 2022 | \$ | (486,740) | \$ | (251,639) | | |
| 2023 | | (331,787) | | (176,653) | | |
| 2024 | | (78,635) | | (43,175) | | |
| 2025 | | (23,757) | | (11,909) | | |

Actuarial Assumptions for Pension and OPEB Liabilities

The total pension and OPEB liabilities were determined using the following actuarial assumptions listed in the individual tables below, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

| | Pension | | | | |
|---|--------------------------------|------------|--|--|--|
| | Traditional Plan Combin | | | | |
| Wage Inflation | 3.25% | 3.25% | | | |
| Salary Increases (including wage inflation) | 3.25-10.75% | 3.25-8.25% | | | |
| Investment Rate of Return | 7.20% | 7.20% | | | |
| COLA or Ad Hoc COLA * | 3.00% | 3.00% | | | |
| Actuarial Cost Method | Individual Entry Age (Both Pla | | | | |

*The COLA, for both the Traditional and Combined Plans, for retirees prior to January 7, 2013, is three percent simple. For retirees after that date, the COLA is 0.50 percent simple through 2021, and then becomes 2.15 percent simple.

| | OPEB |
|---|---------------------------------------|
| Wage Inflation | 3.25% |
| Salary Increases (including wage inflation) | 3.25%-10.75% |
| Single Discount Rate | 6.00% |
| Investment Rate of Return | 6.00% |
| Municipal Bond Rate | 2.00% |
| Health Care Cost Trend Rate | 8.50% initial, 3.50% ultimate in 2035 |
| Actuarial Cost Method | Individual Entry Age Normal |

The cost-of-living adjustments rate assumption for pensions for post January 7, 2013, retirees changed since the prior measurement date from 1.4 precent simple through 2020 to 0.5 percent through 2021. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.2 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumes that employer and employee contributions will be made at statutory contribution rates. Based on the projection, the plan's fiduciary net position would be available to make all projected benefit payments for all current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return of 7.2 percent was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total liability.

A single discount rate of 6 percent was used to measure the OPEB asset on the measurement date of December 31, 2020, as compared to a single discount rate of 3.16 percent on the measurement date of December 31, 2019. Projected benefit payments are required to be discounted to their actuarial present value using a single discount rate that reflects a long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments and tax-exempt municipal bond rates based on an index of 20-year general obligation bonds with an average AA credit rating as of the measurement date. This single discount rate was based on an expected rate of return on the health care investment portfolio of 6 percent and a municipal bond rate of 2 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine this single discount rate assumed that employer contributions will be made at the actuarily determined rate; therefore, the contributions were sufficient for health care costs to 2120. The health care investment rate was applied to projected costs to 2120, and the municipal bond rate applied thereafter.



For both tables, mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Employees mortality table. For disabled retirees, mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Disabled mortality table. The Healthy Annuitant Mortality tables were adjusted for mortality improvements back to the observation period base year of 2006, and then established the base year as 2010 for females, and 2015 for males.

The actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2020, valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study covering a five-year period between 2011 through 2015 and updated in conjunction with an Investment Return Assumption performed between the December 31, 2017, and December 31, 2018, valuations. The pension and health care valuation results are valued and presented as of December 31, 2020, and December 31, 2019, respectively.

An estimate range for investment return assumption for pension and OPEB is developed and based on the target allocation adopted by the OPERS Retirement Board. The target allocation and long-term expected rate of return for each major asset class are summarized as follows:

| | Pens | sion | OP | EB |
|------------------------|-------------------|---------------|-------------------|---------------|
| | | Weighted, | | Weighted, |
| | | Average Long- | | Average Long- |
| | | Term Expected | | Term Expected |
| | | Real Rate of | | Real Rate of |
| Asset Class | Target Allocation | Return* | Target Allocation | Return* |
| Fixed Income | 25% | 1.32% | 34% | 1.07% |
| Domestic Equity | 21% | 5.64% | 25% | 5.64% |
| Real Estate | 10% | 5.39% | 7% | 6.48% |
| Private Equity | 12% | 10.42% | 0% | 0.00% |
| International Equities | 23% | 7.36% | 25% | 7.36% |
| Other Investments | 9% | 4.75% | 9% | 4.02% |
| Total Fund | 100% | 5.43% | 100% | 4.43% |

^{*}Arithmetic.

Sensitivity of the State's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability/(Asset) to Changes in the Discount Rate – The following table represents the net pension liability/(asset) as of December 31, 2020, calculated using the current period discount rate assumption of 7.2 percent. Also shown is what the net pension liability/(asset) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.2 percent) or one percentage point higher (8.2 percent) than the current assumption (dollars in thousands):

| | Pension | | | | | | |
|------------------------|------------------|-----------|----|-----------|----|-------------|--|
| | Current Discount | | | | | | |
| | 1% Decrease Rate | | | | | 1% Increase | |
| Traditional Plan | | 6.2% | | 7.2% | | 8.2% | |
| Net Pension Liability: | | | | | | | |
| Primary Government | \$ 6 | 6,035,855 | \$ | 3,164,266 | \$ | 776,545 | |
| Ohio State University | 2 | 2,906,112 | | 1,503,497 | | 338,004 | |
| | | | | | | | |
| Combined Plan | | | | | | | |
| Net Pension (Asset): | | | | | | | |
| Primary Government | \$ | (39,906) | \$ | (57,311) | \$ | (70,275) | |
| | | | | | | | |

The table below represents sensitivity of the State's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability/(asset) to changes in the current period single discount rate assumption of 6 percent, as of December 31, 2020. The table below shows the expected net OPEB liability/(asset) if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (5 percent) or one percentage point higher (7 percent) than the current single discount rate (dollars in thousands):



| | OPEB | | | | | | |
|-----------------------------|----------------|----------|-------|---------------|-------|------------|--|
| | Current Single | | | | | | |
| | 1% | Decrease | Dis | Discount Rate | | 6 Increase | |
| | 5.00% | | 6.00% | | 7.00% | | |
| Net OPEB Liability/(Asset): | | | | | | | |
| Primary Government | \$ | (94,128) | \$ | (378,552) | \$ | (612,371) | |
| Ohio State University | | (47,204) | | (189,776) | | (307,093) | |

Changes in the health care cost trend rate may also have a significant impact on the net OPEB liability/(asset). Retiree health care valuations use a health care cost trend assumption that changes over several years built into the assumption. The near-term rates reflect increases in the current cost of health care; the trend starting in 2021 is 8.5 percent. The actuaries project premium rate decreases to a level at, or near, wage inflation for approximately the next decade, but by less each year, until leveling off at an ultimate rate, assumed to be 3.5 percent in the most recent valuation. The following table represents the net OPEB liability/(asset) calculated using the assumed trend rates, and the expected net OPEB liability/(asset) if it were calculated using a health care cost trend rate that is one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current health care cost trend rate assumption (dollars in thousands):

| | OPEB | | | | | |
|-----------------------------|-----------------|-----------|-----------------|-----------|----|------------|
| | Current Health | | | | | |
| | Care Cost Trend | | | | | |
| | 1% Decrease | | Rate Assumption | | 1% | 6 Increase |
| Net OPEB Liability/(Asset): | | | | | | |
| Primary Government | \$ | (387,777) | \$ | (378,552) | \$ | (368,229) |
| Ohio State University | | (194,464) | | (189,776) | | (184,661) |

Early Retirement Incentives (ERI)

State agencies, or departments within agencies, may offer voluntary ERI under Section 145.297, Ohio Revised Code. Through the ERI Program, the State can offer to purchase up to a maximum of five years' worth of service credit from OPERS on behalf of employees who would then meet the age and service requirements to qualify for retirement. The ERI plan must remain in effect for at least one year and the employees must be given at least thirty days' notice before terminating the plan.

State agencies are also required under Section 145.298, Ohio Revised Code, to offer a generally similar ERI when the terminations equal or exceed the lesser of 350 employees or 40 percent of the agency's workforce, as a result of a closure of the agency or a lay-off within a six-month period. Under these circumstances, qualifying employees must decide whether to accept the offer in the time between the announcement of the layoffs and the effective date. The amount of service credit offered cannot exceed five years or 20 percent of the total service credited to any participant. The ERI agreements establish an obligation to pay specific amounts on fixed dates.

As of June 30, 2021, the State had no significant liabilities relative to existing ERI agreements with state employees covered by OPERS. During fiscal year 2021, the State did not incur any significant expenditures/expenses related to ERI agreements.

B. State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio (STRS) Pension Benefits

STRS is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer public employee retirement system that administers three separate pension plans – the Defined Benefit Plan, the Defined Contribution Plan, and the Combined Plan with features of both the defined benefit plan and the defined contribution plan. STRS benefits are established under Chapter 3307, Ohio Revised Code.

STRS also provides death, survivor, and disability benefits to members in the Defined Benefit and Combined Plans.



STRS issues a stand-alone financial report, copies of which may be obtained by making a written request to State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio, Attention: Chief Financial Officer, 275 East Broad Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215-3771, by calling (888) 227-7877 or by visiting the STRS Website at https://www.strsoh.org.

For retirement dates between August 1, 2019, and July 1, 2021, participants in the Defined Benefit Plan may retire with an unreduced benefit after 33 years of credited service regardless of age, or age 65 with five years of credited service. Effective between August 1, 2019, and July 1, 2021, any member may retire with reduced benefit amounts at any age with 30 years of service, or at age 55 with 28 years of credited service, or at age 60 with 5 years of credited service. Eligibility changes will be phased in through August 1, 2026, when retirement eligibility for unreduced benefits will be five years of service credit and age 65, or 35 years of service credit and at least age 60. Retirement eligibility for reduced benefits will be five years of service credit and age 60; or 30 years of service credit regardless of age. Benefits are based on the final average salary based on the five highest years of earnings, and by multiplying 2.2 percent times the number of years of service credit. Retirees are entitled to a maximum annual retirement benefit, payable in monthly installments for life, equal to the "formula benefit" calculation

For members who were eligible to retire on July 1, 2015, or later, the annual benefit amount will be the greater of either the benefit amount calculated under the current benefit formula as described above, or the benefit amount calculated as of July 1, 2015, under the previous benefit formula, as described below.

The previous benefit formula was based on years of credited service and the final average salary, which is the average of the member's three highest salary years. The annual allowance is determined by multiplying the final average salary by 2.2 percent for the first 30 years of credited service. Each year over 30 years is incrementally increased by 0.1 percent, starting at 2.5 percent for the 31st year of contributing service up to a maximum allowance of 100 percent of final average salary. Upon reaching 35 years of Ohio service, the first 31 years of Ohio contributing service are multiplied by 2.5 percent, and each year over 31 years is incrementally increased by 0.1 percent starting at 2.6 percent for the 32nd year.

Retirees choose from one of four payment options, including annuity options and a "partial lump-sum" option. Under the partial lump-sum option, retirees may take a lump-sum payment that equals from six to 36 times their monthly service retirement benefit. Subsequent monthly benefits are reduced proportionally.

Employees hired after July 1, 2001, may choose to participate in the Combined Plan or the Defined Contribution Plan, in lieu of participation in the Defined Benefit Plan.

Employer and employee required contributions to STRS are established by the Board and limited under the Ohio Revised Code to employer and employee rates of 14 percent and are based on percentages of covered employees' gross salaries, which are calculated annually by the retirement system's actuary.

Contribution rates for fiscal year 2021 were 14 percent for employers and 14 percent for employees for the Defined Benefit, Defined Contribution, and Combined Plans.

Participants in the Defined Contribution Plan are eligible to retire at age 50. All employee contributions and 9.53 percent of earned compensation is placed into individual member accounts (the remaining 4.47 percent of earned compensation is allocated to the defined benefit unfunded liability), and members direct the investment of their accounts by selecting from various professionally managed investment options. Members vest 20 percent per year in employer contributions, including associated gains and losses on those contributions. Employee contributions vest immediately. Retirees may select from various annuity payment plans or a lump-sum payment option.



Participants in the Combined Plan may start to collect the unreduced defined benefit portion of the plan at age 60 with five years of service, or participants may collect a reduced defined benefit portion of the plan before age 60 with five years of service. Of employee contributions, 12 percent of earned compensation is deposited into the defined contribution portion of the plan, while the remaining two percent is deposited into the defined benefit portion of the plan. Employee contributions are allocated among investment choices by the member, and employer contributions are used to fund a defined benefits payment. The annual allowance for the defined benefit portion of the Plan is determined by multiplying the final average salary for the five highest paid years by one percent for each year of Ohio contributing service credit. Participants in the Combined Plan may also participate in the partial lump-sum option plan, as described previously, for the portion of their retirement benefit that is provided through the defined benefit portion of the plan. The defined contribution portion of the Plan may be taken as a lump sum if the member withdraws before the age of 50, or as a lifetime monthly annuity, if paid on or after the age of 50.

A retiree of STRS or any other Ohio public retirement system is eligible for re-employment as a teacher after two months from the date of retirement. Members and the employer make contributions during the period of re-employment. Upon termination or the retiree reaches the age of 65, whichever comes later, the retiree is eligible for an annuity benefit or a lump-sum payment in addition to the original retirement allowance. Alternatively, the retiree may receive a refund of member contributions with interest before age 65, once employment is terminated.

At June 30, 2021, the State reports a liability of \$88 million for its proportionate share of the net pension liability, as compared to \$80.2 million at June 30, 2020. Ohio State University discretely presented component unit reports a net pension liability of \$1.18 billion for its proportionate share, as compared to \$1.04 billion at June 30, 2020. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2020. The Plan's total pension liability was used to calculate the net pension liability, as determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2020. The State's proportion of the net pension liability is determined by a measure of the State's proportionate relationship of employer contributions made to STRS to the total contributions made to STRS by all employers and non-employer contributing entities to the plan. At June 30, 2021, the State's proportion of .36 percent, remained the same as the prior year, based on employer contributions totaling \$6.3 million. Ohio State University's proportionate share was 4.9 percent based on employer contributions of \$86.9 million, as compared to 4.7 percent for June 30, 2020.

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, and related deferred inflows and outflows of resources and pension expenses, information about the fiduciary net position of the system and additions to and deductions from the fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by STRS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of member contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the plan. Investments are reported at fair value.

For the year ended June 30, 2021, the State recognized pension expense of \$10.2 million and Ohio State University discretely presented component unit recognized pension expense of \$90.4 million.

At June 30, 2021, the State and Ohio State University reported Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources related to pensions from the following sources (dollars in thousands):



| | Pension | | | |
|--|---------|-----------|----------|-----------|
| | | | | Ohio |
| | Р | rimary | | State |
| | Go۱ | vernment_ | <u> </u> | niversity |
| Deferred Outflows of Resources: | | | | _ |
| Differences Between Expected and Actual Experience | \$ | 197 | \$ | 2,638 |
| Changes of Assumptions | | 4,724 | | 63,120 |
| Differences Between Projected and Actual Investment Earnings | | 4,280 | | 57,181 |
| Change in Employer Proportionate Share | | 256 | | 1,947 |
| Employer Contributions Subsequent to the Measurement Date | | 6,284 | | 87,064 |
| Total | \$ | 15,741 | \$ | 211,950 |
| Deferred Inflows of Resources: | | | | |
| Differences Between Expected and Actual Experience | \$ | (563) | \$ | (7,519) |
| Change in Employer Proportionate Share | | (1,637) | | - |
| Total | \$ | (2,200) | \$ | (7,519) |

Deferred Outflows of Resources of \$6.3 million related to pensions resulting from State contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2022. Ohio State University discretely presented component unit will recognize \$87.1 million as a reduction of its net pension liability.

Other amounts reported as Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows (dollars in thousands):

| | Pension | | | | |
|---------------------|------------|-------|------------|--------|--|
| | | | | Ohio | |
| | Primary | | State | | |
| | Government | | University | | |
| Year Ended June 30: | | | | | |
| 2022 | \$ | 2,331 | \$ | 39,364 | |
| 2023 | | 745 | | 19,960 | |
| 2024 | | 2,193 | | 32,020 | |
| 2025 | | 1,988 | | 26,023 | |

OPEB Benefits

Additionally, STRS offers a cost-sharing, multiple employer health care plan which provides access to health care to eligible retirees who participate in the Defined Benefit Plan or Combined Plan. Benefits include hospitalization, physician's fees, prescription drugs and reimbursement of a portion of the monthly Medicare Part B premiums. Retirees enrolled in the Defined Contribution Plan receive no postemployment health care benefits.

Ohio Revised Code Chapter 3307 gives the STRS board discretionary authority over how much, if any, of associated health care costs are absorbed by the health care plan. All benefit recipients of the health care plan, for the most recent year, pay a portion of the health care costs in the form of a monthly premium. Medicare Part D allows STRS Ohio to recover part of the health care cost for providing prescription coverage through its health care plans which include creditable prescription drug coverage. For the Defined Benefit and Combined Plans, all employer contributions are used to fund pension obligations, and none was allocable to postemployment health care benefits for 2021. Under Ohio law, funding for the postemployment health care may be deducted from employer contributions. This action will reduce the amortization period for the pension fund. The Board has authority to direct part of the employer contribution back to the Health Care Fund in the future.



At June 30, 2021, the State reports a net OPEB asset of \$6.4 million for its proportionate share, as compared to \$6 million at June 30, 2020. Ohio State University discretely presented component unit reports a net OPEB asset of \$85.4 million for its proportionate share, as compared to \$77.9 million as of June 30, 2020. The net OPEB asset was measured as of June 30, 2020. The Plan's total OPEB liability was used to calculate the net OPEB asset determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2020. The State's proportion of the net OPEB asset is determined by a measure of the State's proportionate relationship of employer contributions made to STRS to the total contributions made to STRS by all employers to the plan. At June 30, 2021, the State's proportion of 0.36 percent, remained the same as the prior year, based on employer contributions totaling \$6.3 million. Ohio State University's proportionate share was 4.9 percent based on employer contributions of \$86.9 million, as compared to 4.7 percent at June 30, 2020.

For purposes of measuring the net OPEB asset, related deferred inflows and outflows of resources and expenses, information about the fiduciary net position of the system and additions to and deductions from the fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by STRS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of member contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the plan. Investments are reported at fair value.

For the year ended June 30, 2021, the State recognized OPEB expense of \$(440.1) million and Ohio State University discretely presented component unit recognized OPEB expense of \$(4.8) million.

At June 30, 2021, the State and Ohio State University reported Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources related to OPEB from the following sources (dollars in thousands):

| | OPEB | | | |
|--|------|---------|----|------------|
| | | | | Ohio |
| | Р | rimary | | State |
| | Gov | ernment | U | Iniversity |
| Deferred Outflows of Resources: | | | | |
| Differences Between Expected and Actual Experience | \$ | 409 | \$ | 5,472 |
| Changes of Assumptions | | 105 | | 1,410 |
| Differences Between Projected and Actual Investment Earnings | | 224 | | 2,993 |
| Change in Employer Proportionate Share | | 35 | | 119 |
| Total | \$ | 773 | \$ | 9,994 |
| Deferred Inflows of Resources: | | | | |
| Differences Between Expected and Actual Experience | \$ | (1,273) | \$ | (17,012) |
| Changes of Assumptions | | (6,071) | | (81,122) |
| Change in Employer Proportionate Share | | (296) | | - |
| Total | \$ | (7,640) | \$ | (98,134) |

There were no State contributions to OPEB subsequent to the measurement date and therefore, there will be no increase of the net OPEB asset resulting from subsequent contributions recognized in the year ended June 30, 2022

Other amounts reported as Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows (dollars in thousands):



| | OPEB | | | | |
|----------------------|---------|----------|------------|----------|--|
| | | | Ohio | | |
| | Primary | | State | | |
| | Gov | vernment | University | | |
| Year Ending June 30: | | | | | |
| 2022 | \$ | (1,711) | \$ | (21,688) | |
| 2023 | | (1,559) | | (19,791) | |
| 2024 | | (1,506) | | (19,085) | |
| 2025 | | (1,484) | | (18,664) | |
| 2026 | | (298) | | (4,439) | |
| Thereafter | | (309) | | (4,473) | |

Actuarial Assumptions for Pension and OPEB Liabilities

The total pension and OPEB liabilities in the June 30, 2020, actuarial valuations were determined using the following actuarial assumptions, respectively, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

| | Pension |
|---------------------------|--|
| Actuarial Cost Method | Entry Age Normal |
| Inflation | 2.50 percent |
| Salary Increases | 12.50 percent at age 20 to 2.50 percent at age 65 |
| Investment Rate of Return | 7.45 percent, net of pension plan investment expenses, including inflation |
| Discount Rate | 7.45 percent |
| COLA or Ad Hoc COLA | 0 percent |
| | OPEB |
| Actuarial Cost Method | Entry Age Normal |
| Salary Increases | 12.50 percent at age 20 to 2.50 percent at age 65 |
| Payroll Increases | 3.00 percent |
| Municipal Bond Yield | 2.21 percent as of June 30, 2019 |
| Discount Rate | 7.45 percent, based on a blend of 3.50% municipal bond yield/expected return |
| COLA or Ad Hoc COLA | 0 percent |
| Health Care Cost Trends | -6.69-11.87 percent initial; 4 percent ultimate |

Pension and OPEB mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 Annuitant mortality table with 50 percent of rates through age 69, 70 percent of rates between ages 70 and 79, 90 percent of rates between ages 80 and 84, and 100 percent of rates thereafter, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016. The disabled rates are based on the RP-2014 Disabled mortality table with 90 percent of rates for males and 100 percent of rates for females, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016. The actuarial assumptions used in the valuation were adopted by the board based on the results of an actuarial experience study for July 1, 2011 through June 30, 2016.

The pension and OPEB actuarial assumptions used in this valuation for fiscal year 2020 are the same as those recommended for the prior actuary. The total pension liability for 2020 was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2020, using actuarial assumptions related to inflation of 2.5 percent, investments rate of return of 7.45 percent, and zero percent for COLA. Projected salary increases range from 2.5 percent at age 65 to 12.5 percent at age 20.

An estimate range for investment return assumption is developed and based on the target allocation adopted by the STRS Retirement Board. The target allocation and long-term expected rate of return for each major asset class are summarized as follows:



| | Pension and OPEB | | |
|----------------------|------------------|------------------|--|
| | Long-Te | | |
| | Target | Expected Real | |
| Asset Class | Allocation* | Rate of Return** | |
| Domestic Equity | 28% | 7.35% | |
| International Equity | 23% | 7.55% | |
| Alternatives | 17% | 7.09% | |
| Fixed Income | 21% | 3.00% | |
| Real Estate | 10% | 6.00% | |
| Liquidity Reserves | 1% | 2.25% | |
| Total Fund | 100% | - | |

^{*10-}year annualized geometric nominal returns, which include the real rate of return and inflation of 2.25 percent, and does not include investment expenses.

Discount Rate - The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.45 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumes that employer and employee contributions will be made at statutory contribution rates. Only employer contributions that are intended to fund benefits of current plan members and beneficiaries are included. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return of 7.45 percent was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability as of June 30, 2020.

Sensitivity of the State's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate – The following table represents the net pension liability as of the June 30, 2020, measurement date, calculated using the current period discount rate assumption of 7.45 percent. Also shown in the table below is what the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.45 percent) or one percentage point higher (8.45 percent) than the current assumption (dollars in thousands):

| | Pension | | | | | |
|------------------------|----------------------|-----------|---------------------|-----------|------------------------|---------|
| | Current | | | | | |
| | 1% Decrease 6.45% | | Discount Rate 7.45% | | ate 1% Increa 8.45% | |
| Net Pension Liability: | | | | | | , |
| Primary Government | \$ | 125,302 | \$ | 88,004 | \$ | 56,397 |
| Ohio State University | | 1,674,185 | | 1,175,835 | | 753,526 |

The projection of cash flows used to determine the net OPEB liability/(asset) discount rates assumed STRS continues to allocate no employer contributions to the health care fund. Based on these assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments to current plan members as of June 30, 2020. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on health care plan investments of 7.45 percent was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total OPEB liability as of June 30, 2020. Shown in the table below is what the net OPEB liability/(asset) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.45 percent) or one percentage point higher (8.45 percent) than the current assumption (dollars in thousands):



| | OPEB | | | | | |
|-----------------------------|------------------------------|----------|----|------------|----|----------|
| | Current | | | | | _ |
| | 1% Decrease Discount Rate 1% | | | 6 Increase | | |
| | | 6.45% | | 7.45% | | 8.45% |
| Net OPEB Liability/(Asset): | | | | | | |
| Primary Government | \$ | (5,562) | \$ | (6,392) | \$ | (7,097) |
| Ohio State University | | (74,309) | | (85,406) | | (94,822) |

Sensitivity of the net OPEB liability/(asset) to changes in the health care cost trend rates calculated using the assumed trend rates as well as what the plan's net OPEB liability/(asset) would be if it were calculated using a trend rate that is one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher is presented below (dollars in thousands):

| | OPEB | | | | | |
|-----------------------------|------------------------|----------|-------------|----------|----|----------|
| | Current Health | | | | | |
| | Care Cost Trend | | | | | |
| | | | | Rate | | |
| | 1% Decrease Assumption | | 1% Increase | | | |
| Net OPEB Liability/(Asset): | | | | | | |
| Primary Government | \$ | (7,053) | \$ | (6,392) | \$ | (5,587) |
| Ohio State University | | (94,237) | | (85,406) | | (74,649) |

There were no economic assumption changes from the prior year. The only changes since the last valuation were updates to the benefit percentage elections to reflect current elections for blended premiums. The July 1, 2020, and June 30, 2021, claims costs were developed based on the average premium rates paid to vendors, the average projected employer group waiver program recoveries expected to receive, prescription filled dates, and estimates of drug rebates for non-Medicare population resulting in a per person per month cost and then adjusted using age curves. Retiree subsidies paid out to Non-Medicare retirees, Medicare retirees, and Medicare Part B premiums are accounted for as well. A weighted average total cost across medical plans is used as the STRS Ohio subsidy.

C. State Highway Patrol Retirement System (SHPRS) Pension Benefits

SHPRS, a component unit of the State, was established in 1941 by the General Assembly as a single-employer, defined benefit pension plan and is administered by the State. The plan covers employees of the State Highway Patrol, including officers with arrest authority, cadets in training, and members with the radio division.

The plan issues a stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information, and the State reports the plan as a pension trust fund. Copies of the financial report may be obtained by writing to the Ohio State Highway Patrol Retirement System, 1900 Polaris Parkway, Suite 201, Columbus, Ohio 43240-4037, or by calling (614) 431-0781 or (800) 860-2268. SHPRS's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the year ended December 31, 2020, may also be found at https://www.ohprs.org.

SHPRS is authorized under Chapter 5505, Ohio Revised Code, to provide retirement and disability benefits to retired members and survivor benefits to qualified dependents of deceased members of the Ohio State Highway Patrol.

Chapter 5505, Ohio Revised Code, requires contributions by active members and the Ohio State Highway Patrol. The employer and employee contribution rates are established by the General Assembly, and any change in the rates requires legislative action. By law, the employer rate may not exceed three times the employee contribution rate, nor be less than the employee rate paid by contributing members.

SHPRS' investments are reported at fair value. Fair value is the amount that the plan can reasonably expect to receive for an investment in a current sale, between a willing buyer and a willing seller – that is, other than in a forced or liquidation sale.



Securities traded on a national exchange are valued at the last reported sales price at the current exchange rate. The fair value of real estate and private equity investments are based on information provided by the Fund's managers or by independent appraisals. For actuarial purposes, assets are valued with a method that amortizes the difference between actual and assumed return over a closed, four-year period.

Employees are eligible for an age and service pension, and health care benefits, upon reaching both an age and service requirement. Employees with at least 20 years of service credit, but less than 25 years of service credit may retire at age 52 with unreduced benefits, or age 48 with reduced benefits. Employees with more than 25 years of service may retire at age 48 with unreduced benefits. The pension benefit is a percentage of the member's final average salary, which is the average of the member's five highest salary years. For members with 20 or more years of service credit, the percentage is determined by multiplying 2.5 percent for the first 20 years of service, plus 2.25 percent for the next five years of service, plus two percent for each year in excess of 25 years of service. A member's pension may not exceed 79.25 percent of the final average salary.

Employees who left SHPRS prior to meeting the requirements for receiving an age and service pension, but who have at least 15 years of service credit, are eligible for a deferred pension. Such employees who have less than 20 years of service credit, may collect a pension at age 55, at a percentage of their final average salary determined by multiplying 1.5 percent times the number of years of service credit. These employees are not eligible for health care benefits. Employees who are eligible for the deferred pension and who have at least 20 years of service credit, may receive a pension once they meet the age requirements for the age and service pension, calculated in the same manner as the age and service pension described above.

Membership data for SHPRS is presented in the table below:

| Membership Data as of December 31, 2020 | |
|---|-------|
| | |
| Active Members | 1,542 |
| Retirees Receiving Benefits | 1,730 |
| Retirees not Receiving Benefits | 26 |
| _ | 3.298 |

The SHPRS Board sets employee contribution rates and cost-of-living adjustment rates. Employee contribution rates may range between 10 and 14 percent and cost-of-living adjustments range between zero and three percent. The Board may set the cost-of-living adjustments annually, but in no case shall it exceed three percent. The cost-of-living adjustment eligibility is 60 years of age, or age 53 for members retired prior to January 7, 2013.

The employer and employee contribution rates, as of December 31, 2020, were 26.5 percent and 14 percent, respectively. During calendar year 2020, none of the employers' contributions funded postemployment health care. The employees' contributions funded pension benefits only.

The State's net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2019, using key actuarial assumptions, methods, and other inputs as of December 31, 2020. Detailed information about SHPRS' pension plan fiduciary net position and the OPEB plan fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued SHPRS financial report. SHPRS uses the accrual basis of accounting, under which expenses are recorded when incurred and revenues are recorded when earned and measurable. Member and employer contributions are recognized in the period in which the contributions are due. Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the plan. Investment purchases and sales are recorded at the trade date.



The Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability is presented below (dollars in thousands):

| Fiscal year ending December 31, 2020 Pension | | Pension |
|---|----|-----------|
| Total Pension Liability: | | |
| Service Cost | \$ | 20,462 |
| Interest on the Total Pension Liability | | 90,171 |
| Difference Between Expected and Actual Experience | | 5,922 |
| Benefit Payments | | (81,133) |
| Net Change in Total Pension Liability | | 35,422 |
| Total Pension Liability - Beginning | | 1,263,838 |
| Total Pension Liability - Ending (a) | \$ | 1,299,260 |
| Plan Fiduciary Net Position: | | |
| Employer Contributions | \$ | 32,855 |
| Employee Contributions | | 18,107 |
| Pension Plan Net Investment Income | | 121,213 |
| Benefit Payments | | (81,133) |
| Pension Plan Administrative Expense | | (1,509) |
| Net Change in Plan Fiduciary Net Position | | 89,533 |
| Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Beginning | | 817,859 |
| Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Ending (b) | \$ | 907,392 |
| Net Pension Liability - Ending (a) - (b) | \$ | 391,868 |
| Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage | | |
| of Total Pension Liability | | 69.84% |
| Covered Payroll* | \$ | 117,996 |
| Net Pension Liability as a Percentage | | |
| of Covered Payroll | | 332.10% |
| Notes to Schedule: | | N/A |
| | | |

^{*}Includes members of the DROP.

For the year ended June 30, 2021, the State recognized pension expense of \$23.7 million. The amount of employer contributions from the State for the calendar year ended December 31, 2020, totaled \$32.9 million for pension. At June 30, 2021, the State reported Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources related to pensions from the following sources (dollars in thousands):

| | Pension |
|--|-----------------|
| Deferred Outflows of Resources: | |
| Differences Between Expected and Actual Experience | \$ 9,144 |
| Changes of Assumptions | 107,185 |
| Contributions Subsequent to Measurement Date | 15,796 |
| Total | \$ 132,125 |
| Deferred Inflows of Resources: | |
| Difference Between Expected and Actual Experience | \$ (4,772) |
| Net Difference Between Projected and Actual | |
| Earnings on Pension Plan Investments | (68,214) |
| Changes of Assumptions | (144,812) |
| Total | \$ (217,798) |



Deferred Outflows of Resources of \$15.8 million related to pensions resulting from State contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2022. Other amounts reported as Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows (dollars in thousands):

| | Pension |
|----------------------|-------------|
| Year Ending June 30: | |
| 2022 | \$ (13,878) |
| 2023 | (6,807) |
| 2024 | (69,355) |
| 2025 | (11,429) |

OPEB Benefits

In addition to providing pension benefits, SHPRS, a single employer plan, is authorized by Chapter 5505, Ohio Revised Code, to provide a postemployment health care plan which includes medical, hospitalization and prescription drug coverage. Health care benefits are not guaranteed and are subject to change at any time, as determined by the Board and certified by the Office of Budget and Management. For actuarial purposes, assets are valued with a method that amortizes the difference between actual and assumed return over a closed, four-year period. Qualifications for postemployment health care coverage are described along with pension qualifications under the Pension Plan section.

During calendar year 2020, the employer's contribution rate for postemployment health care benefits was zero percent of payroll. None of the employees' contributions funded postemployment health care. The cost of retiree health care benefits is recognized as claims are incurred and premiums are paid.

The pension and OPEB plans' fiduciary net position has been determined on the same basis used by the pension plan.



The Schedule of Changes in Net OPEB Liability is presented as follows (dollars in thousands):

| Fis cal year ending December 31, 2020 | OPEB |
|---|---------------|
| Total OPEB Liability: | |
| Service Cost | \$ 19,270 |
| Interest on the Total OPEB Liability | 19,150 |
| Difference Between Expected and Actual Experience | (26,654) |
| Assumption Changes | 167,137 |
| Benefit Payments | (8,303) |
| Net Change in Total OPEB Liability | 170,600 |
| Total OPEB Liability - Beginning | 581,436 |
| Total OPEB Liability - Ending (a) | \$ 752,036 |
| Plan Fiduciary Net Position: | |
| Net Investment Income | \$ 16,141 |
| Benefit Payments (includes refunds of employee contributions) | (8,303) |
| OPEB Plan Administrative Expense | (201) |
| Net Change in Plan Fiduciary Net Position | 7,637 |
| Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Beginning | 110,986 |
| Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Ending (b) | \$ 118,623 |
| Net OPEB Liability - Ending (a) - (b) | \$ 633,413 |
| Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage | |
| of Total OPEB Liability | 15.77% |
| Covered Payroll* | \$ 117,996 |
| Net OPEB Liability as a Percentage | |
| of Covered Payroll | 536.81% |
| Notes to Schedule: | N/A |
| *landada a manada a DDOD | |

^{*}Includes members of the DROP.

For the year ended June 30, 2021, the State recognized OPEB expense of \$51.4 million. At June 30, 2021, the State reported Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources related to OPEB from the following sources (dollars in thousands):

| | OPEB |
|---|--------------|
| Deferred Outflows of Resources: | |
| Changes of Assumptions | \$ 244,228 |
| Total | \$ 244,228 |
| Deferred Inflows of Resources: | |
| Difference Between Expected and Actual Experience | \$ (83,240) |
| Net Difference Between Projected and Actual | |
| Earnings on OPEB Plan Investments | (8,884) |
| Changes of Assumptions | (38,136) |
| Total | \$ (130,260) |

There were no State contributions to OPEB subsequent to the measurement date and therefore, there will be no reduction of the net OPEB liability resulting from subsequent state contributions recognized in the year ending June 30, 2022.



Other amounts reported as Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows (dollars in thousands):

| | OPEB |
|----------------------|-----------|
| Year Ending June 30: | |
| 2022 | \$ 20,478 |
| 2023 | 21,824 |
| 2024 | 15,602 |
| 2025 | 20,095 |
| 2026 | 35,969 |

Actuarial Assumptions for Pension and OPEB Liabilities

The pension and OPEB actuarial assumptions are the same as those recommended for the prior actuary. The total pension and OPEB liabilities at December 31, 2020, were determined using the following actuarial assumptions applied to all periods included in the measurement: an investment rate of return of 7.25 percent compounded annually, projected salary increase of 3 percent attributable to inflation and additional projected salary increases ranging from 3.8 percent to 13.5 percent attributable to seniority and merit, and price inflation of 2.5 percent annually. The actuarial assumptions were based off a December 31, 2019, actuarial valuation date and rolled forward to December 31, 2020. A five-year experience study covering the five-year period ending December 31, 2018 was the basis for the assumptions.

Mortality rates were based on the PubS-2010 total healthy public safety employee amount weighted mortality rates with a static projection of mortality improvements from 2010-2024 using Scale MP-2020 for pension and mortality improvements from 2010-2023 using Scale MP-2019 for OPEB. Static projected mortality rates for male and female contingent survivors have been adjusted to reflect 105% of gender-specific table rates at each age for both pension and OPEB.

An estimate range for investment return assumptions is developed and based on the target allocation adopted by the SHPRS' Retirement Board. The target allocation and long-term expected rate of return for each major asset class are summarized as follows:

| | Pension and OPEB | | |
|----------------------------|-------------------|-----------------|--|
| | Long-Terr | | |
| | | Expected Real | |
| Asset Class | Target Allocation | Rate of Return* | |
| Cash | 3% | 0.00% | |
| Domestic Equity | 21% | 5.20% | |
| Global Equity | 24% | 7.50% | |
| Non-US Equity | 6% | 5.20% | |
| Opportunistic Fixed Income | 9% | 4.30% | |
| Core Fixed Income | 6% | 0.00% | |
| Real Estate | 8% | 8.30% | |
| Private Equity | 13% | 9.00% | |
| Absolute Return | 6% | 3.50% | |
| Real Assets | 4% | 5.30% | |
| Total Fund | 100% | | |

^{*}Long-Term expected rates of return as shown were calculated arithmetically.



The single discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.25 percent. The single discount rate was based on the expected rate of return on pension plan investments of 7.25 percent and the municipal bond rate of 1.93 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumes employer contribution rates allocated to pensions will be 26.5 percent for each year, and employee contribution rates of 14 percent in each year. Based on these assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position and future contributions were projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return of 7.25 percent on investments and 1.93 percent on municipal bonds, was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability as of December 31, 2020.

Sensitivity of the State's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate - The following table represents the net pension liability as of December 31, 2020, calculated using the current period discount rate assumption of 7.25 percent. Also shown is what the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.25 percent) or one percentage point higher (8.25 percent) than the current assumption (dollars in thousands):

| Pension | | | | | | |
|----------------|---------------|-------------|--|--|--|--|
| Current Single | | | | | | |
| 1% Decrease | Discount Rate | 1% Increase | | | | |
| 6.25% 7.25% | | 8.25% | | | | |
| \$ 537,780 | \$ 391,869 | \$ 269,499 | | | | |

Net OPEB Liability uses a single discount rate of 2.03 percent as compared to a single discount rate of 3.36 percent as of measurement date December 31, 2019. This Single Discount Rate was based on an expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments of 7.25 percent and a municipal bond rate of 1.93 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine this Single Discount Rate assumed no contributions and total payroll for the initial projection year consists of the payroll of the active membership as of the valuation date who are expected to be actively employed on the measurement date, the net position and contributions were sufficient through 2029. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return was applied through 2029 and the municipal rate was applied thereafter. Shown in the table below is what the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a single discount rate that is one percentage point lower (1.03 percent) or one percentage point higher (3.03 percent) than the current assumption (dollars in thousands):

| OPEB | | | | | | |
|------|-------------|-----|------------|----|----------|--|
| | | | | | | |
| 1% | Decrease | Dis | count Rate | 1% | Increase | |
| | 1.03% 2.03% | | | | 3.03% | |
| \$ | 807,168 | \$ | 633,413 | \$ | 502,369 | |

It is assumed health care cost will increase between 4 percent and 8.25 percent per year until 2028, ultimately declining to 3.5 percent for future years. The sensitivity of the net OPEB liability to changes in the health care cost trend rates calculated using the assumed trend rates as well as what the plan's net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a trend rate that is one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher is presented below (dollars in thousands):

| OPEB | | | | | | |
|---|---------|----|---------|----|---------|--|
| Current Health | | | | | | |
| Care Cost Trend | | | | | | |
| 1% Decrease Rate Assumption 1% Increase | | | | | | |
| \$ | 484 338 | \$ | 633 413 | \$ | 836 727 | |



D. Alternative Retirement Plan (ARP) Pension Benefits

The ARP is a defined contribution retirement plan that is authorized under Section 3305.02, Ohio Revised Code. The ARP provides at least four or more alternative retirement plans for academic and administrative employees of Ohio's institutions of higher education, who otherwise would be covered by OPERS or STRS. Unclassified civil service employees hired on or after August 1, 2005, are also eligible to participate in the ARP.

The Board of Trustees of each public institution of higher education enters into contracts with each approved retirement plan provider. Once established, full-time faculty and unclassified employees who are hired subsequent to the establishment of the ARP, or who had less than five years of service credit under the existing retirement plans, may choose to enroll in the ARP. The choice is irrevocable for as long as the employee remains continuously employed in a position for which the ARP is available. For those employees that choose to join the ARP, any prior employee contributions that had been made to OPERS or STRS would be transferred to the ARP. The Ohio Department of Higher Education has designated the companies that are eligible to serve as plan providers for the ARP.

Ohio law requires that employee contributions be made to the ARP in an amount equal to those that would otherwise have been required by the retirement system that applies to the employee's position. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021, these contribution rates are 10 percent for OPERS and 14 percent for STRS. Employees may also voluntarily make additional contributions to the ARP.

For the year ended June 30, 2021, each public institution of higher education was required to contribute 2.44 percent of a participating employee's salary to OPERS in cases when the employee would have otherwise been enrolled in OPERS.

Ohio law also requires each public institution of higher education to contribute 4.47 percent of a participating employee's gross salary, for the year ended June 30, 2021, to STRS in cases when the employee would have otherwise been enrolled in STRS.

The employer contribution amount is subject to actuarial review every fifth year to determine if the rate needs to be adjusted to mitigate any negative financial impact that the loss of contributions may have on OPERS and STRS. The Board of Trustees of each public institution of higher education may also make additional payments to the ARP based on the gross salaries of employees multiplied by a percentage the respective Board of Trustees approves.

The ARP vesting of all contributions made on behalf of participants is based on the employer's vesting requirements. The contributions are directed to one of the investment management companies as chosen by the participants. The ARP does not provide disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, postretirement health care benefits, or death benefits. Benefits are entirely dependent on the sum of the contributions and related investment income generated by each participant's choice of investment options.

For the State's major discretely presented component unit, employer and employee contributions required and made for the year ended June 30, 2021, for the ARP follow (dollars in thousands):

| Major Component Unit: | OPERS | STRS |
|------------------------|-----------|-----------|
| Ohio State University: | | |
| Employer Contributions | \$ 32,035 | \$ 36,544 |
| Employee Contributions | 27,712 | 53,685 |

NOTE 10 GENERAL OBLIGATION BONDS

At various times since 1921, Ohio voters, by 20 constitutional amendments (the last adopted May 2014 for a tenyear extension of the local government infrastructure program adopted in 2005), have authorized the incurrence of general obligation debt for the construction and improvement of common school and higher education facilities, highways, local infrastructure improvements, research and development of coal technology, natural resources, re-



search and development support for high-tech business, business site development, and veterans compensation. Issuances for highway capital improvements, natural resources, and conservation are, in part, used for acquisition, construction or improvement of capital assets. In practice, general obligation bonds are retired over periods of 10 to 25 years. The State's general obligation bonds are described below.

A 1999 constitutional amendment provided for the issuance of Common School Capital Facilities Bonds and Higher Education Capital Facilities Bonds. As of June 30, 2021, the General Assembly had authorized the issuance of \$6.05 billion in Common Schools Capital Facilities Bonds, of which \$5.61 billion has been issued. As of June 30, 2021, the General Assembly had also authorized the issuance of \$4.85 billion in Higher Education Capital Facilities Bonds, of which \$4.37 billion has been issued.

Through the approval of the November 1995 amendment, voters authorized the issuance of Highway Capital Improvements Bonds in amounts up to \$220 million in any fiscal year (plus any prior fiscal years' principal amounts not issued under the new authorization), with no more than \$1.2 billion outstanding at any time. As of June 30, 2021, the General Assembly has authorized the issuance of approximately \$3.74 billion in Highway Capital Improvements Bonds, of which \$3.38 billion has been issued.

Constitutional amendments in 1995, 2005, and 2014 allowed for the issuance of \$5.63 billion of general obligation bonds for infrastructure improvements (Infrastructure Bonds). Not more than \$175 million of Infrastructure Bonds may be issued in each fiscal year beginning in 2018 through fiscal year 2022 and \$200 million in each fiscal year beginning in fiscal year 2023 through fiscal year 2027, plus any obligations unissued from previous fiscal years. As of June 30, 2021, the General Assembly had authorized \$4.9 billion of these bonds to be sold (excluding any amounts for unaccreted discount on capital appreciation bonds at issuance), of which \$4.38 billion had been issued (net of \$214 million in unaccreted discounts at issuance).

Coal Research and Development Bonds and Parks, Recreation, and Natural Resources Bonds may be issued as long as the outstanding principal amounts do not exceed \$100 and \$200 million, respectively. Not more than \$50 million of Natural Resources Bonds may be issued in any fiscal year. As of June 30, 2021, the General Assembly had authorized the issuance of \$262 million in Coal Research and Development Bonds, of which \$254 million had been issued. Legislative authorizations for the issuance of Natural Resources Capital Facilities Bonds totaled \$512 million, as of June 30, 2021, of which \$484.5 million had been issued.

Constitutional amendments in 2000 and 2008 allowed for outstanding Conservation Projects Bonds of up to \$400 million. No more than \$50 million may be issued during a fiscal year (plus any obligations unissued from previous fiscal years). As of June 30, 2021, the General Assembly had authorized the issuance of \$800 million in Conservation Projects Bonds of which \$642.2 million had been issued.

Through approval of the November 2005 and May 2010 amendments, voters authorized the issuance of \$1.2 billion of Third Frontier Research and Development Bonds. Obligations that may be issued are limited to \$175 million in any fiscal year (plus any obligations unissued from previous fiscal years). As of June 30, 2021, the General Assembly had authorized the issuance of \$1.2 billion in Third Frontier Research and Development Bonds, of which \$971 million had been issued.

A November 2005 amendment authorized the issuance of \$150 million of Site Development Bonds. As of fiscal year 2014, all \$150 million had been issued.

A 2009 constitutional amendment provided for the issuance of up to \$200 million in Veterans Compensation Bonds. No obligations may be issued after December 31, 2013. The General Assembly authorized all \$200 million in Veterans' Compensation Bonds, of which \$83.9 million had been issued.

General obligation bonds outstanding and future general obligation debt service requirements, as of June 30, 2021, are presented in the table below. For the variable-rate bonds, using the assumption that current interest rates remain the same over their term, the interest and net swap payment amounts are based on rates as of June 30, 2021. As rates vary, variable-rate bond interest payments and net swap payments vary.

Primary Government-Governmental Activities Summary of General Obligation Bonds and Future Funding Requirements As of June 30, 2021

(dollars in thousands)

| | Fiscal | | Maturing | | |
|---|---------|-----------|-------------|-------------|--------------|
| | Years | Interest | Through | Outstanding | Authorized |
| | Issued | Rates | Fiscal Year | Balance | But Unissued |
| Common Schools Capital Facilities | 2004-21 | 1.3%-5.0% | 2041 | \$2,969,176 | \$ 433,800 |
| Higher Education Capital Facilities | 2010-21 | 0.2%-5.3% | 2041 | 2,549,562 | 478,555 |
| Highw ay Capital Improvements | 2010-20 | 3.0%-5.0% | 2035 | 1,001,055 | 359,000 |
| Infrastructure Improvements | 2002-21 | 1.3%-5.5% | 2040 | 2,066,961 | 522,774 |
| Coal Research and Development | 2012-20 | 2.0%-5.0% | 2030 | 31,839 | 8,000 |
| Natural Resources Capital Facilities | 2010-20 | 2.0%-5.0% | 2035 | 148,942 | 27,510 |
| Conservation Projects | 2010-21 | 2.0%-5.0% | 2035 | 352,730 | 157,825 |
| Third Frontier Research and Development | 2012-20 | 1.8%-5.0% | 2029 | 292,614 | 229,000 |
| Site Development | 2014 | 4.0% | 2023 | 8,981 | - |
| Veterans' Compensation | 2020 | 1.7%-2.1% | 2026 | 20,170 | 116,090 |
| Total General Obligation Bonds | | | | \$9,442,030 | \$2,332,554 |

Future Funding of Fixed-Rate Bonds:

| Year Ending June 30, | Principal | | Interest | | Total | |
|------------------------|-----------|----------|----------|-----------|-------|----------|
| 2022 | \$ | 846,730 | \$ | 368,071 | \$ 1 | ,214,801 |
| 2023 | | 804,945 | | 326,600 | 1 | ,131,545 |
| 2024 | | 771,225 | | 290,149 | 1 | ,061,374 |
| 2025 | | 736,380 | | 254,527 | | 990,907 |
| 2026 | | 610,290 | | 222,441 | | 832,731 |
| 2027-2031 | 2 | ,460,935 | | 753,531 | 3 | ,214,466 |
| 2032-2036 | 1, | ,579,190 | | 302,288 | 1 | ,881,478 |
| 2037-2041 | | 512,570 | | 49,888 | | 562,458 |
| Total Fixed-Rate Bonds | \$ 8 | ,322,265 | \$ 2 | 2,567,495 | \$10 | ,889,760 |

Future Funding of Variable-Rate Bonds:

| | | Interest Rate | | | | | | |
|--------------------------------|------------------|---------------|---------|------------|----|-------|----|---------|
| Year Ending June 30, | Principal Intere | | nterest | Swaps, Net | | Total | | |
| 2022 | \$ | 54,300 | \$ | 5,789 | \$ | 724 | \$ | 60,813 |
| 2023 | | 46,560 | | 4,174 | | 452 | | 51,186 |
| 2024 | | 39,315 | | 2,648 | | 248 | | 42,211 |
| 2025 | | 26,060 | | 1,330 | | 110 | | 27,500 |
| 2026 | | 13,620 | | 409 | | 56 | | 14,085 |
| Total Variable-Rate Bonds | \$ | 179,855 | \$ | 14,350 | \$ | 1,590 | \$ | 195,795 |
| Total General Obligation Bonds | \$8 | 5.502.120 | | | | | | |

Selected maturities of the following Higher Education General Obligation Bonds, Series 2012A (2/1/2024 and 2/1/2025), Series 2015A (8/1/2026), Series 2015C (11/1/2031), Series 2017A (5/1/2037), Series 2018A (2/1/2038) and Series 2019A (5/1/2039) were defeased on June 23, 2021. The State used cash and some interest earnings to purchase eligible investments in an escrow account to make principal and interest payments until final maturity. The debt service is secured solely by the escrow account and is no longer considered State debt.

For the year ended June 30, 2021, NOTE 15 summarizes changes in general obligation bonds.



Hedging Derivative Instruments

Terms: 65% of 1-month LIBOR + 25 basis points

As of June 30, 2021, approximately \$117 million of Infrastructure Improvement Bonds and Common Schools Bonds have associated cash flow hedges with a fair value of (\$8.4) million. The value of these bonds is reported as part of the Bonds and Notes Payable section and the negative fair value of the cash flow hedges is reported in the Other Noncurrent Liabilities section on the Statement of Net Position. The fair value increased \$5.6 million during fiscal year 2021. This increase is reported on the Statement of Net Position as part of Deferred Outflows of Resources. Fair value of the cash flow hedges is determined using the zero-coupon method. For information on the State's Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources, see NOTE 18.

Terms and objectives of the State's hedging derivative instruments are provided in the following table:

| | | Hedging | Derivative Ins | struments | | | |
|--|-------------------------------------|----------------|---------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|----------------|----------------|---------------------------|
| As of June 30, 2021 | | | | | | | |
| (dollars in thousands) | | | | | | | |
| have | Type of Cash Flow | Notional | Underlying | Counterparty's Sw ap Rate at | Rate at | Effective | Termination (Maturity) |
| Issue | Hedge | Amount | Index | 06/30/2021 | 06/30/2021 | Date | Date |
| Infrastructure Improvements, Series 2001B | Pay-fixed interest rate swap | \$9,300 | SIFMA Index | 0.03% | 4.63% | 11/29/2001 | 8/1/2021 |
| Objective: Convert Series Embedded Option: JPMorg higher over a 180-day peri Credit Quality Ratings of Co | an Chase may ele od. | ect to termina | ate its portion of | | SIFMA index a | verages 7 pe | |
| Infrastructure Improvements, Refunding Series 2004A | Pay-fixed interest rate swap | \$16,860 | LIBOR (See terms below) | 0.31% | 3.51% | 3/3/2004 | 2/1/2023 |
| Objective: Convert Series Credit Quality Ratings of Co Terms: 63% of 1-month LIE | ounterparty: | Aa2/A+/AA | to a synthetic fi A- Wells Fargo | xed rate to minim | ize exposure t | to changing in | iterest rates |
| Common Schools, Series 2003D | Pay-fixed interest rate sw ap | \$41,415 | LIBOR (see terms below) | 0.30% | 3.41% | 9/14/2007 | 3/15/2024 |
| Objective: Convert Series Credit Quality Ratings of Co Terms: 65% of 1-month LIE | ounterparty: | 50% Aa2/A | • | ked rate to minim n Chase; 50% / | • | 0 0 | terest rates |
| Common Schools, Series 2006B | Pay-fixed interest rate sw ap | \$24,700 | LIBOR (see terms below) | 0.07% | 3.20% | 11/21/2014 | 6/15/2026 |
| Objective: Convert Series Credit Quality Ratings of Co Terms: 65% of 1-month LIE | ounterparty: | A1/AA-/AA | • | ced rate to minim onal Association | • | o changing in | terest rates |
| Common Schools, Series 2006C | Pay-fixed interest rate sw ap | \$24,700 | LIBOR (see terms below) | 0.07% | 3.20% | 6/15/2006 | 6/15/2026 |
| Objective: Convert Series Credit Quality Ratings of Co | | | to a synthetic fix AA Royal Bank o | | ize exposure t | o changing in | terest rates |



The State was not exposed to credit risk because these swaps had negative fair values at June 30, 2021. However, should interest rates change and the fair values of the swaps become positive, the State would be exposed to credit risk in the amount of the derivative instrument's positive fair value.

Each swap counterparty is required to post collateral to a third party when their respective credit rating, as determined by specified nationally recognized credit rating agencies, falls below the trigger level defined in the swap agreement. This arrangement protects the State by mitigating credit risk, and therefore termination risk, inherent in the swap. Collateral on all swaps must be in the form of cash or U.S. government securities and held by a third-party custodian. Net payments are made on the same date, as specified in the agreements.

The combination of the variable-rate bonds and a floating-to-fixed swap creates a low-cost, long-term synthetic fixed-rate debt that protects the State from rising interest rates.

These swaps expose the State to basis risk or a mismatch between the floating rate received on the swap and the variable rate paid on the underlying variable-rate bonds. A mismatch would increase or decrease the interest cost paid by the State.

For Infrastructure Improvements, Series 2001B, the SIFMA municipal swap index has proven to be an effective proxy for the State's variable-rate debt and substantially mitigates basis risk.

For Infrastructure Improvements, Series 2004A and for Common Schools, Series 2003D, 2006B, and 2006C, the State assumes the risk of reductions in marginal federal tax rates or elimination of the tax preference for municipal securities, given that the variable swap receipt is based on a taxable index (LIBOR). Those changes would increase the interest rates on the underlying variable-rate debt but would not impact the variable-rate swap receipt based on the LIBOR index.

The State retains the right to terminate any swap agreement at the market value prior to maturity. The State has termination risk under the contracts, particularly upon the occurrence of an additional termination event (ATE), as defined in the swap agreements. An ATE occurs if either the credit rating of the bonds associated with a specific swap or the credit rating of the swap counterparty falls below a threshold defined in each swap agreement. If the swap was terminated, the variable-rate bonds would no longer carry a synthetic interest rate. Also, if at the time of the termination the swap has a negative fair value, the State may be liable to the counterparty for a payment. Other termination events include failure to pay, bankruptcy, merger without assumption, and illegality. No termination events have occurred.

Refundings

During fiscal year 2021, there were two refundings of general obligation bonds. Proceeds of the refunding (new) bonds were placed in irrevocable trusts to provide for all future debt service payments of the refunded (old) bonds. These refunded amounts are considered defeased and no longer outstanding. The various trust accounts' assets and liabilities for the defeased bonds are not included in the State's financial statements. Details on the refunding are presented in the table on the following page.

In prior years, the State defeased certain bond issues by placing the proceeds of refunding (new) bonds in irrevocable trusts to provide for all future debt service payments on the refunded (old) bonds. Accordingly, the various trust accounts' assets and liabilities for the defeased bonds are not included in the State's financial statements. At June 30, 2021, Common School Bonds of \$296.4 million, Higher Education Bonds of \$449.1 million, Infrastructure Improvement Bonds of \$184.6 million, Natural Resources Bonds of \$39.4 million, and Highway Capital Improvement Bonds of \$143 million are outstanding and considered defeased.

NOTE 10 GENERAL OBLIGATION BONDS (Continued)

Primary Government — Governmental Activities General Obligation Bonds Details of Refundings For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

(dollars in thousands)

| | | | True | | | | Economic |
|------------------------------|------------|-----------|-----------|--------------|-----------|--------------------|-----------|
| | | | Interest | Carrying | Refunding | | Gain / |
| | | Amount of | Cost | Amount of | Bond | Reduction | (Loss) |
| | | Refunding | Rates of | Bonds | Proceeds | (Increase) in | Resulting |
| | Date of | Bonds | Refunding | Refunded (in | Placed in | Debt Service | from |
| Refunding Bond Issue | Refunding | Issued | Bonds | substance) | Escrow | Payments | Refunding |
| Common Schools, Series 2021B | 3/17/2021 | \$111,385 | 1.28% | \$ 146,675 | \$148,424 | \$ 45,887 / 13 yrs | \$ 40,659 |
| Conservation, Series 2020C | 12/22/2020 | 14,610 | 0.44% | 17,630 | 17,984 | 3,418 / 8 yrs | 3,265 |
| Total | | \$125,995 | = | \$ 164,305 | \$166,408 | · - | \$ 43,924 |

NOTE 11 REVENUE BONDS AND NOTES

The State Constitution permits state agencies and authorities to issue bonds and notes that are not supported by the full faith and credit of the State. These bonds and notes pledge income derived from user fees and rentals on the acquired or constructed assets to pay the debt service.

The Treasurer of State and the Buckeye Tobacco Settlement Financing Authority (BTSFA) issue revenue bonds and notes for the primary government. The Treasurer of State issues bonds and notes on behalf of the Ohio Department of Transportation. The Ohio State University issues revenue bonds and notes as a major discretely presented component unit.

A. Primary Government

The Treasurer of State, since fiscal year 1998, has issued a total of \$3.01 billion in State Infrastructure Bank Bonds for various transportation construction projects financed by the Department of Transportation. The State has pledged federal highway receipts and loan repayments received under the State Infrastructure Bank Loan Program as the primary source of moneys for meeting the principal and interest requirements on the bonds.

Issuances for the State Infrastructure Bank are, in part, used for the acquisition, construction, or improvement of capital assets. Total pledged federal highway receipts and loan repayments through the maturity of the bonds in 2033 are estimated at approximately \$1.06 billion. For fiscal year 2021, principal and interest payments on the revenue bonds was \$227.8 million and pledged receipts was \$166.7 million.

BTSFA is authorized by the Ohio General Assembly to issue and to sell obligations, the aggregate principal amount of which shall not exceed \$6 billion, exclusive of obligations issued to refund, renew, or advance refund other obligations issued or incurred. On October 29, 2007, BTSFA successfully securitized 100 percent of the projected tobacco settlement receipts through the issuance of five series of asset-backed revenue bonds, aggregating in the amount of \$5.53 billion (Series 2007 Bonds). On March 4, 2020, the authority issued \$5.35 billion in Asset-Backed Refunding Bonds, Series 2020 Senior Bonds (Series 2020 Bonds), the proceeds of which were used to refund, through redemption and defeasance, all of the Authority's Series 2007 Bonds.



NOTE 11 REVENUE BONDS AND NOTES (Continued)

The Authority has pledged future tobacco settlement receipts, including related investment earnings, and net of specified operating and enforcement expenses, to repay the bonds, which have a final stated maturity in 2057. Annual principal and interest payments on the bonds will require 100 percent of the net tobacco settlement receipts.

As of June 30, 2021, the total principal and interest payments remaining to be paid on the bonds was \$9.77 billion. Principal and interest paid and total net tobacco settlement receipts for fiscal year 2021 were \$306.5 million and \$305.3 million, respectively.

The Series 2007 Bonds were issued on a tax-exempt basis to fund long-lived capital projects at state-supported institutions of higher education and to pay the State's share of the cost of rebuilding elementary and secondary school facilities across the State. The Series 2020 Bonds were issued on a federally-tax basis and on a tax-exempt basis. After the bonds and any related operating expenses have been fully paid, any remaining tobacco settlement receipts will become payable to the State. Additional information on these bonds can be found in BTSFA's standalone financial report.

Revenue bonds and notes outstanding and future bond service requirements for the primary government, as of June 30, 2021, are presented in the following tables:

Primary Government-Governmental Activities Summary of Revenue Bonds and Notes As of June 30, 2021

(dollars in thousands)

| | Fiscal Years Issued | Interest Rates | Maturing Through Fiscal Year | Outstanding Balance |
|--|---------------------------|------------------------|------------------------------------|--|
| Treasurer of State: State Infrastructure Bank Buckeye Tobacco Settlement Financing Authority Total Revenue Bonds and Notes | 2007-21 2020 | 0.2%-6.0% 1.5%-5.6% | 2033 2057 | \$ 970,634 5,656,409 \$6,627,043 |

Primary Government-Governmental Activities Future Funding Requirements for Revenue Bonds and Notes As of June 30, 2021

(dollars in thousands)

| Year Ending June 30, | Principal | Interest | Total |
|-------------------------------------|-------------|--------------|--------------|
| 2022 | \$ 288,825 | \$ 257,458 | \$ 546,283 |
| 2023 | 215,680 | 244,782 | 460,462 |
| 2024 | 221,325 | 236,230 | 457,555 |
| 2025 | 227,740 | 227,359 | 455,099 |
| 2026 | 200,690 | 218,534 | 419,224 |
| 2027-2031 | 1,088,000 | 942,157 | 2,030,157 |
| 2032-2036 | 991,985 | 691,655 | 1,683,640 |
| 2037-2041 | 1,227,325 | 430,892 | 1,658,217 |
| 2042-2046 | 1,165,177 | 655,834 | 1,821,011 |
| 2047-2050 | 378,099 | 916,743 | 1,294,842 |
| | 6,004,846 | 4,821,644 | 10,826,490 |
| Unamortized Premium/(Discount), Net | 622,197 | | 622,197 |
| Total | \$6,627,043 | \$ 4,821,644 | \$11,448,687 |

For the year ended June 30, 2021, NOTE 15 summarizes changes in revenue bonds and notes.



NOTE 11 REVENUE BONDS AND NOTES (Continued)

The preceding future funding table for the Authority's portion includes (i) serial bond maturities that the Authority must pay as of specific distribution dates in order to avoid an event of default under the Trust Indenture, (ii) turbo term bond payments that the Authority would pay according to the Trust Indenture if sufficient tobacco settlement receipts are collected; however, a failure to pay before final maturity does not constitute an event of default under the Trust Indenture, and (iii) capital appreciation turbo term bond maturities.

Refundings

During fiscal year 2021, there was one refunding of a State Infrastructure Bank Bonds. Proceeds of the refunding (new) bonds were placed in irrevocable trusts to provide for all future debt service payments of the refunded (old) bonds. These refunded amounts are considered defeased and no longer outstanding. The various trust accounts' assets and liabilities for the defeased bonds are not included in the State's financial statements. Details on the refunding are presented in the table below.

In prior years, the State defeased certain bond issues by placing cash and other monetary assets and proceeds of new bonds in irrevocable trusts to provide for all future debt service payments on the old bonds. Accordingly, the various trust accounts' assets and liabilities for the defeased bonds are not included in the State's financial statements. At June 30, 2021, Economic Development Bonds of \$5.9 million and Buckeye Tobacco Settlement Financing Authority Bonds of \$274.8 million are outstanding are considered defeased.

| Primary Government — Governmental Activities | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|--|-----------|------------|------------|-----|------------|-----------|------------------|-----------|--|--|--|--|
| Revenue Bonds and Notes | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Details of Refundings | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| For the Year Ended June 30, 2021 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | (dollars i | n thousand | ds) | | | | | | | | |
| | | | True | | | | | Economic | | | | |
| | | | Interest | C | Carrying | Refunding | | Gain / | | | | |
| | | Amount of | Cost | Αı | mount of | Bond | Reduction | (Loss) | | | | |
| | | Refunding | Rates of | | Bonds | Proceeds | (Increase) in | Resulting | | | | |
| | Date of | Bonds | Refunding | Ref | funded (in | Placed in | Debt Service | from | | | | |
| Refunding Bond Issue | Refunding | Issued | Bonds | su | ıbstance) | Escrow | Payments | Refunding | | | | |
| Treasurer of State: State Infrastructure | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Bank, Series 2021-1B | 6/8/2021 | \$ 58,220 | 0.49% | \$ | 55,220 | \$ 57,883 | \$ 3,313 / 5 yrs | \$ 3,239 | | | | |
| Total | | \$ 58,220 | <u>-</u> | \$ | 55,220 | \$ 57,883 | | \$ 3,239 | | | | |

B. Major Discretely Presented Component Units

Future bond service requirements for revenue bonds and notes reported for the major discretely presented component units, as of June 30, 2021, are shown in the following table:

NOTE 11 REVENUE BONDS AND NOTES (Continued)

Major Discretely Presented Component Units Future Funding Requirements for Revenue Bonds and Notes As of June 30, 2021

(dollars in thousands)

| | Ohio State University | | | | | |
|-------------------------------------|-----------------------|--------------|-------------|--|--|--|
| Year Ending June 30, | Principal | Interest | Total | | | |
| 2022 | \$ 344,778 | \$ 134,156 | \$ 478,934 | | | |
| 2023 | 80,760 | 130,872 | 211,632 | | | |
| 2024 | 74,598 | 126,910 | 201,508 | | | |
| 2025 | 75,030 | 123,097 | 198,127 | | | |
| 2026 | 62,065 | 119,386 | 181,451 | | | |
| 2027 – 2031 | 309,844 | 550,110 | 859,954 | | | |
| 2032 – 2036 | 171,969 | 492,030 | 663,999 | | | |
| 2037 – 2041 | 831,987 | 416,140 | 1,248,127 | | | |
| 2042 – 2046 | 101,056 | 246,932 | 347,988 | | | |
| 2047 – 2051 | 350,026 | 177,248 | 527,274 | | | |
| 2052 – 2056 | - | 170,600 | 170,600 | | | |
| 2057 – 2061 | 250,000 | 125,060 | 375,060 | | | |
| 2062 – 2066 | - | 120,000 | 120,000 | | | |
| 2067 – 2071 | - | 122,556 | 122,556 | | | |
| 2072 – 2076 | - | 120,000 | 120,000 | | | |
| 2077 – 2081 | - | 120,000 | 120,000 | | | |
| 2082 – 2086 | - | 120,000 | 120,000 | | | |
| 2087 – 2091 | - | 120,000 | 120,000 | | | |
| 2092 – 2096 | - | 120,000 | 120,000 | | | |
| 2097 – 2101 | - | 120,000 | 120,000 | | | |
| 2102 – 2106 | - | 120,000 | 120,000 | | | |
| 2107 – 2111 | 500,000 | 120,000 | 620,000 | | | |
| | 3,152,113 | 4,015,097 | 7,167,210 | | | |
| Unamortized Premium/(Discount), Net | 105,129 | | 105,129 | | | |
| Total | \$3,257,242 | \$ 4,015,097 | \$7,272,339 | | | |

The bonds and notes of the state universities and state community colleges are payable from the institutions' available receipts, including student fees, rental income, and gifts and donations, as may be provided for in the respective bond and note agreements. The proceeds of the bonds and notes are used for the construction of educational and student resident facilities and auxiliary facilities such as dining halls, hospitals, parking facilities, bookstores, and athletic facilities. The State is not obligated for the debt of its discretely presented component units.

The Ohio State University, a major discretely presented component unit, has entered into two pay fixed/receive floating interest rate swap agreements, which are considered effective hedging derivative instruments, to convert all or a portion of variable-rate debt into a synthetic fixed rate to protect against the potential of rising interest rates. Both swaps have a notional amount of \$164.4 million, effective date of June 1, 2023, termination date of June 1, 2043, and cancellation option June 1, 2035, at the University's option. The two swaps differ in their June 30, 2021, fair value, counterparty credit rating, and what fixed rate the University pays, with the respective information as: Swap one \$6.8 million, A1/A, and 1.19 percent and Swap two \$5.5 million, Aa2/A+, and 1.26 percent. The derivative instruments are reported at fair value in noncurrent assets and changes in fair value are part of deferred inflows on the Statement of Net Position.

NOTE 12 SPECIAL OBLIGATION BONDS

Under the authority of Chapter 154, Ohio Revised Code, the Treasurer of State is the issuer of special obligation bonds that finance the cost of capital facilities for mental health and developmental disabilities institutions, parks and recreation, cultural and sports facilities, correctional facilities, office buildings for state departments and agencies, transportation, and, in some cases, related facilities for local governments. These issuances are, in part, used for acquisition, construction, or improvement of capital assets.



NOTE 12 SPECIAL OBLIGATION BONDS (Continued)

Pledges of lease rental payments from appropriations made to the General Fund and the Highway Safety and Highway Operating special revenue funds, moneys held by trustees pursuant to related trust agreements, and other receipts, as required by the respective bond documents, secure the special obligation bonds. The lease rental payments are reported in the fund financial statements as interfund transfers.

Special obligation bonds outstanding, bonds authorized but unissued, and future debt service requirements, as of June 30, 2021, are presented in the following tables:

Primary Government-Governmental Activities Summary of Special Obligation Bonds As of June 30, 2021

(dollars in thousands)

| | | | | Authorized | |
|---------------------------------------|--------------|------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| | Fiscal Years | Interest | Through | Outstanding | but |
| | Issued | Rates | Fiscal Year | Balance | Unissued |
| Treasurer of State Lease Rental Bonds | 2012-2021 | 0.02-5.00% | 2041 | \$2,628,132 | \$1,226,335 |
| Total Special Obligation Bonds | | | | \$2,628,132 | \$1,226,335 |

| Future Funding of Special Obligation Bonds: | | | | | | | | | |
|---|--------------|------------|--------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Year Ending June 30, | Principal | Interest | Total | | | | | | |
| 2022 | \$ 214,135 | \$ 92,442 | \$ 306,577 | | | | | | |
| 2023 | 219,780 | 86,466 | 306,246 | | | | | | |
| 2024 | 216,385 | 77,242 | 293,627 | | | | | | |
| 2025 | 209,010 | 68,275 | 277,285 | | | | | | |
| 2026 | 153,660 | 60,081 | 213,741 | | | | | | |
| 2027-2031 | 729,730 | 191,402 | 921,132 | | | | | | |
| 2032-2036 | 385,355 | 60,630 | 445,985 | | | | | | |
| 2037-2041 | 214,765 | 11,571 | 226,336 | | | | | | |
| | 2,342,820 | 648,109 | 2,990,929 | | | | | | |
| Unamortized Premium/(Discount), Net | 285,312 | | 285,312 | | | | | | |
| Total | \$ 2,628,132 | \$ 648,109 | \$ 3,276,241 | | | | | | |

For the year ended June 30, 2021, NOTE 15 summarizes changes in special obligation bonds.

During fiscal year 2021, the Treasurer of State Lease Rental had three refunding issues. Details on the refundings for fiscal year 2021 are presented in the table below:

Primary Government — Governmental Activities Special Obligation Bonds Details of Refundings For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

(dollars in thousands)

| | | | True | | | | Economic |
|--|-----------|-----------|--------------|--------------|-----------|----------------|-----------|
| | | | Interest | Carrying | Refunding | | Gain / |
| | | Amount of | Cost | Amount of | Bond | Reduction | (Loss) |
| | | Refunding | Rates of | Bonds | Proceeds | (Increase) in | Resulting |
| | Date of | Bonds | Refunding | Refunded (in | Placed in | Debt Service | from |
| Refunding Bond Issue | Refunding | Issued | Bonds | substance) | Escrow | Payments | Refunding |
| Treasurer of State Lease Rental Bonds: | | | | | | | |
| Parks & Recreation 2020 Series A | 8/12/2020 | \$ 2,300 | 0.49% | \$ 2,415 | \$ 2,427 | \$ 62/2 yrs | \$ 79 |
| Administrative Building 2020 Series D | 8/12/2020 | 58,960 | 1.39% | 49,750 | 58,501 | 1,357 / 16 yrs | 954 |
| Juvenile Correctional 2020 Series A | 9/24/2020 | 5,500 | 0.56% | 5,795 | 5,943 | 518 / 5 yrs | 514 |
| Total | | \$ 66,760 | - | \$ 57,960 | \$ 66,871 | - - | \$ 1,547 |



NOTE 12 SPECIAL OBLIGATION BONDS (Continued)

In prior years, the Treasurer of State defeased certain bond issues by placing the proceeds of new bonds in irrevocable trusts to provide for all future debt service payments on the old bonds. Accordingly, the various trust accounts' assets and liabilities for the defeased bonds are not included in the State's financial statements. At June 30, 2021, \$106.5 million of lease rental special obligations bonds outstanding are considered defeased.

NOTE 13 CERTIFICATES OF PARTICIPATION

As of June 30, 2021, approximately \$273.1 million in certificate of participation (COP) obligations were reported in governmental activities.

Beginning in fiscal year 2015, the Ohio Department of Administrative Services participated in the issuance of \$105.4 million of COP obligations to finance the cost of acquisition of the Enterprise Data Center Solutions (EDCS).

Beginning in fiscal year 2013, the Ohio Department of Administrative Services participated in the issuance of \$72 million of COP obligations to finance the upgrade of the Ohio Multi-Agency Radio Communications System (MARCS).

Beginning in fiscal year 2005, the Ohio Department of Administrative Services participated in the issuance of \$204.3 million of COP obligations to finance the acquisition of the Ohio Administrative Knowledge System (OAKS), a statewide Enterprise Resource Planning (ERP) system. These issuances are, in part, used for the acquisition, construction, or improvement of capital assets.

Beginning in fiscal year 2008, the Ohio Department of Administrative Services participated in the issuance of \$67.1 million of COP obligations to finance the cost of acquisition of the State Taxation Accounting and Revenue System (STARS).

In fiscal year 2015, the Ohio Treasurer of State's Office participated in the issuance of \$8.8 million of COP obligations to finance the cost of acquisition of the Treasury Management System (TMS).

In fiscal year 2017, the Ohio Attorney General's Office participated in the issuance of \$19.6 million of COP obligations to finance the cost of acquisition of the Bureau of Criminal Investigation Records System (BCIRS).

Beginning in fiscal year 2019, the Ohio Secretary of State participated in the issuance of \$92.9 million of COP obligations to finance Voting Systems Acquisitions (VSA).

In fiscal year 2020, the Ohio Department of Administrative Services participated in the issuance of \$12.2 million of COP obligations to finance the Unemployment Insurance System (UIS).

Under the COP financing arrangements, the State is required to make rental payments from the General Fund (subject to biennial appropriations) that approximate the interest and principal payments made by trustees to certificate holders.

Obligations outstanding and future commitments for the primary government under COP financing arrangements, as of June 30, 2021, are presented in the following tables:

NOTE 13 CERTIFICATES OF PARTICIPATION (Continued)

Primary Government — Governmental Activities Summary of Certificate of Participation Obligations As of June 30, 2021

(dollars in thousands)

| | | | Maturing | |
|---|--------------|----------------|-------------|-------------|
| | Fiscal Years | | Through | Outstanding |
| | Issued | Interest Rates | Fiscal Year | Balance |
| Attorney General: | | | | |
| Bureau of Criminal Investigation Records System (BCIRS) | 2017-21 | 0.3%-4.0% | 2027 | \$ 13,702 |
| Department of Administrative Services: | | | | |
| Enterprise Data Center Solutions (EDCS) | 2015-20 | 1.4%-5.0% | 2030 | 78,891 |
| Multi-Agency Radio Communications System (MARCS) | 2021 | 0.2%-1.3% | 2028 | 43,800 |
| Ohio Administrative Know ledge System (OAKS) | 2017 | 5.0% | 2027 | 13,833 |
| State Taxation Accounting and Revenue System (STARS) | 2015-21 | 0.4%-5.0% | 2027 | 15,336 |
| Unemployment Insurance System (UIS) | 2020 | 2.5%-5.0% | 2030 | 12,789 |
| Secretary of State: | | | | |
| Voting Systems Acquisitions (VSA) | 2019-21 | 5.0% | 2030 | 90,461 |
| Treasurer of State: | | | | |
| Treasury Management Systems (TMS) | 2015 | 5.0% | 2025 | 4,288 |
| Total Certificates of Participation | | | | \$ 273,100 |

| Future Commitments for Certificate of Participation Obligations: | | | | | | | | |
|--|-----------|---|---|--|--|--|--|--|
| F | Principal | lr | nterest | Total | | | | |
| \$ | 30,935 | \$ | 9,155 | \$ | 40,090 | | | |
| | 35,140 | | 7,748 | | 42,888 | | | |
| | 36,350 | | 6,514 | | 42,864 | | | |
| 37,600 | 37,600 | | 5,268 | | 42,868 | | | |
| | 31,050 | | 4,052 | | 35,102 | | | |
| | 81,620 | | 5,704 | | 87,324 | | | |
| | 252,695 | | 38,441 | | 291,136 | | | |
| | 20,405 | | - | | 20,405 | | | |
| \$ | 273,100 | \$ | 38,441 | \$ | 311,541 | | | |
| | F | Principal \$ 30,935 35,140 36,350 37,600 31,050 81,620 252,695 20,405 | Principal II \$ 30,935 \$ 35,140 36,350 37,600 31,050 81,620 252,695 20,405 | Principal Interest \$ 30,935 \$ 9,155 35,140 7,748 36,350 6,514 37,600 5,268 31,050 4,052 81,620 5,704 252,695 38,441 20,405 - | Principal Interest \$ 30,935 \$ 9,155 35,140 7,748 36,350 6,514 37,600 5,268 31,050 4,052 81,620 5,704 252,695 38,441 20,405 - | | | |

For the year ended June 30, 2021, NOTE 15 summarizes changes in COP obligations.

Refundings

During fiscal year 2021, there were three refundings of certificate of participation (COP) obligations. Proceeds of the refunding (new) COPs were placed in irrevocable trusts to provide for all future debt service payments of the refunded (old) COPs. These refunded amounts are considered defeased and no longer outstanding. The various trust accounts' assets and liabilities for the defeased COPs are not included in the State's financial statements. Details on the refundings are presented in the following table.

NOTE 13 CERTIFICATES OF PARTICIPATION (Continued)

Primary Government — Governmental Activities Certificate of Participation Obligations (COP) Details of Refundings For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

(dollars in thousands)

| - | | | ` | True | | | | | | Ec | onomic |
|---------------------|-----------|----|----------|-----------|-----|--------------|-----------|------------------------|------------------|-----|---------|
| | | | | Interest | (| Carrying | Re | funding | | (| Gain / |
| | | Ar | mount of | Cost | A | mount of | COP | | Reduction | (| Loss) |
| | | Re | efunding | Rates of | | COPs Proceed | | Proceeds (Increase) in | | Re | sulting |
| | Date of | | COPs | Refunding | Ref | unded (in | Placed in | | Debt Service | | from |
| Refunding COP Issue | Refunding | ŀ | ssued | COPs | su | substance) | | scrow | Payments | Ref | funding |
| BCIRS, Series 2021 | 2/9/2021 | \$ | 11,775 | 0.79% | \$ | 10,880 | \$ | 11,689 | \$ 1,314 / 7 yrs | \$ | 1,244 |
| MARCS, Series 2021 | 2/9/2021 | | 43,800 | 0.93% | | 40,820 | | 43,543 | 3,166 / 8 yrs | | 3,088 |
| STARS, Series 2021 | 2/9/2021 | | 12,445 | 0.78% | | 11,500 | | 12,356 | 1,055 / 7 yrs | | 1,044 |
| Total | | \$ | 68,020 | _ | \$ | 63,200 | \$ | 67,588 | • | \$ | 5,376 |

NOTE 14 OTHER NONCURRENT LIABILITIES

As of June 30, 2021, in addition to bonds, notes, and certificates of participation obligations discussed in NOTES 10 through 13, the State reports the following noncurrent liabilities in its financial statements (dollars in thousands):

| Non-Current Liabilities | |
|-----------------------------------|---------------|
| Governmental Activities: | |
| Compensated Absences | \$ 572,734 |
| Net Pension Liability | 3,416,948 |
| Net OPEB Liability | 633,413 |
| Capital Leases Payable | 27,394 |
| Derivative Instruments | 11,756 |
| Pollution Remediation Liabilities | 1,829 |
| Infrastructure, Capital Assets | 319,933 |
| Liability for Escheat Property | 314,195 |
| Total Governmental Activities | 5,298,202 |
| Business-Type Activities: | |
| Compensated Absences | 52,304 |
| Net Pension Liability | 227,190 |
| Capital Leases Payable | 14,917 |
| Workers' Compensation: | |
| Benefits Payable | 11,888,612 |
| Other | 1,887,926 |
| Prize Aw ards Payable | 330,283 |
| Tuition Benefits Payable | 108,900 |
| Total Business-Type Activities | 14,510,132 |
| Total Primary Government | \$ 19,808,334 |
| | |

For the year ended June 30, 2021, NOTE 15 summarizes the changes in other noncurrent liabilities. Explanations of certain significant noncurrent liability balances reported in the financial statements follow:

A. Compensated Absences

For the primary government, the compensated absences liability, as of June 30, 2021, was \$625 million, of which \$572.7 million is allocable to governmental activities and \$52.3 million is allocable to business-type activities.

As of June 30, 2021, major discretely presented component units reported a total of \$240.1 million in compensated absences liabilities, as detailed by major discretely presented component unit in NOTE 15.



NOTE 14 OTHER NONCURRENT LIABILITIES (Continued)

B. Net Pension Liability and Net OPEB Liability

The State recognizes a net pension liability in the amount of \$3.64 billion, as of June 30, 2021, for the primary government of which \$3.42 billion is allocable to governmental activities and \$227.2 million is allocable to business-type activities. The net pension liability represents the State's proportionate share of the difference between the total pension liability and the fiduciary net position for OPERS, STRS, and SHPRS.

For the primary government, the State recognizes a net OPEB liability in the amount of \$633.4 million as of June 30, 2021, allocable to governmental activities. The net OPEB liability represents the State's proportionate share of the difference between the total OPEB liability and the fiduciary net position for SHPRS, whereas OPERS and STRS resulted in a net OPEB asset. See NOTE 9 for further details.

C. Lease Agreements

The State's primary government leases office buildings, computers, and office equipment. Although the lease terms vary, most leases are renewable subject to biennial appropriations by the General Assembly. If the likelihood of the exercise of a fiscal funding clause in the lease agreement is, in the management's judgment, remote, then the lease is considered noncancelable for financial reporting purposes and is reported as a fund expenditure/expense for operating leases or as a liability for capital leases.

Operating leases (leases on assets not recorded in the Statement of Net Position) contain various renewable options as well as some purchase options. Any escalation clauses, sublease rentals, and contingent rents are considered immaterial to the future minimum lease payments and current rental expenditures. Operating lease payments are recorded as expenditures or expenses of the related funds when paid or incurred. The primary government's total operating lease expenditures/expenses for fiscal year 2021 were approximately \$137 million. Fiscal year 2022 future minimum lease commitments for operating leases judged to be noncancelable, as of June 30, 2021, were \$4.5 million.

Assets acquired through capital leasing are valued at the lower of fair value or the present value of the future minimum lease payments at the lease's inception. Capital leases are used for the acquisition of capital assets. Future minimum lease commitments for capital leases judged to be noncancelable, as of June 30, 2021, are as follows (dollars in thousands):

| | | Capital Leases | |
|---|--------------|----------------|--------------|
| | Governmental | Business-Type | |
| Year Ending June 30, | Activities | Activities | Total |
| 2022 | \$ 9,816 | \$ 3,478 | \$ 13,294 |
| 2023 | 7,564 | 11,438 | 19,002 |
| 2024 | 5,428 | - | 5,428 |
| 2025 | 3,729 | - | 3,729 |
| 2026 | 1,739 | - | 1,739 |
| 2027-2028 | 288 | - | 288 |
| Total Minimum Lease Payments | 28,564 | 14,916 | 43,480 |
| Amount for Interest | (1,170) | _ | (1,170) |
| Present Value of Net Minimum Lease Payments | \$ 27,394 | \$ 14,916 | \$ 42,310 |

As of June 30, 2021, the primary government had the following capital assets under capital leases (dollars in thousands):

Camital Assats

| | | | Сар | ital Assets | |
|-----------|----------------------------|--------|-----|--------------------------|---------------|
| | Governmental Activities | | | iness-Type Activities | Total |
| Equipment | \$ | 12,221 | \$ | 126,207 | \$ 138,428 |
| Vehicles | | 47,320 | | - | 47,320 |
| Total | \$ | 59,541 | \$ | 126,207 | \$ 185,748 |



NOTE 14 OTHER NONCURRENT LIABILITIES (Continued)

Amortization expense for the proprietary funds within the Statement of Activities is included with depreciation expense. Capital leases are reported under the "Refund and Other Liabilities" account in the proprietary and discretely presented component unit funds.

Future minimum lease commitments for capital leases judged to be noncancelable and capital assets under capital leases for the major discretely presented component unit funds, as of June 30, 2021, (dollars in thousands):

| Capital | Leases |
|---------|--------|
|---------|--------|

| Major Discretely Presented Component Units | | |
|---|----|-----------|
| | Oh | nio State |
| Year Ending June 30, | Ur | niversity |
| 2022 | \$ | 9,904 |
| 2023 | | 8,777 |
| 2024 | | 5,794 |
| 2025 | | 2,837 |
| Total Minimum Lease Payments | | 27,312 |
| Amount for Interest | | (1,166) |
| Present Value of Net Minimum Lease Payments | \$ | 26,146 |
| | • | |
| Equipment & Vehicles | \$ | 55,824 |
| Total | \$ | 55,824 |

D. Derivative Instruments

For governmental activities, the State has reported \$(11.8) million of investment and hedging derivative instruments as of June 30, 2021. Additional information regarding the State's derivative instruments is included in NOTE 4, NOTE 10, and NOTE 18.

E. Pollution Remediation Liabilities

The State recognizes a liability for pollution remediation in the amount of \$1.8 million, as of June 30, 2021. This represents the cost to the State to the extent that is probable for future clean up and reclamation of polluted sites within the State. See NOTE 20 for further detail.

F. Infrastructure. Capital Assets

The State records a liability for the Portsmouth Bypass Highway. Since the completion of construction in fiscal year 2020, the State has recognized payments of \$109.8 million. As of June 30, 2021, the liability totaled approximately \$319.9 million.

G. Litigation Liabilities

In instances when the unfavorable outcome of a pending litigation has been assessed to be probable, liabilities are recorded in the financial statements. As of June 30, 2021, no noncurrent liabilities ultimately payable from various governmental funds have been recorded for this purpose. For more information on the State's loss contingencies arising from pending litigation, see NOTE 20.

H. Estimated Claims Payable

The State had no estimated claims payable to report at June 30, 2021.

I. Liability for Escheat Property

The State records a liability for escheat property to the extent that it is probable that the escheat property will be reclaimed and paid to claimants. As of June 30, 2021, the liability totaled approximately \$314.2 million.



NOTE 14 OTHER NONCURRENT LIABILITIES (Continued)

J. Worker's Compensation

Benefits Payable

As discussed in NOTE 21, the Worker's Compensation Enterprise Fund provides benefits to employees for losses sustained from job-related injury, disease, or death. The Bureau has computed a reserve for compensation, as of June 30, 2021, in the amount of approximately \$11.9 billion. The reserve, which includes estimates for reported claims and claims incurred but not reported, is included in the "Benefits Payable" balance reported for the enterprise fund.

K. Prize Awards Payable

Future installment payments for the prize awards payable are reported at present value based upon interest rates that the Treasurer of State provides to the Lottery Commission Enterprise Fund. The interest rates, ranging from two to eight percent, represent the expected long-term rate of return on the assets restricted for the payment of prize awards. Once established for a particular prize award, the interest rate does not fluctuate with changes in the expected long-term rate of return. The difference between the present value and gross amount of the obligations is amortized into income over the terms of the obligations using the interest method. The State reduces prize liabilities by an estimate of the amount of the prize that will ultimately be unclaimed. As of June 30, 2021, the prize awards payable totals \$330.3 million.

Future payments of prize awards, stated at present value, as of June 30, 2021, follow (dollars in thousands):

| Year Ending June 30, | |
|----------------------|---------------|
| 2022 | \$ 51,563 |
| 2023 | 40,038 |
| 2024 | 36,134 |
| 2025 | 31,602 |
| 2026 | 26,700 |
| 2027-2031 | 119,357 |
| 2032-2036 | 63,053 |
| 2037-2041 | 22,948 |
| 2042-2046 | 6,980 |
| | 398,375 |
| Unamortized Discount | (68,092) |
| Net Prize Liability | \$ 330,283 |

L. Tuition Benefits Payable

The actuarial present value of future tuition benefits payable from the Tuition Trust Authority Enterprise Fund was approximately \$108.9 million, as of June 30, 2021. The valuation method reflects the present value of estimated tuition benefits that will be paid in future years and is adjusted for the effects of projected tuition increases in state universities and state community colleges and termination of participant contracts under the plan.

The following assumptions were used in the actuarial determination of tuition benefits payable: 1.4 percent rate of return, compounded annually, on the investment of current and future assets, a tuition inflation assumption equal to the maximum amount of tuition and mandatory fee increases permitted by the State of Ohio biennial budget of 4 percent.

As of June 30, 2021, the market value of actuarial net position available for the payment of the tuition benefits payable was \$192.9 million.

M. Other Liabilities

The Workers' Compensation Enterprise Fund reports approximately \$1.89 billion in other noncurrent liabilities, as of June 30, 2021, of which 1) \$1.65 billion is comprised of the compensation adjustment expenses liability for estimated future expenses to be incurred in the settlement of claims, as discussed further in NOTE 21, 2) \$172.2 million consists of retrospective rating adjustments for employers within similar industries that are enrolled in group experience rating plans, 3) \$4.5 million is contingent liabilities, and 4) \$61.2 million consists of other miscellaneous liabilities.



NOTE 15 CHANGES IN NONCURRENT LIABILITIES

A. Primary Government

Changes in noncurrent liabilities, for the year ended June 30, 2021, are presented for the primary government in the following table:

Primary Government Changes in Noncurrent Liabilities For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

(dollars in thousands)

| | , | Balance | , | | | | | Balance | | nount Due lithin One |
|---|------|------------|-------------|----|-----|----------|------|------------|------|-------------------------|
| Governmental Activities: | Jun | e 30, 2020 | Additions | | Red | ductions | June | e 30, 2021 | | Year |
| Bonds and Notes Payable: | | | | | | | | | | |
| General Obligation Bonds (NOTE 10) | \$ | 9,418,099 | \$ 1,016,96 | 7 | \$ | 993,036 | \$ 9 | 9,442,030 | \$ | 909,932 |
| Revenue Bonds and Notes (NOTE 11) | | 6,743,423 | 173,83 | 2 | | 290,212 | (| 6,627,043 | | 137,706 |
| Special Obligation Bonds (NOTE 12) | | 2,278,884 | 661,93 | 6 | | 312,688 | 2 | 2,628,132 | | 257,446 |
| Total Bonds and Notes Payable | | 18,440,406 | 1,852,73 | 5 | 1 | ,595,936 | 18 | 8,697,205 | | 1,305,084 |
| Certificates of Participation (NOTE 13) | | 281,757 | 93,23 | 6 | | 101,893 | | 273,100 | | 31,314 |
| Other Noncurrent Liabilities (NOTE 14): | | | | | | | | | | |
| Compensated Absences | | 515,895 | 384,37 | 9 | | 327,540 | | 572,734 | | 73,401 |
| Net Pension Liability | | 4,339,320 | 7,81 | 8 | | 930,190 | ; | 3,416,948 | | - |
| Net OPEB Liability | | 3,120,471 | 162,96 | 3 | 2 | ,650,021 | | 633,413 | | - |
| Capital Leases Payable | | 24,278 | 3,11 | 6 | | - | | 27,394 | | 9,253 |
| Derivative Instruments | | 19,976 | | - | | 8,220 | | 11,756 | | - |
| Pollution Remediation Liabilities | | 1,880 | | - | | 51 | | 1,829 | | 65 |
| Infrastructure, Capital Assets | | 341,995 | | | | 22,062 | | 319,933 | | 25,465 |
| Liability for Escheat Property | | 332,217 | 52,94 | -0 | | 70,962 | | 314,195 | | 96,640 |
| Total Other Noncurrent Liabilities | | 8,696,032 | 611,21 | 6 | 4 | ,009,046 | | 5,298,202 | | 204,824 |
| Total Noncurrent Liabilities | \$ 2 | 27,418,195 | \$ 2,557,18 | 7 | \$5 | ,706,875 | \$24 | 4,268,507 | \$ ^ | 1,541,222 |
| Business-Type Activities: | | _ | | | | | | | | |
| Other Noncurrent Liabilities (NOTE 14): | - | | | | | | | | | |
| Compensated Absences | \$ | 45,621 | \$ 27,82 | 2 | \$ | 21,139 | \$ | 52,304 | \$ | 5,086 |
| Net Pension Liability | | 302,434 | | - | | 75,244 | | 227,190 | | - |
| Net OPEB Liability | | 209,938 | | - | | 209,938 | | - | | - |
| Capital Leases Payable | | 2,911 | 13,95 | 0 | | 1,944 | | 14,917 | | 3,479 |
| Workers' Compensation: | | | | | | | | | | |
| Benefits Payable | • | 12,768,654 | 472,56 | 9 | 1 | ,352,611 | 1 | 1,888,612 | • | 1,294,961 |
| Other: | | | | | | | | | | |
| Adjustment Expenses Liability | | 1,749,500 | 53,43 | 31 | | 152,932 | • | 1,649,999 | | 435,182 |
| Miscellaneous | | 372,246 | 249,63 | 8 | | 383,957 | | 237,927 | | 111,203 |
| Unemployment Compensation: | | | | | | | | | | |
| Intergovernmental Payable | | 217,826 | 1,254,07 | 6 | 1 | ,471,902 | | - | | - |
| Prize Aw ards Payable | | 352,727 | 31,09 | 7 | | 53,541 | | 330,283 | | 41,975 |
| Tuition Benefits Payable | | 132,600 | | | | 23,700 | | 108,900 | | 24,000 |
| Total Other Noncurrent Liabilities | \$ _ | 16,154,457 | \$ 2,102,58 | 3 | \$3 | ,746,908 | \$14 | 4,510,132 | \$ 1 | 1,915,886 |

The State makes payments on bonds and notes payable and certificate of participation obligations that pertain to its governmental activities from the debt service funds. The General Fund and the nonmajor governmental funds will primarily liquidate the other noncurrent liabilities balance attributable to governmental activities.

For fiscal year 2021, the State's primary government included interest expense on its debt issues in the following governmental functions rather than reporting it separately as interest expense. The related borrowings are essential to the creation or continuing existence of the programs they finance and accordingly, such expense is not reported separately on the Statement of Activities under the expense category for interest on long-term debt. The various state subsidy programs supported by the borrowings provide direct state assistance to local governments for their respective capital and construction or research projects.



NOTE 15 CHANGES IN NONCURRENT LIABILITIES (Continued)

| | (i | n 000s) |
|--|----|---------|
| Governmental Activities: | | |
| Primary, Secondary and Other Education | \$ | 362,774 |
| Higher Education Support | | 177,494 |
| Health and Human Services | | 447 |
| Environmental Protection and Natural Resources | | 1,524 |
| Transportation | | 45,672 |
| Community and Economic Development | | 98,423 |
| Total Interest Expense Charged to Governmental Functions | \$ | 686,334 |

B. Major Discretely Presented Component Units

Changes in noncurrent liabilities, for the year ended June 30, 2021, are presented in the following table for the State's major discretely presented component units:

Major Discretely Presented Component Units Changes in Noncurrent Liabilities For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

(dollars in thousands)

| | | Balance | | | | | ı | Balance | nount Due lithin One | - |
|---|-----|------------|----|----------|------|-----------|-----|------------|-------------------------|--------|
| | Jun | e 30, 2020 | Α | dditions | Re | eductions | Jun | e 30, 2021 | Year | |
| Ohio Facilities Construction Commission | | | | | | | | | | - |
| Intergovernmental Payable | \$ | 648,292 | \$ | - | \$ | 273,077 | \$ | 375,215 | \$ 221,037 | * |
| Compensated Absences* | | 1,223 | | 727 | | 527 | | 1,423 | 130 | |
| Total | \$ | 649,515 | \$ | 727 | \$ | 273,604 | \$ | 376,638 | \$ 221,167 | - - |
| Ohio State University: | | | | | | | | | | |
| Compensated Absences* | \$ | 225,561 | \$ | 37,451 | \$ | 24,292 | \$ | 238,720 | \$ 24,291 | |
| Capital Leases Payable* (NOTE 14) | | 24,698 | | 11,468 | | 10,018 | | 26,148 | 9,393 | |
| Hedging Derivative Instruments* | | 6,629 | | | | 6,629 | | - | - | |
| Net Pension Liability* | | 3,025,029 | | - | | 345,696 | | 2,679,333 | - | |
| Net OPEB Liability* | | 1,459,572 | | | | 1,436,889 | | 22,683 | - | |
| Advance from Concessionaire* | | 1,002,769 | | - | | 21,816 | | 980,953 | - | |
| Other Liabilities* | | 427,454 | | 635,182 | | 435,805 | | 626,831 | 98,356 | |
| Revenue Bonds & Notes Payable (NOTE 11) | | 3,234,377 | | 101,773 | | 78,908 | | 3,257,242 | 344,779 | * |
| Total | \$ | 9,406,089 | \$ | 785,874 | \$: | 2,360,053 | \$ | 7,831,910 | \$ 476,819 | - - |

^{*}Liability is reported under the "Refund and Other Liabilities" account.

NOTE 16 CONDUIT DEBT

The State of Ohio, by action of the General Assembly, created various financing authorities for the expressed purpose of making available to non-profit and, in some cases, for profit private entities, lower cost sources of capital financing for facilities and projects found to be for a public purpose. Fees are assessed to recover related processing and application costs incurred. The authorities' debt instruments represent a limited obligation payable solely from payments made by the borrowing entities. Most of the bonds are secured by the property financed. Upon repayment of the bonds, ownership of acquired property transfers to the entity served by the bond issuance.

This debt is not deemed to constitute debt of the State or a pledge of the faith and credit of the State. Accordingly, these bonds are not reflected in the accompanying financial statements.

NOTE 16 CONDUIT DEBT (Continued)

Ohio Enterprise Bond Fund bonds are issued through the Treasurer of State for the purpose of financing eligible projects of private industry organizations. The actual bonds are sold through private placement. These bonds are not general obligations of the State of Ohio or of any political subdivision and are not payable from any tax source; therefore, the rights of the holders of the bonds for payments of amounts due are limited solely to the pledged receipts deposited into the Ohio Enterprise Bond Fund Accounts. The bonds represent conduit debt and are not reflected in the accompanying financial statements. The scheduled payment of the bonds currently outstanding is, however, guaranteed through the Development Services Agency, Office of Loan Administration, under Chapter 166, Ohio Revised Code. As of June 30, 2021, no liability has been recorded in the accompanying financial statements for guarantees extended to defaulted organizations. See NOTE 14H for additional information.

The Development Services Agency also participates in the issuance of Hospital Facilities Bonds, as authorized under Chapter 140, Ohio Revised Code. These revenue bonds are payable solely from payments made by the borrowing entities and are secured by the property financed. This debt is not deemed to constitute debt of the State or a pledge of the faith and credit of the State. Accordingly, these bonds are not reflected in the accompanying financial statements.

Under Chapter 5531, Ohio Revised Code, the Ohio Department of Transportation is authorized to issue State Infrastructure Bond Program debt issuances through the Treasurer of State for highway and transit capital projects of eligible Ohio political subdivisions. These bonds are not general obligations of the State of Ohio or of any political subdivision and are not payable from any tax source; therefore, the rights of the holders of the bonds for payments of amounts due are limited to the pledged receipts and those special funds pledged by each debt issuance. The bonds represent conduit debt and are not reflected in the accompanying financial statements. The scheduled payment of the bonds currently outstanding is, however, guaranteed through the State Infrastructure Bank program of the Ohio Department of Transportation. In the event of a borrower's default, amounts recovered from the secured capital project would be used to replenish any reserve funds and any remaining amounts would be transferred to the State Infrastructure Bank accounts. Any amounts provided to repay bonds using appropriations of the Ohio Department of Transportation would be submitted to the Attorney General's Office for collection. Currently, guarantees are outstanding through fiscal year 2044, when the bonds mature, and no circumstances presently exist that indicate the State will be required to make any payments as a result of these guarantees.

As of June 30, 2021, revenue bonds and notes outstanding that represent conduit debt for the State were as follows (dollars in thousands):

| Amour | |
|---|-----|
| Primary Government: | |
| Development Services Agency: | |
| Ohio Enterprise Bond Program\$ 74, | 940 |
| Hospital Facilities Bonds | 895 |
| Ohio Department of Transportation: | |
| State Transportation Infrastructure Bond Fund Program | 880 |
| Total Primary Government\$ 155, | 715 |

NOTE 17 FUND DEFICITS AND FUND BALANCE REPORTING

A. Fund Balance Reporting-Constraints by Purpose

Fund balance constraints reported in the governmental funds, as of June 30, 2021, are presented by purpose in the table on the following page:



Primary Government

Fund Balance Constraints by Purpose (dollars in thousands)

| - | | Major I | | tnousands) | | |
|--|--------------|---|--|-----------------------------|-----------------------------------|-----------------|
| | General | Job, Family & Other Human Services | Buckeye Tobacco Settlement Financing Authority Bonds | Pandemic Relief Funds | Nonmajor Governmental Funds | Total |
| Fund Balance: | | | | | | |
| Nonspendable | | | | | | |
| Inventories | \$ 19,714 | \$ - | \$ - | \$103,230 | \$ 221,336 | \$ 344,280 |
| Advances to Local Government | 27,304 | | | | - | 27,304 |
| Total Nonspendable | 47,018 | | | 103,230 | 221,336 | 371,584 |
| Restricted | | | | | • | |
| Primary, Secondary and Other Education | 19 | - | - | - | 133,793 | 133,812 |
| Higher Education Support | 285,295 | - | - | - | 3,350 | 288,645 |
| Public Assistance and Medicaid | - | 146,032 | - | - | 240,674 | 386,706 |
| Health and Human Services | - | - | - | - | 37,949 | 37,949 |
| Justice and Public Protection | 41,883 | 2,420 | - | - | 17,419 | 61,722 |
| Environmental Protection and Natural Resources | 17,171 | , - | - | - | 275,879 | 293,050 |
| Transportation | - | _ | _ | _ | 10,145 | 10,145 |
| Transit Project Loans | _ | _ | _ | _ | 242,447 | 242,447 |
| Highway Construction/Preservation | _ | _ | _ | _ | 1,475,173 | 1,475,173 |
| General Government | 28,777 | 33,562 | _ | _ | 97,163 | 159,502 |
| Community and Economic Development | 58,762 | 8 | _ | _ | 380,725 | 439,495 |
| Grants/Loans-Local Government Capital Projects | • | ō | _ | | 300,723 | 926,287 |
| • | | - | _ | _ | - | • |
| Local Government Road/Bridge Improvements | 246,815 | - | - | - | 700.450 | 246,815 |
| Capital Outlay | - | - | 4 400 000 | - | 700,158 | 700,158 |
| Debt Service | 4 005 000 | - | 4,183,992 | - | 7,857 | 4,191,849 |
| Total Restricted | 1,605,009 | 182,022 | 4,183,992 | | 3,622,732 | 9,593,755 |
| Committed | | | | | | |
| Primary, Secondary and Other Education | - | - | = | - | 88,489 | 88,489 |
| Higher Education Support | - | | = | - | 1,357 | 1,357 |
| Public Assistance and Medicaid | - | 545,551 | - | - | 74,808 | 620,359 |
| Health and Human Services | 377 | - | - | - | 31,393 | 31,770 |
| Justice and Public Protection | 1,133 | 4,208 | - | - | 95,203 | 100,544 |
| Environmental Protection and Natural Resources | - | - | - | - | 265,268 | 265,268 |
| Transportation | - | - | - | - | 1,820 | 1,820 |
| General Government | 84,042 | 17,741 | - | - | 112,469 | 214,252 |
| Community and Economic Development | 118,750 | - | - | - | 101,071 | 219,821 |
| Business Development Loans | 633,266 | | | | | 633,266 |
| Total Committed | 837,568 | 567,500 | - | - | 771,878 | 2,176,946 |
| Assigned | | | | | | |
| Primary, Secondary and Other Education | 46,516 | - | - | - | - | 46,516 |
| Higher Education Support | 20,061 | - | - | - | - | 20,061 |
| Public Assistance and Medicaid | 695,783 | - | - | - | - | 695,783 |
| Health and Human Services | 123,030 | - | - | - | - | 123,030 |
| Justice and Public Protection | 215,152 | _ | - | - | _ | 215,152 |
| Environmental Protection and Natural Resources | 150,994 | - | - | - | _ | 150,994 |
| General Government | 660,771 | _ | _ | _ | _ | 660,771 |
| Escheat Investments for Mortgage Insurance/ | , | | | | | , |
| Minority Contractor Bonding/Housing Loans | 1,865,928 | _ | _ | _ | _ | 1,865,928 |
| Community and Economic Development | 78,141 | _ | _ | _ | _ | 78,141 |
| Total Assigned | 3,856,376 | - | | | | 3,856,376 |
| Unassigned | 5,717,927 | (6,674) | | | | 5,711,253 |
| Total Fund Balance | \$12,063,898 | \$742,848 | \$4,183,992 | \$103,230 | \$ 4,615,946 | \$21,709,914 |
| Total Falla Dala Hoom | Ψ 12,000,000 | Ψ172,070 | ψ -1, 100,002 | ψ 100,200 | Ψ -1,010,040 | Ψ Z 1,1 00,0 14 |



NOTE 17 FUND DEFICITS AND FUND BALANCE REPORTING (Continued)

As of June 30, 2021, the Budget Stabilization Fund had a fund balance of \$2.69 billion, which was included as a part of the unassigned fund balance in the General Fund.

B. Fund Deficits

The following individual funds reported deficits that are reflected in the State's basic financial statements, as of June 30, 2021 (dollars in thousands):

| Primary Government: Major Proprietary Fund: | | |
|---|---------------|----|
| Unemployment Compensation | \$ (912,431 |) |
| Nonmajor Proprietary Fund: | | |
| Office of Auditor of State | (59,529 |)) |
| Total Primary Government | \$ (971,960 |) |
| Discretely Presented Component Units: | | |
| Major Component Unit: | | |
| Ohio Facilities Construction Commission | \$ (3,125,101 |) |
| Nonmajor Component Units: | | |
| Ohio Turnpike and Infrastructure Commission | (25,515 | 5) |
| Ohio Capital Fund | (88,672 | 2) |
| Total Component Units | \$ (3,239,288 | 3) |

Deficits are due to the timing of revenue recognition and the accrual of expenses not recorded under the cash basis of accounting.

NOTE 18 DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES

A. Deferred Outflows of Resources

Details on deferred outflows of resources for the primary government, as of June 30, 2021, follow (dollars in thousands):

| Primary Gove | rnme | ent-Defer | red O | utflows | of Res | ources | 3 | | | |
|---|------|--|-------|--------------------------------------|--------|-------------------------------|--------|------------------------------------|----------|----------|
| | | Net Pension and OPEB Liability/Asset | | Hedging Derivative Instruments | | Loss on Debt Refundings | | Resources of a Future Period | | Total |
| Governmental Activities: | | - | | | | | | | | |
| Major Governmental Funds: Buckeye Tobacco Settlement Financing | | | | | | | | | | |
| Authority Revenue Bonds | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ 3,8 | 11,934 | \$ 3 | ,811,934 |
| Total Governmental Activities | | - | | - | | | 3,8 | 11,934 | 3 | ,811,934 |
| Reconciliation of fund level statements to government-wide statements due | | | | | | | | | | |
| to basis differences | | 882,188 | | 8,396 | 203 | 3,314 | | - | 1 | ,093,898 |
| Total Governmental Activities | \$ | 882,188 | \$ | 8,396 \$ 203,314 \$ 3,811,934 | | 8,396 \$203,314 \$3,811,934 | | \$ 4 | ,905,832 | |
| Business-Type Activities: Major Proprietary Funds: | | | | | | | | | | |
| Workers' Compensation | \$ | 20,083 | \$ | = | \$ | _ | \$ | - | \$ | 20,083 |
| Lottery Commission | | 3,125 | | - | | - | | - | | 3,125 |
| Nonmajor Proprietary Funds | | 7,209 | | - | | - | | - | | 7,209 |
| Total Business-Type Activities | \$ | 30,417 | \$ | - | \$ | | \$ | - | \$ | 30,417 |
| Total Primary Government | | | | | | | | | \$ 4 | ,936,249 |

As of June 30, 2021, The Ohio State University, a major discretely presented component unit, reported Deferred Outflows of Resources totaling approximately \$443.9 million for net pension and OPEB liability/asset, \$22.2 million for losses on debt-related transactions and \$1.5 million for future asset retirement obligation.



NOTE 18 DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES (Continued)

B. Deferred Inflows of Resources

The deferred inflows of resources for the primary government, as of June 30, 2021, are comprised of the following (dollars in thousands):

| Primary Gove | rnm | ent - Defe | rred | Inflows of | f Re | sources | | | | |
|---|------------|------------|--------------------------|------------|--------------------|-----------|-----------|--------|--------------|-----------|
| | | | Unavailable Resources | | Debt Refundings | | | Total | | |
| Governmental Activities: | | _ | | _ | | | | | | |
| Major Governmental Funds: | | | | | | | | | | |
| General | | - | \$ | 707,877 | \$ | 206,223 | \$ | - | \$ | 914,100 |
| Job, Family and Other Human Services | | - | | - | | 81,928 | | - | | 81,928 |
| Buckeye Tobacco Settlement Financing | | | | | | | | | | |
| Authority Revenue Bonds | | - | | = | | 706,220 | | - | | 706,220 |
| Nonmajor Governmental Funds | | - | | 34,100 | | 6,049 | | - | | 40,149 |
| Total Governmental Activities | . <u>-</u> | | 741,977 | | 1,000,420 | | | | 1,742,397 | |
| Reconciliation of fund level statements to government-wide statements due | | | | | | | | | | |
| to basis differences | | 2,721,944 | | 936,692 | (1 | ,000,420) | | 25,149 | | 2,683,365 |
| Total Governmental Activities | \$ 2 | 2,721,944 | \$_ | 1,678,669 | | | \$ 25,149 | | \$ 4,425,762 | |
| Business-Type Activities: Major Proprietary Funds: | | | | | | | | | | |
| Workers' Compensation | . \$ | 120,668 | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | 120,668 |
| Lottery Compensation | | 19,536 | | - | | - | | - | | 19,536 |
| Nonmajor Proprietary Funds | | 44,352 | | - | | = | | - | | 44,352 |
| Total Business-Type Activities | \$ | 184,556 | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | 184,556 |
| Total Primary Government | | | | | | | | | \$ | 4,610,318 |

As of June 30, 2021, the Ohio Facilities Construction Commission, a major discretely presented component unit, reported Deferred Inflows of Resources totaling approximately \$3.10 billion pertaining to resources from the sale of future revenues. In addition, the Ohio State University, another major discretely presented component unit, reported Deferred Inflows of Resources of \$1.36 billion for net pension and OPEB liability/asset, \$30.6 million for gains on debt-related transactions, \$10.1 million for irrevocable split-interest agreements, and \$397.3 million related to service concession arrangements.

NOTE 19 JOINT VENTURES AND RELATED ORGANIZATIONS

A. Joint Ventures

Great Lakes Protection Fund (GLPF)

The Great Lakes Protection Fund is an Illinois non-profit organization that was formed to further federal and state commitments to the restoration and maintenance of the Great Lakes Basin's ecosystem. The governors of seven of the eight states that border on the Great Lakes comprise the GLPF's membership. Under the GLPF's articles of incorporation, each state is required to make a financial contribution. Income earned on the contributions provides grants to projects that advance the goals of the Great Lakes Toxic Substances Control Agreement and the binational Great Lakes Water Quality Agreement.

Each governor nominates two individuals to the GLPF's board of directors who serve staggered two-year terms. All budgetary and financial decisions rest with the board, except when they are restricted by the GLPF's articles of incorporation.



NOTE 19 JOINT VENTURES AND RELATED ORGANIZATIONS (Continued)

Annually, one-third of the GLPF's net earnings is allocated and paid to the member states in proportion to their respective cash contributions to the GLPF. The allocation is based on the amount and period of time the state's contributions were invested. GLPF earnings distributions are to be used by the states to finance projects that are compatible with the GLPF's objectives. Ohio applies its distribution (approximately \$219 thousand) to operations of its own protection program, known as the Lake Erie Protection Program, which is modeled after the GLPF.

Required contributions and contributions received from the states, which border the Great Lakes, as of December 31, 2020 (the GLPF's year-end), are presented below (dollars in thousands):

| | Contribution | | Co | ntribution | Contribution |
|--------------|--------------|--------|----|------------|--------------|
| | Required | | R | eceived | Percentage |
| Michigan | \$ | 25,000 | \$ | 25,000 | 30.9% |
| Indiana* | | 16,000 | | - | - |
| Illinois | | 15,000 | | 15,000 | 18.4% |
| Ohio | | 14,000 | | 14,000 | 17.3% |
| New York | | 12,000 | | 12,000 | 14.8% |
| Wisconsin | | 12,000 | | 12,000 | 14.8% |
| Minnesota | | 1,500 | | 1,500 | 1.9% |
| Pennsylvania | | 1,500 | | 1,500 | 1.9% |
| Total | \$ | 97,000 | \$ | 81,000 | 100% |
| | | | | | |

^{*}The State of Indiana has not yet elected to join the Great Lakes Protection Fund.

Summary Financial information for the GLPF, for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2020, was as follows (dollars in thousands):

| Cash and Investments Other Assets Total Assets | 152,377 96 152,473 |
|---|---------------------------------|
| Total Liabilities Total Net Position Total Liabilities and Net Position | 1,434 151,039 152,473 |
| Total Revenues and Other Additions Total Expenditures and Other Deductions | \$ 16,832 (6,257) |
| Change in Net Position | \$ 10,575 |

In the event of the Fund's dissolution, the State of Ohio would receive a residual portion of the Fund's assets equal to the lesser of the amount of such assets multiplied by the ratio of its required contribution to the required contributions of all member states, or the amount of its required contribution.

Local Community and Technical Colleges

The State's primary government has an ongoing financial responsibility for the funding of six local community colleges and eight technical colleges. With respect to the local community colleges, State of Ohio officials appoint three members of each college's respective nine-member board of trustees; county officials appoint the remaining six members.

The governing boards of the technical colleges consist of either seven or nine trustees, of which State officials appoint two or three members, respectively; the remaining members are appointed by the local school boards located in the respective technical college district.



NOTE 19 JOINT VENTURES AND RELATED ORGANIZATIONS (Continued)

The Ohio General Assembly appropriates moneys to these institutions from the General Fund to subsidize operations so that higher education can become more financially accessible to Ohio residents. The primary government also provides financing for the construction of these institutions' capital facilities by meeting the debt service requirements for the Tobacco Settlement revenue bonds issued by the Buckeye Tobacco Settlement Financing Authority, the Higher Education Capital Facilities general obligation bonds issued by the Ohio Public Facilities Commission (OPFC), and the Higher Education Facilities special obligation bonds, previously issued by the OPFC, for these purposes. The bonds provide funding for capital appropriations, which are available to the local community and technical colleges for spending on capital construction.

Fiscal year 2021 expenses that were included in the "Higher Education Support" function under governmental activities in the Statement of Activities for state assistance to the local community and technical colleges are presented below (dollars in thousands):

| | Op | Operating | | Capital | | |
|--------------------------------|------|-----------|-----------|---------|----|---------|
| | Su | bsidies | Subsidies | | | Total |
| Local Community Colleges: | | | | | | |
| Cuyahoga | \$ | 70,876 | \$ | 4,937 | \$ | 75,813 |
| Eastern Gateway | | 11,980 | | 279 | | 12,259 |
| Lakeland | | 20,131 | | 2,514 | | 22,645 |
| Lorain County | | 30,374 | | 981 | | 31,355 |
| Rio Grande | | 5,787 | | 17 | | 5,804 |
| Sinclair | | 54,658 | | 2,425 | | 57,083 |
| Total Local Community Colleges | | 193,806 | | 11,153 | | 204,959 |
| Technical Colleges: | | | | | | |
| Belmont | | 4,378 | | 266 | | 4,644 |
| Central Ohio | | 11,292 | | 3,089 | | 14,381 |
| Hocking | | 10,779 | | 2,441 | | 13,220 |
| James A. Rhodes | | 10,885 | | 9,700 | | 20,585 |
| Marion | | 8,087 | | 202 | | 8,289 |
| Zane | | 7,175 | | 978 | | 8,153 |
| North Central | | 9,478 | | 123 | | 9,601 |
| Stark | | 29,896 | | 1,271 | | 31,167 |
| Total Technical Colleges | | 91,970 | | 18,070 | | 110,040 |
| Total | \$: | 285,776 | \$ | 29,223 | \$ | 314,999 |

Information for obtaining complete financial statements for each of the primary government's joint ventures is available from the Ohio Office of Budget and Management.

B. Related Organizations

Officials of the State's primary government appoint a voting majority of the governing boards of the Ohio Housing Finance Agency, the Ohio Water Development Authority, the Petroleum Underground Storage Tank Release Compensation Board, the Higher Education Facility Commission, and the Ohio Legal Assistance Foundation. However, the primary government's accountability for these organizations does not extend beyond making the appointments.



NOTE 19 JOINT VENTURES AND RELATED ORGANIZATIONS (Continued)

During fiscal year 2021, the State had the following related-party transactions with its related organizations:

- The General Fund reports a \$339.7 million loans receivable balance due from the Ohio Housing Finance Agency. The State made the loans to finance and support the agency's housing programs.
- Separate funds, established for the Ohio Housing Finance Agency, the Petroleum Underground Storage
 Tank Release Compensation Board, and the Higher Education Facility Commission, were accounted for
 on the primary government's Ohio Administrative Knowledge System. The primary purpose of the funds is
 to streamline payroll and other administrative disbursement processing for these organizations. The
 financial activities of the funds, which do not receive any funding support from the primary government,
 have been included in the custodial funds.
- From the Job, Family and Other Human Services Fund, the Public Defender's Office paid the Ohio Legal Assistance Foundation approximately \$3.5 million for administrative services performed under contract for the distribution of state funding to nonprofit legal aid societies.

NOTE 20 CONTINGENCIES AND COMMITMENTS

A. Litigation

The State, its units, and employees are parties to numerous legal proceedings, which normally occur in governmental operations. Pending litigation affecting the Department of Natural Resources is discussed below. All other legal proceedings are not, in the opinion of management after consultation with the Attorney General, likely to have a material adverse effect on the State's financial position.

Department of Natural Resources (DNR)

In 2014, in response to several earthquakes, the Department of Natural Resources suspended drilling activity on a well owned by American Water Management Services (AWMS) Water Solutions, L.L.C., AWMS Holdings L.L.C., and AWMS Rt. 169, L.L.C. (collectively "AWMS"). AWMS originally instituted an action alleging that this suspension constituted a taking of private property, requiring the State to pay for such taking. Litigation proceeded over the last few years, resolving procedural issues but establishing an issue of material fact whether the State's suspension of activity at this well constituted a total taking and to determine any potential economic injury related to that issue.

On December 2, 2020, the Ohio Supreme Court found that there continues to be an issue of material fact whether the State's suspension of AWMS' operations constituted a total taking depriving AWMS of all economically beneficial use of the well. In addition, the Court held that the State waived a nuisance defense to this total takings claim and ordered the court of appeals on remand to weigh evidence related the economic impact, interference with investment-backed expectations, and the character of the State's actions with respect to this claim.

Trial in the Eleventh District Court of Appeals concluded on September 30, 2021, with post-trial briefing anticipated to wrap-up by the end of calendar year 2021.

Given the recent action in this litigation, the outcome cannot be presently determined. Accordingly, no provision for any liability resulting from this case has been reported in the financial statements.

Department of Rehabilitation and Correction (DRC)

A lawsuit was filed in US District Court for the Southern District of Ohio, Eastern Division, in April of 2020, regarding a use-of-force incident involving several then-DRC corrections officers and other prison personnel at the Chillicothe Correctional Institution, during which an inmate suffered a cervical spine injury. While DRC is not a defendant in the action, DRC has the potential responsibility of indemnifying some of the then-employees.

Mediation was scheduled for early November 2021, and parties are working through the settlement process, without direct timeline for completion. Accordingly, no provision for any liability resulting from this case has been reported in the financial statements.



B. Unemployment Compensation

The COVID-19 Pandemic, starting in March 2020, presented the Ohio Department of Job and Family Services with many challenges and obstacles including a sharp increase in the volume of unemployment claims as well as the expansion of regular unemployment benefits by the federal government. The Department did not have the manpower or technology resources to adequately deal with this drastic increase in claim activity and the addition of new federal unemployment funding. The Department's legacy unemployment System, Ohio Job Insurance (OJI), has been in place since 2004. Due to its age and functionality, it was unable to handle the increased volume of claimants brought on by the pandemic. Therefore, the Department contracted with a service organization for processing of pandemic unemployment benefits and maintaining key functions of the benefit claims processing, which were customized to fit Ohio's needs (effective May 14, 2020). This outside system, the Unemployment Framework for Automated Claim & Tax Services (uFACTS) System, was used for certain pandemic benefits only.

During this timeframe, the fraud imposters recognized the opportunity presented by the unprecedented increase in unemployment claim activity, the relaxed federal eligibility and employment/earnings verification requirements associated with the new expansion of benefits, and the stress being placed on the Department and its systems to get benefits processed and into the hands of unemployed Ohioans. The combination of high claim volume and the increase in imposter fraud negatively impacted the Department's ability to keep up, creating a backlog of claims pending adjudication.

During fiscal year 2021, Unemployment Compensation operating expenses related to benefits and claims amounted to \$14.53 billion. The Department reported known fraud and non-fraud overpayments totaling \$3.75 billion to the U.S. Department of Labor (DOL) as of June 30, 2021. Of the total overpayments reported to the DOL, \$474.6 million was fraud and \$3.27 billion was non-fraud. These overpayments were regular unemployment as well as federal pandemic unemployment benefits. The federal government gave discretion to states to waive the need for repayment of pandemic funding related to non-fraud. Due to the nature of these known overpayments along with federal waiver discretion, most of these monies have not been subject to a collection process.

Additionally, the Department has flagged as possible overpayments, certain claims with one or more fraud identifiers. These flagged claims were both regular unemployment and federal pandemic unemployment benefits with an accumulated amount of \$1.41 billion. Despite being flagged as potential overpayments, until the claims are fully adjudicated, no determination can be made on the outcome.

C. Federal Awards

The State of Ohio receives significant awards from the Federal Government in the form of grants and entitlements, including certain non-cash programs. Receipt of grants is generally conditioned upon compliance with terms and conditions of the grant agreements and applicable federal regulations, including the spending of resources for eligible purposes. Substantially all grants are subject to either the Federal Single Audit or to financial compliance audits by the grantor agencies of the federal government or their designees. Disallowances and sanctions as a result of these audits may become liabilities to the State.

Federal Single Audit

As a result of the fiscal year 2020 State of Ohio Single Audit (issued in May 2021), \$426 thousand of federal expenditures were in question as not being appropriate under the terms of the respective grants. No provision for any liability or adjustments has been recognized for these questioned costs in the state's financial statements for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021.

D. Tobacco Settlement

In November 1998, the Attorneys General of 46 states, five U.S. territories, and the District of Columbia signed the Master Settlement Agreement (MSA) with the nation's largest tobacco manufacturers. This signaled the end of litigation brought by the Attorneys General against the manufacturers in 1996 for state healthcare expenses attributed to smoking–related claims. The remaining four states (Florida, Minnesota, Mississippi, and Texas) settled separately.

According to the MSA, participating tobacco manufacturers are required to adhere to a variety of new marketing and lobbying restrictions and provide payments to the states in perpetuity.

As of October 23, 2007, the State transferred future rights to the Master Settlement Agreement revenue to the Buckeye Tobacco Settlement Financing Authority (BTSFA).

While BTSFA's share of the total base payments to the states through 2057 will not change over time, estimating the amount of annual payments that actually will be received in any given year can be complex, since under the terms of the MSA, payments are subject to a number of adjustment factors, including an inflation adjustment, a volume adjustment, and a potential adjustment for market share losses of participating manufacturers. Some of these adjustments, such as the inflation adjustment, result in BTSFA receiving higher payments. Other factors, such as the volume adjustment and the market share adjustment can work to reduce the amount of the State's annual payments.

In addition to the base payments in 2008 through 2017, BTSFA received payments from the Strategic Contribution Fund. The Strategic Contribution Fund was established to reward states that played leadership roles in the tobacco litigation and settlement negotiations. Allocations from the fund were based on a state's contribution to the litigation and settlement with the tobacco companies. These payments were also subject to the adjustment factors outlined in the MSA. Strategic contribution payments ended in 2017. Beginning in 2018, payments consist solely of the base payment plus amounts, if any, paid by participating manufacturers relating to prior years and amounts, if any, released from the disputed payment account.

During fiscal year 2021, Ohio received \$306.2 million, which is approximately \$21.6 million or 6.58 percent less than the pre-adjusted base payment for the year.

In March 2020, the Authority issued \$5.35 billion in Asset-Backed Refunding Bonds (Series 2020 Bonds) to advance refund and current refund the outstanding 2007 Series Bonds. The Series 2020 Bonds have a final stated maturity in 2057.

As of June 30, 2021, the estimated tobacco settlement receivable in the amount of \$740.3 million is included in "Other Receivables" reported for the governmental funds. The receivable includes \$544.2 million for payments withheld from BTSFA beginning fiscal year 2008 and \$34.1 million for payments withheld from the State for fiscal years 2006 and 2007. These amounts were withheld by the cigarette manufacturers when they exercised the market share loss provisions of the MSA. The moneys are on deposit in an escrow account until pending litigation between the States and the manufacturers is resolved. Both the Authority and the State contend that they have met their obligations under the MSA and are due the payments withheld.

The Tobacco Settlement receipts provide funding for the construction of primary and secondary school capital facilities, education technology for primary and secondary education and for higher education, programs for smoking cessation and other health-related purposes, biomedical research and technology, and assistance to tobaccogrowing areas in Ohio.

The BTSFA revenue bonds are secured by and payable solely from the tobacco settlement receipts and other pledged collateral. In the event that the assets of BTSFA have been exhausted, no amounts will thereafter be paid on the bonds.

The enforcement of the terms of the MSA has been challenged by lawsuits and may continue to be challenged in the future. In the event of an adverse court ruling, BTFSA may not have adequate financial resources to make payment on the bonds.

A schedule of pre-adjusted base payments for the State of Ohio in future years follows (dollars in thousands):



| | Pr | Pre-Adjusted | | | |
|----------------------|----|--------------|--|--|--|
| | N | ∕ISA Base | | | |
| Year Ending June 30, | | Payments | | | |
| | | | | | |
| 2022 | \$ | 324,045 | | | |
| 2023 | | 322,070 | | | |
| 2024 | | 319,878 | | | |
| 2025 | | 318,116 | | | |
| 2026 | | 317,112 | | | |
| 2027-2031 | | 1,588,441 | | | |
| 2032-2036 | | 1,603,879 | | | |
| 2037-2041 | | 1,615,426 | | | |
| 2042-2046 | | 1,622,972 | | | |
| 2047-2051 | | 1,629,583 | | | |
| 2052-2056 | | 1,637,797 | | | |
| 2057 | | 328,842 | | | |
| Total | \$ | 11,628,161 | | | |

E. Construction Commitments

As of June 30, 2021, the Ohio Department of Transportation had total contractual commitments of approximately \$2.52 billion for highway construction projects. Funding for future projects is expected to be provided from federal, primary government, general obligation and revenue bonds, and local government sources in amounts of \$1.45 billion, \$714.6 million, \$296 million, and \$67.8 million, respectively.

As of June 30, 2021, other major non-highway construction commitments for the primary government's budgeted capital projects funds and major discretely presented component unit were as follows (dollars in thousands):

| Primary Government |
|--------------------|
|--------------------|

| Mental Health/Developmental Disabilities Facilities Improvements | \$ 153,829 |
|--|-----------------|
| Parks and Recreation Improvements | 149,393 |
| Administrative Services Building Improvements | 41,640 |
| Youth Services Building Improvements | 6,989 |
| Adult Correctional Building Improvements | 149,711 |
| Ohio Parks and Natural Resources | 26,080 |
| Total | \$ 527,642 |
| Major Discretely Presented Component Unit | |
| Ohio State University | \$ 1,767,371 |

F. Pollution Remediation Activities

During fiscal year 2021, the State was involved in remediation activities for pollution as described in the following paragraph. These activities include site investigation, cleanup, and monitoring. The associated estimated cost of remediation activities is shown below (in general, projects with a liability of less than \$1 million at June 30 are not listed).

The Ohio Department of Transportation has been named as a responsible party to remediate pollution resulting from contaminated soil on the agency-owned property and contaminated groundwater on the surrounding properties. The June 30 liability to eliminate the pollution and continue monitoring activities is estimated to be \$1.8 million. Cost was estimated by the onsite coordinators using actual invoices to date.



The liability described above is reported as "Other Noncurrent Liabilities-Due in One Year" and "Other Noncurrent Liabilities-Due in More Than One Year" for governmental activities in the government-wide Statement of Net Position. The reported liability for this activity is an estimate and subject to change over time. Variances in the final costs may result from changes in technology, changes in responsible parties, results of environmental studies, and changes in laws and regulations. Future recoveries from other responsible parties may also reduce the final cost paid by the State.

Capital assets may be created during the pollution remediation process. These capital assets will be reported in accordance with the State's capital assets policy. As of June 30, 2021, no capital assets were created nor reported as a result of any pollution remediation process.

G. Encumbrances

At June 30, 2021, the State has significant encumbrances of \$1.12 billion in the General Fund, \$1.41 billion in the Job, Family and Other Human Services Special Revenue Fund, \$884 million in the Pandemic Relief Funds and \$4.58 billion in the nonmajor governmental funds.

NOTE 21 RISK FINANCING

A. Workers' Compensation Benefits

The Ohio Workers' Compensation System, which the Ohio Bureau of Workers' Compensation and the Industrial Commission of Ohio administer, is the exclusive provider of workers' compensation insurance to private and public employers in Ohio who are not self-insured. The Workers' Compensation Enterprise Fund (Fund) provides benefits to employees for losses sustained from job-related injury, disease, or death.

"Benefits Payable" of \$11.89 billion is reported in the Fund as of June 30, 2021. This amount represents reserves for indemnity and medical claims resulting from work-related injuries or illnesses, including actuarial estimates for both reported claims and claims incurred but not reported. The liability is based on the estimated ultimate cost of settling claims, including the effects of inflation and other societal and economic factors and projections as to future events, including claims frequency, severity, persistency, and inflationary trends for medical claims reserves. The compensation adjustment expenses liability, which is included in "Other Liabilities" in the amount of approximately \$1.65 billion, is an estimate of future expenses to be incurred in the settlement of claims. The estimate for this liability is based on projected claim-related expenses, estimated costs of the managed care Health Partnership Program, nonincremental adjustment expense, and the reserve for compensation.

Management of the Bureau of Workers' Compensation and the Industrial Commission believes that the recorded reserves for compensation and compensation adjustment expenses make for a reasonable and appropriate provision for expected future losses. While management uses available information to estimate the reserves for compensation and compensation adjustment expenses, future changes to the reserves for compensation and compensation adjustment expenses may be necessary based on claims experience and changing claims frequency and severity conditions. The methods of making such estimates and for establishing the resulting liabilities are reviewed quarterly and updated based on current circumstances. Any adjustments resulting from changes in estimates are recognized in the current period.

Benefits payable and the compensation adjustment expenses liability have been discounted at four percent to reflect the present value of future benefit payments. The selected discount rate approximates an average yield on United States government securities with durations similar to the expected claims underlying the Fund's reserves.

The undiscounted reserves for the benefits and compensation adjustment expenses totaled \$21.7 billion, as of June 30, 2021, and \$23.7 billion, as of June 30, 2020. For additional information, refer to the Fund's separately audited financial report, for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021.

Changes in the balance of benefits payable and the compensation adjustment expenses liability for the Workers' Compensation Program during the past two fiscal years are presented in the table below:

NOTE 21 RISK FINANCING (Continued)

Primary Government Changes in Workers' Compensation Benefits Payable and Compensation Adjustment Expenses Liability Last Two Fiscal Years

(dollars in millions)

| | Fiscal Year | Fiscal Year |
|--|-------------|-------------|
| | 2021 | 2020 |
| Benefits Payable and Compensation | | |
| Adjustment Expenses Liability, as of July 1 | \$ 14,518 | \$ 14,934 |
| Incurred Compensation | | |
| and Compensation Adjustment Benefits | 526 | 1,261 |
| Incurred Compensation | | |
| and Compensation Adjustment Benefit Payments | | |
| and Other Adjustments | (1,505) | (1,677) |
| Benefits Payable and Compensation | | |
| Adjustment Expenses Liability, as of June 30 | \$ 13,539 | \$ 14,518 |

B. State Employee Healthcare Plan

Employees of the State's primary government have the option of participating in the State of Ohio medical plan (Plan). The Plan offers two options: the Ohio Med PPO (preferred provider organization) and the Ohio Med HDHP (high deductible health plan). The Plan is managed by two third party administrators (TPAs) who are responsible for processing claims for separate regions throughout the State.

When it is probable that a loss has occurred and the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated, liabilities are reported in the governmental and proprietary funds for claims that have been incurred but not reported. The Plan's actuaries calculate estimated claims liabilities based on prior claims data, employee enrollment figures, medical trends, and experience.

Governmental and proprietary funds pay a share of the costs for claims settlement based on the number of employees opting for plan participation and the type of coverage selected by participants. The payments are accumulated in the State Employee Health Benefit Fund, accounted for within the General Fund, until such time that the accumulated resources are distributed to the TPAs for claims settlement.

For governmental funds, claims are recognized as expenditures to the extent that the amounts are payable with expendable available financial resources. For governmental and business-type activities, claims are recognized in the Statement of Activities as expenses when incurred.

As of June 30, 2021, approximately \$318.7 million in total assets was available in the General Fund to cover healthcare claims. Changes in the balance of claims liabilities for the Plan during the past two fiscal years were as follows (dollars in thousands):

| Ohio Med PPO | | | | | | | | |
|-----------------------------------|----|-----------|----|-----------|--|--|--|--|
| | Fi | scal Year | Fi | scal Year | | | | |
| | | 2021 | | 2020 | | | | |
| Claims Liabilities, as of July 1 | \$ | 66,272 | \$ | 75,439 | | | | |
| Incurred Claims | | 867,083 | | 802,902 | | | | |
| Claims Payments | | (851,381) | | (812,069) | | | | |
| Claims Liabilities, as of June 30 | \$ | 81,974 | \$ | 66,272 | | | | |

As of June 30, 2021, the resources on deposit in the General Fund were more than the estimated claims liability by approximately \$236.8 million, thereby resulting in a funding surplus.

\$600,000

NOTE 21 RISK FINANCING (Continued)

C. Other Risk Financing Programs

The primary government has established programs to advance fund potential losses for vehicular liability and theft in office. The potential amount of loss arising from these risks, however, is not considered material in relation to the State's financial position.

NOTE 22 SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

Bond Issuances

Subsequent to June 30, 2021, the State issued major debt as detailed in the table below:

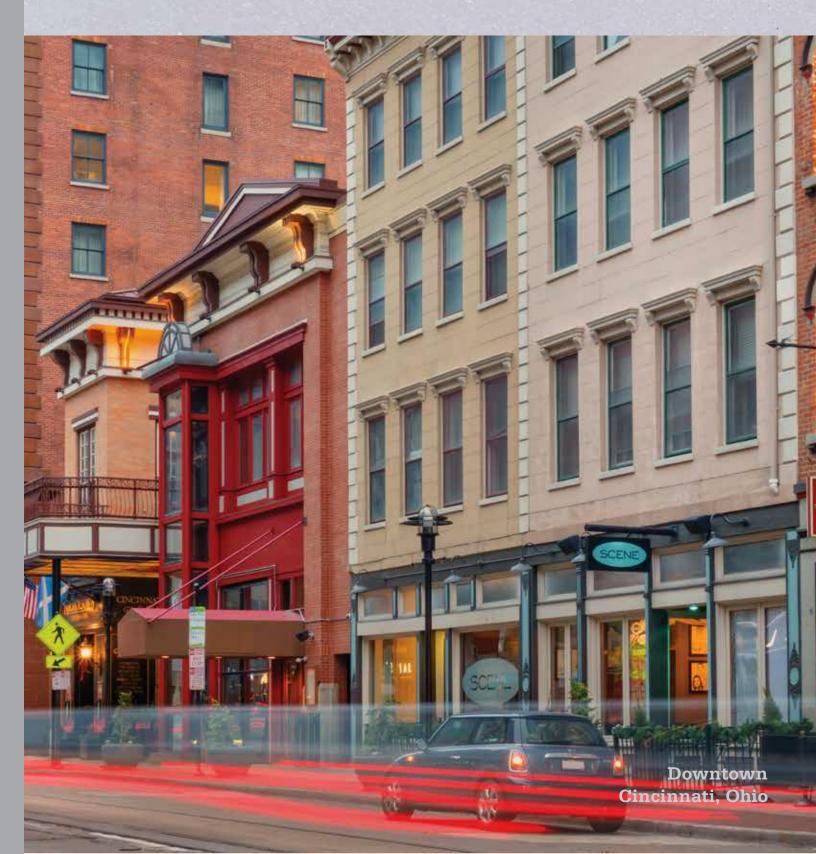
| Debt Issuances | | | |
|---|----------------|---------------|------------------|
| Subsequent to June 30, 2021 | | | |
| (dollars in thousands) | | | |
| · | | Net Interest | |
| | | Rate or True | |
| | Date Issued | Interest Cost | Amount |
| Primary Government: | | | , |
| Ohio Public Facilities Commission (OPFC)- General Obligation Bonds: | | | |
| Infrastructure Improvements, Series 2021A | 10/27/2021 | 2.14% | \$140,710 |
| Conservation Projects, Series 2021A | 10/27/2021 | 1.41% | 40,450 |
| Infrastructure Improvements, Refunding Series 2021B | 10/27/2021 | 1.20% | 47,905 |
| Common Schools Capital Facilities, Refunding Series 2021C | 10/27/2021 | 1.23% | 100,130 |
| Total General Obligation Bonds | | | 329,195 |
| Treasurer of State-Special Obligation Bonds: | | | |
| Cultural and Sports Capital Facilities, Series 2021A | 08/17/2021 | 0.94% | 56,785 |
| Parks and Recreation Facilities, Series 2022A | 12/09/2021 * | 1.08% | 75,000 |
| State Facilities (Administrative Building), Series 2022A | 12/09/2021 * | 1.05% | 10,420 |
| Total Special Obligation Bonds | | • | 142,205 |
| Attorney General's Office - Certificates of Participation: | | • | |
| Claims Fund Project, Series 2021 | 10/20/2021 | 1.90% | 21,385 |
| Total Certificates of Participation | . 0, 20, 202 . | | 21,385 |
| Total Primary Government | | • | \$492,785 |
| | | : | , , , |
| Major Component Units: | | | |
| The Ohio State University: | 00/00/0004 | 0.400/ | # 000 000 |
| General Receipts Bonds-Tax Exempt, Series 2021A | 09/30/2021 | 2.46% | \$600,000 |

^{*} Anticipated bond closing is 01/05/2022

Total The Ohio State University

Financial Section

Required Supplementary Information





STATE OF OHIO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION (UNAUDITED)

Infrastructure Assets Accounted for Using the Modified Approach

Pavement Network

The Ohio Department of Transportation conducts annual condition assessments of its Pavement Network. The State manages its pavement system by means of annual, visual inspections by trained pavement technicians. Technicians rate the pavement using a scale of 1 (minimum) to 100 (maximum) based on a Pavement Condition Rating (PCR). This rating examines items such as cracking, potholes, deterioration of the pavement, and other factors. It does not include a detailed analysis of the pavement's subsurface conditions.

Ohio accounts for its pavement network in two subsystems: *Priority*, which comprises interstate highways, freeways, and multi-lane portions of the National Highway System, and *General*, which comprises two-lane routes outside of cities.

For the Priority Subsystem, it is the State's intention to maintain at least 75 percent of the pavement at a PCR level of at least 65, and to allow no more than 25 percent of the pavement to fall below a 65 PCR level. For the General Subsystem, it is the State's intention to maintain at least 75 percent of the pavement at a PCR level of at least 55, and to allow no more than 25 percent of the pavement to fall below a 55 PCR level.

Pavement Network Condition Assessment Data

Priority Subsystem

| | Pavement Condition Ratings (PCR) | | | | | | | | | | |
|----------------|----------------------------------|-------|---------------------|-------|---------------------|-------|------------------------|------|----------------|--------|--|
| | Excellent PCR = 85-100 | | Good PCR = 75-84 | | Fair PCR = 65-74 | | Poor PCR = Below 65 | | Total | | |
| Fiscal Year | Lane- Miles | % | Lane- Miles | % | Lane- Miles | % | Lane- Miles | % | Lane- Miles | % | |
| 2021 | 8,326 | 60.21 | 3,175 | 22.96 | 1,884 | 13.62 | 444 | 3.21 | 13,829 | 100.00 | |
| 2020 | 8,020 | 58.10 | 3,548 | 25.71 | 1,667 | 12.08 | 568 | 4.11 | 13,803 | 100.00 | |
| 2019 | 7,895 | 57.53 | 3,981 | 29.01 | 1,404 | 10.23 | 444 | 3.23 | 13,724 | 100.00 | |
| 2018 | 8,236 | 59.47 | 3,856 | 27.85 | 1,331 | 9.61 | 426 | 3.07 | 13,849 | 100.00 | |
| 2017 | 8,103 | 59.06 | 4,345 | 31.67 | 990 | 7.22 | 282 | 2.05 | 13,720 | 100.00 | |

General Subsystem

| | | Pavement Condition Ratings (PCR) | | | | | | | | | |
|----------------|---------------------------|----------------------------------|---------------------|-------|---------------------|-------|-----------------|------|----------------|--------|--|
| | Excellent PCR = 85-100 | | Good PCR = 75-84 | | Fair PCR = 55-74 | | Poc PCR = Be | | Total | | |
| Fiscal Year | Lane- Miles | % | Lane- Miles | % | Lane- Miles | % | Lane- Miles | % | Lane- Miles | % | |
| 2021 | 15,701 | 53.03 | 7,452 | 25.17 | 5,910 | 19.97 | 541 | 1.83 | 29,604 | 100.00 | |
| 2020 | 16,186 | 54.65 | 7,406 | 25.00 | 5,379 | 18.16 | 648 | 2.19 | 29,619 | 100.00 | |
| 2019 | 16,392 | 55.31 | 7,080 | 23.89 | 5,420 | 18.29 | 745 | 2.51 | 29,637 | 100.00 | |
| 2018 | 15,589 | 52.87 | 7,395 | 25.08 | 6,090 | 20.65 | 413 | 1.40 | 29,487 | 100.00 | |
| 2017 | 14,022 | 47.58 | 8,472 | 28.74 | 6,755 | 22.92 | 224 | 0.76 | 29,473 | 100.00 | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | |

Infrastructure Assets Accounted for Using the Modified Approach (Continued)

Pavement Network Comparison of Estimated-to-Actual Maintenance and Preservation Costs

(dollars in thousands)

Priority Subsystem

| Estimated | Actual |
|-----------|--|
| \$427,159 | \$483,633 |
| 406,088 | 499,858 |
| 444,620 | 443,984 |
| 447,590 | 504,877 |
| 416,249 | 491,309 |
| | \$427,159 406,088 444,620 447,590 |

General Subsystem

| Fiscal Year | Estimated | Actual |
|-------------|-----------|-----------|
| 2021 | \$279,971 | \$350,792 |
| 2020 | 293,150 | 398,642 |
| 2019 | 299,640 | 426,696 |
| 2018 | 303,715 | 404,677 |
| 2017 | 314,433 | 427,531 |

Bridge Network

The Ohio Department of Transportation conducts annual inspections of all bridges in the State's Bridge Network. The inspections cover major structural items such as piers and abutments, and assign a General Appraisal Condition Rating (GACR) from 0 (minimum) to nine (maximum) based on a composite measure of these major structural items.

It is the State's intention to maintain at least 85 percent of the square feet of deck area at a general appraisal condition rating level of at least five, and to allow no more than 15 percent of the number of square feet of deck area to fall below a general appraisal condition rating level of five.

Bridge Network Condition Assessment Data

(square feet in thousands)

| | | | General App | | | | | | | | |
|------------------------|-----------------------|-------|-----------------------|------------------------------------|-----------------------|------|-----------------------|----------------|-----------------------|--------|--|
| Excellent GACR = 7- | | | _ | Good Fair GACR = 5-6 GACR = 3-4 | | | | oor R = 0-2 | Total | | |
| Fiscal Year | Sq Ft Deck Area | % | Sq Ft Deck Area | % | Sq Ft Deck Area | % | Sq Ft Deck Area | % | Sq Ft Deck Area | % | |
| 2021 | 76,048 | 69.76 | 31,214 | 28.64 | 1,741 | 1.60 | 4 | 0.00 | 109,007 | 100.00 | |
| 2020 | 73,766 | 68.05 | 33,080 | 30.52 | 1,552 | 1.43 | 3 | 0.00 | 108,401 | 100.00 | |
| 2019 | 72,499 | 67.01 | 34,012 | 31.44 | 1,680 | 1.55 | 4 | 0.00 | 108,195 | 100.00 | |
| 2018 | 70,768 | 65.91 | 34,831 | 32.44 | 1,772 | 1.65 | 0 | 0.00 | 107,371 | 100.00 | |
| 2017 | 69,581 | 64.73 | 35,891 | 33.39 | 2,017 | 1.88 | 0 | 0.00 | 107,489 | 100.00 | |



Infrastructure Assets Accounted for Using the Modified Approach (Continued)

Bridge Network Comparison of Estimated-to-Actual Maintenance and Preservation Costs (dollars in thousands)

| Fiscal Year | Estimated | Actual |
|-------------|-----------|-----------|
| 2021 | \$369,529 | \$396,994 |
| 2020 | 392,111 | 447,480 |
| 2019 | 424,377 | 451,586 |
| 2018 | 462,821 | 452,276 |
| 2017 | 469,804 | 526,003 |



STATE OF OHIO

SCHEDULE OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE COLLECTIVE NET PENSION LIABILITY/(ASSET) OHIO PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM AS OF THE CURRENT MEASUREMENT DATE FOR THE LAST SEVEN YEARS (A) (dollars in thousands)

| Traditional Plan: | 2020 | 2019 | 2018 |
|--|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| Employer's Proportion of the Collective Net Pension Liability | 21.37% | 20.82% | 20.86% |
| Employer's Proportionate Share of the Collective Net Pension Liability | \$ 3,164,266 | \$ 4,115,589 | \$ 5,714,426 |
| Covered Payroll | \$ 3,032,613 | \$ 2,952,641 | \$ 2,862,809 |
| Employer's Proportionate Share of the Collective Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of the Employer's Covered Payroll | 104.34% | 139.39% | 199.61% |
| Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability | 86.88% | 82.17% | 74.70% |
| Combined Plan: | | | |
| Employer's Proportion of the Collective Net Pension/(Asset) | 19.85% | 19.36% | 19.59% |
| Employer's Proportionate Share of the Collective Net Pension/(Asset) | \$ (57,311) | \$ (40,375) | \$ (21,905) |
| Covered Payroll | \$ 88,168 | \$ 86,872 | \$ 85,111 |
| Employer's Proportionate Share of the Collective Net Pension/(Asset) as a Percentage of the Employer's Covered Payroll | 65.00% | 46.48% | 25.74% |
| Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Asset | 157.67% | 145.28% | 126.64% |
| | | | |

Notes:

⁽A) This table will present ten years of information as it becomes available.



| 2017 | 2016 | 2015 | | | 2014 |
|-----------------|-----------------|---------------|--------------|----|-----------|
| 20.85% | 20.95% | 20.95% 20.65% | | | 20.73% |
| \$ 3,271,382 | \$ 4,736,652 | \$ | 3,561,458 | \$ | 2,496,359 |
| \$ 2,791,773 | \$ 2,754,860 | \$ | \$ 2,589,575 | | 2,608,075 |
| 117.18% | 171.94% | | 137.53% | | 95.72% |
| 84.66% | 77.25% | 81.08% | | | 86.45% |
| 19.13% | 19.67% | | 19.64% | | 20.23% |
| \$ (26,038) | \$ (10,623) | \$ | (9,355) | \$ | (7,577) |
| \$ 81,048 | \$ 77,885 | \$ | 72,010 | \$ | 69,383 |
| 32.13% | 13.64% | | 12.99% | | 10.92% |
| 137.28% | 116.55% | | 116.90% | | 114.83% |

STATE OF OHIO

SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER PENSION CONTRIBUTIONS OHIO PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM FOR THE LAST SEVEN FISCAL YEARS (A)(B) (dollars in thousands)

| Traditional Plan: | 2021 | 2020 | 2019 |
|---|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| Statutorily Required Employer Contribution | \$ 428,702 | \$ 421,955 | \$ 407,968 |
| Actual Employer Contributions Received | 428,702 | 421,955 | 407,968 |
| Difference | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - |
| Covered Payroll | \$ 3,050,925 | \$ 3,003,237 | \$ 2,903,850 |
| Actual Employer Contributions Received as a Percentage of Covered Payroll | 14.05% | 14.05% | 14.05% |
| Combined Plan: | | | |
| Statutorily Required Employer Contribution | \$ 12,547 | \$ 12,317 | \$ 12,139 |
| Actual Employer Contributions Received | 12,547 | 12,317 | 12,139 |
| Difference | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - |
| Covered Payroll | \$ 89,294 | \$ 87,664 | \$ 86,407 |
| Actual Employer Contributions Received as a Percentage of Covered Payroll | 14.05% | 14.05% | 14.05% |

Notes:

- (A) This table will present ten years of information as it becomes available.
- (B) Ohio Public Employees Retirement System reports on a December 31 calendar yearend, but is included in the State's fiscal yearend of June 30. Year reflected is fiscal year instead of calendar year (ex. CY 2017 is reflected as FY 2018, etc.).



| 2018 | 2017 | | 2016 | | 2015 |
|-----------------|-----------------|------------|-----------|----|-----------|
| \$ 383,973 | \$ 343,330 | \$ 314,599 | | \$ | 308,797 |
| 383,973 | 343,330 | | 314,599 | | 308,797 |
| \$ - | \$ - | \$ | \$ - | | - |
| \$ 2,834,015 | \$ 2,794,847 | \$ | 2,613,331 | \$ | 2,573,692 |
| 13.55% | 12.28% | 12.04% | | | 12.00% |
| \$ 11,345 | \$ 9,977 | \$ | 9,366 | \$ | 8,587 |
| 11,345 | 9,977 | | 9,366 | | 8,587 |
| \$ - | \$ - | \$ | | \$ | - |
| \$ 83,734 | \$ 81,219 | \$ | 77,801 | \$ | 71,573 |
| 13.55% | 12.28% | | 12.04% | | 12.00% |

STATE OF OHIO

SCHEDULE OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE COLLECTIVE NET PENSION LIABILITY STATE TEACHERS RETIREMENT SYSTEM AS OF THE CURRENT MEASUREMENT DATE FOR THE LAST SEVEN YEARS (A) (dollars in thousands)

| | 2020 | 2019 | | | 2018 |
|--|--------------|------|---------|----|---------|
| Employer's Proportion of the Collective Net Pension Liability | 0.36% | | 0.36% | | 0.37% |
| Employer's Proportionate Share of the Collective Net Pension Liability | \$ 88,004 | \$ | 80,186 | \$ | 81,261 |
| Covered Payroll | \$ 47,303 | \$ | 42,360 | \$ | 42,066 |
| Employer's Proportionate Share of the Collective Net Pension Liability | | | | | |
| as a Percentage of the Employer's Covered Payroll | 186.04% | | 189.30% | | 193.18% |
| Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability | 75.50% | | 77.40% | | 77.31% |

Notes:

⁽A) This table will present ten years of information as it becomes available.



| 2017 | | 2016 | | 2015 | 2014 | | | |
|--------------|----|---------|--------|---------|------|---------|--|--|
| 0.38% | | 0.38% | | 0.39% | | 0.41% | | |
| \$ 90,418 | \$ | 126,919 | \$ | 107,522 | \$ | 99,431 | | |
| \$ 41,881 | \$ | 39,990 | \$ | 40,509 | \$ | 41,996 | | |
| 215.89% | | 317.38% | | 265.43% | | 236.76% | | |
| 75.29% | | 66.78% | 72.10% | | | 74.71% | | |



SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER PENSION CONTRIBUTIONS STATE TEACHERS RETIREMENT SYSTEM FOR THE LAST SEVEN FISCAL YEARS (A)(B) (dollars in thousands)

| | 2021 | | 2020 | 2019 | | |
|---|------|--------|--------------|------|--------|--|
| Statutorily Required Employer Contribution | \$ | 6,141 | \$ 6,622 | \$ | 5,929 | |
| Actual Employer Contributions Received | | 6,141 | 6,622 | | 5,929 | |
| Difference | \$ | - | \$ - | \$ | - | |
| Covered Payroll | \$ | 43,872 | \$ 47,303 | \$ | 42,360 | |
| Actual Employer Contributions Received as a Percentage of Covered Payroll | | 14.00% | 14.00% | | 14.00% | |

- (A) This table will present ten years of information as it becomes available.
- (B) Starting in fiscal year 2017, the 2015 and 2016 data presented was adjusted to reflect the State's fiscal reporting year rather than measurement date.



| 2018 | 2017 | | | 2016 | 2015 | | | | |
|------------------------|------|------------------|----------|------------------|------|------------------|--|--|--|
| \$ 5,888 | \$ | 5,863 | \$ 5,692 | | \$ | 5,671 | | | |
| 5,888 | | 5,863 | | 5,692 | | 5,671 | | | |
| \$ - | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - | | | |
| \$ 42,066 14.00% | \$ | 41,881 14.00% | \$ | 39,990 14.23% | \$ | 40,509 14.00% | | | |



SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS STATE HIGHWAY PATROL RETIREMENT SYSTEM AS OF THE CURRENT MEASUREMENT DATE FOR THE LAST SEVEN YEARS (A) (dollars in thousands)

| | 2020 | | 2019 | | | 2018 | |
|--|------|-----------|------|-----------|-----------|-----------|--|
| Total Pension Liability: | | | | | | | |
| Service Cost | \$ | 20,462 | \$ | 29,856 | \$ | 19,679 | |
| Interest on the Total Pension Liability | | 90,171 | | 85,534 | | 89,298 | |
| Benefit Changes | | - | | - | | - | |
| Difference between Expected and Actual Experience | | 5,922 | | (7,403) | | 538 | |
| Assumption Changes | | - | | (241,353) | | 256,572 | |
| Benefit Payments | | (81,133) | | (75,134) | | (71,577) | |
| Refunds | | - | | - | | (717) | |
| Net Change in Total Pension Liability | | 35,422 | | (208,500) | | 293,793 | |
| Total Pension Liability - Beginning | | 1,263,838 | | 1,472,338 | 1,178,545 | | |
| Total Pension Liability - Ending (a) | \$ | 1,299,260 | \$ ^ | 1,263,838 | \$ ^ | 1,472,338 | |
| | | | | | | | |
| Plan Fiduciary Net Position: | | | | | | | |
| Employer Contributions | \$ | 32,855 | \$ | 33,107 | \$ | 26,014 | |
| Employee Contributions | | 18,107 | | 16,253 | | 14,452 | |
| Pension Plan Net Investment Income | | 121,213 | | 129,802 | | (37,810) | |
| Benefit Payments | | (81,133) | | (75,134) | | (71,577) | |
| Refunds | | - | | - | | (717) | |
| Pension Plan Administrative Expense | | (1,509) | | (1,650) | | (1,436) | |
| Other | | - | | - | | 199 | |
| Net Change in Plan Fiduciary Net Position | | 89,533 | | 102,378 | | (70,875) | |
| Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Beginning | | 817,859 | | 715,481 | | 786,356 | |
| Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Ending (b) | \$ | 907,392 | \$ | 817,859 | \$ | 715,481 | |
| | | | | | | | |
| Net Pension Liability - Ending (a) - (b) | \$ | 391,868 | \$ | 445,979 | \$ | 756,857 | |
| | | | | | | | |
| Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of Total Pension Liability | | 69.84% | | 64.71% | | 48.59% | |
| Covered Payroll | \$ | 117,996 | \$ | 118,370 | \$ | 116,010 | |
| Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of Covered Payroll | | 332.10% | | 376.77% | | 652.41% | |
| <i>,</i> , | | | | | | | |

- (A) This table will present ten years of information as it becomes available.
- $\scriptstyle{\mbox{\scriptsize (B)}}$ Covered payroll includes Deferred Retirement Option Program (DROP) employees.



| | 2017 | 2016 | | 2015 | | 2014 | | |
|----|-----------|------|-----------|-----------------|--------|-----------|--|--|
| | | | | | | | | |
| \$ | 19,635 | \$ | 18,094 | \$ 17,805 | \$ | 17,657 | | |
| | 85,936 | | 84,195 | 81,577 | | 79,175 | | |
| | (5,681) | | - | - | | - | | |
| | 17,854 | | (8,633) | (6,366) | | - | | |
| | - | | - | 40,773 | | - | | |
| | (75,393) | | (65,720) | (66,213) | (64,52 | | | |
| | (1,075) | | (1,731) | (858) | | (2,177) | | |
| | 41,276 | | 26,205 | 66,718 | | 30,129 | | |
| | 1,137,269 | | 1,111,064 | 1,044,346 | | 1,014,217 | | |
| \$ | 1,178,545 | \$ | 1,137,269 | \$ 1,111,064 | \$ | 1,044,346 | | |
| | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | |
| \$ | 26,110 | \$ | 25,384 | \$ 22,895 | \$ | 22,325 | | |
| | 14,505 | | 14,101 | 13,686 | | 11,577 | | |
| | 101,482 | | 46,423 | (5,702) | | 45,105 | | |
| | (75,393) | | (65,721) | (66,213) | | (64,526) | | |
| | (1,075) | | (1,731) | (858) | | (2,177) | | |
| | (1,437) | | (1,353) | (1,084) | | (1,031) | | |
| | 479 | | 357 | 839 | | 421 | | |
| | 64,671 | | 17,460 | (36,437) | | 11,694 | | |
| | 721,685 | | 704,225 | 740,662 | | 728,968 | | |
| \$ | 786,356 | \$ | 721,685 | \$ 704,225 | \$ | 740,662 | | |
| | | | | | | | | |
| \$ | 392,189 | \$ | 415,584 | \$ 406,839 | \$ | 303,684 | | |
| | | | | | | | | |
| | 66.72% | | 63.46% | 63.38% | | 70.92% | | |
| \$ | 112,705 | \$ | 108,789 | \$ 99,983 | \$ | 99,212 | | |
| | 347.98% | | 382.01% | 406.91% | | 306.10% | | |
| | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | |

SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER PENSION CONTRIBUTIONS STATE HIGHWAY PATROL RETIREMENT SYSTEM FOR THE LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (B) (dollars in thousands)

| | 2021 | 2020 | 2019 | 2018 | 2017 |
|---|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|
| Actuarially Determined Contribution | \$ 32,265 | \$ 31,270 | \$ 26,014 | \$ 25,349 | \$ 24,407 |
| Actual Employer Contributions Received | 32,855 | 33,107 | 26,014 | 26,110 | 25,383 |
| Difference | \$ (590) | \$ (1,837) | \$ - | \$ (761) | \$ (976) |
| Covered Payroll (A) | \$ 117,996 | \$ 118,371 | \$ 116,010 | \$ 112,705 | \$ 108,789 |
| Actual Employer Contributions Received as a Percentage of Covered Payroll | 27.84% | 27.97% | 22.42% | 23.17% | 23.33% |

- (A) Covered payroll includes Deferred Retirement Option Program (DROP) employees.
- (B) State Highway Patrol Retirement System reports on a December 31 calendar yearend, but is included in the State's fiscal yearend of June 30. Year reflected is now fiscal year instead of calendar year (ex. CY 2017 is reflected as FY 2018, etc.).

| Actuarial Assumptions | |
|-------------------------------|---|
| Valuation Date | December 31, 2019 |
| Notes | Actuarially determined contribution amounts for the measurement period ending on December 31, 2020 are calculated as of December 31, 2018 (for the period beginning January 1, 2019 and ending on December 31, 2019) and December 31, 2019 (for the period beginning January 1, 2020 and ending on December 31, 2020). The actuarial assumptions and methods as of December 31, 2019 were used to determine the actuarially determined Employer contribution amounts reported for the fiscal year ending on December 31, 2020. |
| Actuarial Cost Method | Entry age normal (level percent of pay) |
| Amortization Method | Level-percentage closed |
| Remaining Amortization Period | 23 years |
| Asset Valuation Method | Four-year smoothed market with a 20 percent corridor |
| Inflation | 3.0 percent wage inflation; 2.50 percent price inflation |
| Salary Increases | 3.8 percent to 13.5 percent including inflation |
| Investment Rate of Return | 7.25 percent |
| Retirement Age | Experience-based table of rates that are specific to the type of eligibility condition. |
| Mortality | Healthy Active Lives: PubS-2010 (amount-weighted) employee tables. Retiree/Vested Terminated Lives: PubS-2010 (amount-weighted) healthy retiree tables adjusted by 94 percent. Contingent Survivor Lives: PubS-100 (amount-weighted, above-median) contingent survivor tables adjusted by 105 percent. Disabled Lives: PubS-100 (amounted weighted) disabled retiree tables. Mortality assumptions for all participants are sex distinct with mortality improvement projected five years beyond the valuation date using scale MP-2019 and a base year of 2010. |
| Other Information | The wage and price inflation assumptions were lowered from 3.5 and 2.75 percent, respectively, to 3.0 and 2.50 percent, respectively, for the 2019 actuarial valuation, and the mortality table was updated from MP-2018 to PubS-2010. |



| | 2016 | 2015 | | | 2014 | | | 2013 | | 2012 | | | |
|---|--------------|------|--------|-----|------|--------|---|--------------|--|------|--------|--|--|
| | \$ 22,446 | \$ | 29,767 | - ; | \$ | 35,430 | | \$ 30,488 | | \$ | 26,956 | | |
| | 22,895 | | 22,325 | | | 22,908 | | 23,766 | | | 22,966 | | |
| | \$ (449) | \$ | 7,442 | _: | \$ | 12,522 | | \$ 6,722 | | \$ | 3,990 | | |
| • | \$ 99,983 | \$ | 99,212 | ; | \$ | 98,520 | • | \$ 98,117 | | \$ | 93,126 | | |
| | 22 90% | | 22 50% | | | 23 25% | | 24 22% | | | 24 66% | | |

SCHEDULE OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE COLLECTIVE NET OPEB LIABILITY/(ASSET) OHIO PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM AS OF THE CURRENT MEASUREMENT DATE FOR THE LAST FOUR YEARS (A) (dollars in thousands)

| All Plans: | 2020 | 2019 | | | 2018 |
|---|-----------------|------|-----------|----|-----------|
| Employer's Proportion of the Collective Net OPEB Liability/(Asset) | 21.25% | | 20.71% | | 20.75% |
| Employer's Proportionate Share of the Collective Net OPEB Liability/(Asset) | \$ (378,552) | \$ | 2,859,959 | \$ | 2,704,808 |
| Covered Payroll | \$ 3,187,089 | \$ | 3,103,935 | \$ | 2,986,152 |
| Employer's Proportionate Share of the Collective Net OPEB Liability/(Asset) as a Percentage of the Employer's Covered Payroll | 11.88% | | 92.14% | | 90.58% |
| Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total OPEB Liability/(Asset) | 115.57% | | 47.80% | | 46.33% |

⁽A) This table will present ten years of information as it becomes available.

| 2017 |
|-----------------|
| 20.74% |
| \$ 2,252,428 |
| \$ 2,915,630 |
| |
| 77.25% |

54.14%

SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER OPEB CONTRIBUTIONS OHIO PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM FOR THE LAST FOUR FISCAL YEARS (A)(B) (dollars in thousands)

| | 2021 | | 2020 | | 2019 |
|---|-----------------|----|-----------|----|-----------|
| Actuarially Determined Employer Contribution | \$ 209,912 | \$ | 177,136 | \$ | 176,568 |
| Actual Employer Contributions Received | 0 | | 0 | | 0 |
| Difference | \$ 209,912 | \$ | 177,136 | \$ | 176,568 |
| Covered Payroll | \$ 3,225,871 | \$ | 3,173,961 | \$ | 3,070,283 |
| Actual Employer Contributions Received as a Percentage of Covered Payroll | 0.00% | | 0.00% | | 0.00% |

- $_{\left(A\right) }$ This table will present ten years of information as it becomes available.
- (B) Ohio Public Employees Retirement System reports on a December 31 calendar yearend, but is included in the State's fiscal yearend of June 30. Year reflected is fiscal year instead of calendar year (ex. CY 2017 is reflected as FY 2018, etc.).

| 2018 |
|-----------------|
| \$ 153,362 |
| 18,802 |
| \$ 134,560 |
| \$ 2,994,040 |
| 0.63% |

SCHEDULE OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE COLLECTIVE NET OPEB LIABILITY/(ASSET) STATE TEACHERS RETIREMENT SYSTEM AS OF THE CURRENT MEASUREMENT DATE FOR THE LAST FOUR YEARS (A) (dollars in thousands)

| | 2020 | 2019 | 2018 |
|---|---------------|---------------|---------------|
| Employer's Proportion of the Collective Net OPEB Liability/(Asset) | 0.36% | 0.36% | 0.37% |
| Employer's Proportionate Share of the Collective Net OPEB Liability/(Asset) | \$ (6,392) | \$ (6,005) | \$ (5,939) |
| Covered Payroll | \$ 47,303 | \$ 42,360 | \$ 42,066 |
| Employer's Proportionate Share of the Collective Net OPEB Liability/(Asset) | | | |
| as a Percentage of the Employer's Covered Payroll | 13.51% | 14.18% | 14.12% |
| Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total OPEB Liability/(Asset) | 182.13% | 174.74% | 176.00% |
| | | | |

⁽A) This table will present ten years of information as it becomes available.

| 2017 |
|--------|
| 0.38% |
| 14,850 |
| 40,918 |
| 36.29% |
| 47.11% |
| |

SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER OPEB CONTRIBUTIONS STATE TEACHERS RETIREMENT SYSTEM FOR THE LAST FOUR FISCAL YEARS (A) (dollars in thousands)

| | | 2021 | 2020 | 2019 | |
|---|----|--------|--------------|------|--------|
| Actuarially Determined Employer Contribution | \$ | - | \$ - | \$ | - |
| Actual Employer Contributions Received | | - | - | | - |
| Difference | \$ | - | \$ - | \$ | - |
| | | | | | |
| Covered Payroll(B) | \$ | 44,888 | \$ 47,303 | \$ | 42,360 |
| Actual Employer Contributions Received as a Percentage of Covered Payroll | | 0.00% | 0.00% | | 0.00% |

⁽A) This table will present ten years of information as it becomes available.

⁽B) The covered payroll amount includes a small portion of the defined contribution plan payroll; which this portion of the plan is not covered for OPEB.

| 2018 |
|-----------------------|
| \$ 910 |
| - |
| \$ 910 |
| |
| |
| \$ 42,066 |
| \$ 42,066 0.00% |



SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE NET OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS STATE HIGHWAY PATROL RETIREMENT SYSTEM AS OF THE CURRENT MEASUREMENT DATE FOR THE LAST FOUR YEARS (A) (dollars in thousands)

| | | 2020 | | 2019 | | 2018 |
|---|-----|----------|----|----------|----|-----------|
| Total OPEB Liability: | | | | | | |
| Service Cost | \$ | 19,270 | \$ | 18,125 | \$ | 26,137 |
| Interest on the Total OPEB Liability | | 19,150 | | 16,992 | | 19,663 |
| Benefit Changes | | - | | - | | - |
| Difference between Expected and Actual Experience | | (26,654) | | (26,860) | | (74,912) |
| Assumption Changes | | 167,137 | | 122,197 | | (68,878) |
| Benefit Payments, including refunds of employee contributions | | (8,303) | | (8,619) | | (8,539) |
| Net Change in Total OPEB Liability | | 170,600 | | 121,835 | | (106,529) |
| Total OPEB Liability - Beginning | | 581,436 | | 459,601 | | 566,130 |
| Total OPEB Liability - Ending (a) | \$ | 752,036 | \$ | 581,436 | \$ | 459,601 |
| | | | | | | |
| Plan Fiduciary Net Position: | | | | | | |
| Employer Contributions | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | 4,623 |
| Employee Contributions | | - | | - | | - |
| Net Investment Income | | 16,141 | | 18,006 | | (5,852) |
| Benefit Payments, including refunds of employee contributions | | (8,303) | | (8,619) | | (8,538) |
| Administrative Expense | | (201) | | (229) | | (204) |
| Net Change in Plan Fiduciary Net Position | | 7,637 | | 9,158 | | (9,971) |
| Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Beginning | | 110,986 | | 101,828 | | 111,799 |
| Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Ending (b) | \$ | 118,623 | \$ | 110,986 | \$ | 101,828 |
| | | | | | | |
| Net OPEB Liability - Ending (a) - (b) | \$ | 633,413 | \$ | 470,450 | \$ | 357,773 |
| Plan Eidusian, Not Position on a Parameters of Total OPER Linkship | | 1E 770/ | | 10.000/ | | 22.460/ |
| Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of Total OPEB Liability | . ф | 15.77% | ¢ | 19.09% | ¢ | 22.16% |
| Covered Payroll |) Ф | 117,996 | \$ | 118,370 | \$ | 116,010 |
| Net OPEB Liability as a Percentage of Covered Payroll | | 536.81% | | 397.44% | | 308.39% |

⁽A) This table will present ten years of information as it becomes available.

⁽B) Covered payroll includes Deferred Retirement Option Program (DROP) employees.

| | 2017 |
|----------|---------|
| | |
| \$ | 23,657 |
| | 19,243 |
| | 709 |
| | (1,204) |
| | 46,862 |
| | (9,434) |
| | 79,833 |
| | 486,297 |
| \$ | 566,130 |
| | |
| | |
| \$ | 4,640 |
| | - |
| | 14,467 |
| | (9,433) |
| | (204) |
| <u> </u> | 9,470 |
| | 102,329 |
| \$ | 111,799 |
| | |
| \$ | 454,331 |
| | |
| | 19.75% |
| \$ | 112,705 |
| | 403.11% |
| | 403.11% |



SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER OPEB CONTRIBUTIONS STATE HIGHWAY PATROL RETIREMENT SYSTEM FOR THE LAST FOUR FISCAL YEARS (A)(C) (dollars in thousands)

| | 2021 | | 2021 | | 2020 | 2019 | 2018 |
|--|------|---------|---------------|---------------|---------------|----------|----------|
| Actuarially Determined Contribution | \$ | 17,304 | \$ 15,228 | \$ 22,105 | \$ 30,774 | | |
| Actual Employer Contributions Received | | - | - | 4,623 | 4,640 | | |
| Difference | \$ | 17,304 | \$ 15,228 | \$ 17,482 | \$ 26,134 | | |
| Covered Payroll(B) | \$ | 117,996 | \$ 118,370 | \$ 116,010 | \$ 112,705 | | |
| Actual Employer Contributions Received | | | | | | | |
| as a Percentage of Covered Payroll | | 0.00% | 0.00% | 3.99% | 4.12% | | |

- (A) This table will present ten years of information as it becomes available.
- (B) Covered payroll includes Deferred Retirement Option Program (DROP) employees.
- (c) State Highway Patrol Retirement System reports on a December 31 calendar yearend, but is included in the State's fiscal yearend of June 30. Year reflected is now fiscal year instead of calendar year (ex. CY 2017 is reflected as FY 2018, etc.).

| (ex. CY 2017 is reflected as FY | ′ 2018, etc.). |
|---------------------------------|--|
| Actuarial Assumptions | |
| Valuation Date | December 31, 2018 rolled forward to December 31, 2019 |
| Notes | Actuarially determined contribution amounts for the measurement period ending on December 31, 2020 are calculated as of December 31, 2018 (for the period beginning July 1, 2019 and ending on December 31, 2019) and December 31, 2019 (for the period beginning January 1, 2020 and ending on December 31, 2020). The actuarial assumptions and methods as of December 31, 2019 were used to determine the actuarially determined Employer contribution amounts reported for the second half of the fiscal year ending on December 31, 2019. |
| Actuarial Cost Method | Entry Age Normal |
| Amortization Method | Level percent of pay over open period |
| Remaining Amortization Period | 30 years |
| Asset Valuation Method | Four-year smoothed market with a 20 percent Corridor |
| Inflation | 3.25 percent wage inflation |
| Salary Increases | 3.25 percent to 10.75 percent, includes wage inflation of 3.25 percent |
| Investment Rate of Return | 6.00 percent |
| Retirement Age | Experience-based table of rates that are specific to the type of eligibility condition. |
| Mortality | RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant and RP-2014 Disabled mortality table for males and females, adjusted for mortality improvement back to the observation period base year of 2006. The base year for males and females was then established to be 2015 and 2010, respectively. Mortality rates for a particular calendar year are determined by applying the MP-2015 mortality improvement scale. |

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES
IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS)
GENERAL FUND AND MAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUND
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

(dollars in thousands)

| | GENERAL | | | | | | | | |
|--|---------|-------------|-----|--|----------|-------------|-------------------------------------|-----------|--|
| | | BUE | OGE | τ | | | VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET | | |
| | | | | | | | | POSITIVE/ | |
| DEL/EN//E0 | _ | ORIGINAL | | FINAL | _ | ACTUAL | (| NEGATIVE) | |
| REVENUES: | • | 40.047.075 | • | 10 110 115 | • | 10.050.010 | æ | 0.40.005 | |
| Income Taxes | \$ | 10,217,275 | \$ | 10,412,415 | \$ | 10,652,810 | \$ | 240,395 | |
| Sales Taxes | | 11,438,768 | | 12,323,468 | | 12,448,700 | | 125,232 | |
| Corporate and Public Utility Taxes | | 2,961,050 | | 2,957,505 | | 2,958,465 | | 960 | |
| Motor Vehicle Fuel Taxes | | 1,361,348 | | 1,361,348 | | 1,361,348 | | | |
| Cigarette Taxes | | 871,700 | | 932,700 | | 926,884 | | (5,816) | |
| Other Taxes | | 754,639 | | 792,239 | | 794,573 | | 2,334 | |
| Licenses, Permits and Fees | | 1,314,944 | | 1,344,252 | | 1,344,515 | | 263 | |
| Sales, Services and Charges | | 200,386 | | 200,386 | | 209,802 | | 9,416 | |
| Federal Government | | 12,850,753 | | 12,759,790 | | 12,820,413 | | 60,623 | |
| Tobacco Settlement | | 126 | | 126 | | 252 | | 126 | |
| Investment Income | | 34,766 | | 58,487 | | 66,760 | | 8,273 | |
| Other | _ | 2,697,626 | _ | 2,702,326 | | 2,703,640 | | 1,314 | |
| TOTAL REVENUES | | 44,703,381 | | 45,845,042 | _ | 46,288,162 | | 443,120 | |
| BUDGETARY EXPENDITURES: CURRENT OPERATING: | | | | | | | | | |
| Primary, Secondary and Other Education | | 10,015,162 | | 10,021,631 | | 9,813,058 | | 208,573 | |
| Higher Education Support | | 3,169,138 | | 3,385,127 | | 2,808,214 | | 576,913 | |
| Public Assistance and Medicaid | | 19,313,608 | | 20,055,657 | | 19,542,953 | | 512,704 | |
| Health and Human Services | | 947,614 | | 959,616 | | 884,879 | | 74,737 | |
| Justice and Public Protection | | 3,739,550 | | 3,837,375 | | 3,552,793 | | 284,582 | |
| Environmental Protection and Natural Resources | | 194,148 | | 237,688 | | 215,103 | | 22,585 | |
| Transportation | | 124,080 | | 135,080 | | 126,943 | | 8,137 | |
| General Government | | 2,571,410 | | 2,666,571 | | 2,340,783 | | 325,788 | |
| Community and Economic Development | | 3,206,447 | | 4,160,673 | | 3,211,908 | | 948,765 | |
| CAPITAL OUTLAY | | _ | | _ | | _ | | _ | |
| DEBT SERVICE | | 1,539,464 | | 1,539,680 | | 1,218,383 | | 321,297 | |
| TOTAL BUDGETARY EXPENDITURES | | 44,820,621 | | 46,999,098 | | 43,715,017 | | 3,284,081 | |
| | | | | | | | | | |
| EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES | | | | | | | | | |
| OVER (UNDER) BUDGETARY EXPENDITURES | | (117,240) | | (1,154,056) | | 2,573,145 | | 3,727,201 | |
| OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): | | | | | | | | | |
| Bonds. Notes. and COPs Issued | | 546,268 | | 546.268 | | 546.268 | | _ | |
| Transfers-in | | 1,955,601 | | 1,516,229 | | 929,486 | | (586,743) | |
| Transfers-out | | (1,914,261) | | (1,923,144) | | (1,341,276) | | 581,868 | |
| TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) | _ | 587,608 | | 139,353 | | 134,478 | | (4,875) | |
| , | | · | _ | <u>, </u> | | | | , , , | |
| NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES | \$ | 470,368 | \$ | (1,014,703) | | 2,707,623 | \$ | 3,722,326 | |
| BUDGETARY FUND BALANCES | | | | | | | | | |
| (DEFICITS), JULY 1 (as restated) | | | | | | 5,891,024 | | | |
| Outstanding Encumbrances at Beginning of Fiscal Year | | | | | | 1,057,754 | | | |
| DUDCETARY FUND DAI ANGEO | | | | | | | | | |
| BUDGETARY FUND BALANCES | | | | | • | 0.656.404 | | | |
| (DEFICITS), JUNE 30 | | | | | <u>*</u> | 9,656,401 | | | |

| | BUI | DGET | | | | VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET POSITIVE/ | | BUL | DGET | | | | | VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET POSITIVE/ |
|----------|------------|------|------------|------------------------|-----|--------------------------------------|----|----------|------|-----------|----|----------------------|----------|--------------------------------------|
| | ORIGINAL | | FINAL | ACTUAL | | (NEGATIVE) | | ORIGINAL | | FINAL | | ACTUAL | (| NEGATIVE) |
| | | | | | | | | | | | _ | | | |
| | | | | \$ — | | | | | | | \$ | _ | | |
| | | | | _ | | | | | | | | _ | | |
| | | | | _ | | | | | | | | _ | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | 946 | | | | | | | | _ | | |
| | | | | 2,652,655 | | | | | | | | _ | | |
| | | | | 97,031 | | | | | | | | _ | | |
| | | | | 8,924,954 | | | | | | | | 3,869,229 | | |
| | | | | _ | | | | | | | | _ | | |
| | | | | 4,303 | | | | | | | | 13,812 | | |
| | | | | 1,917,406 | | | | | | | | 538 | | |
| | | | | 13,597,295 | • | | | | | | | 3,883,579 | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| \$ | _ | \$ | _ | _ | \$ | _ | \$ | _ | \$ | 170,000 | | 147,497 | \$ | 22,503 |
| | 375 | | 375 | _ | | 375 | | _ | | 305,000 | | 304,943 | | 57 |
| | 13,273,180 | | 17,720,111 | 14,134,213 | | 3,585,898 | | _ | | 56,000 | | 35,625 | | 20,375 |
| | 407,423 | | 446,823 | 377,953 | | 68,870 | | 44,283 | | 504,524 | | 394,042 | | 110,482 |
| | 76,467 | | 80,551 | 58,171 | | 22,380 | | 48,094 | | 310,372 | | 191,401 | | 118,971 |
| | _ | | _ | _ | | _ | | _ | | 7,000 | | 7,000 | | _ |
| | _ | | _ | _ | | _ | | _ | | _ | | _ | | _ |
| | 2,800 | | 2,800 | 2,724 | | 76 | | 18,944 | | 1,513,027 | | 1,440,034 | | 72,993 |
| | _ | | _ | _ | | _ | | 465,000 | | 1,113,603 | | 1,107,773 | | 5,830 |
| | 24,188 | | 41,073 | 17,574 | | 23,499 | | _ | | _ | | _ | | _ |
| \$ | 13,784,433 | \$ | 18,291,733 | 14,590,635 | \$ | 3,701,098 | \$ | 576,321 | \$ | 3,979,526 | | 3,628,315 | \$ | 351,211 |
| <u>Ψ</u> | 10,104,433 | == | 10,231,733 | 14,030,030 | · = | 3,701,030 | Ψ | 370,321 | = = | 3,373,020 | _ | 3,020,313 | <u>Ψ</u> | 331,211 |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | (993,340) | - | | | | | | _ | 255,264 | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | _ | | | | | | | | _ | | |
| | | | | 14,442 | | | | | | | | 17 | | |
| | | | | (6,053) | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | 8,389 | - | | | | | | _ | 17 | | |
| | | | | (984,951) | | | | | | | | 255,281 | | |
| | | | | (719,507) 1,103,056 | | | | | | | _ | 3,216,103 111,320 | | |
| | | | | \$ (601,402) | | | | | | | \$ | 3,582,704 | | |

PANDEMIC RELIEF FUNDS

JOB, FAMILY AND OTHER HUMAN SERVICES

Note: GAAP versus NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS

In the accompanying Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances — Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) — General Fund and Major Special Revenue Fund, actual revenues, transfers-in, expenditures, encumbrances, and transfers-out reported on the non-GAAP budgetary basis do not equal those reported on the GAAP basis in the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances — Major Governmental Funds.

This inequality results primarily from basis differences in the recognition of accruals, deferred resources, interfund transactions, and loan transactions, and from timing differences in the budgetary basis of accounting for encumbrances. On the non-GAAP budgetary basis, the State recognizes encumbrances as expenditures in the year encumbered, while on the modified accrual basis, the State recognizes expenditures when goods or services are received regardless of the year encumbered.

Original Budget amounts in the accompanying budgetary schedules have been taken from the first complete appropriated budget for fiscal year 2021. An appropriated budget is the expenditure authority created by appropriation bills that are signed into law and related estimated revenues. The original budget also includes actual appropriation amounts automatically carried over from prior years by law, including the automatic rolling forward of appropriations to cover prior-year encumbrances.

Final Budget amounts represent original appropriations modified by authorized transfers, supplemental and amended appropriations, and other legally authorized legislative and executive changes applicable to fiscal year 2021, whenever signed into law or otherwise legally authorized.

For fiscal year 2021, no excess expenditures over appropriations were reported in individual funds.

A reconciliation of the fund balances reported under the GAAP basis and budgetary basis for the General Fund and the major special revenue fund is presented on the following page.

Note: GAAP versus NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS (Continued)

Primary Government Reconciliation of GAAP Basis Fund Balances to Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis Fund Balances For the General Fund and Major Special Revenue Funds As of June 30, 2021

(dollars in thousands)

| | Company | Job, Family & Other Human | Pandemic |
|---|--------------|------------------------------|--------------|
| | General | Services | Relief Funds |
| Total Fund Balances — GAAP Basis | \$12,063,898 | \$ 742,848 | \$ 103,230 |
| Less: Nonspendable Fund Balances | 47,018 | 400.000 | 103,230 |
| Less: Restricted Fund Balances | 1,605,009 | 182,022 | - |
| Less: Committed Fund Balances | 837,568 | 567,500 | - |
| Less: Assigned Fund Balances | 3,856,376 | - (0.07.1) | |
| Unassigned Fund Balances — GAAP Basis | 5,717,927 | (6,674) | |
| BASIS DIFFERENCES | | | |
| Revenue Accruals/Adjustments: | | | |
| Cash Equity with Treasurer | (206,482) | 43,410 | - |
| Taxes Receivable | (1,757,567) | - | - |
| Intergovernmental Receivable | (320,512) | (311,361) | - |
| Loans Receivable, Net | (1,219,505) | - | - |
| Other Receivables | (314,860) | (778,528) | - |
| Unearned Revenue | | 720,070 | 4,459,677 |
| Total Revenue Accruals/Adjustments | (3,818,926) | (326,409) | 4,459,677 |
| Expenditure Accruals/Adjustments: | | | |
| Cash Equity with Treasurer | (361,770) | (5,128) | (735) |
| Inventories | (19,714) | - | (103,230) |
| Other Assets | (47) | - | - |
| Accounts Payable | 286,453 | 215,272 | 24,854 |
| Accrued Liabilities | 212,134 | 31,319 | 426 |
| Medicaid Claims Payable | 419,838 | - | - |
| Intergovernmental Payable | 1,184,931 | 130,717 | - |
| Interfund Payable | 374,647 | 8,771 | 6,011 |
| Payable to Component Units | 11,010 | 3,611 | - |
| Refund and Other Liabilities | 1,436,629 | 2,982 | - |
| Liability for Escheat Property | 314,195 | | |
| Total Expenditure Accruals/Adjustments | 3,858,306 | 387,544 | (72,674) |
| Deferred Inflows of Resources | 914,100 | 81,928 | - |
| Other Adjustments: Fund Balance Reclassifications: From Unassigned (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) to: | | | |
| Nonspendable | 47,018 | - | 103,230 |
| Restricted | 1,605,009 | 182,022 | - |
| Committed | 837,568 | 567,500 | - |
| Assigned | 3,856,376 | - | - |
| Cash and Investments Held Outside State Treasury | (2,000,226) | (2,842) | |
| Total Other Adjustments | 4,345,745 | 746,680 | 103,230 |
| Total Basis Differences | 5,299,225 | 889,743 | 4,490,233 |
| TIMING DIFFERENCES | | | |
| Encumbrances | (1,360,751) | (1,484,471) | (907,529) |
| Budgetary Fund Balances (Deficits) — Non-GAAP Basis | \$ 9,656,401 | \$ (601,402) | \$3,582,704 |



Financial Section

Combining Financial Statements and Schedules





NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Special Revenue Funds

The Special Revenue Funds account for specific revenues that are legally restricted to expenditure for particular purposes.

Debt Service Funds

The Debt Service Funds account for the resources accumulated and payments made for principal and interest on long-term debt of the governmental funds.

Capital Projects Funds

The Capital Projects Funds account for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities other than those financed by proprietary funds and trust funds.

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2021

(dollars in thousands)

| | REV | SPECIAL ENUE FUNDS | | T SERVICE FUNDS | CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS | | | |
|---|-----|-----------------------|----|--------------------|------------------------------|---------|--|--|
| ASSETS: | | | | | | | | |
| Cash Equity with Treasurer | \$ | 3,871,665 | \$ | 219 | \$ | 701,840 | | |
| Cash and Cash Equivalents | | 48,282 | | 569 | | _ | | |
| Investments | | 16,513 | | 7,420 | | 34,838 | | |
| Collateral on Lent Securities | | 862,343 | | 48 | | 156,322 | | |
| Taxes Receivable | | 188,501 | | | | _ | | |
| Intergovernmental Receivable | | 643,541 | | | | _ | | |
| Loans Receivable, Net | | 185,849 | | _ | | _ | | |
| Receivable from Component Units | | 9,849 | | _ | | _ | | |
| Other Receivables | | 44,066 | | _ | | _ | | |
| Inventories | | 221,336 | | _ | | _ | | |
| TOTAL ASSETS | \$ | 6,091,945 | \$ | 8,256 | \$ | 893,000 | | |
| LIABILITIES: Accounts Payable | \$ | 361,942 | \$ | 351 | \$ | 36,519 | | |
| Accrued Liabilities | Ψ | 79,247 | Ψ | - | Ψ | | | |
| Medicaid Claims Payable | | 200,135 | | _ | | _ | | |
| Obligations Under Securities Lending | | 862,343 | | 48 | | 156,322 | | |
| Intergovernmental Payable | | 395,730 | | _ | | | | |
| Interfund Payable | | 96,647 | | _ | | _ | | |
| Payable to Component Units | | 7,726 | | _ | | _ | | |
| Unearned Revenue | | 140,096 | | _ | | _ | | |
| TOTAL LIABILITIES | | 2,143,866 | | 399 | | 192,841 | | |
| DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES | | 40,149 | | | | | | |
| FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS): | | | | | | | | |
| Nonspendable | | 221,336 | | _ | | _ | | |
| Restricted | | 2,914,716 | | 7,857 | | 700,159 | | |
| Committed | | 771,878 | | | | | | |
| TOTAL FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS) | | 3,907,930 | | 7,857 | | 700,159 | | |
| TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES | \$ | 6,091,945 | \$ | 8,256 | \$ | 893,000 | | |
| | | 3,00.,010 | | -,==0 | | 333,330 | | |

| TOTAL | | | | | |
|-------|-----------|--|--|--|--|
| \$ | 4,573,724 | | | | |
| Ψ | 48,851 | | | | |
| | 58,771 | | | | |
| | 1,018,713 | | | | |
| | 188,501 | | | | |
| | 643,541 | | | | |
| | 185,849 | | | | |
| | 9,849 | | | | |
| | 44,066 | | | | |
| | 221,336 | | | | |
| \$ | 6,993,201 | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| \$ | 398,812 | | | | |
| Ψ | 79,247 | | | | |
| | 200,135 | | | | |
| | 1,018,713 | | | | |
| | 395,730 | | | | |
| | 96,647 | | | | |
| | 7,726 | | | | |
| | 140,096 | | | | |
| | 2,337,106 | | | | |
| | 40,149 | | | | |
| | 221,336 | | | | |
| | 3,622,732 | | | | |
| | 771,878 | | | | |
| | 4,615,946 | | | | |
| | _ | | | | |
| \$ | 6,993,201 | | | | |

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021 (dollars in thousands)

| | SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS | DEBT SERVICE FUNDS | CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS | |
|---|--------------------------|-----------------------|---------------------------|--|
| REVENUES: | | | | |
| Corporate and Public Utility Taxes | \$ 45,012 | \$ — | \$ — | |
| Motor Vehicle Fuel Taxes | 1,118,178 | _ | _ | |
| Other Taxes | 370,482 | _ | _ | |
| Licenses, Permits and Fees | 827,970 | _ | _ | |
| Sales, Services and Charges | 26,205 | _ | _ | |
| Federal Government | 8,793,154 | _ | _ | |
| Tobacco Settlement | 2,275 | _ | _ | |
| Investment Income (Loss) | 11,802 | 469 | 2,975 | |
| Other | 688,829 | 5 | 81 | |
| TOTAL REVENUES | 11,883,907 | 474 | 3,056 | |
| EXPENDITURES: CURRENT OPERATING: | | | | |
| Primary, Secondary and Other Education | 4,013,417 | _ | _ | |
| Higher Education Support | 29,976 | _ | _ | |
| Public Assistance and Medicaid | 2,763,636 | _ | _ | |
| Health and Human Services | 1,046,860 | _ | _ | |
| Justice and Public Protection | 552,303 | _ | _ | |
| Environmental Protection and Natural Resources | 377,736 | _ | _ | |
| Transportation | 2,797,892 | _ | _ | |
| General Government | 398,992 | _ | _ | |
| Community and Economic Development | 736,673 | _ | _ | |
| CAPITAL OUTLAY | 12,484 | _ | 492.690 | |
| DEBT SERVICE | | 1,448,583 | | |
| TOTAL EXPENDITURES | 12,729,969 | 1,448,583 | 492,690 | |
| EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES | | | | |
| OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES | (846,062) | (1,448,109) | (489,634) | |
| OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): | | | | |
| Bonds, Notes, and COPs Issued | _ | 629 | 544,440 | |
| Refunding Bonds and COPs Issued | _ | 316,695 | 2,300 | |
| Payment to Refunded Bond and COPs Escrow Agents | _ | (479,744) | _ | |
| Premiums/Discounts | _ | 51,558 | 103,942 | |
| Transfers-in | 1,877,485 | 1,557,862 | 11 | |
| Transfers-out | (456,649) | | | |
| TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) | 1,420,836 | 1,447,000 | 650,693 | |
| NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES | 574,774 | (1,109) | 161,059 | |
| FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS), July 1 (as restated) | 3,315,787 | 8,966 | 539,100 | |
| Increase (Decrease) for Changes in Inventories | 17,369 | | | |
| FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS), JUNE 30 | \$ 3,907,930 | \$ 7,857 | \$ 700,159 | |

| TOTAL |
|--|
| \$ 45,012 1,118,178 370,482 827,970 26,205 8,793,154 2,275 15,246 688,915 11,887,437 |
| 4,013,417 29,976 2,763,636 1,046,860 552,303 377,736 2,797,892 398,992 736,673 505,174 1,448,583 |
| (2,783,805) |
| 545,069 318,995 (479,744) 155,500 3,435,358 (456,649) 3,518,529 |
| 734,724 |
| 3,863,853 17,369 |
| \$ 4,615,946 |



NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

Special Revenue Funds account for specific revenues that are legally restricted to expenditure for particular purposes.

Education Fund

The Education Fund accounts for programs administered by the Department of Education, the Department of Higher Education, and other various state agencies, which prescribe the State's minimum educational requirements and which provide funding and assistance to local school districts for basic instruction and vocation and technical job training, and to the State's colleges and universities for post-secondary education.

Highway Operating Fund

The Highway Operating Fund accounts for programs administered by the Department of Transportation, which is responsible for the planning and design, construction, and maintenance of Ohio's highways, roads, and bridges and for Ohio's public transportation programs.

Community and Economic Development Fund

The Community and Economic Development Fund accounts for programs administered by the Development Services Agency and other various state agencies, which were created to assure the efficient use of resources for the State's community and economic growth and development.

Health Fund

The Health Fund accounts for public health programs primarily administered by the Department of Health, which promotes the prevention and treatment of diseases and illnesses through technical assistance, health education, and research.

Mental Health and Developmental Disabilities Fund

The Mental Health and Developmental Disabilities Fund accounts for mental health care and developmental disabilities programs primarily administered by the Department of Mental Health and Addiction Services and the Department of Developmental Disabilities, which provide assistance, services, and medical care to those individuals with mental health and developmental disability problems.

Highway Safety Fund

The Highway Safety Fund accounts for public safety programs primarily administered by the Department of Public Safety, which enforces traffic-related laws for the purpose of reducing accidents, deaths, injuries, and property damages on Ohio's highways.

Natural Resources Fund

The Natural Resources Fund accounts for environmental programs administered by the Department of Natural Resources, the Environmental Protection Agency, and other various state agencies, which promote, protect, and manage the State's natural resources and environment.

Wildlife and Waterways Safety Fund

The Wildlife and Waterways Safety Fund accounts for programs administered by the Department of Natural Resources' Divisions of Wildlife and Watercraft, which promote, protect, and manage the State's wildlife and waterways and which provide technical assistance and education to the public.

Tobacco Settlement Fund

The Tobacco Settlement Fund accounts for various health, education, economic, and law enforcement-related programs funded with moneys received under the Master Settlement Agreement with the nation's largest tobacco companies.

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS JUNE 30, 2021

(dollars in thousands)

| | E | DUCATION | HIGHWAY OPERATING | COMMUNITY AND ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT | | |
|---|----|----------|----------------------|--|----------------|--|
| ASSETS: | | | | | | |
| Cash Equity with Treasurer | \$ | 251,828 | \$ 1,557,439 | \$ | 845,968 | |
| Cash and Cash Equivalents | | _ | 500 | | 38,72 <i>4</i> | |
| Investments | | _ | _ | | 3,970 | |
| Collateral on Lent Securities | | 56,090 | 346,893 | | 188,422 | |
| Taxes Receivable | | _ | 163,293 | | 20,511 | |
| Intergovernmental Receivable | | 259,255 | 138,758 | | 37,913 | |
| Loans Receivable, Net | | _ | 141,332 | | 44,517 | |
| Receivable from Component Units | | _ | 9,849 | | _ | |
| Other Receivables | | _ | 6,686 | | _ | |
| Inventories | | 5,873 | 68,257 | | 1,697 | |
| TOTAL ASSETS | \$ | 573,046 | \$ 2,433,007 | \$ | 1,181,722 | |
| LIABILITIES: | | | | | | |
| Accounts Payable | \$ | 8,068 | \$ 213,222 | \$ | 76,379 | |
| Accrued Liabilities | | 2,373 | 33,361 | | 11,311 | |
| Medicaid Claims Payable | | _ | _ | | | |
| Obligations Under Securities Lending | | 56,090 | 346,893 | | 188,422 | |
| Intergovernmental Payable | | 236,624 | _ | | 123,403 | |
| Interfund Payable | | 2,200 | 46,122 | | 4,191 | |
| Payable to Component Units | | 516 | 780 | | 5,059 | |
| Unearned Revenue | | 27,829 | _ | | 27,692 | |
| TOTAL LIABILITIES | | 333,700 | 640,378 | | 436,457 | |
| DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES | | | 6,049 | | | |
| FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS): | | | | | | |
| Nonspendable | | 5,873 | 68,257 | | 1,697 | |
| Restricted | | 143,439 | 1,717,872 | | 488,241 | |
| Committed | | 90,034 | 451 | | 255,327 | |
| TOTAL FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS) | | 239,346 | 1,786,580 | | 745,265 | |
| TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES | \$ | 573,046 | \$ 2,433,007 | \$ | 1,181,722 | |

| | | DEVE | TAL HEALTH AND ELOPMENTAL | | IIGHWAY | | IATURAL | WA | DLIFE AND TERWAYS | | OBACCO |
|----|---------|------|---------------------------------|----|---------|----|---------|----|----------------------|-----|---------|
| | HEALTH | DI | SABILITIES | | SAFETY | RE | SOURCES | | SAFETY | SET | TLEMENT |
| \$ | 121,250 | \$ | 467,298 | \$ | 58,317 | \$ | 480,964 | \$ | 85,122 | \$ | 3,479 |
| | _ | | _ | | _ | | 8,542 | | _ | | 516 |
| | _ | | _ | | _ | | 12,543 | | _ | | _ |
| | 27,006 | | 104,083 | | 12,989 | | 107,126 | | 18,959 | | 775 |
| | 116 | | _ | | _ | | _ | | 4,581 | | _ |
| | 28,478 | | 179,137 | | _ | | _ | | _ | | _ |
| | _ | | _ | | _ | | _ | | _ | | _ |
| | _ | | _ | | _ | | _ | | _ | | _ |
| | 106 | | 44 | | _ | | 3,130 | | _ | | 34,100 |
| | 145,509 | | | | | | | | | | |
| \$ | 322,465 | \$ | 750,562 | \$ | 71,306 | \$ | 612,305 | \$ | 108,662 | \$ | 38,870 |
| | | | | | | | | | | | |
| • | 44.044 | • | 7 444 | • | 4.004 | • | 7.404 | • | 0.000 | • | 407 |
| \$ | 44,611 | \$ | 7,444 | \$ | 1,604 | \$ | 7,421 | \$ | 3,066 | \$ | 127 |
| | 5,698 | | 8,125 | | 2,878 | | 11,274 | | 4,204 | | 23 |
| | | | 200,135 | | | | | | | | |
| | 27,006 | | 104,083 | | 12,989 | | 107,126 | | 18,959 | | 775 |
| | 17,343 | | 18,360 | | _ | | _ | | _ | | _ |
| | 2,043 | | 31,180 | | 2,438 | | 3,831 | | 4,640 | | 2 |
| | 293 | | 575 | | 25 | | 106 | | 372 | | _ |
| | 10,441 | | 64,096 | | | | 10,038 | | | - | |
| | 107,435 | | 433,998 | | 19,934 | | 139,796 | | 31,241 | | 927 |
| | | | | | | | | | | | 34,100 |
| | 145,509 | | _ | | _ | | _ | | _ | | _ |
| | 51,615 | | 226,995 | | 8,155 | | 266,407 | | 11,988 | | 4 |
| | 17,906 | | 89,569 | | 43,217 | | 206,102 | | 65,433 | | 3,839 |
| | 215,030 | | 316,564 | | 51,372 | | 472,509 | | 77,421 | | 3,843 |
| \$ | 322,465 | \$ | 750,562 | \$ | 71,306 | \$ | 612,305 | \$ | 108,662 | \$ | 38,870 |

(continued)

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS JUNE 30, 2021

(dollars in thousands) (continued)

| | TOTAL | |
|--|-------|-----------|
| ASSETS: | | |
| Cash Equity with Treasurer | \$ | 3,871,665 |
| Cash and Cash Equivalents | | 48,282 |
| Investments | | 16,513 |
| Collateral on Lent Securities | | 862,343 |
| Taxes Receivable | | 188,501 |
| Intergovernmental Receivable | | 643,541 |
| Loans Receivable, Net | | 185,849 |
| Receivable from Component Units | | 9,849 |
| Other Receivables | | 44,066 |
| Inventories | | 221,336 |
| TOTAL ASSETS | \$ | 6,091,945 |
| | | |
| LIABILITIES: | | |
| Accounts Payable | \$ | 361,942 |
| Accrued Liabilities | | 79,247 |
| Medicaid Claims Payable | | 200,135 |
| Obligations Under Securities Lending | | 862,343 |
| Intergovernmental Payable | | 395,730 |
| Interfund Payable | | 96,647 |
| Payable to Component Units | | 7,726 |
| Unearned Revenue | | 140,096 |
| TOTAL LIABILITIES | | 2,143,866 |
| DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES | | 40,149 |
| FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS): | | |
| Nonspendable | | 221,336 |
| Restricted | | 2,914,716 |
| Committed | | 771,878 |
| TOTAL FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS) | | 3,907,930 |
| TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF | | |
| RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES | \$ | 6,091,945 |



COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021 (dollars in thousands)

| | EDUCATION | | HIGHWAY OPERATING | COMMUNITY AND ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT | | |
|--|-----------------|----|----------------------|--|------------------|--|
| REVENUES: | | | | | | |
| Corporate and Public Utility Taxes | \$ _ | \$ | _ | \$ | 45,012 | |
| Motor Vehicle Fuel Taxes | _ | | 1,085,744 | | 7,158 | |
| Other Taxes | _ | | _ | | 303,206 | |
| Licenses, Permits and Fees | 35 | | 50,953 | | 471,580 | |
| Sales, Services and Charges | _ | | 381 | | 13,339 | |
| Federal Government | 2,724,766 | | 1,847,699 | | 754,231 | |
| Tobacco Settlement | _ | | _ | | _ | |
| Investment Income | 1,528 | | 7,481 | | 1,443 | |
| Other | 3,046 | | 168,688 | | 47,818 | |
| TOTAL REVENUES | 2,729,375 | | 3,160,946 | | 1,643,787 | |
| EXPENDITURES: CURRENT OPERATING: | | | | | | |
| Primary, Secondary and Other Education | 4,013,417 | | _ | | _ | |
| Higher Education Support | 23,554 | | _ | | 6,422 | |
| Public Assistance and Medicaid | 4,997 | | _ | | _ | |
| Health and Human Services | 2,033 | | _ | | _ | |
| Justice and Public Protection | 9,644 | | _ | | 459,122 | |
| Environmental Protection and Natural Resources | _ | | _ | | 409 | |
| Transportation | _ | | 2,795,711 | | 2,181 | |
| General Government | 229 | | _ | | 393, <i>4</i> 29 | |
| Community and Economic Development | _ | | _ | | 723,340 | |
| CAPITAL OUTLAY | _ | | _ | | 8,611 | |
| TOTAL EXPENDITURES | 4,053,874 | | 2,795,711 | | 1,593,514 | |
| EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES | | | | | | |
| OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES | (1,324,499) | | 365,235 | - | 50,273 | |
| OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): | | | | | | |
| Transfers-in | 1,359,378 | | 454,715 | | 39,804 | |
| Transfers-out | (4,844) | | (376,024) | | (74,034) | |
| TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) | 1,354,534 | | 78,691 | | (34,230) | |
| NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES | 30,035 | | 443,926 | | 16,043 | |
| FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS), July 1 (as restated) | 209,311 | | 1,365,428 | | 729,222 | |
| Increase (Decrease) for Changes in Inventories | | _ | (22,774) | | | |
| FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS), JUNE 30 | \$ 239,346 | \$ | 1,786,580 | \$ | 745,265 | |

| | HEALTH | MENTAL HEALTH AND DEVELOPMENTAL DISABILITIES | HIGHWAY SAFETY | NATURAL RESOURCES | WILDLIFE AND WATERWAYS SAFETY | TOBACCO SETTLEMENT |
|----|---------|---|----------------|----------------------|-------------------------------------|-----------------------|
| \$ | _ | \$ — | \$ — | \$ — | \$ — | \$ — |
| Ψ | _ | _ | _ | _ | 25,276 | _ |
| | 4,292 | _ | _ | 62,984 | | _ |
| | 17,295 | 65,840 | 13,592 | 151,069 | 57,606 | _ |
| | _ | 370 | 4,044 | 7,512 | 559 | _ |
| | 872,201 | 2,487,042 | 22,362 | 55,815 | 29,038 | _ |
| | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | 2,275 |
| | 238 | 1 | 323 | 486 | 302 | _ |
| | 50,106 | 333,716 | 27,467 | 54,540 | 3,444 | 4 |
| | 944,132 | 2,886,969 | 67,788 | 332,406 | 116,225 | 2,279 |
| | | | | | | |
| | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ |
| | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ |
| | 30,079 | 2,728,560 | _ | _ | _ | _ |
| | 889,586 | 155,091 | 150 | _ | _ | _ |
| | 6,661 | _ | 75,331 | 296 | _ | 1,249 |
| | _ | _ | _ | 276,885 | 100,442 | _ |
| | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ |
| | 853 | _ | _ | 4,411 | _ | 70 |
| | 4,019 | _ | _ | 8,532 | _ | 782 |
| | | | | | 3,873 | |
| | 931,198 | 2,883,651 | 75,481 | 290,124 | 104,315 | 2,101 |
| | 12,934 | 3,318 | (7,693) | 42,282 | 11,910 | 178 |
| | 5,353 | 6,637 | 8,813 | 2,353 | 432 | _ |
| | (134) | (1) | (1,594) | | | (18) |
| | 5,219 | 6,636 | 7,219 | 2,353 | 432 | (18) |
| | 18,153 | 9,954 | (474) | 44,635 | 12,342 | 160 |
| | 156,734 | 306,610 | 51,846 | 427,874 | 65,079 | 3,683 |
| | 40,143 | | | | | |
| \$ | 215,030 | \$ 316,564 | \$ 51,372 | \$ 472,509 | \$ 77,421 | \$ 3,843 |

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021 (dollars in thousands) (continued)

| | | TOTAL |
|--|----|------------|
| REVENUES: | | |
| Corporate and Public Utility Taxes | \$ | 45,012 |
| Motor Vehicle Fuel Taxes | | 1,118,178 |
| Other Taxes | | 370,482 |
| Licenses, Permits and Fees | | 827,970 |
| Sales, Services and Charges | | 26,205 |
| Federal Government | | 8,793,154 |
| Tobacco Settlement | | 2,275 |
| Investment Income | | 11,802 |
| Other | | 688,829 |
| TOTAL REVENUES | | 11,883,907 |
| EXPENDITURES: | | |
| CURRENT OPERATING: | | |
| Primary, Secondary and Other Education | | 4,013,417 |
| Higher Education Support | | 29,976 |
| Public Assistance and Medicaid | | 2,763,636 |
| Health and Human Services | | 1,046,860 |
| Justice and Public Protection | | 552,303 |
| Environmental Protection and Natural Resources | | 377,736 |
| Transportation | | 2,797,892 |
| General Government | | 398,992 |
| Community and Economic Development | | 736,673 |
| CAPITAL OUTLAY | | 12,484 |
| TOTAL EXPENDITURES | | 12,729,969 |
| EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES | | (0.40.000) |
| OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES | | (846,062) |
| OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): | | |
| Transfers-in | | 1,877,485 |
| Transfers-out | | (456,649) |
| TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) | | 1,420,836 |
| NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES | | 574,774 |
| FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS), July 1 (as restated) | | 3,315,787 |
| Increase (Decrease) for Changes in Inventories | - | 17,369 |
| FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS), JUNE 30 | \$ | 3,907,930 |



COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

(dollars in thousands)

| | EDUCATION | | | | | | | |
|--|-----------|-----------|----|---------------------------------------|----|--------------------------------------|--|--|
| | | BUDGET | | | | VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET POSITIVE/ | | |
| | | FINAL | | ACTUAL | _ | (NEGATIVE) | | |
| REVENUES: | | | | | | | | |
| Corporate and Public Utility Taxes | | | \$ | _ | | | | |
| Motor Vehicle Fuel Taxes | | | | _ | | | | |
| Other Taxes | | | | _ | | | | |
| Licenses, Permits and Fees | | | | 35 | | | | |
| Sales, Services and Charges | | | | _ | | | | |
| Federal Government | | | | 2,509,025 | | | | |
| Tobacco Settlement | | | | _ | | | | |
| Investment Income | | | | 1,528 | | | | |
| Other | | | | 11,553 | | | | |
| TOTAL REVENUES | | | | 2,522,141 | | | | |
| BUDGETARY EXPENDITURES: | | | | | | | | |
| CURRENT OPERATING: | | | | | | | | |
| Primary, Secondary and Other Education | \$ | 4,795,107 | | 3,835,692 | \$ | 959,415 | | |
| Higher Education Support | | 66,161 | | 30,113 | | 36,048 | | |
| Public Assistance and Medicaid | | 9,388 | | 5,121 | | 4,267 | | |
| Health and Human Services | | 6,614 | | 3,802 | | 2,812 | | |
| Justice and Public Protection | | 14,874 | | 12,384 | | 2,490 | | |
| Environmental Protection and Natural Resources | | _ | | _ | | _ | | |
| Transportation | | _ | | _ | | _ | | |
| General Government | | 287 | | 253 | | 34 | | |
| Community and Economic Development | | _ | | _ | | _ | | |
| CAPITAL OUTLAY | | _ | | _ | | _ | | |
| DEBT SERVICE | | _ | | _ | | _ | | |
| TOTAL BUDGETARY EXPENDITURES | \$ | 4,892,431 | _ | 3,887,365 | \$ | 1,005,066 | | |
| EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES | | | | | | | | |
| OVER (UNDER) BUDGETARY EXPENDITURES | | | | (1,365,224) | | | | |
| OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): | | | | | | | | |
| Transfers-in | | | | 1,359,438 | | | | |
| Transfers-out | | | | (4,844) | | | | |
| TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) | | | | 1.354.594 | | | | |
| | | | | , , | | | | |
| NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES | | | | (10,630) | | | | |
| BUDGETARY FUND BALANCES | | | | | | | | |
| (DEFICITS), JULY 1 (as restated) | | | | 194,061 | | | | |
| Outstanding Encumbrances at Beginning of Fiscal Year | | | _ | 28,088 | | | | |
| BUDGETARY FUND BALANCES | | | | | | | | |
| (DEFICITS), JUNE 30 | | | \$ | 211,519 | | | | |
| | | | _ | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | | | | |

| F | HIGHWAY OPERATIN | G | COMMUNITY AND ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT | | | | | | |
|-----------------|--|--|------------------------------------|---|----|---|-----------|---|--|
| BUDGET | | VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET POSITIVE/ | | BUDGET | | | | VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET POSITIVE/ | |
| FINAL | ACTUAL | (NEGATIVE) | | FINAL | _ | ACTUAL | _ | (NEGATIVE) | |
| | \$ | | | | \$ | 39,629 7,150 219,613 454,131 97,625 724,439 — 1,443 66,875 1,610,905 | | | |
| \$ 7,010,773 | 5,237,614 ———————————————————————————————————— | \$ | \$ | 5,501 8,000 — 722,340 614 9,233 435,930 1,528,537 49,326 — | | 4,913 6,422 — 562,392 400 7,966 339,245 1,312,284 15,391 | \$ | 588 1,578 — — 159,948 214 1,267 96,685 216,253 33,935 — | |
| \$ 7,208,551 | (2,194,047) 450,715 (188,760) 261,955 (1,932,092) (1,434,428) 2,489,629 | \$ 1,787,673 | \$ | 2,759,481 | | 2,249,013 (638,108) 49,835 (84,065) (34,230) (672,338) 144,623 573,317 | <u>\$</u> | 510,468 | |
| | <u>\$ (876,891)</u> | | | | \$ | 45,602 | | | |

COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

(dollars in thousands) (continued)

| | | | HEALTH | | |
|--|-----------------|----|-----------|----|--------------------------------------|
| | BUDGET | | | | VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET POSITIVE/ |
| | FINAL | | ACTUAL | _ | (NEGATIVE) |
| REVENUES: | | \$ | | | |
| Corporate and Public Utility Taxes Motor Vehicle Fuel Taxes | | Φ | _ | | |
| Other Taxes | | | 4,400 | | |
| Licenses, Permits and Fees. | | | 17.351 | | |
| • | | | 17,331 | | |
| Sales, Services and Charges | | | | | |
| Federal Government Tobacco Settlement | | | 563,565 | | |
| Investment Income. | | | 238 | | |
| Other | | | | | |
| TOTAL REVENUES | | - | 112,376 | | |
| TOTAL REVENUES | | | 697,930 | | |
| BUDGETARY EXPENDITURES: | | | | | |
| CURRENT OPERATING: | | | | | |
| Primary, Secondary and Other Education | \$ _ | | _ | \$ | _ |
| Higher Education Support | _ | | _ | | _ |
| Public Assistance and Medicaid | 34,436 | | 34,027 | | 409 |
| Health and Human Services | 1,234,534 | | 959,313 | | 275,221 |
| Justice and Public Protection | 15,935 | | 12,040 | | 3,895 |
| Environmental Protection and Natural Resources | _ | | _ | | _ |
| Transportation | _ | | _ | | _ |
| General Government | 1,991 | | 1,214 | | 777 |
| Community and Economic Development | 8,215 | | 7,529 | | 686 |
| CAPITAL OUTLAY | _ | | _ | | _ |
| DEBT SERVICE | _ | | _ | | _ |
| TOTAL BUDGETARY EXPENDITURES | \$ 1,295,111 | | 1,014,123 | \$ | 280,988 |
| EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES | | | | | |
| OVER (UNDER) BUDGETARY EXPENDITURES | | | (316,193) | | |
| OVER (ONDER) BODGETART EXI ENDITORES | | | (370,733) | | |
| OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): | | | | | |
| Transfers-in | | | 5,353 | | |
| Transfers-out | | | (134) | | |
| TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) | | | 5,219 | | |
| NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES | | | (310,974) | | |
| BUDGETARY FUND BALANCES | | | | | |
| (DEFICITS), JULY 1 (as restated) | | | (10,310) | | |
| Outstanding Encumbrances at Beginning of Fiscal Year | | | 147,377 | | |
| | | _ | ., | | |
| BUDGETARY FUND BALANCES | | | | | |
| (DEFICITS), JUNE 30 | | \$ | (173,907) | | |

| 1 | MENTAL HEALTH AND DEVELOPMENTAL DISABILITIES | | | | | | HIGHWAY SAFETY | | | | | | | |
|-----------|--|----|--|------------|--|-----------------|----------------|----|---|----------|--------------------------------------|--|--|--|
| _ | BUDGET | | UDGET | | VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET POSITIVE/ | | BUDGET | | | _ | VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET POSITIVE/ | | | |
| | FINAL | | ACTUAL | (NEGATIVE) | | FINAL | | | ACTUAL | | NEGATIVE) | | | |
| | | \$ | | | | | | \$ | | | | | | |
| \$ | 3,373,844 352,461 — — — — — — — — — 3,726,305 | | 3,256,178 276,665 — — — — — — — 3,532,843 | \$ | 117,666 75,796 193,462 | \$ \$ | | _ | | \$ | | | | |
| <u>\$</u> | 3,720,303 | | 6,637 (1) 6,636 (414,442) 176,267 324,252 | <u> </u> | 193,402 | <u>*</u> | 143,003 | | (36,256) 8,813 (16) 8,797 (27,459) 30,930 26,841 | 9 | 30,220 | | | |
| | | \$ | 86,077 | | | | | \$ | 30,312 | | | | | |

COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

(dollars in thousands) (continued)

| | NATURAL RESOURCES | | | | | | | | | |
|--|-------------------|---------|----|----------|----|---|--|--|--|--|
| | | BUDGET | | ACTUAL | _ | VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET POSITIVE/ (NEGATIVE) | | | | |
| REVENUES: | | | | | | | | | | |
| Corporate and Public Utility Taxes | | | \$ | _ | | | | | | |
| Motor Vehicle Fuel Taxes | | | | _ | | | | | | |
| Other Taxes | | | | 62,983 | | | | | | |
| Licenses, Permits and Fees | | | | 147,301 | | | | | | |
| Sales, Services and Charges | | | | 7,514 | | | | | | |
| Federal Government | | | | 55,949 | | | | | | |
| Tobacco Settlement | | | | _ | | | | | | |
| Investment Income | | | | 486 | | | | | | |
| Other | | | | 57,317 | | | | | | |
| TOTAL REVENUES | | | | 331,550 | | | | | | |
| BUDGETARY EXPENDITURES: | | | | | | | | | | |
| CURRENT OPERATING: | | | | | | | | | | |
| Primary, Secondary and Other Education | \$ | _ | | _ | \$ | _ | | | | |
| Higher Education Support | | _ | | _ | | _ | | | | |
| Public Assistance and Medicaid | | _ | | _ | | _ | | | | |
| Health and Human Services | | _ | | _ | | _ | | | | |
| Justice and Public Protection | | 334 | | 301 | | 33 | | | | |
| Environmental Protection and Natural Resources | | 454,633 | | 375,025 | | 79,608 | | | | |
| Transportation | | _ | | _ | | _ | | | | |
| General Government | | 5,846 | | 4,604 | | 1,242 | | | | |
| Community and Economic Development | | 9,192 | | 9,092 | | 100 | | | | |
| CAPITAL OUTLAY | | 13 | | 13 | | _ | | | | |
| DEBT SERVICE | | _ | | _ | | _ | | | | |
| TOTAL BUDGETARY EXPENDITURES | \$ | 470,018 | _ | 389,035 | \$ | 80,983 | | | | |
| EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES | | | | | | | | | | |
| OVER (UNDER) BUDGETARY EXPENDITURES | | | | (57,485) | | | | | | |
| OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): | | | | | | | | | | |
| Transfers-in | | | | 3,884 | | | | | | |
| Transfers-out | | | | (1,531) | | | | | | |
| TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) | | | | 2,353 | | | | | | |
| NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES | | | | (55,132) | | | | | | |
| BUDGETARY FUND BALANCES | | | | | | | | | | |
| (DEFICITS), JULY 1 (as restated) | | | | 346,400 | | | | | | |
| Outstanding Encumbrances at Beginning of Fiscal Year | | | | 88,623 | | | | | | |
| BUDGETARY FUND BALANCES | | | | | | | | | | |
| (DEFICITS), JUNE 30 | | | \$ | 379,891 | | | | | | |

| | WILDLIF | E AND WATERWAYS | SAFETY | TOBACCO SETTLEMENT | | | | | | | |
|----------|---------|--|--|--------------------|--------|--|--------------------------------------|--|--|--|--|
| | BUDGET | | VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET POSITIVE/ | | BUDGET | | VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET POSITIVE/ | | | | |
| | FINAL | ACTUAL | (NEGATIVE) | | FINAL | ACTUAL | (NEGATIVE) | | | | |
| | | \$ | | | | \$ | | | | | |
| \$ | | | \$ | \$ | | | \$ — — — 809 — — — 53 | | | | |
| \$ | 169,404 | 138,551 | \$ 30,853 | \$ | 5,283 | 4,421 | \$ 862 | | | | |
| <u> </u> | 103,404 | (22,897) 2,312 (1,880) 432 (22,465) 47,604 24,988 | 30,000 | <u> </u> | 3,203 | (1,912) ———————————————————————————————————— | <u>φ</u> 002 | | | | |
| | | \$ 50,127 | | | | \$ 2,669 | | | | | |

COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

(dollars in thousands) (continued)

| | | | | TOTAL | | |
|--|----|------------|----------|-------------|-----|------------|
| | | | | | | VARIANCE |
| | | | | | | WITH |
| | | | | | | FINAL |
| | | BUDGET | _ | | | BUDGET |
| | | | _ | | | POSITIVE/ |
| | | FINAL | | ACTUAL | _ | (NEGATIVE) |
| REVENUES: | | | | | | |
| Corporate and Public Utility Taxes | | | \$ | 39,629 | | |
| Motor Vehicle Fuel Taxes | | | | 1,120,392 | | |
| Other Taxes | | | | 286,996 | | |
| Licenses, Permits and Fees | | | | 806,445 | | |
| Sales, Services and Charges | | | | 111,123 | | |
| Federal Government | | | | 8,427,803 | | |
| Tobacco Settlement | | | | 2,275 | | |
| Investment Income | | | | 11,802 | | |
| Other | | | | 881,339 | | |
| TOTAL REVENUES | | | | 11,687,804 | | |
| BUDGETARY EXPENDITURES: | | | | | | |
| CURRENT OPERATING: | | | | | | |
| Primary, Secondary and Other Education | \$ | 4,800,608 | | 3,840,605 | \$ | 960,003 |
| Higher Education Support | Ψ | 74,161 | | 36.535 | Ψ | 37,626 |
| Public Assistance and Medicaid | | 3,417,668 | | 3,295,326 | | 122.342 |
| Health and Human Services | | 1,595,885 | | 1,241,930 | | 353,955 |
| Justice and Public Protection | | 899,192 | | 693,915 | | 205,277 |
| Environmental Protection and Natural Resources. | | 590,966 | | 499,511 | | 91,455 |
| Transportation | | 7.020.011 | | 5,245,580 | | 1,774,431 |
| General Government | | 444.054 | | 345,316 | | 98,738 |
| Community and Economic Development | | 1,546,245 | | 1,329,153 | | 217,092 |
| CAPITAL OUTLAY | | 83.024 | | 29,869 | | 53,155 |
| DEBT SERVICE | | 197,773 | | 183,264 | | 14,509 |
| TOTAL BUDGETARY EXPENDITURES | \$ | 20,669,587 | | 16,741,004 | \$ | |
| EVOESS (DEFICIENCY) OF BEVENUES | | | | | | |
| EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES | | | | (F 0F2 200) | | |
| OVER (UNDER) BUDGETARY EXPENDITURES | | | _ | (5,053,200) | i i | |
| OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): | | | | | | |
| Transfers-in | | | | 1,886,987 | | |
| Transfers-out | | | | (281,231) | | |
| TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) | | | | 1,605,756 | | |
| NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES | | | | (3,447,444) | | |
| BUDGETARY FUND BALANCES | | | | | | |
| (DEFICITS), JULY 1 (as restated) | | | | (502,604) | | |
| Outstanding Encumbrances at Beginning of Fiscal Year | | | _ | 3,705,447 | | |
| BUDGETARY FUND BALANCES | | | | | | |
| (DEFICITS), JUNE 30 | | | \$ | (244,601) | | |
| (52. 10.10), 00112 00 | | | <u> </u> | (277,001) | : | |



NONMAJOR DEBT SERVICE FUNDS

Debt Service Funds account for the resources accumulated and payments made for principal and interest on long-term debt of the governmental funds.

Coal Research/Development General Obligations Fund

The Coal Research/Development General Obligations Fund accounts for the payment of principal and interest on general obligation bonds that have been authorized under Section 15 of Article VIII, Ohio Constitution, to finance coal research and development projects.

Local Infrastructure Improvements General Obligations Fund

The Local Infrastructure Improvements General Obligations Fund accounts for the payment of principal and interest on general obligation bonds that have been authorized under Section 2k of Article VIII, Ohio Constitution, to finance the cost of local government's public infrastructure improvement projects.

State Projects General Obligations Fund

The State Projects General Obligations Fund accounts for the payment of principal and interest on general obligation bonds that have been authorized under Section 2I of Article VIII, Ohio Constitution, to finance capital improvements at state and local parks and other natural resources-related projects.

Highway Capital Improvements General Obligations Fund

The Highway Capital Improvements General Obligations Fund accounts for the payment of principal and interest on general obligation bonds that have been authorized under Section 2m of Article VIII, Ohio Constitution, to finance capital improvements to the state highway system.

Higher Education Capital Facilities General Obligations Fund

The Higher Education Capital Facilities General Obligations Fund accounts for the payment of principal and interest on general obligation bonds that have been authorized under Section 2n of Article VIII, Ohio Constitution, to finance the costs of capital facilities for state-supported and state-assisted institutions of higher education, including those for technical education.

Common Schools Capital Facilities General Obligations Fund

The Common Schools Capital Facilities General Obligations Fund accounts for the payment of principal and interest on general obligation bonds that have been authorized under Section 2n of Article VIII, Ohio Constitution, to finance the costs of facilities for a system of common schools throughout Ohio.

Conservation Projects General Obligations Fund

The Conservation Projects General Obligations Fund accounts for the payment of principal and interest on general obligation bonds that have been authorized under Section 20 of Article VIII, Ohio Constitution, to finance the purchase of additional "greenspace" land or interest in land devoted to natural areas, open spaces, and agriculture.

Third Frontier Research/Development General Obligations Fund

The Third Frontier Research/Development General Obligations Fund accounts for the payment of principal and interest on general obligation bonds that have been authorized under Section 2p of Article VIII, Ohio Constitution, to finance research and development in support of Ohio industry, commerce, and business.

Job Ready Site Development General Obligations Fund

The Job Ready Site Development General Obligations Fund accounts for the payment of principal and interest on general obligation bonds that have been authorized under Section 2p of Article VIII, Ohio Constitution, to finance the development of sites for industry, distribution, commerce, and research and development.

Persian Gulf Conflict Compensation General Obligations Fund

The Persian Gulf Conflict Compensation General Obligations Fund accounts for the payment of principal and interest on general obligation bonds that have been authorized under Section 2r of Article VIII, Ohio Constitution, to pay compensation to veterans of the Persian Gulf, Afghanistan, and Iraq Conflicts.

Infrastructure Bank Revenue Bonds Fund

The Infrastructure Bank Revenue Bonds Fund accounts for the payment of principal and interest on revenue bonds issued to finance various highway construction projects sponsored by the Department of Transportation.

Lease Rental Special Obligations Fund

The Lease Rental Special Obligations Fund accounts for the payment of principal and interest on special obligation bonds issued to finance the construction of higher education facilities, mental health facilities, parks and recreation projects and facilities, and Ohio Facilities Construction Commission projects.

Certificates of Participation Fund

The Certificates of Participation Fund accounts for the payment of certificate of participation-related obligations that finance some of the State's capital projects including the Multi Agency Radio Communications (MARCS), the Ohio Administrative Knowledge System (OAKS), the State's Taxation Accounting and Revenue System (STARS), the Treasury Management System (TMS), the Enterprise Data Center Solutions (EDCS), the Bureau of Criminal Investigation Records System (BCIRS), the Voters System Acquisition (VSA) project, and the Unemployment Insurance System (UIS).

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR DEBT SERVICE FUNDS JUNE 30, 2021

(dollars in thousands)

| INFRAST IMPRO\ GEN | RUCTURE /EMENTS IERAL | IMPRO GEI | VEMENTS NERAL | HIGHER EDUCATION CAPITAL FACILITIES GENERAL OBLIGATIONS | |
|--------------------------|-----------------------------------|-------------------------------------|--|---|--|
| | _ | _ | | _ | |
| \$ | 6 | \$ | 187 | \$ | 15 |
| | _ | | _ | | _ |
| | _ | | _ | | _ |
| | 1 | | 42 | | 3 |
| \$ | 7 | \$ | 229 | \$ | 18 |
| | | | | | |
| \$ | _ | \$ | _ | \$ | _ |
| | 1 | | 42 | | 3 |
| | 1 | | 42 | | 3 |
| | | | | | |
| | 6 | | 187 | | 15 |
| | 6 | | 187 | | 15 |
| \$ | 7 | \$ | 229 | \$ | 18 |
| | INFRAST IMPROV GEN OBLIG | \$ 7 \$ 7 \$ - 1 1 1 | INFRASTRUCTURE HIGHWA IMPROVEMENTS GENERAL OBLIGATIONS GENERAL OBLIGATIONS S | INFRASTRUCTURE IMPROVEMENTS GENERAL OBLIGATIONS HIGHWAY CAPITAL IMPROVEMENTS GENERAL OBLIGATIONS \$ 6 \$ 187 — — — — \$ 7 \$ 229 \$ — \$ — \$ — \$ — \$ — \$ — \$ — \$ — \$ — \$ — \$ — 42 1 42 — 6 187 — 6 187 — 6 187 — 6 187 — | LOCAL INFRASTRUCTURE HIGHWAY CAPITAL GAME GENERAL OBLIGATIONS OBLIGATIONS GENERAL OBLIGATIONS OBLIGATION |

| COMI SCHO CAPI FACIL GENE OBLIGA | OOLS TAL ITIES ERAL | RESI DEVEL GEI | FRONTIER EARCH/ OPMENT NERAL GATIONS | BANK | STRUCTURE REVENUE ONDS | SP | E RENTAL ECIAL GATIONS | - | ICATES OF CIPATION | 1 | OTAL |
|---|------------------------------|----------------------|--|------|------------------------------|----|------------------------------|----|-----------------------|----|-------|
| \$ | 5 | \$ | 6 | \$ | _ | \$ | _ | \$ | _ | \$ | 219 |
| | | | _ | | _ | | 537 | | 32 | | 569 |
| | _ | | _ | | 6,471 | | _ | | 949 | | 7,420 |
| | 1 | | 1 | | | | | | | | 48 |
| \$ | 6 | \$ | 7 | \$ | 6,471 | \$ | 537 | \$ | 981 | \$ | 8,256 |
| | | | | | | | | | | | |
| \$ | _ | \$ | _ | \$ | 166 | \$ | 185 | \$ | _ | \$ | 351 |
| | 1 | | 1 | | _ | | _ | | _ | | 48 |
| | 1 | | 1 | | 166 | | 185 | | _ | | 399 |
| | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | 5 | | 6 | | 6,305 | | 352 | | 981 | | 7,857 |
| | 5 | | 6 | | 6,305 | | 352 | | 981 | | 7,857 |
| \$ | 6 | \$ | 7 | \$ | 6,471 | \$ | 537 | \$ | 981 | \$ | 8,256 |

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES
NONMAJOR DEBT SERVICE FUNDS
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021
(dollars in thousands)

| | COAL RESEARCH/ DEVELOPMENT GENERAL OBLIGATIONS | LOCAL INFRASTRUCTURE IMPROVEMENTS GENERAL OBLIGATIONS | STATE PROJECTS GENERAL OBLIGATIONS |
|---|---|---|--|
| REVENUES: | | | |
| Investment Income | \$ — | \$ 12 | \$ — |
| Other | φ <u> </u> | Ψ 12 | Ψ |
| TOTAL REVENUES | | | |
| TOTAL NEVENOLS | | | |
| EXPENDITURES: | | | |
| CURRENT OPERATING: | | | |
| DEBT SERVICE | 7.094 | 134.373 | 20.296 |
| TOTAL EXPENDITURES | 7.094 | 134,373 | 20,296 |
| EVOCOO (DEELOIENO) OF BEVENUES | | | |
| EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES | (T. 000) | (40.4.004) | (00.000) |
| OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES | (7,089) | (134,361) | (20,296) |
| OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): | | | |
| Bonds, Notes, and COPs Issued | | | |
| Refunding Bonds and COPs Issued | | | _ |
| Payment to Refunded Bond and COPs Escrow Agents | | _ | _ |
| Premiums/Discounts | | 822 | <u> </u> |
| Transfers-in | 7.086 | 133.520 | 20,292 |
| TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) | 7.086 | 134,342 | 20,292 |
| TOTAL OTTLENT MANOING SOUNCES (USES) | 7,000 | 104,042 | 20,232 |
| NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES | (3) | (19) | (4) |
| FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS), July 1 (as restated) | 3 | 25 | 4 |
| FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS), JUNE 30 | <u>\$</u> | \$ 6 | <u>\$</u> |

| HIGHWAY CAPITA IMPROVEMENTS GENERAL OBLIGATIONS | | HIGHER EDUCATION CAPITAL FACILITIES GENERAL OBLIGATIONS | COMMON SCHOOLS CAPITAL FACILITIES GENERAL OBLIGATIONS | PROJECTS DEVELOPMENT DEVEL GENERAL GENERAL GEN | | JOB READY SITE DEVELOPMENT GENERAL OBLIGATIONS |
|--|-------------|---|---|---|-------------|---|
| \$ 28 | 36 | \$ 33 | \$ 29 | \$ 2 | \$ 11 | \$ — |
| 28 | 86 | 33 | | | | |
| 156,47 | <u> 2</u> | 195,664 | 278,512 | 43,332 | 84,726 | 9,876 |
| 156,47 | 72 | 195,664 | 278,512 | 43,332 | 84,726 | 9,876 |
| (156,18 | 86 <u>)</u> | (195,631) | (278,483) | (43,330) | (84,715) | (9,876) |
| _ | | 149 | _ | _ | _ | _ |
| _ | - | <u> </u> | 111,385 | 14,610 | _ | _ |
| _ | • | (120,963) | (148,424) | (17,984) | _ | _ |
| — 155.73 | | 1,150 315.300 | 38,815 276,431 | 3,767 42.931 | — 84,712 | — 9,874 |
| 155,73 | | 195,636 | 278,207 | 43,324 | 84,712 | 9,874 |
| (45 | | 5 | (276) | (6) | (3) | (2) |
| 64 | 10 | 10 | 281 | 6 | 9 | 2 |
| \$ 18 | <u>87</u> | \$ 15 | \$ 5 | <u> </u> | \$ 6 | <u> </u> |

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES
NONMAJOR DEBT SERVICE FUNDS
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021
(dollars in thousands)

| | PERSIAN GULF CONFLICT COMPENSATION GENERAL OBLIGATIONS | INFRASTRUCTURE BANK REVENUE BONDS | LEASE RENTAL SPECIAL OBLIGATIONS |
|---|--|---|--|
| REVENUES: | | | |
| Investment Income | \$ — | \$ 95 | \$ — |
| Other | _ | _ | _ |
| TOTAL REVENUES | | 95 | |
| EXPENDITURES: CURRENT OPERATING: | | | |
| DEBT SERVICE | 5.469 | 169.150 | 303.979 |
| TOTAL EXPENDITURES | 5,469 | 169,150 | 303,979 |
| EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES | (5,469) | (169,055) | (303,979) |
| OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): | | | |
| Bonds, Notes, and COPs Issued | _ | _ | 480 |
| Refunding Bonds and COPs Issued | _ | 58,220 | 64,460 |
| Payment to Refunded Bond and COPs Escrow Agents | _ | (57,883) | (66,902) |
| Premiums/Discounts | _ | 613 | 5,682 |
| Transfers-in | 5,469 | 166,730 | 300,404 |
| TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) | 5,469 | 167,680 | 304,124 |
| NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES | _ | (1,375) | 145 |
| FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS), July 1 (as restated) | | 7,680 | 207 |
| FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS), JUNE 30 | <u>\$ —</u> | \$ 6,305 | \$ 352 |

| CERTIFICATES OF PARTICIPATION | TOTAL |
|-------------------------------|---------------------------------------|
| \$1 1 | \$ 469 5 474 |
| 39,640 39,640 | 1,448,583 1,448,583 |
| (39,639) | (1,448,109) |
| 68,020 (67,588) 709 | 629 316,695 (479,744) 51,558 |
| 39,380 40,521 | 1,557,862 1,447,000 |
| 882 | (1,109) |
| 99 | 8,966 |
| \$ 981 | \$ 7,857 |

COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) NONMAJOR DEBT SERVICE FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

(dollars in thousands)

COAL RESEARCH/DEVELOPMENT

| | GENERAL OBLIGATIONS | | | | | | |
|---|---------------------|-------------|----------------------------|--|--|--|--|
| | BUDGET | | VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET | | | | |
| | FINAL | ACTUAL | POSITIVE/ (NEGATIVE) | | | | |
| REVENUES: | | ACTOAL | (NEGATIVE) | | | | |
| Investment Income | | \$ 1 | | | | | |
| Other | | 7,091 | | | | | |
| TOTAL REVENUES | | 7,092 | | | | | |
| BUDGETARY EXPENDITURES: | | | | | | | |
| DEBT SERVICE | \$ 7,683 | 7,094 | \$ 589 | | | | |
| TOTAL BUDGETARY EXPENDITURES | | 7,094 | \$ 589 | | | | |
| EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) BUDGETARY EXPENDITURES | | (2) | | | | | |
| OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): Transfers-in | | _ | | | | | |
| TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) | | | | | | | |
| NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES | | (2) | | | | | |
| BUDGETARY FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS), JULY 1 | | 3 | | | | | |
| BUDGETARY FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS), JUNE 30 | | <u>\$ 1</u> | | | | | |

LOCAL INFRASTRUCTURE IMPROVEMENTS

| | | | L OBLIGATIOI | | | STATE PROJECTS GENERAL OBLIGATION | | | | TIONS | |
|----|-----------------|--------|--------------------------|----|---|-----------------------------------|--------|----|-------------------------|-------|--|
| _ | BUDGET FINAL | | AOTUAL | | VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET POSITIVE/ (NEGATIVE) | | BUDGET | | CTUAL | | VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET POSITIVE/ NEGATIVE) |
| | FINAL | ACTUAL | | | EGATIVE) | FINAL | | A | CTUAL | | NEGATIVE) |
| | | \$ | 12 133,520 133,532 | | | | | \$ | 20,292 20,292 | | |
| \$ | 231,755 | | 133,551 | \$ | 98,204 | \$ | 20,421 | | 20,296 | \$ | 125 |
| \$ | 231,755 | | 133,551 | \$ | 98,204 | \$ | 20,421 | | 20,296 | \$ | 125 |
| | | | (19) | | | | | | (4) | | |
| | | | <u>_</u> _ | | | | | | | | |
| | | | (19) | | | | | | (4) | | |
| | | | 25 | | | | | | 4 | | |
| | | \$ | 6 | | | | | \$ | _ | | |

COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) NONMAJOR DEBT SERVICE FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

(dollars in thousands) (continued)

HIGHWAY CAPITAL IMPROVEMENTS GENERAL OBLIGATIONS

| | GENERAL OBLIGATIONS | | | | | |
|--------------------------------------|---------------------|-----------|---------------------------|--|--|--|
| | | | VARIANCE WITH FINAL | | | |
| | BUDGET | | BUDGET | | | |
| | | | POSITIVE/ | | | |
| | FINAL | ACTUAL | (NEGATIVE) | | | |
| REVENUES: | | | | | | |
| Investment Income | | \$ 286 | | | | |
| Other | | | | | | |
| TOTAL REVENUES | | 286 | | | | |
| BUDGETARY EXPENDITURES: | | | | | | |
| DEBT SERVICE | \$ 164,694 | 156,472 | \$ 8,222 | | | |
| TOTAL BUDGETARY EXPENDITURES | \$ 164,694 | 156,472 | \$ 8,222 | | | |
| EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES | | | | | | |
| OVER (UNDER) BUDGETARY EXPENDITURES | | (156,186) | | | | |
| (y | | (100,100) | | | | |
| OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): | | | | | | |
| Transfers-in | | 155,733 | | | | |
| TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) | | 155,733 | | | | |
| NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES | | (453) | | | | |
| BUDGETARY FUND BALANCES | | | | | | |
| (DEFICITS), JULY 1 | | 640 | | | | |
| BUDGETARY FUND BALANCES | | | | | | |
| (DEFICITS), JUNE 30 | | \$ 187 | | | | |

HIGHER EDUCATION CAPITAL FACILITIES GENERAL OBLIGATIONS

COMMON SCHOOLS CAPITAL FACILITIES GENERAL OBLIGATIONS

| | G | ENERA | L OBLIGATIO | vs | | GENERAL OBLIGATION | | | | | |
|-----------------|---------------------------|-------|---------------------------------|-----------------|------------------------------------|--------------------|---------------------------|----|---------------------------------|-----------------|------------------------------------|
| | BUDGET | | | E | ARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET OSITIVE/ | | BUDGET | | | | ARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET OSITIVE/ |
| | FINAL | | ACTUAL | (NI | EGATIVE) | | FINAL | Α | CTUAL | (N | EGATIVE) |
| | | \$ | 32 315,300 315,332 | | | | | \$ | 28 276,431 276,459 | | |
| \$ \$ | 348,550 348,550 | | 315,329 315,329 | \$ \$ | 33,221 33,221 | \$ \$ | 424,826 424,826 | | 276,736 276,736 | \$ \$ | 148,090 148,090 |
| | | | 3 | | | | | | (277) | | |
| | | | <u> </u> | | | | | | | | |
| | | | 3 | | | | | | (277) | | |
| | | | 10 | | | | | | 281 | | |
| | | \$ | 13 | | | | | \$ | 4 | | |

COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) NONMAJOR DEBT SERVICE FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

(dollars in thousands) (continued)

| | CONSERVATION PROJECTS GENERAL OBLIGATIONS | | | | | |
|--------------------------------------|---|--------|---------------------------|--|--|--|
| | | | VARIANCE WITH FINAL | | | |
| | BUDGET | | BUDGET | | | |
| | | | POSITIVE/ | | | |
| | FINAL | ACTUAL | (NEGATIVE) | | | |
| REVENUES: | | | | | | |
| Investment Income | | \$ 3 | | | | |
| Other | | 42,931 | | | | |
| TOTAL REVENUES | | 42,934 | | | | |
| BUDGETARY EXPENDITURES: | | | | | | |
| DEBT SERVICE | \$ 44,395 | 42,938 | \$ 1,457 | | | |
| TOTAL BUDGETARY EXPENDITURES | \$ 44,395 | 42,938 | \$ 1,457 | | | |
| EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES | | | | | | |
| OVER (UNDER) BUDGETARY EXPENDITURES | | (4) | | | | |
| OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): | | | | | | |
| Transfers-in | | _ | | | | |
| TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) | | | | | | |
| NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES | | (4) | | | | |
| BUDGETARY FUND BALANCES | | | | | | |
| (DEFICITS), JULY 1 | | 6 | | | | |
| BUDGETARY FUND BALANCES | | | | | | |
| (DEFICITS), JUNE 30 | | \$ 2 | | | | |

THIRD FRONTIER RESEARCH/DEVELOPMENT GENERAL OBLIGATIONS

JOB READY SITE DEVELOPMENT GENERAL OBLIGATIONS

| | GENERAL OBLIGATIONS | | | | | GENERAL OBLIGATIONS | | | | | |
|----------------------|---------------------|--------------------------------|-----------------|----------------------------------|-----------------|-----------------------|----|----------------|-----------------|----------------------------------|--|
| BUDGET | | | | RIANCE WITH FINAL UDGET | | BUDGET | | | | RIANCE WITH FINAL UDGET | |
| FINAL | , | ACTUAL | | OSITIVE/ | | FINAL | | OTIIAI | | SITIVE/ | |
| FINAL | | ICTUAL | (NE | GATIVE) | | FINAL | A | CTUAL | (NE | GATIVE) | |
| | \$ | 11 84,712 | | | | | \$ | 1 9,874 | | | |
| | - | 84,723 | | | | | | 9,875 | | | |
| \$ 87,40 \$ 87,40 | | 84,726 84,726 (3) | \$ \$ | 2,677 2,677 | \$ \$ | 9,880 9,880 | | 9,876 9,876 | \$ \$ | 4 4 | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | (3) | | | | | | (1) | | | |
| | | 9 | | | | | | 2 | | | |
| | \$ | 6 | | | | | \$ | 1 | | | |

COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) NONMAJOR DEBT SERVICE FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

(dollars in thousands) (continued)

PERSIAN GULF CONFLICT COMPENSATION

| | GENERAL OBLIGATIONS | | | | | |
|--------------------------------------|---------------------|-----|-------|------|--------------------|--|
| | | | | W | ANCE ITH NAL | |
| | BUDGET | • | | BUD | GET | |
| | | | | POS | ITIVE/ | |
| | FINAL | AC | TUAL | (NEG | ATIVE) | |
| REVENUES: | | | | | | |
| Investment Income | | \$ | _ | | | |
| Other | | | 5,469 | | | |
| TOTAL REVENUES | | | 5,469 | | | |
| BUDGETARY EXPENDITURES: | | | | | | |
| DEBT SERVICE | \$ 5, | 587 | 5,469 | \$ | 118 | |
| TOTAL BUDGETARY EXPENDITURES | \$ 5, | 587 | 5,469 | \$ | 118 | |
| EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES | | | | | | |
| OVER (UNDER) BUDGETARY EXPENDITURES | | | | | | |
| OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): | | | | | | |
| Transfers-in | | | | | | |
| TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) | | | | | | |
| NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES | | | _ | | | |
| BUDGETARY FUND BALANCES | | | | | | |
| (DEFICITS), JULY 1 | | | _ | | | |
| BUDGETARY FUND BALANCES | | | | | | |
| (DEFICITS), JUNE 30 | | \$ | | | | |

| | TOTAL | |
|-------------------------------------|-----------|---------------------------------|
| | | VARIANCE |
| | | WITH |
| | | FINAL |
| BUDGET | | BUDGET |
| | | POSITIVE/ |
| FINAL | ACTUAL | (NEGATIVE) |
| | | |
| | \$ 374 | |
| | 895,620 | |
| | 895,994 | |
| | | |
| \$ 1,345,194 \$ 1,345,194 | 1,052,487 | \$ 292,707 \$ 292,707 |
| \$ 1,345,194 | 1,052,487 | \$ 292,707 |
| | (156,493) | |
| | 155,733 | |
| | 155,733 | |
| | 100,700 | |
| | (760) | |
| | | |
| | 980 | |
| | \$ 220 | ı |



NONMAJOR CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS

Capital Projects Funds account for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities other than those financed by proprietary funds and trust funds.

Infrastructure Bank Obligations Fund

The Infrastructure Bank Obligations Fund accounts for revenue bond proceeds that finance various highway construction projects sponsored by the Department of Transportation.

Mental Health/Developmental Disabilities Facilities Improvements Fund

The Mental Health/Developmental Disabilities Facilities Improvements Fund accounts for special obligation bond proceeds that finance the construction of mental health and developmental disabilities facilities.

Parks and Recreation Improvements Fund

The Parks and Recreation Improvements Fund accounts for special obligation bond proceeds that finance the capital improvement of parks and recreation facilities.

Administrative Services Building Improvements Fund

The Administrative Services Building Improvements Fund accounts for special obligation bond proceeds that finance capital improvements for the Department of Administrative Services.

Youth Services Building Improvements Fund

The Youth Services Building Improvements Fund accounts for special obligation bond proceeds that finance capital improvements for the Department of Youth Services.

Adult Correctional Building Improvements Fund

The Adult Correctional Building Improvements Fund accounts for special obligation bond proceeds that finance capital improvements for the Department of Rehabilitation and Correction.

Ohio Parks and Natural Resources Fund

The Ohio Parks and Natural Resources Fund accounts for general obligation bond proceeds that finance capital improvements for state and local parks and other natural resources-related projects.

Highway Capital Improvement Fund

The Highway Capital Improvement Fund accounts for general obligation bond proceeds that finance capital improvements to the state highway system.

Transportation Building Improvements Fund

The Transportation Building Improvements Fund accounts for special obligation bond proceeds that finance capital improvements for the Department of Transportation.

Certificates of Participation Projects Fund

The Certificates of Participation Projects Fund accounts for certificates of participation proceeds that finance the costs of the Ohio Administrative Knowledge System (OAKS), the Treasury Management System (TMS), the Enterprise Data Center Solutions (EDCS), the Bureau of Criminal Investigation Records System (BCIRS), and the Unemployment Insurance System (UIS).

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS JUNE 30, 2021

(dollars in thousands)

| | ASTRUCTURE OBLIGATIONS | MENTAL HEALTH/ DEVELOPMENTAL DISABILITIES FACILITIES IMPROVEMENTS | | PARKS AND RECREATION IMPROVEMENTS | |
|--------------------------------------|---------------------------|---|---------|---|--------|
| ASSETS: | | _ | | | |
| Cash Equity with Treasurer | \$ 120,695 | \$ | 186,373 | \$ | 47,516 |
| Investments | _ | | | | |
| Collateral on Lent Securities | 26,883 | | 41,511 | | 10,583 |
| TOTAL ASSETS | \$ 147,578 | \$ | 227,884 | \$ | 58,099 |
| LIABILITIES: | | | | | |
| Accounts Payable | \$ 7,362 | \$ | 7,924 | \$ | 3,889 |
| Obligations Under Securities Lending | 26,883 | | 41,511 | | 10,583 |
| TOTAL LIABILITIES | 34,245 | | 49,435 | | 14,472 |
| FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS): | | | | | |
| Restricted | 113,333 | | 178,449 | | 43,627 |
| TOTAL FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS) | 113,333 | | 178,449 | | 43,627 |
| TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES | \$ 147,578 | \$ | 227,884 | \$ | 58,099 |

| ADMINISTRATIVE SERVICES BUILDING IMPROVEMENTS | | YOUTH SERVICES BUILDING IMPROVEMENTS | | ADULT CORRECTIONAL BUILDING IMPROVEMENTS | | OHIO PARKS AND NATURAL RESOURCES | | HIGHWAY CAPITAL IMPROVEMENT | | TRANSPORTATION BUILDING IMPROVEMENTS | |
|--|---------------|--|------------|---|-------------|--|------------|-----------------------------------|-------------|--|----------|
| \$ | 118,834 | \$ | 34,991 | \$ | 112,523 | \$ | 28,097 | \$ | 51,638 | \$ | 1,173 |
| | — 26,468 | | — 7,794 | | — 25.063 | | — 6,258 | | — 11,501 | | — 261 |
| \$ | | | | | | | | | | | |
| <u> </u> | 145,302 | \$ | 42,785 | \$ | 137,586 | Ψ | 34,355 | Ψ | 63,139 | \$ | 1,434 |
| \$ | 2,819 | \$ | 257 | \$ | 9,440 | \$ | 587 | \$ | 1,653 | \$ | 380 |
| | <i>26,468</i> | | 7,794 | | 25,063 | | 6,258 | | 11,501 | | 261 |
| | 29,287 | | 8,051 | | 34,503 | | 6,845 | | 13,154 | | 641 |
| | 116,015 | | 34,734 | | 103,083 | | 27,510 | | 49,985 | | 793 |
| | 116,015 | | 34,734 | | 103,083 | | 27,510 | | 49,985 | | 793 |
| \$ | 145,302 | \$ | 42,785 | \$ | 137,586 | \$ | 34,355 | \$ | 63,139 | \$ | 1,434 |

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS JUNE 30, 2021

(dollars in thousands) (continued)

| | CERTIFICATES OF PARTICIPATION PROJECTS | | TOTAL | |
|--------------------------------------|--|--------|-------|---------|
| ASSETS: | | _ | | _ |
| Cash Equity with Treasurer | \$ | _ | \$ | 701,840 |
| Investments | | 34,838 | | 34,838 |
| Collateral on Lent Securities | | _ | | 156,322 |
| TOTAL ASSETS | \$ | 34,838 | \$ | 893,000 |
| LIABILITIES: | | | | |
| Accounts Payable | \$ | 2,208 | \$ | 36,519 |
| Obligations Under Securities Lending | · | | | 156,322 |
| TOTAL LIABILITIES | | 2,208 | | 192,841 |
| FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS): | | | | |
| Restricted | | 32,630 | | 700,159 |
| TOTAL FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS) | | 32,630 | | 700,159 |
| TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES | \$ | 34,838 | \$ | 893,000 |



COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES
NONMAJOR CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021
(dollars in thousands)

| | INFRASTRUCTURE BANK OBLIGATIONS | MENTAL HEALTH/ DEVELOPMENTAL DISABILITIES FACILITIES IMPROVEMENTS | PARKS AND RECREATION IMPROVEMENTS |
|--|------------------------------------|---|---|
| REVENUES: | | | |
| Investment Income (Loss) | \$ 463 | \$ 283 | \$ 526 |
| Other | | 63 | |
| TOTAL REVENUES | 463 | 346 | 526 |
| EXPENDITURES: | | | |
| CAPITAL OUTLAY | 134,899 | 46.396 | 99.584 |
| TOTAL EXPENDITURES | 134,899 | 46,396 | 99,584 |
| EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES | | | |
| OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES | (134,436) | (46,050) | (99,058) |
| OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): | | | |
| Bonds, Notes, and COPs Issued | 91.980 | 150,000 | 110,765 |
| Refunding Bonds and COPs Issued | _ | _ | 2,300 |
| Premiums/Discounts | 23,020 | 32,507 | 14,250 |
| Transfers-in | | | |
| TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) | 115,000 | 182,507 | 127,315 |
| NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES | (19,436) | 136,457 | 28,257 |
| FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS), July 1 (as restated) | 132,769 | 41,992 | 15,370 |
| FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS), JUNE 30 | \$ 113,333 | \$ 178,449 | \$ 43,627 |

| ADMINISTRATIV SERVICES BUILDING IMPROVEMENT | | BUILI | BUILDING | | YOUTH SERVICES BUILDING IMPROVEMENTS | | BUILDING | | ADULT CORRECTIONAL BUILDING IMPROVEMENTS | | PARKS AND ATURAL COURCES | AY CAPITAL OVEMENT | TRANSPORTATION BUILDING IMPROVEMENTS | | |
|--|-----------------|-------|----------|----|--|----|----------|----------------|--|---------|--------------------------------|---------------------------|--------------------------------------|--|--|
| | 19 | \$ | 268 — | \$ | 267 18 | \$ | 236 — | \$ 465 — | \$ | 30 — | | | | | |
| 4 | <u>19</u> | | 268 | | 285 | | 236 | 465 | | 30 | | | | | |
| 62,5 | 82 | | 9,036 | | 61,142 | | 13,388 | 34,804 | | 4,214 | | | | | |
| 62,5 | 82 | | 9,036 | | 61,142 | | 13,388 | 34,804 | | 4,214 | | | | | |
| (62,1 | <u>63)</u> | | (8,768) | | (60,857) | | (13,152) | (34,339) | | (4,184) | | | | | |
| 77,9 | 40 | | _ | | 113,755 | | _ | _ | | _ | | | | | |
| - | - | | _ | | | | _ | _ | | _ | | | | | |
| 22,0 | о <i>0</i> - | | _ | | 12,105 — | | 11 | _ | | _ | | | | | |
| 100,0 | 00 | | | | 125,860 | | 11 | | | | | | | | |
| 37,8 | 37 | | (8,768) | | 65,003 | | (13,141) | (34,339) | | (4,184) | | | | | |
| 78,1 | 78_ | | 43,502 | | 38,080 | | 40,651 | 84,324 | | 4,977 | | | | | |
| \$ 116,0 | 15 | \$ | 34,734 | \$ | 103,083 | \$ | 27,510 | \$ 49,985 | \$ | 793 | | | | | |

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

(dollars in thousands) (continued)

| | CERTIFICATES OF PARTICIPATION PROJECTS | TOTAL | | |
|--|--|------------|--|--|
| REVENUES: | | | | |
| Investment Income (Loss) | \$ 18 | \$ 2,975 | | |
| Other | | 81 | | |
| TOTAL REVENUES | 18 | 3,056 | | |
| EXPENDITURES: | | | | |
| CAPITAL OUTLAY | 26,645 | 492,690 | | |
| TOTAL EXPENDITURES | 26,645 | 492,690 | | |
| EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES | | | | |
| OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES | (26,627) | (489,634) | | |
| OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): | | | | |
| Bonds, Notes, and COPs Issued | _ | 544,440 | | |
| Refunding Bonds and COPs Issued | _ | 2,300 | | |
| Premiums/Discounts | _ | 103,942 | | |
| Transfers-in | _ | 11 | | |
| TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) | | 650,693 | | |
| NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES | (26,627) | 161,059 | | |
| FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS), July 1 (as restated) | 59,257 | 539,100 | | |
| FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS), JUNE 30 | \$ 32,630 | \$ 700,159 | | |



(DEFICITS), JUNE 30.....

COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) NONMAJOR CAPITAL PROJECT FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021 (dollars in thousands)

| | INFRAST | INFRASTRUCTURE BANK OBLIGATIONS | | | | | | | | | |
|---|------------|---------------------------------|-----------|--------------------------------------|-----------|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| | BUDGET | | | VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET POSITIVE/ | | | | | | | |
| | FINAL | A | CTUAL | (| NEGATIVE) | | | | | | |
| REVENUES: | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Investment Income | | \$ | 463 | | | | | | | | |
| Other | | | | | | | | | | | |
| TOTAL REVENUES | | | 463 | | | | | | | | |
| BUDGETARY EXPENDITURES: | | | | | | | | | | | |
| CAPITAL OUTLAY | \$ 392,280 | | 326,217 | \$ | 66,063 | | | | | | |
| TOTAL BUDGETARY EXPENDITURES | \$ 392,280 | | 326,217 | \$ | 66,063 | | | | | | |
| EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) BUDGETARY EXPENDITURES | | | (325,754) | | | | | | | | |
| OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Bonds, Notes, and COPs Issued | | | 115,000 | | | | | | | | |
| Transfers-in | | | _ | | | | | | | | |
| TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) | | | 115,000 | | | | | | | | |
| NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES | | | (210,754) | | | | | | | | |
| BUDGETARY FUND BALANCES | | | | | | | | | | | |
| (DEFICITS), JULY 1 | | | (116,769) | | | | | | | | |
| Outstanding Encumbrances at Beginning of Fiscal Year | | | 253,511 | | | | | | | | |
| BUDGETARY FUND BALANCES | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | |

(74,012)

MENTAL HEALTH/DEVELOPMENTAL

| | | TH/DEVELOPN CILITIES IMPRO | | | PARKS AND RECREATION IMPROVEMENTS | | | | | | | |
|-----------------|---------------------------|-------------------------------|-----------------|---|-----------------------------------|---------------------------|----|---------------------------|-----------------|-------------------------------------|--|--|
| | BUDGET FINAL | ACTUAL | <u>I</u> | ARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET OSITIVE/ EGATIVE) | _ | BUDGET FINAL | , | ACTUAL | | ARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET POSITIVE/ | | |
| | | \$ 284 63 347 | | | | | \$ | 527 — 527 | | | | |
| \$ \$ | 346,575 346,575 | 195,031 195,031 | \$ \$ | 151,544 151,544 | \$ \$ | 487,289 487,289 | | 250,122 250,122 | \$ \$ | 237,167 237,167 | | |
| | | (194,684) | | | | | | (249,595) | | | | |
| | | 182,507 | | | | | | 127,315 | | | | |
| | | 182,507 | | | | | | 127,315 | | | | |
| | | (12,177) | | | | | | (122,280) | | | | |
| | | (9,965) 54,652 | | | | | | (168,426) 188,790 | | | | |
| | | \$ 32,510 | | | | | \$ | (101,916) | | | | |

COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) NONMAJOR CAPITAL PROJECT FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

(dollars in thousands) (continued)

| | ADMINISTRATIVE SERVICES BUILDING IMPROVEMENTS | | | | | | | | |
|--|---|---------|----|-----------|----|--------------------------|--|--|--|
| | | | | | | ARIANCE WITH FINAL | | | |
| | | BUDGET | | | | BUDGET | | | |
| | | | | | P | POSITIVE/ | | | |
| | | FINAL | A | CTUAL | (N | IEGATIVE) | | | |
| REVENUES: | | | | | | | | | |
| Investment Income | | | \$ | 419 | | | | | |
| Other | | | | | | | | | |
| TOTAL REVENUES | | | | 419 | | | | | |
| BUDGETARY EXPENDITURES: | | | | | | | | | |
| CAPITAL OUTLAY | \$ | 245,967 | | 106,623 | \$ | 139,344 | | | |
| TOTAL BUDGETARY EXPENDITURES | \$ | 245,967 | | 106,623 | \$ | 139,344 | | | |
| EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES | | | | | | | | | |
| OVER (UNDER) BUDGETARY EXPENDITURES | | | | (106,204) | | | | | |
| OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): | | | | | | | | | |
| Bonds, Notes, and COPs Issued | | | | 100,000 | | | | | |
| Transfers-in | | | | _ | | | | | |
| TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) | | | | 100,000 | | | | | |
| NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES | | | | (6,204) | | | | | |
| BUDGETARY FUND BALANCES | | | | | | | | | |
| (DEFICITS), JULY 1 | | | | 21,107 | | | | | |
| Outstanding Encumbrances at Beginning of Fiscal Year | | | | 62,144 | | | | | |
| BUDGETARY FUND BALANCES | | | | | | | | | |
| (DEFICITS), JUNE 30 | | | \$ | 77,047 | | | | | |

| YOUTH SER | YOUTH SERVICES BUILDING IMPROVEMENTS | | | | | | ADULT CORRECTIONAL BUILDING IMPROVEMENTS | | | | | | | |
|-------------------------------|--------------------------------------|-------------------------|-----------------|--|-----------------|---------------------------|--|---------------------------|-----------------|---|--|--|--|--|
| BUDGET FINAL | A | ACTUAL | | VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET POSITIVE/ NEGATIVE) | | BUDGET FINAL | | ACTUAL | | ARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET POSITIVE/ IEGATIVE) | | | | |
| | \$ | 269 — 269 | | | | | \$ | 266 18 284 | | | | | | |
| \$ 71,391 \$ 71,391 | | 16,787 16,787 | \$ \$ | 54,604 54,604 | \$ \$ | 537,097 537,097 | | 205,421 205,421 | \$ \$ | 331,676 331,676 | | | | |
| | | (16,518) | | | | | | (205,137) | | | | | | |
| | | _ | | | | | | 125,860 — | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | 125,860 | | | | | | |
| | | (16,518) | | | | | | (79,277) | | | | | | |
| | | 32,907 11,607 | | | | | | (96,455) 138,544 | | | | | | |
| | \$ | 27,996 | | | | | \$ | (37,188) | | | | | | |

COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) NONMAJOR CAPITAL PROJECT FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

(dollars in thousands) (continued)

| | OHIO PARKS AND NATURAL RESOURCES | | | | | | | | |
|--|----------------------------------|----------|------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| | | | VARIANCE | | | | | | |
| | | | WITH | | | | | | |
| | | | FINAL | | | | | | |
| | BUDGET | | BUDGET | | | | | | |
| | | | POSITIVE/ | | | | | | |
| DEVENUES | FINAL | ACTUAL | (NEGATIVE) | | | | | | |
| REVENUES: | | ¢ 000 | | | | | | | |
| Investment Income Other | | \$ 236 | | | | | | | |
| TOTAL REVENUES | | 236 | | | | | | | |
| TOTAL REVENUES | | | | | | | | | |
| BUDGETARY EXPENDITURES: | | | | | | | | | |
| CAPITAL OUTLAY | \$ 60,384 | 39,108 | \$ 21,276 | | | | | | |
| TOTAL BUDGETARY EXPENDITURES | \$ 60,384 | 39,108 | \$ 21,276 | | | | | | |
| EVOCAS (DEFICIENCY) OF DEVENUES | | | | | | | | | |
| EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES | | (00.070) | | | | | | | |
| OVER (UNDER) BUDGETARY EXPENDITURES | | (38,872) | | | | | | | |
| OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): | | | | | | | | | |
| Bonds, Notes, and COPs Issued | | _ | | | | | | | |
| Transfers-in | | 11 | | | | | | | |
| TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) | | 11 | | | | | | | |
| N== 014410= W = W = 014 | | (00.004) | | | | | | | |
| NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES | | (38,861) | | | | | | | |
| BUDGETARY FUND BALANCES | | | | | | | | | |
| (DEFICITS), JULY 1 | | 10,091 | | | | | | | |
| Outstanding Encumbrances at Beginning of Fiscal Year | | 30,785 | | | | | | | |
| BUDGETARY FUND BALANCES | | | | | | | | | |
| (DEFICITS), JUNE 30 | | \$ 2,015 | | | | | | | |

| Н | HIGHWAY CAPITAL IMPROVEMENTS | | | | | | TRANSPORTATION BUILDING IMPROVEMENTS | | | | | | | |
|----------------------------|------------------------------|--------|---------------------------|---|-------------------------|-----------------|--------------------------------------|----|-----------------------|---|-------------------------|--|--|--|
| BUDGET | | ACTUAL | | VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET POSITIVE/ (NEGATIVE) | | | BUDGET FINAL | 44 | CTUAL | VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET POSITIVE/ (NEGATIVE) | | | | |
| FINAL | \$ | | 464 — 464 | (INE | GATIVE) | | FINAL | \$ | 31 — 31 | (INE | egarive) | | | |
| \$ 202, \$ 202 , | | | 136,436 136,436 | \$ \$ | 65,910 65,910 | \$ \$ | 66,523 66,523 | | 4,337 4,337 | \$ \$ | 62,186 62,186 | | | |
| | _ | (| (135,972) | | | | | | (4,306) | | | | | |
| | <u>-</u> | (| | | | | | | (4,306) | | | | | |
| | _ | | 5,580 80,782 | | | | | | 3,956 1,523 | | | | | |
| | \$ | | (49,610) | | | | | \$ | 1,173 | | | | | |

COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) NONMAJOR CAPITAL PROJECT FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

(dollars in thousands) (continued)

| | | TOTAL | |
|--|--------------|--------------|-------------------------------------|
| | BUDGET | _ | VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET |
| | FINAL | ACTUAL | POSITIVE/ (NEGATIVE) |
| REVENUES: | FINAL | ACTUAL | (NEGATIVE) |
| Investment Income | | \$ 2,959 | |
| Other | | 81 | |
| TOTAL REVENUES | | 3,040 | |
| BUDGETARY EXPENDITURES: | | | |
| CAPITAL OUTLAY | \$ 2,409,852 | 2 1,280,082 | \$ 1,129,770 |
| TOTAL BUDGETARY EXPENDITURES | \$ 2,409,852 | | \$ 1,129,770 |
| EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES | | | |
| OVER (UNDER) BUDGETARY EXPENDITURES | | (1,277,042) | |
| OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): | | | |
| Bonds, Notes, and COPs Issued | | 650,682 | |
| Transfers-in | | 11 | |
| TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) | | 650,693 | |
| NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES | | (626,349) | |
| BUDGETARY FUND BALANCES | | | |
| (DEFICITS), JULY 1 | | (317,974) | |
| Outstanding Encumbrances at Beginning of Fiscal Year | | 822,338 | |
| BUDGETARY FUND BALANCES | | | |
| (DEFICITS), JUNE 30 | | \$ (121,985) | |

NONMAJOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS

Enterprise Funds may be used to report any activity for which a fee is charged to external users for goods or services.

Tuition Trust Authority Fund

The Tuition Trust Authority Fund accounts for the operations of the Ohio Tuition Trust Authority, including the sale of tuition credits under its guaranteed return option program.

Office of Auditor of State Fund

The Office of Auditor of State Fund accounts for the operations of the Ohio Auditor of State's Office, which provides government audit and management advisory services to Ohio's public offices.

COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION NONMAJOR PROPRIETARY FUNDS -- ENTERPRISE JUNE 30, 2021

(dollars in thousands)

| ASSETS: CURRENT ASSETS: Cash Equity with Treasurer | 1,134 11,289 253 24,000 | \$ 32,122 — 7,154 | \$ 33,256 11,289 |
|--|----------------------------------|-------------------------|---------------------|
| Cash Equity with Treasurer. \$ Cash and Cash Equivalents Collateral on Lent Securities Restricted Assets: Investments Intergovernmental Receivable Interfund Receivables Other Receivables TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS. Restricted Assets: Investments Other Assets Capital Assets Being Depreciated, Net TOTAL NONCURRENT ASSETS. | 11,289 253 | _ | 11,289 |
| Cash and Cash Equivalents. Collateral on Lent Securities Restricted Assets: Investments Intergovernmental Receivable Other Receivables TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS. Restricted Assets: Investments Other Assets Capital Assets Being Depreciated, Net TOTAL NONCURRENT ASSETS. | 11,289 253 | _ | 11,289 |
| Collateral on Lent Securities. Restricted Assets: Investments Intergovernmental Receivable Interfund Receivable Other Receivables TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS. Restricted Assets: Investments Other Assets Capital Assets Being Depreciated, Net TOTAL NONCURRENT ASSETS. | 253 | 7,154 | * |
| Restricted Assets: | | 7,154 | |
| Investments Intergovernmental Receivable Interfund Receivable Other Receivables TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS. NONCURRENT ASSETS: Restricted Assets: Investments Other Assets Capital Assets Being Depreciated, Net TOTAL NONCURRENT ASSETS. | 24,000 — — | | 7,407 |
| Intergovernmental Receivable Interfund Receivable Other Receivables TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS NONCURRENT ASSETS: Restricted Assets: Investments Other Assets Capital Assets Being Depreciated, Net TOTAL NONCURRENT ASSETS. | 24,000 — — | | |
| Interfund Receivable Other Receivables TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS. NONCURRENT ASSETS: Restricted Assets: Investments Other Assets Capital Assets Being Depreciated, Net TOTAL NONCURRENT ASSETS. | _ | | 24,000 |
| Other Receivables | _ | 5,503 | 5,503 |
| TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS. NONCURRENT ASSETS: Restricted Assets: Investments | | 1,989 | 1,989 |
| NONCURRENT ASSETS: Restricted Assets: Investments Other Assets Capital Assets Being Depreciated, Net TOTAL NONCURRENT ASSETS | 897 | _ | 897 |
| Restricted Assets: Investments Other Assets Capital Assets Being Depreciated, Net TOTAL NONCURRENT ASSETS | 37,573 | 46,768 | 84,341 |
| Investments Other Assets Capital Assets Being Depreciated, Net TOTAL NONCURRENT ASSETS | | | |
| Other Assets | | | |
| Capital Assets Being Depreciated, Net | 189,655 | _ | 189,655 |
| TOTAL NONCURRENT ASSETS | 251 | 7,584 | 7,835 |
| | 20 | 636 | 656 |
| TOTAL ASSETS | 189,926 | 8,220 | 198,146 |
| | 227,499 | 54,988 | 282,487 |
| DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES | 229 | 6,980 | 7,209 |
| TOTAL ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES | 227,728 | 61,968 | 289,696 |
| LIABILITIES: | | | |
| CURRENT LIABILITIES: | | | |
| Accounts Payable | 756 | 92 | 848 |
| Accrued Liabilities | 564 | 5,642 | 6,206 |
| Obligations Under Securities Lending | 253 | 7,154 | 7,407 |
| Unearned Revenue | _ | 1,103 | 1,103 |
| Benefits Payable | 24,000 | · _ | 24,000 |
| Refund and Other Liabilities | _ | 1,961 | 1,961 |
| TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES | 25,573 | 15,952 | 41,525 |
| NONCURRENT LIABILITIES: | | | |
| Benefits Payable | 84,900 | _ | 84,900 |
| Refund and Other Liabilities | 1,622 | 62,580 | 64,202 |
| TOTAL NONCURRENT LIABILITIES | 86,522 | 62,580 | 149,102 |
| TOTAL LIABILITIES | 112,095 | 78,532 | 190,627 |
| DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES | 1,387 | 42,965 | 44,352 |
| TOTAL LIABILITIES AND DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES | 113,482 | 121,497 | 234,979 |
| NET POSITION (DEFICITS): | | | |
| Net Investment in Capital Assets | | | |
| Unrestricted | 20 | 636 | 656 |
| TOTAL NET POSITION (DEFICITS)\$ | 20 114,226 | 636 (60,165) | 656 54.061 |

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION NONMAJOR PROPRIETARY FUNDS — ENTERPRISE FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

(dollars in thousands)

| | TION TRUST ITHORITY | - | FFICE OF OR OF STATE | TOTAL NONMAJOR PROPRIETARY FUNDS | |
|--|------------------------|----|-------------------------|--|--------|
| OPERATING REVENUES: | | | | | |
| Charges for Sales and Services | \$ 6,261 | \$ | 45,275 | \$ | 51,536 |
| Investment Income | 7,598 | | _ | | 7,598 |
| Other | 23,700 | | 16 | | 23,716 |
| TOTAL OPERATING REVENUES | 37,559 | | 45,291 | | 82,850 |
| OPERATING EXPENSES: | | | | | |
| Costs of Sales and Services | _ | | 35,277 | | 35,277 |
| Administration | 7,939 | | 6,486 | | 14,425 |
| Benefits and Claims | 23,955 | | _ | | 23,955 |
| Depreciation | 8 | | 183 | | 191 |
| TOTAL OPERATING EXPENSES | 31,902 | | 41,946 | | 73,848 |
| OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) | 5,657 | | 3,345 | | 9,002 |
| NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES): | | | | | |
| Investment Income | _ | | 7 | | 7 |
| Other | _ | | 552 | | 552 |
| TOTAL NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES) | | | 559 | | 559 |
| INCOME (LOSS) BEFORE GAIN (LOSS) AND TRANSFERS | 5,657 | | 3,904 | | 9,561 |
| Transfers-in | | | 39,247 | | 39,247 |
| TOTAL GAIN (LOSS) AND TRANSFERS | | | 39,247 | | 39,247 |
| NET INCOME (LOSS) | 5,657 | | 43,151 | | 48,808 |
| NET POSITION (DEFICITS), JULY 1 | 108,589 | | (102,680) | | 5,909 |
| NET POSITION (DEFICITS), JUNE 30 | \$ 114,246 | \$ | (59,529) | \$ | 54,717 |

COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS NONMAJOR PROPRIETARY FUNDS -- ENTERPRISE FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021 (dollars in thousands)

| | TUITIO TRUS AUTHO | ST . | A | FFICE OF UDITOR F STATE | TOTAL NONMAJOR PROPRIETARY FUNDS | |
|---|-------------------------|-----------------|----|-------------------------------|--|-----------|
| CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES: | | | • | 00.540 | | 00.540 |
| Cash Received from Customers | \$ | _ | \$ | 36,512 | \$ | 36,512 |
| Cash Received from Interfund Services Provided | | _ | | 10,589 | | 10,589 |
| Other Operating Cash Receipts | | 5,808 | | 592 | | 6,400 |
| Cash Payments to Suppliers for Goods and Services | | (6,151) | | (2,300) | | (8,451) |
| Cash Payments to Employees for Services | | (2,706) | | (79,373) | | (82,079) |
| Cash Payments for Interfund Services Used | | (479) | | (4,157) | | (4,636) |
| Other Operating Cash Payments | | 23,955 <u>)</u> | | | | (23,955) |
| NET CASH FLOWS PROVIDED (USED) BY | | | | | | |
| OPERATING ACTIVITIES | | 27,483) | | (38,137) | | (65,620) |
| CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES: | | | | | | |
| Other | | _ | | 552 | | 552 |
| Transfers-in | | | | 39,079 | | 39,079 |
| NET CASH FLOWS PROVIDED (USED) BY | | | | | | |
| NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES | | | | 39,631 | | 39,631 |
| CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL | | | | | | |
| AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES: | | | | | | |
| Acquisition and Construction of Capital Assets | | | | (95) | | (95) |
| NET CASH FLOWS PROVIDED (USED) BY | | | | | | |
| CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES | | | | (95) | | (95) |
| CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES: | | | | | | |
| Purchase of Investments | (- | 39,763) | | _ | | (39, 763) |
| Proceeds from the Sales and Maturities of Investments | | 64,617 | | _ | | 64,617 |
| Investment Income Received | | 245 | | 7 | | 252 |
| NET CASH FLOWS PROVIDED (USED) BY | | | | | | |
| INVESTING ACTIVITIES | | 25,099 | | 7 | | 25,106 |
| NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH & CASH EQUIVALENTS | | (2,384) | | 1,406 | | (978) |
| CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, JULY 1 | | 14,807 | | 30,716 | | 45,523 |
| CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, JUNE 30 | \$ | 12,423 | \$ | 32,122 | \$ | 44,545 |

COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS
NONMAJOR PROPRIETARY FUNDS -- ENTERPRISE
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021
(dollars in thousands)

| | TUITION TRUST ITHORITY | OFFICE OF AUDITOR OF STATE | PRO | . NONMAJOR PRIETARY FUNDS |
|---|------------------------------|----------------------------------|-----|---------------------------------|
| RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME TO NET | | | | |
| CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES: | | | | |
| Operating Income (Loss) | \$ 5,657 | \$ 3,345 | \$ | 9,002 |
| Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income (Loss) to | | | | |
| Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities: | | | | |
| Investment Income | (7,598) | _ | | (7,598) |
| Depreciation | 8 | 183 | | 191 |
| Decrease (Increase) in Assets: | | | | |
| Intergovernmental Receivable | _ | (16,499) | | (16,499) |
| Interfund Receivable | _ | (168) | | (168) |
| Other Receivables | (454) | _ | | (454) |
| Increase (Decrease) in Liabilities: | | | | |
| Accounts Payable | 16 | (28, 123) | | (28, 107) |
| Accrued Liabilities | 99 | 439 | | 538 |
| Unearned Revenue | _ | 1,103 | | 1,103 |
| Benefits Payable | (23,700) | _ | | (23,700) |
| Refund and Other Liabilities | (1,511) | 1,583 | | 72 |
| NET CASH FLOWS PROVIDED (USED) BY | | | | |
| OPERATING ACTIVITIES | \$ (27,483) | \$ (38,137) | \$ | (65,620) |



PRIVATE-PURPOSE TRUST FUNDS

Private-Purpose Trust Funds account for trust arrangements under which principal and income benefits participants in the plan/program.

Variable College Savings Plan

The Variable College Savings Plan accounts for assets held by the Tuition Trust Authority which are eventually made available to participants for college tuition and education related expenses.

STABLE Program

The STABLE Program accounts for assets held by the Treasurer of State which are eventually made available to participants for disability-related expenses.

STATE OF OHIO
COMBINING STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION
FIDUCIARY FUNDS - PRIVATE-PURPOSE TRUST FUNDS
JUNE 30, 2021
(dollars in thousands)

| | VARIABLE COLLEGE SAVINGS PLAN | STAR | LE PROGRAM | TOTAL |
|--|-------------------------------------|------|------------|------------------|
| ASSETS: | | | | |
| Cash and Cash Equivalents | \$ 296,840 | \$ | 558 | \$ 297,398 |
| Investments (at fair value): | 45.000.040 | | 007.404 | 10 010 007 |
| Mutual Funds | 15,803,346 | | 207,481 | 16,010,827 |
| Other Receivables | 69,901 | | 6 | 69,907 |
| TOTAL ASSETS | 16,170,087 | | 208,045 | 16,378,132 |
| LIABILITIES: | | | | |
| Accrued Liabilities | 4,307 | | 94 | 4,401 |
| Refund and Other Liabilities | 55,886 | | 19 | 55,905 |
| TOTAL LIABILITIES | 60,193 | | 113 | 60,306 |
| NET POSITION (DEFICITS): | | | | |
| Restricted for: | | | | |
| Individuals, Organizations and Other Governments | 16,109,894 | | 207,932 | 16,317,826 |
| TOTAL NET POSITION (DEFICITS) | \$ 16,109,894 | \$ | 207,932 | \$ 16,317,826 |

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS - PRIVATE-PURPOSE TRUST FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

(dollars in thousands)

| | VARIABLE COLLEGE VINGS PLAN | STAB | LE PROGRAM | TOTAL |
|--|-----------------------------------|------|------------|------------------|
| ADDITIONS: | | | | |
| Contributions from: | | | | |
| Plan Participants | \$ 6,003,160 | \$ | 107,925 | \$ 6,111,085 |
| Total Contributions | 6,003,160 | | 107,925 | 6,111,085 |
| Investment Income: Net Appreciation (Depreciation) | | | | |
| in Fair Value of Investments | 2,394,276 | | 12,092 | 2,406,368 |
| Interest, Dividends and Other | 532,714 | | 1,271 | 533,985 |
| Total Investment Income | 2,926,990 | | 13,363 | 2,940,353 |
| Less: Investment Expense | 40,611 | | 218 | 40,829 |
| Net Investment Income | 2,886,379 | | 13,145 | 2,899,524 |
| TOTAL ADDITIONS | 8,889,539 | | 121,070 | 9,010,609 |
| DEDUCTIONS: | | | | |
| Distributions to Shareholders, Plans, Participants | 5,717,984 | | 29,955 | 5,747,939 |
| TOTAL DEDUCTIONS | 5,717,984 | | 29,955 | 5,747,939 |
| CHANGE IN NET POSITION RESTRICTED FOR: | | | | |
| Individuals, Organizations and Other Governments | 3,171,555 | | 91,115 | 3,262,670 |
| TOTAL CHANGE IN NET POSITION | 3,171,555 | | 91,115 | 3,262,670 |
| NET POSITION (DEFICITS), JULY 1 (as restated) | 12,938,339 | | 116,817 | 13,055,156 |
| NET POSITION (DEFICITS), JUNE 30 | \$ 16,109,894 | \$ | 207,932 | \$ 16,317,826 |
| | | | | |

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.



CUSTODIAL FUNDS

Custodial Funds account for resources the State holds in a purely custodial capacity for individuals, private organizations, or other governments.

Local Government Tax Fund

The Local Government Tax Fund accounts for assets held by the state which are later distributed to local governments.

Child Support Fund

The Child Support fund accounts for assets temporarily held to be distributed to custodial parents.

Other Fund

The Other Fund accounts for assets held for others, which are not accounted for in another custodial fund.

STATE OF OHIO

COMBINING STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION
FIDUCIARY FUNDS - CUSTODIAL FUNDS
JUNE 30, 2021
(dollars in thousands)

| | LOCAL RNMENT TAX | CHIL | D SUPPORT | R CUSTODIAL FUNDS |
|--|---------------------|------|-----------|--------------------------|
| ASSETS: | | | | |
| Cash Equity with Treasurer | \$ 239,837 | \$ | 21,401 | \$ 2,394 |
| Cash and Cash Equivalents | | | 66,836 | 35, 124 |
| Investments (at fair value): | | | | |
| U.S. Government and Agency Obligations | | | | 15,928 |
| State Treasury Asset Reserve of Ohio (STAR Ohio) | | | 6,345 | 12,457 |
| Collateral on Lent Securities | 53,569 | | 4,780 | 371 |
| TOTAL ASSETS | 293,406 | | 99,362 | 66,274 |
| LIABILITIES: | | | | |
| Obligations Under Securities Lending | 53,569 | | 4,780 | 371 |
| Intergovernmental Payable | 239,837 | | _ | _ |
| Refund and Other Liabilities | | | 88,237 | 7,868 |
| TOTAL LIABILITIES | 293,406 | | 93,017 | 8,239 |
| NET POSITION (DEFICITS): | | | | |
| Restricted for: | | | | |
| Individuals, Organizations and Other Governments | | | 6,345 | 58,035 |
| TOTAL NET POSITION (DEFICITS) | \$ | \$ | 6,345 | \$ 58,035 |

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

| TOTAL |
|---------------|
| |
| \$ 263,632 |
| 101,960 |
| 15.928 |
| -, |
| 18,802 |
| 58,720 |
| 459,042 |
| |
| 58,720 |
| 239,837 |
| 96,105 |
| 394,662 |
| |
| |
| 64,380 |
| \$ 64,380 |

COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS - CUSTODIAL FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

(dollars in thousands)

| | LOCAL GOVERNMENT TAX | CHILD SUPPORT | OTHER CUSTODIAL FUNDS |
|---|-------------------------|---------------|--------------------------|
| ADDITIONS: | | | |
| Contributions from: | \$ — | \$ — | \$ 2,065,002 |
| Employees | φ | <u>σ — </u> | |
| Total Contributions | | | 2,065,002 |
| Investment Income: Interest, Dividends and Other | | 10 | 31 |
| Total Investment Income | | 10 | 31 |
| Capital Share and Individual Account Transactions: Shares SoldShares Redeemed | | | 39,210 (47,143) |
| Net Capital Share and Individual Account Transactions | | | (7,933) |
| Tax Collections for Local Governments | 3,931,442 | _ | _ |
| Child Support Collections | _ | 2,004,866 | _ |
| Detainee / Resident Home Personal Accounts | _ | _ | 109,262 |
| Other Organizations' Accounts | _ | _ | 168,211 2,150 |
| TOTAL ADDITIONS | 3,931,442 | 2,004,876 | 2,336,723 |
| DEDUCTIONS | | | |
| DEDUCTIONS: Distributions to Shareholders, Plans, Participants | | _ | 2,065,617 |
| Tax Distributions to Local Governments | 3,931,442 | _ | 2,000,077 |
| Child Support Payments | - | 2,004,866 | _ |
| Detainee / Resident Home Personal Accounts | _ | _ | 97,547 |
| Other Organizations' Accounts | _ | | 169,794 |
| Miscellaneous | | 1 | 2,233 |
| TOTAL DEDUCTIONS | 3,931,442 | 2,004,867 | 2,335,191 |
| CHANGE IN NET POSITION RESTRICTED FOR: | | | |
| Individuals, Organizations and Other Governments | | 9 | 1,532 |
| TOTAL CHANGE IN NET POSITION | <u> </u> | 9 | 1,532 |
| NET POSITION (DEFICITS), JULY 1 (as restated) | | 6,336 | 56,503 |
| NET POSITION (DEFICITS), JUNE 30 | <u> </u> | \$ 6,345 | \$ 58,035 |

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

| TOTAL |
|------------------------|
| |
| \$ 2,065,002 |
| 2,065,002 |
| |
| 41 |
| 41 |
| |
| 39,210 (47,143) |
| |
| (7,933) |
| 3,931,442 2,004,866 |
| 109,262 |
| 168,211 |
| 2,150 |
| 8,273,041 |
| |
| 2,065,617 3,931,442 |
| 2,004,866 |
| 97,547 |
| 169,794 2,234 |
| |
| 8,271,500 |
| 4 = 44 |
| 1,541 |
| 1,541 |
| 62,839 |
| \$ 64,380 |

NONMAJOR DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNIT FUNDS

Nonmajor Discretely Presented Component Unit Funds account for the financial activities of the State of Ohio's component units, organizations that are legally separate from the State's primary government and for which the primary government is financially accountable.

Ohio Turnpike and Infrastructure Commission Fund

The Ohio Turnpike and Infrastructure Commission Fund accounts for the operations of the Ohio Turnpike and Infrastructure Commission, including its projects to construct, maintain and operate public roadways, express or limited excess highways, superhighways, or motorways necessary for safe movement of traffic including bridges, tunnels, overpasses, underpasses, interchanges, entrance plazas, approaches, and toll booths. The Commission's Financial Statements are presented for the fiscal year end December 31, 2018. The Commission is located in Berea, Ohio.

Ohio Air Quality Development Authority Fund

The Ohio Air Quality Development Authority Fund accounts for the Ohio Air Quality Development Authority's operations, including programs that assist Ohio's businesses, government agencies, and not-for-profit organizations with financing projects that increase energy efficiency and reduce air pollution. The Authority's financial statements are presented for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2018.

Ohio Capital Fund

The Ohio Capital Fund accounts for the operations of the State's venture capital program.

JobsOhio Fund

The JobsOhio Fund accounts for the operations of the nonprofit corporation, JobsOhio, including promoting economic development, job creation, job retention, job training, and the recruitment of business to the State of Ohio.

University of Cincinnati Fund

The University of Cincinnati Fund accounts for the operations of University of Cincinnati and The University of Cincinnati Foundation. The university is located in Cincinnati, Ohio.

Ohio University Fund

The Ohio University Fund accounts for the operations of Ohio University and the Ohio University Foundation. The university is located in Athens, Ohio.

Miami University Fund

The Miami University Fund accounts for the operations of Miami University and the Miami University Foundation. The university is located in Oxford, Ohio.

University of Akron Fund

The University of Akron Fund accounts for the operations of the University of Akron, the University of Akron Foundation, and the University of Akron Research Foundation.

Bowling Green State University Fund

The Bowling Green State University Fund accounts for the operations of Bowling Green State University and the Bowling Green State University Foundation.

Kent State University Fund

The Kent State University Fund accounts for the operations of Kent State University and the Kent State University Foundation.

University of Toledo Fund

The University of Toledo Fund accounts for the operations of the University of Toledo, the University of Toledo Foundation, and the University of Toledo Physicians, Clinical Faculty, Inc.

Cleveland State University Fund

The Cleveland State University Fund accounts for the operations of Cleveland State University, the Cleveland State University Foundation, and the Euclid Avenue Housing Corporation.

Youngstown State University Fund

The Youngstown State University Fund accounts for the operations of Youngstown State University and the Youngstown State University Foundation.

Wright State University Fund

The Wright State University Fund accounts for the operations of Wright State University and the Wright State University Foundation. The university is located in Dayton, Ohio.

Shawnee State University Fund

The Shawnee State University Fund accounts for the operations of Shawnee State University and the Shawnee State University Development Foundation. The university is located in Portsmouth, Ohio.

Northeast Ohio Medical University Fund

The Northeast Ohio Medical University Fund accounts for the operations of Northeast Ohio Medical University and NEOMED Foundation. The college is located in Rootstown, Ohio.

Central State University Fund

The Central State University Fund accounts for the operations of Central State University and the Central State University Foundation. The university is located in Wilberforce, Ohio with a branch campus in Dayton, Ohio.

Terra State Community College Fund

The Terra State Community College Fund accounts for the operations of Terra State Community College and Terra College Foundation. The college is located in Fremont, Ohio.

Columbus State Community College Fund

The Columbus State Community College Fund accounts for the operations of Columbus State Community College and the Columbus State Community College Development Foundation, Inc.

Clark State Community College Fund

The Clark State Community College Fund accounts for the operations of Clark State Community College and the Clark State Community College Foundation. The college is located in Springfield, Ohio.

Edison State Community College Fund

The Edison State Community College Fund accounts for the operations of Edison State Community College and the Edison Foundation, Inc. The college is located in Piqua, Ohio.

Southern State Community College Fund

The Southern State Community College Fund accounts for the operations of Southern State Community College and the Southern State Community College Foundation. The college is located in Hillsboro, Ohio.

Washington State Community College Fund

The Washington State Community College Fund accounts for the operations of Washington State Community College and the Washington State Foundation. The college is located in Marietta, Ohio.

Cincinnati State Community College Fund

The Cincinnati State Community College Fund accounts for the operations of Cincinnati State Technical and Community College.

Northwest State Community College Fund

The Northwest State Community College Fund accounts for the operations of Northwest State Community College and the Northwest State Community College Foundation. The college is located in Archbold, Ohio.

Owens State Community College Fund

The Owens State Community College Fund accounts for the operations of Owens State Community College and the Owens State Community College Foundation. The college is located in Toledo, Ohio with a branch campus in Findlay, Ohio.



STATE OF OHIO
COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION
NONMAJOR DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNITS
JUNE 30, 2021
(dollars in thousands)

(dollars in thousands)

| | OHIO TURNPIKE AND INFRASTRUCTURE COMMISSION (as of 12/31/20) | OHIO AIR QUALITY DEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY (as of 12/31/20) | OHIO CAPITAL FUND |
|---|---|---|----------------------|
| ASSETS: | (as of 12/31/20) | (as of 12/31/20) | FUND |
| CURRENT ASSETS: | | | |
| Cash Equity with Treasurer | \$ | \$ 1,416 | \$ |
| Cash and Cash Equivalents | 40,758 165,723 | 1,355 4,224 | 4,872 |
| Restricted Assets: | 105,723 | 4,224 | _ |
| Cash and Cash Equivalents | 15,252 | _ | |
| Investments | 64,444 | • | _ |
| Intergovernmental Receivable | _ | _ | _ |
| Loans Receivable, Net | _ | _ | _ |
| Receivable from Primary Government Other Receivables | 20,860 | | _ |
| Inventories | 5,232 | _ | _ |
| Other Assets | 1,767 | 14 | |
| TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS | 314,036 | 7,014 | 4,872 |
| NONCURRENT ASSETS: | | | |
| Restricted Assets: | | | |
| Cash and Cash Equivalents | | _ | _ |
| Investments | 360,806 | 1 024 | 70 001 |
| Investments Loans Receivable, Net | | 1,924 | 70,001 — |
| Other Receivables. | _ | _ | _ |
| Other Assets | 702 | _ | _ |
| Capital Assets Being Depreciated, Net | 1,518,317 | 18 | _ |
| Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated | 90,910 | | |
| TOTAL NONCURRENT ASSETS | 1,970,735 | 1,942 | 70,001 |
| TOTAL ASSETS | 2,284,771 | 8,956 | 74,873 |
| DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES | 62,327 | 123 | |
| TOTAL ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES | 2,347,098 | 9,079 | 74,873 |
| LIABILITIES: CURRENT LIABILITIES: | | | |
| Accounts Payable | 13,093 | 118 | _ |
| Accrued Liabilities | 30,867 | 15 | 7,565 |
| Intergovernmental Payable | _ | _ | _ |
| Unearned Revenue | | _ | _ |
| Refund and Other Liabilities Payable to Primary Government | 33,353 10,482 | _ | _ |
| Bonds and Notes Payable | 36,370 | _ | 14,235 |
| TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES | 124,165 | 133 | 21,800 |
| NONCURRENT LIABILITIES: | .2.,.00 | | |
| Intergovernmental Payable | _ | _ | |
| Unearned Revenue | _ | _ | _ |
| Refund and Other Liabilities | 126,529 | 431 | 62,197 |
| Bonds and Notes Payable | 2,095,340 | | 79,548 |
| TOTAL NONCURRENT LIABILITIES | 2,221,869 | 431 | 141,745 |
| TOTAL LIABILITIES | 2,346,034 | 564 | 163,545 |
| DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES | 26,579 | 174 | |
| TOTAL LIABILITIES AND DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES | 2,372,613 | 738 | 163,545 |
| NET POSITION (DEFICITS): Net Investment in Capital Assets | 1,151,197 | 18 | _ |
| Restricted for: Transportation | 204,899 | _ | _ |
| Nonexpendable: Scholarships and Fellowships | | | |
| Research | _ | _ | _ |
| Endowments and Quasi-Endowments | _ | _ | _ |
| Loans, Grants and Other College and University Purposes Expendable: | _ | _ | _ |
| Scholarships and Fellowships | _ | _ | _ |
| Research | _ | _ | |
| Instructional Department UsesStudent and Public Services | _ | _ | _ |
| Academic Support | _ | _ | _ |
| Debt Service | _ | _ | _ |
| Capital Purposes | _ | _ | _ |
| Endowments and Quasi-Endowments | _ | _ | _ |
| Current Operations Loans, Grants and Other College and University Purposes | - | _ | <u> </u> |
| Unrestricted | (1,381,611) | | (88,672) |
| TOTAL NET POSITION (DEFICITS) | \$ (25,515) | \$ 8,341 | \$ (88,672) |

| JOBSOHIO | UNIVERSITY OF CINCINNATI | OHIO UNIVERSITY | MIAMI UNIVERSITY | UNIVERSITY OF AKRON | BOWLING GREEN STATE UNIVERSITY |
|-----------------------------------|------------------------------------|----------------------------|---------------------------------------|----------------------------|--------------------------------------|
| | | | | | |
| \$ — 179,723 | \$ — 257.400 | \$ — 135,959 | \$ — 234,082 | \$ — 18.522 | \$ — 12,445 |
| 666,350 | 200,837 | 390,861 | 732,561 | 206,685 | 264,207 |
| 229,444 | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ |
| _ | _ | 3,629 | — 14,885 | _ | _ |
| 9,328 | 2,194 | 988 | 4,093 | 949 | 1,501 |
| 6.453 | 5,950 125.646 | 359 70,925 | 385 22,316 | — 47,772 | <u> </u> |
| 94,012 | 2,258 | 2,413 | 1,946 | 551 | 609 |
| 13,249 | 31,227 | 12,208 | 7,130 | 1,104 | 3,410 |
| 1,198,559 | 625,512 | 617,342 | 1,017,398 | 275,583 | 328,446 |
| _ | _ | 55,530 | 30,388 | 503 | _ |
| 17,283 | 1,354,901 420,679 | — 980.047 | 685,221 | 4,704 328,441 | 22,450 285,845 |
| 117,263 117,499 | 420,679 15,717 | 8,929 | 1,006 | 4,052 | 2,583 |
| 58,849 | 76,362 | 14,278 | 63,956 | 9,667 | 5,825 |
| 915,365 8,484 | 488,046 1,542,772 | 52,536 1,076,839 | 26,685 1,303,253 | 13,297 585,940 | 20,069 579,318 |
| | 115,955 | 77,678 | 47,004 | 52,502 | 25,752 |
| 1,117,480 | 4,014,432 | 2,265,837 | 2,157,513 | 999,106 | 941,842 |
| 2,316,039 | 4,639,944 | 2,883,179 | 3,174,911 | 1,274,689 | 1,270,288 |
| <u>17,448</u> 2,333,487 | <u>123,991</u> 4,763,935 | 62,071 2,945,250 | 50,940 3,225,851 | 71,201 1,345,890 | 32,715 1,303,003 |
| 2,000,401 | 4,700,000 | 2,340,200 | 5,225,001 | 1,040,030 | 1,000,000 |
| 29,721 387,701 | 86,910 | 33,968 37,861 | 34,415 | 3,876 | 8,996 |
| 387,701 — | 20,672 — | 37,861 — | 19,698 — | 27,395 — | 11,907 — |
| — 512 | 109,702 97,167 | 36,989 12,972 | 14,484 12,888 | 30,691 1,949 | 34,812 7,567 |
| _ | · <u> </u> | · | · - | - | |
| 52,460 | 31,330 | 13,558 | 36,885 | 14,083 | 7,465 |
| 470,394 | 345,781 | 135,348 | 118,370 | 77,994 | 70,747 |
| _ | 14,963 22,709 | _ | _ | _ | 4,747 |
| 20,538 | 689,320 | 360,930 | 304,404 | 292,024 | 207,687 |
| 1,193,690 | 1,063,545 | 633,805 | 673,810 | 368,556 | 276,072 |
| <u>1,214,228</u> 1,684,622 | <u>1,790,537</u> 2,136,318 | 994,735 1,130,083 | 978,214 1,096,584 | 660,580 738,574 | 488,506 559,253 |
| 1,004,022 | 204,811 | 164,312 | 121,250 | 93,167 | 61,788 |
| 1,684,622 | 2,341,129 | 1,294,395 | 1,217,834 | 831,741 | 621,041 |
| 8,484 | 558,459 | 691,192 | 737,246 | 271,281 | 348,604 |
| _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ |
| _ | 240,019 | _ | _ | _ | 75,382 |
| _ | 75,213 608,887 | 277,371 | — 390,362 | <u> </u> | 746 11,345 |
| = | 440,850 | 15,871 | — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — | | 34,644 |
| _ | 75,963 | 16,104 | 81,091 | 926 | 76,534 |
| _ | 101,557 42,454 | 1,853 38,783 | 2,421 21,990 | 42,895 | 648 47,729 |
| _ | 90,656 | 9,162 | 2,361 | _ | - |
| _ | 33,587 | 8,702 | 74,610 | | _ |
| | 22,336 | 4,013 | _ | 915 | 21,597 |
| _ | 88,032 | 227,893 | 15,775 | 52,320 | 6,950 |
| | 174,797 | 11,756 10,134 | 86,695 | _ | _ |
| 640,381 | (130,004) | 338,021 | 595,466 | (115,600) | 57,783 |
| \$ 648,865 | \$ 2,422,806 | \$ 1,650,855 | \$ 2,008,017 | \$ 514,149 | \$ 681,962 |

STATE OF OHIO
COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION
NONMAJOR DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNITS
JUNE 30, 2021
(dollars in thousands)

| | KENT STATE UNIVERSITY | UNIVERSITY OF TOLEDO | CLEVELAND STATE UNIVERSITY |
|---|-----------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------------------|
| ASSETS: | | | |
| CURRENT ASSETS: | | | |
| Cash Equity with Treasurer | \$ | \$ — | \$ |
| Cash and Cash Equivalents | 53,614 583,111 | 175,690 — | 11,574 182,115 |
| Restricted Assets: | 000,777 | | 702,770 |
| Cash and Cash Equivalents | _ | _ | _ |
| Investments | | | _ |
| Intergovernmental ReceivableLoans Receivable, Net | 7,687 | 20,276 2,249 | _ |
| Receivable from Primary Government | 1,257 | 2,124 | _ |
| Other Receivables | 26,498 | 87,985 | 54,412 |
| Inventories | 784 | 9,244 | 1,255 |
| Other Assets | 5,950 | 8,382 | 2,172 |
| TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS | 678,901 | 305,950 | 251,528 |
| NONCURRENT ASSETS: Restricted Assets: | | | |
| Cash and Cash Equivalents | 8,223 | 3,063 | _ |
| Investments | _ | 432,737 | _ |
| Investments | 151,676 | 238,480 | 119,977 |
| Loans Receivable, Net | 21,465 9,401 | 4,027 5,031 | 7,089 9,994 |
| Other Assets | 36,999 | 46,351 | 13,970 |
| Capital Assets Being Depreciated, Net | 855,063 | 492,994 | 465,484 |
| Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated | 47,626 | 59,542 | 72,219 |
| TOTAL NONCURRENT ASSETS | 1,130,453 | 1,282,225 | 688,733 |
| TOTAL ASSETS | 1,809,354 | 1,588,175 | 940,261 |
| DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES TOTAL ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES | 90,605 | 91,423 1.679.598 | 28,924 |
| | 1,899,959 | 1,079,398 | 969,185 |
| LIABILITIES: CURRENT LIABILITIES: | | | |
| Accounts Payable | 32,088 | 30.046 | 6,924 |
| Accrued Liabilities | 36,707 | 58,671 | 2,231 |
| Intergovernmental Payable | | 631 | |
| Unearned Revenue | 25,208 | 56,451 31,580 | 7,232 15,971 |
| Refund and Other Liabilities Payable to Primary Government | 18,680 — | 31,360 — | 13,971 |
| Bonds and Notes Payable | 25,439 | 15,214 | 9,694 |
| TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES | 138,122 | 192,593 | 42,052 |
| NONCURRENT LIABILITIES: | | | |
| Intergovernmental Payable | _ | _ | _ |
| Unearned RevenueRefund and Other Liabilities | — 468.587 | — 462,256 | 976 198,025 |
| Bonds and Notes Payable | 374,772 | 247,050 | 240,340 |
| TOTAL NONCURRENT LIABILITIES | 843,359 | 709,306 | 439,341 |
| TOTAL LIABILITIES | 981,481 | 901,899 | 481,393 |
| DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES | 151,593 | 201,556 | 62,877 |
| TOTAL LIABILITIES AND DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES | 1,133,074 | 1,103,455 | 544,270 |
| NET POSITION (DEFICITS): | | | |
| Net Investment in Capital AssetsRestricted for: | 473,629 | 252,659 | 266,906 |
| Transportation | _ | _ | _ |
| Nonexpendable: | | | |
| Scholarships and Fellowships | _ | 75,159 | 49,964 |
| Research Endowments and Quasi-Endowments | 94.245 | 14,720 | 894 15.938 |
| Loans, Grants and Other College and University Purposes | 94,245 — | 59.651 | 1,503 |
| Expendable: | | , | , |
| Scholarships and Fellowships | _ | 126,286 | 37,197 |
| Research | _ | 13,001 | 1,290 |
| Instructional Department Uses | _ | _ | 11,982 5,204 |
| Academic Support | _ | 93,925 | - |
| Debt Service | _ | 19,590 | _ |
| Capital Purposes | _ | 50,901 | _ |
| Endowments and Quasi-Endowments Current Operations | _ | _ | _ |
| Loans, Grants and Other College and University Purposes | 178,748 | 27,306 | 35,988 |
| Unrestricted | 20,263 | (157,055) | (1,951) |
| TOTAL NET POSITION (DEFICITS) | \$ 766,885 | \$ 576,143 | \$ 424,915 |

| YOUNGSTOWN STATE UNIVERSITY | WRIGHT STATE UNIVERSITY | SHAWNEE STATE UNIVERSITY | NORTHEAST OHIO MEDICAL UNIVERSITY | CENTRAL STATE UNIVERSITY | TERRA STATE COMMUNITY COLLEGE |
|-----------------------------------|-------------------------------|--------------------------------|---|--------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| | | | | | |
| \$ — 27,306 | \$ — 98,706 | \$ — 2,455 | \$ — 5,682 | \$ — 10,324 | \$ — 609 |
| 282,364 | 98,700 | 2,433 | 18,640 | - TO,324 | 235 |
| _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ |
| . — | | _ | | _ | |
| <i>4,</i> 109 335 | 15,889 1,741 | 124 | 3,176 521 | _ | 979 77 |
| 5,312 | 3,681 | _ | 423 | | 46 |
| 12,127 61 | 19,620 67 | 9,774 7 | 1,947 264 | 17,191 — | 5,704 9 |
| 1,993 | 2,591 | 306 | 2,723 | 1,870 | 163 |
| 333,607 | 142,295 | 12,666 | 33,376 | 29,385 | 7,822 |
| 18 | _ | 1,815 | 1,325 | 3,488 | _ |
| 104,032 | _ | 21,468 | 95,351 | · <u> </u> | _ |
| 15,497 33 | 184,029 3,885 | 8,791 — | 5,068 | 6,435 | 6,523 |
| 6,037 | 5,097 | 421 | 155 | . — | 622 |
| 9,486 204.618 | 15,653 324,518 | 3,662 74,390 | 4,301 195,807 | 4,234 138,000 | 28.130 |
| 20,348 | 4,920 | 17,870 | 3,012 | 4,061 | 535 |
| 360,069 | 538,102 | 128,417 | 305,019 | 156,218 | 35,810 |
| 693,676 | 680,397 | 141,083 | 338,395 | 185,603 | 43,632 |
| 19,958 713.634 | 23,815 704,212 | 5,293 | 7,845 346.240 | 6,311 191,914 | 3,468 |
| 713,034 | 704,212 | 146,376 | 340,240 | 191,914 | 47,100 |
| 5,042 | 7,491 | 1,382 | 3,206 | 1,850 | 1,658 |
| 7,000 296 | 8,187 | 2,347 | 5,467 | 3,461 | _ |
| 6,693 | 21,924 | 1,709 | 4,949 | 11,665 | 2,386 |
| 3,389 | 18,060 — | 230 | 593 — | 1,691 — | 13 |
| 4,180 | 5,880 | 983 | 3,823 | 2,136 | 150 |
| 26,600 | 61,542 | 6,651 | 18,038 | 20,803 | 4,207 |
| _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ |
| 114,936 | 430 175,141 | 33.086 | 53,362 | 27,608 | 2 18.002 |
| 65,866 | 53,187 | 20,877 | 151,426 | 17,782 | 4,830 |
| 180,802 | 228,758 | 53,963 | 204,788 | 45,390 | 22,834 |
| 207,402 | 290,300 | 60,614 | 222,826 | 66,193 | 27,041 |
| 43,243 | 82,853 | 13,470 | 18,095 | 10,442 | 3,329 |
| 250,645 | 373,153 | 74,084 | 240,921 | 76,635 | 30,370 |
| 156,189 | 269,918 | 63,095 | 46,785 | 123,133 | 23,644 |
| _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ |
| _ | 24,453 | 4,638 | 7,507 | 5,087 | 2,909 |
| 141,619 | 5,944 — | _ | 16,882 | _ | _ |
| _ | 20,481 | 6,351 | _ | _ | _ |
| 13,057 | 30,692 | 2,818 | _ | 6,281 | 2,528 |
| 262 7,079 | 3,829 29,203 | | _ | _ | _ |
| 2,606 | 1,632 | _ | _ | _ | 1,057 |
| 2,807 — | 17,682 — | _ | _ | _ | _ |
| 4,960 | 2,939 | _ | _ | _ | 297 |
| 19,743 1,571 | _ | _ | — 15,775 | _ | _ |
| | 29,797 (105,511) | 8,898 (13,530) | 18,370 | | 127 (13,832) |
| \$ 462,989 | \$ 331,059 | \$ 72,292 | \$ 105,319 | \$ 115,279 | \$ 16,730 |
| | | | | | |

STATE OF OHIO
COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION
NONMAJOR DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNITS
JUNE 30, 2021
(dollars in thousands)

| | COLUMBUS STATE COMMUNITY COLLEGE | CLARK STATE COMMUNITY COLLEGE | EDISON STATE COMMUNITY COLLEGE |
|--|---|-------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|
| ASSETS: | | | |
| CURRENT ASSETS: | • | | |
| Cash Equity with Treasurer | \$ — 14,783 | \$ — 15,744 | \$ — 5.455 |
| Cash and Cash Equivalents | 14,763 167,380 | 15,744 28,021 | 3,433 3,233 |
| Restricted Assets: | 707,000 | 20,021 | 0,200 |
| Cash and Cash Equivalents | _ | _ | _ |
| Investments | _ | _ | _ |
| Intergovernmental Receivable | _ | 4,642 | _ |
| Loans Receivable, Net Receivable from Primary Government | _ | 22 979 | _ |
| Other Receivables | 20,342 | 3,772 | 2,335 |
| Inventories | 1,884 | 98 | 3 |
| Other Assets | 1,099 | 265 | 217 |
| TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS | 205,488 | 53,543 | 11,243 |
| NONCURRENT ASSETS: | | | |
| Restricted Assets: | 0.001 | | |
| Cash and Cash Equivalents | 2,801 63,252 | _ | — 487 |
| Investments | 85.043 | _ | 3,095 |
| Loans Receivable, Net | - | _ | - |
| Other Receivables | 4,035 | _ | _ |
| Other Assets | 7,755 | 1,283 | 1,103 |
| Capital Assets Being Depreciated, Net | 147,421 | 47,028 | 18,264 |
| Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated | 33,245 | 2,978 | 791 |
| TOTAL NONCURRENT ASSETS | 343,552 | 51,289 | 23,740 |
| TOTAL ASSETS | 549,040 | 104,832 | 34,983 |
| DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES | 37,848 | 6,381 | 2,712 |
| TOTAL ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES | 586,888 | 111,213 | 37,695 |
| LIABILITIES: CURRENT LIABILITIES: | | | |
| Accounts Payable | 5,201 | 1,680 | 323 |
| Accrued Liabilities | 3,395 | 2,060 | 1,028 |
| Intergovernmental Payable Unearned Revenue | 9,734 | 106 | |
| Refund and Other Liabilities | 8,489 | 452 | 307 |
| Payable to Primary Government | · | _ | _ |
| Bonds and Notes Payable | 15,654 | 790 | 250 |
| TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES | 42,473 | 5,088 | 2,686 |
| NONCURRENT LIABILITIES: | | | |
| Intergovernmental Payable | _ | _ | _ |
| Unearned Revenue | <u> </u> | — 38,411 | 12,478 |
| Bonds and Notes Payable | 160,645 | 9,414 | 1,410 |
| TOTAL NONCURRENT LIABILITIES | 377,847 | 47,825 | 13,888 |
| TOTAL LIABILITIES | 420,320 | 52,913 | 16,574 |
| DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES | 24,996 | 5,353 | 4,507 |
| | | | |
| TOTAL LIABILITIES AND DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES | 445,316 | 58,266 | 21,081 |
| NET POSITION (DEFICITS): | 440.705 | 20,000 | 47.700 |
| Net Investment in Capital AssetsRestricted for: | 148,785 | 39,832 | 17,769 |
| Transportation | | | _ |
| Nonexpendable: | | | |
| Scholarships and Fellowships | 5,152 | _ | _ |
| Research | _ | - | - |
| Endowments and Quasi-Endowments | _ | 15,102 | 212 |
| Loans, Grants and Other College and University Purposes Expendable: | _ | _ | _ |
| Scholarships and Fellowships | 17,328 | 7.999 | _ |
| Research | | | _ |
| Instructional Department Uses | _ | 81 | _ |
| Student and Public Services | _ | 4,155 | _ |
| Academic Support | _ | _ | _ |
| Debt Service | <u> </u> | 2,393 | _ |
| Endowments and Quasi-Endowments | 20,100 | 2,393 | 1,600 |
| Current Operations | _ | _ | -,550 |
| Loans, Grants and Other College and University Purposes | _ | _ | 124 |
| Unrestricted | (55,801) | (16,615) | (3,091) |
| TOTAL NET POSITION (DEFICITS) | \$ 141,572 | \$ 52,947 | \$ 16,614 |
| | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | | |

| SOUTHERN STATE COMMUNITY COLLEGE | | WASHINGTON STATE COMMUNITY COLLEGE | | CINCINNATI STATE COMMUNITY COLLEGE | | NORTHWEST STATE COMMUNITY COLLEGE | | OWENS STATE COMMUNITY COLLEGE | | TOTAL NONMAJOR COMPONENT UNITS | |
|---|------------------|---|---------------|---|------------------|--|---------------|--|-----------------|---|------------------------|
| \$ | 3,284 | \$ | 10,119 | \$ | | \$ | | \$ | | \$ | 1,416 1,335,666 |
| | _ | | _ | | 32,348 | | 1,236 | | 33,454 | | 3,963,585 |
| | _ | | _ | | _ | | _ | | _ | | 244,696 64,444 |
| | _ | | 2,605 | | 9,423 | | 1,461 | | 4,113 | | 92,874 |
| | _ | | 62 | | — 662 | | 665 | | _ | | 24,122 21,905 |
| | 3,551 10 | | 2,291 | | 10,213 85 | | 3,962 593 | | 8,138 | | 630,113 121,385 |
| | 755 | | 225 | | 1,094 | | 40 | | 367 | | 100,321 |
| | 7,600 | | 15,302 | _ | 58,514 | | 11,367 | | 53,178 | | 6,600,527 |
| | 909 | | _ | | 3,242 | | _ | | _ | | 111,305 |
| | 3,085 | | 1,671 | | _ | | | | _ | | 3,150,165 |
| | _ | | _ | | 4,026 — | | 10,275 — | | 13,269 42 | | 2,951,336 191,395 |
| | . — | | | | | | | | 305 | | 270,035 |
| | 1,038 21,162 | | 560 14,521 | | 2,668 69,326 | | 816 16,872 | | 2,504 71.403 | | 1,669,083 9,799,942 |
| | 7,649 | | 980 | | 6,968 | | 1,761 | | 10,669 | | 704,975 |
| | 33,843 | | 17,732 | | 86,230 | | 29,724 | | 98,192 | | 18,848,236 |
| | 41,443 | | 33,034 | | 144,744 | | 41,091 | | 151,370 | | 25,448,763 |
| | 1,986 | | 2,335 | | 11,538 | | 4,026 | | 11,174 | | 776,458 |
| | 43,429 | | 35,369 | | 156,282 | | 45,117 | - | 162,544 | | 26,225,221 |
| | _ | | 1,335 | | 1,077 | | 2,338 | | 7,426 | | 320,164 |
| | 167 | | _ | | 4,183 | | 339 | | 3,659 | | 682,583 |
| | _ | | 1,870 | | 5,429 | | 633 | | 2,641 | | 927 386,086 |
| | 1,295 | | 211 | | 1,908 | | 342 | | 2,151 | | 271,770 |
| | — 935 | | _ | | 2,916 | | _ | | _ | | 10,482 294,430 |
| | 2,397 | | 3,416 | | 15,513 | | 3,652 | | 15,877 | | 1,966,442 |
| | _ | | _ | | _ | | _ | | _ | | 19,710 24,117 |
| | 12,369 10,540 | | 12,745 | | 66,737 22,093 | | 22,569 | | 67,940 | | 4,065,514 7,764,598 |
| | 22,909 | | 12,745 | | 88,830 | | 22,569 | | 67,940 | | 11,873,939 |
| | 25,306 | | 16,161 | | 104,343 | | 26,221 | | 83,817 | | 13,840,381 |
| | 5,498 | | 1,689 | | 17,625 | | 3,797 | | 15,232 | | 1,338,236 |
| | 30,804 | | 17,850 | | 121,968 | | 30,018 | | 99,049 | | 15,178,617 |
| | 17,337 | | 15,502 | | 51,822 | | 18,632 | | 82,072 | | 5,834,190 |
| | _ | | _ | | _ | | _ | | _ | | 204,899 |
| | _ | | 724 | | _ | | 1,460 | | 2,257 | | 494,711 97,517 |
| | 3,132 | | _ | | 7,258 | | _ | | _ | | 1,843,523 |
| | _ | | _ | | _ | | _ | | 467 | | 579,818 |
| | 187 | | 914 | | _ | | 5,682 | | 1,838 | | 503,425 167,778 |
| | _ | | _ | | _ | | 27 | | _ | | 199,328 |
| | _ | | _ | | _ | | _ | | _ | | 116,833 231 313 |
| | _ | | _ | | 1,720 | | _ | | _ | | 231,313 21,552 |
| | _ | | 373 | | · <u> </u> | | 365 | | _ | | 137,197 |
| | _ | | _ | | 9,800 | | 35 | | _ | | 406,338 44,912 |
| | | | | | | | 89 | | 1,340 | | 554,043 |
| • | (8,031) | • | 6 17,519 | • | (36,286) | • | (11,191) | • | (24,479) | _ | (390,773) |
| \$ | 12,625 | \$ | 17,519 | \$ | 34,314 | \$ | 15,099 | \$ | 63,495 | \$ | 11,046,604 |

STATE OF OHIO

COMBINING STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES
NONMAJOR DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNITS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021 (dollars in thousands)

| | Ó | OHIO TURNPIKE AND INFRASTRUCTURE COMMISSION (as of 12/31/20) | OHIO AIR QUALITY DEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY (as of 12/31/20) | | OHIO CAPITAL FUND | |
|---|----|---|--|-------------|----------------------|----------|
| EXPENSES: | | · | | • | | |
| Transportation | \$ | 276,142 | \$ | _ | \$ | _ |
| Community and Economic Development | | _ | | 2,609 | | 1,606 |
| Education and General: | | | | | | |
| Instruction and Departmental Research | | _ | | _ | | _ |
| Separately Budgeted Research | | _ | | _ | | _ |
| Public Service | | _ | | _ | | _ |
| Academic Support | | _ | | _ | | _ |
| Student Services | ` | | | _ | | _ |
| Institutional Support | | _ | | _ | | _ |
| Operation and Maintenance of Plant | | _ | | _ | | _ |
| Scholarships and Fellowships | | _ | | _ | | _ |
| Auxiliary Enterprises | | _ | | _ | | _ |
| Hospitals | | _ | | _ | | _ |
| Interest on Long-Term Debt | | 96,397 | | _ | | 5,797 |
| Depreciation | | 82,612 | | 4 | | _ |
| Other | | | | | | |
| TOTAL EXPENSES | | 455,151 | | 2,613 | | 7,403 |
| PROGRAM REVENUES: | | | | | | |
| Charges for Services, Fees, Fines and Forfeitures | | 303,541 | | 70 | | _ |
| Operating Grants, Contributions | | | | | | |
| and Restricted Investment Income | | 3, 239 | | 260 | | _ |
| Capital Grants, Contributions | | | | | | |
| and Restricted Investment Income | | | | | | |
| TOTAL PROGRAM REVENUES | | 306,780 | | 330 | | |
| NET PROGRAM (EXPENSE) REVENUE | | (148,371) | | (2,283) | | (7,403) |
| GENERAL REVENUES: | | | | | | |
| Unrestricted Investment Income | | 7.430 | | 67 | | 11,949 |
| State Assistance | | 2,690 | | 07 | | 11,343 |
| Other | | 2,030 | | _ | | _ |
| | | | | | | |
| TOTAL GENERAL REVENUES | | 10,120 | | 67 | | 11,949 |
| ADDITIONS (DEDUCTIONS) TO ENDOWMENTS | | | | | | |
| AND PERMANENT FUND PRINCIPAL | | _ | | _ | | _ |
| CHANGE IN NET POSITION | | (138,251) | | (2,216) | | 4,546 |
| NET POSITION (DEFICITS), JULY 1 (as restated) | | 112,736 | | 10,557 | | (93,218) |
| NET POSITION (DEFICITS), JUNE 30 | \$ | (25,515) | \$ | 8,341 | \$ | (88,672) |
| , ,, | _ | | | · · | | , |

| JOBSOHIO | UNIVERSITY OF CINCINNATI | OHIO UNIVERSITY | MIAMI UNIVERSITY | UNIVERSITY OF AKRON | BOWLING GREEN STATE UNIVERSITY |
|------------|--------------------------------|--------------------|---------------------|---------------------------|--------------------------------------|
| \$ — | \$ — | \$ — | \$ — | \$ — | \$ — |
| 1,656,613 | _ | _ | - | _ | _ |
| _ | 353,193 | 241,184 | 193,715 | 75,377 | 115,065 |
| _ | 150,996 | 37,995 | 11,608 | 10,976 | 9,156 |
| _ | 59,870 | 54,229 | 6,281 | 8,106 | 18,939 |
| _ | 82,265 | 61,336 | 52,538 | 17,380 | 20,353 |
| _ | 41,442 | 44,557 | 22,760 | 7,695 | 13,761 |
| _ | 139,054 | 54,743 | 61,796 | 26,321 | 28,479 |
| _ | 27,367 | 47,123 | 27,230 | 11,307 | 16,127 |
| _ | 59,364 | 40,488 | 43,708 | 29,931 | 27,532 |
| _ | 95,471 | 48,778 | 70,739 | 23,209 | 49,024 |
| _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ |
| 44,926 | 47,303 | 26,191 | 27,665 | 15,560 | 7,614 |
| 1,361 | 133,567 | 61,372 | 73,794 | 47,447 | 40,028 |
| | 223 | (94,721) | (61,044) | 400 | 25,195 |
| 1,702,900 | 1,190,115 | 623,275 | 530,790 | 273,709 | 371,273 |
| 1,685,904 | 942,495 | 296,435 | 415,746 | 144,997 | 219,677 |
| _ | 504,894 | 50,394 | 118,378 | 34,756 | 124,078 |
| | 9,763 | 1,139 | 1,577 | 5,806 | 2,911 |
| 1,685,904 | 1,457,152 | 347,968 | 535,701 | 185,559 | 346,666 |
| (16,996) | 267,037 | (275,307) | 4,911 | (88,150) | (24,607) |
| 4,603 | 20,811 | 286,758 | 267,396 | 88,222 | 94.098 |
| 4,000 — | 253,595 | 202,212 | 85,257 | 101,150 | 90.460 |
| 16 | 4,025 | 181,930 | - | 60,013 | 10,077 |
| 4,619 | 278,431 | 670,900 | 352,653 | 249,385 | 194,635 |
| .,,,,, | | | | | |
| | 432 | 16,543 | 31,130 | 1,399 | 10,136 |
| (12,377) | 545,900 | 412,136 | 388,694 | 162,634 | 180,164 |
| 661,242 | 1,876,906 | 1,238,719 | 1,619,323 | 351,515 | 501,798 |
| \$ 648,865 | \$ 2,422,806 | \$ 1,650,855 | \$ 2,008,017 | \$ 514,149 | \$ 681,962 |

STATE OF OHIO

COMBINING STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES
NONMAJOR DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNITS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021 (dollars in thousands)

| EYDENSES: | | KENT STATE UNIVERSITY | | UNIVERSITY OF TOLEDO | | CLEVELAND STATE UNIVERSITY | |
|--|----|-----------------------------|----|----------------------------|----|----------------------------------|--|
| EXPENSES: | _ | | _ | | _ | | |
| Transportation | \$ | _ | \$ | _ | \$ | _ | |
| Community and Economic Development | | _ | | _ | | _ | |
| Education and General: | | 227.712 | | 400.4== | | 440.00= | |
| Instruction and Departmental Research | | 225,543 | | 188,177 | | 112,667 | |
| Separately Budgeted Research | | 19,351 | | 43,870 | | 10,756 | |
| Public Service | | 12,434 | | 9,107 | | 8,850 | |
| Academic Support | | 54,450 | | 63,917 | | 29,028 | |
| Student Services | | 35,162 | | 24,264 | | 18,477 | |
| Institutional Support | | 95,458 | | 27,515 | | 41,046 | |
| Operation and Maintenance of Plant | | 38,346 | | 33,373 | | 23,443 | |
| Scholarships and Fellowships | | 55,919 | | 18,624 | | 21,319 | |
| Auxiliary Enterprises | | 57,137 | | 57,111 | | 25,111 | |
| Hospitals | | _ | | 386,587 | | _ | |
| Interest on Long-Term Debt | | 7,095 | | 12,996 | | 8,046 | |
| Depreciation | | 56,058 | | 55,906 | | 29,981 | |
| Other | | (85, 993) | | 18,590 | | (46,669) | |
| TOTAL EXPENSES | | 570,960 | | 940,037 | | 282,055 | |
| PROGRAM REVENUES: | | | | | | | |
| Charges for Services, Fees, Fines and Forfeitures Operating Grants, Contributions | | 326,139 | | 631,232 | | 187,747 | |
| and Restricted Investment Income Capital Grants, Contributions | | 140,124 | | 83,799 | | 46,809 | |
| and Restricted Investment Income | | | | 859 | | | |
| TOTAL PROGRAM REVENUES | | 466,263 | | 715,890 | | 234,556 | |
| NET PROGRAM (EXPENSE) REVENUE | | (104,697) | | (224,147) | | (47,499) | |
| GENERAL REVENUES: | | | | | | | |
| Unrestricted Investment Income | | 143,273 | | 125,017 | | 3,032 | |
| State Assistance | | 160,082 | | 125,686 | | 93,624 | |
| Other | | 24,474 | | 332,656 | | 56,392 | |
| TOTAL GENERAL REVENUES | | 327,829 | | 583,359 | | 153,048 | |
| ADDITIONS (DEDUCTIONS) TO ENDOWMENTS AND PERMANENT FUND PRINCIPAL | | | | | | | |
| CHANGE IN NET POSITION | | 223,132 | | 359,212 | | 105,549 | |
| NET POSITION (DEFICITS), JULY 1 (as restated) | | 543,753 | _ | 216,931 | | 319,366 | |
| NET POSITION (DEFICITS), JUNE 30 | \$ | 766,885 | \$ | 576,143 | \$ | 424,915 | |

| YOUNGSTOWN STATE UNIVERSITY | WRIGHT STATE UNIVERSITY | SHAWNEE STATE UNIVERSITY | NORTHEAST OHIO MEDICAL UNIVERSITY | MEDICAL STATE | |
|-----------------------------------|-------------------------------|--------------------------------|---|---------------|-----------|
| \$ — | \$ — | \$ — | \$ — | \$ — | \$ — |
| _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ |
| 61,345 | 111,536 | 16,540 | 19,852 | 12,549 | 4,843 |
| 2,453 | 17,654 | _ | 8,706 | 5,962 | _ |
| 2,650 | 9,282 | 3, 266 | 5,506 | 7,856 | 435 |
| 8,493 | 20,663 | 1,368 | 7,092 | 5,604 | 462 |
| 6,201 | 8,370 | 6,467 | 179 | 4,414 | 1,772 |
| 15,447 | 25,372 | 9,291 | 6,481 | 1,802 | 5,671 |
| 13,420 | 9,248 | 2,413 | 6,511 | 6,870 | 1,130 |
| 31,191 | 16,556 | 5,064 | 708 | 4,028 | 101 |
| 15,310 | 11,761 | 4,428 | 11,294 | 10,243 | 422 |
| _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ |
| 3,352 | 2,377 | 584 | 7,787 | 1,182 | 173 |
| 14,138 | 18,608 | 3,502 | 11,279 | 7,869 | 1,432 |
| 22 | 2,267 | | 191 | 641 | 82 |
| 174,022 | 253,694 | 52,923 | 85,586 | 69,020 | 16,523 |
| 115,170 | 112,989 | 20,229 | 40,544 | 22,038 | 3,612 |
| 75,846 | 82,598 | 4,382 | 22,189 | 45,178 | 3,344 |
| 6,388 | 1,586 | | | | |
| 197,404 | 197,173 | 24,611 | 62,733 | 67,216 | 6,956 |
| 23,382 | (56,521) | (28,312) | (22,853) | (1,804) | (9,567) |
| | | | | | |
| 58,684 | 10,226 | 5,483 | 19,103 | 1,101 | 1,374 |
| 53,273 | 96,191 | 18,057 | 27,669 | 15,805 | 6,450 |
| 977 | 49,582 | 22,710 | 16,285 | 11,847 | 3,205 |
| 112,934 | 155,999 | 46,250 | 63,057 | 28,753 | 11,029 |
| | | | | | |
| 9,011 | | | 427 | | |
| 145,327 | 99,478 | 17,938 | 40,631 | 26,949 | 1,462 |
| 317,662 | 231,581 | 54,354 | 64,688 | 88,330 | 15,268 |
| \$ 462,989 | \$ 331,059 | \$ 72,292 | \$ 105,319 | \$ 115,279 | \$ 16,730 |

STATE OF OHIO

COMBINING STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES
NONMAJOR DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNITS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021 (dollars in thousands)

| Express S | EXPENSES: | COLUMBUS STATE COMMUNITY COLLEGE | CLARK STATE COMMUNITY COLLEGE | EDISON STATE COMMUNITY COLLEGE | |
|---|---|---|-------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|--|
| Education and General: | | ¢ | ¢ | ¢ | |
| Education and General: | | 5 — | 5 — | > — | |
| Instruction and Departmental Research. 79,168 13,983 6,897 Separately Budgeted Research. - - - | | _ | _ | _ | |
| Separately Budgeted Research | | 70 168 | 13 083 | 6 807 | |
| Public Service. 27,017 1,728 231 Academic Support. 7,835 930 474 Student Services. 16,485 4,600 1,091 Institutional Support. 37,378 7,002 5,678 Operation and Maintenance of Plant. 16,746 3,282 1,070 Scholarships and Fellowships. 13,264 4,882 1,994 Auxiliary Enterprises. 8,171 1,066 7 Hospitials. Interest on Long-Term Debt. 2,770 368 62 Depreciation. 9,296 2,000 1,189 Other. 24 848 TOTAL EXPENSES. 218,154 40,689 18,693 PROGRAM REVENUES: 125,064 10,312 6,399 Operating Grants, Contributions 3 17,287 18,116 1,301 Capital Grants, Contributions TOTAL PROGRAM REVENUES. 142,351 28,428 7,700 NET PROGRAM (EXPENSE) REVENUE (75,803) (12,261) (10,993) GENERAL REVENUES: 11,414 6,065 TOTAL GENERAL REVENUES. 95,983 22,291 16,287 ADDITIONS (DEDUCTIONS) TO ENDOWMENTS AND PERMANENT FUND PRINCIPAL - 274 - CHANGE IN NET POSITION. 20,180 10,304 5,294 NET POSITION (DEFICITS), JULY 1 (as restated) 121,392 42,643 11,320 | | 79,700 | 75,905 | 0,097 | |
| Academic Support. 7,835 930 474 Student Services. 16,485 4,600 1,091 Institutional Support. 37,378 7,002 5,678 Operation and Maintenance of Plant. 16,746 3,282 1,070 Scholarships and Fellowships. 13,264 4,882 1,994 Auxiliary Enterprises. 8,171 1,066 7 Hospitals. — — — — — — Interest on Long-Term Debt. 2,770 368 62 Depreciation. 9,296 2,000 1,189 Other. 24 848 — — TOTAL EXPENSES. 218,154 40,689 18,693 PROGRAM REVENUES: 125,064 10,312 6,399 Operating Grants, Contributions 3 17,287 18,116 1,301 Capital Grants, Contributions and Restricted Investment Income. — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — | | 27 017 | 1 728 | 231 | |
| Student Services. 16,485 4,600 1,091 Institutional Support. 37,378 7,002 5,678 Operation and Maintenance of Plant. 16,746 3,282 1,070 Scholarships and Fellowships. 13,264 4,882 1,994 Auxiliary Enterprises. 8,171 1,066 7 Hospitals. — — — Interest on Long-Term Debt. 2,770 368 62 Depreciation. 9,296 2,000 1,189 Other. 24 848 — TOTAL EXPENSES. 218,154 40,689 18,693 PROGRAM REVENUES: 218,154 40,689 18,693 PROGRAM REVENUES: 125,064 10,312 6,399 Operating Grants, Contributions 3 17,287 18,116 1,301 Capital Grants, Contributions 3 11,287 18,116 1,301 Capital Grants, Contributions 3 142,351 28,428 7,700 NET PROGRAM (EXPENSE) REVENUES. 142,351 | | , | , | | |
| Institutional Support | • • | * | | | |
| Operation and Maintenance of Plant. 16,746 3,282 1,070 Scholarships and Fellowships. 13,264 4,882 1,994 Auxiliary Enterprises. 8,171 1,066 7 Hospitals. — — — — Interest on Long-Term Debt. 2,770 368 62 Depreciation. 9,296 2,000 1,189 Other. 24 848 — TOTAL EXPENSES. 218,154 40,689 18,693 PROGRAM REVENUES: 218,154 40,689 18,693 PROGRAM GEVENUES: 125,064 10,312 6,399 Operating Grants, Contributions and Restricted Investment Income. 17,287 18,116 1,301 Capital Grants, Contributions and Restricted Investment Income. — — — — TOTAL PROGRAM REVENUES: 142,351 28,428 7,700 NET PROGRAM (EXPENSE) REVENUE (75,803) (12,261) (10,993) GENERAL REVENUES: 11,414 — 6,065 State Assistance | | | , | , | |
| Scholarships and Fellowships 13,264 4,882 1,994 Auxiliary Enterprises 8,171 1,066 7 Hospitals — — — Interest on Long-Term Debt 2,770 368 62 Depreciation 9,296 2,000 1,189 Other 24 848 — TOTAL EXPENSES 218,154 40,689 18,693 PROGRAM REVENUES: 2218,154 40,689 18,693 PROGRAM REVENUES: 125,064 10,312 6,399 Operating Grants, Contributions and Restricted Investment Income 17,287 18,116 1,301 Capital Grants, Contributions and Restricted Investment Income — — — TOTAL PROGRAM REVENUES 142,351 28,428 7,700 NET PROGRAM (EXPENSE) REVENUE (75,803) (12,261) (10,993) GENERAL REVENUES: 2,922 5,259 6 State Assistance 81,647 17,032 10,216 Other 11,414 — 6,065 TOTAL GENERAL REVENUES 95,983 22,291 16,287 <td>• •</td> <td>*</td> <td>*</td> <td>*</td> | • • | * | * | * | |
| Auxiliary Enterprises 8,171 1,066 7 Hospitals - - - - Interest on Long-Term Debt. 2,770 368 62 Depreciation 9,296 2,000 1,189 Other 24 848 - TOTAL EXPENSES 218,154 40,689 18,693 PROGRAM REVENUES: 125,064 10,312 6,399 Operating Grants, Contributions 3 17,287 18,116 1,301 Capital Grants, Contributions 3 17,287 18,116 1,301 Capital Grants, Contributions - - - - - and Restricted Investment Income - | , | , | , | | |
| Hospitals | • | * | * | * | |
| Interest on Long-Term Debt. 2,770 368 62 Depreciation. 9,296 2,000 1,189 Other. 24 848 — TOTAL EXPENSES. 218,154 40,689 18,693 PROGRAM REVENUES: 218,154 40,689 18,693 PROGRAM REVENUES: 125,064 10,312 6,399 Operating Grants, Contributions 3 18,116 1,301 Capital Grants, Contributions 17,287 18,116 1,301 Capital Grants, Contributions - - - - and Restricted Investment Income - - - - - TOTAL PROGRAM REVENUES 142,351 28,428 7,700 NET PROGRAM (EXPENSE) REVENUE (75,803) (12,261) (10,993) GENERAL REVENUES: 2,922 5,259 6 5 State Assistance 81,647 17,032 10,216 Other. 11,414 — 6,065 Other. 11,414 — 6,065 TOTAL GENERAL REVENUES 95,983 | · | | | | |
| Depreciation 9,296 (ther | • | 2.770 | 368 | 62 | |
| Other 24 848 — TOTAL EXPENSES 218,154 40,689 18,693 PROGRAM REVENUES: Charges for Services, Fees, Fines and Forfeitures 125,064 10,312 6,399 Operating Grants, Contributions and Restricted Investment Income 17,287 18,116 1,301 Capital Grants, Contributions and Restricted Investment Income — — — TOTAL PROGRAM REVENUES 142,351 28,428 7,700 NET PROGRAM (EXPENSE) REVENUE (75,803) (12,261) (10,993) GENERAL REVENUES: Unrestricted Investment Income 2,922 5,259 6 State Assistance 81,647 17,032 10,216 Other 11,414 — 6,065 TOTAL GENERAL REVENUES 95,983 22,291 16,287 ADDITIONS (DEDUCTIONS) TO ENDOWMENTS AND PERMANENT FUND PRINCIPAL — 274 — CHANGE IN NET POSITION. 20,180 10,304 5,294 NET POSITION (DEFICITS), JULY 1 (as restated) 121,392 42,643 11,320 | • | , | 2.000 | | |
| TOTAL EXPENSES 218,154 40,689 18,693 PROGRAM REVENUES: Charges for Services, Fees, Fines and Forfeitures 125,064 10,312 6,399 Operating Grants, Contributions and Restricted Investment Income 17,287 18,116 1,301 Capital Grants, Contributions and Restricted Investment Income — — — TOTAL PROGRAM REVENUES 142,351 28,428 7,700 NET PROGRAM (EXPENSE) REVENUE (75,803) (12,261) (10,993) GENERAL REVENUES: Unrestricted Investment Income 2,922 5,259 6 State Assistance 81,647 17,032 10,216 Other 11,414 — 6,065 TOTAL GENERAL REVENUES 95,983 22,291 16,287 ADDITIONS (DEDUCTIONS) TO ENDOWMENTS — 274 — AND PERMANENT FUND PRINCIPAL — 274 — CHANGE IN NET POSITION 20,180 10,304 5,294 NET POSITION (DEFICITS), JULY 1 (as restated) 121,392 42,643 11,320 | • | , | , | _ | |
| Charges for Services, Fees, Fines and Forfeitures. 125,064 10,312 6,399 Operating Grants, Contributions and Restricted Investment Income. 17,287 18,116 1,301 Capital Grants, Contributions and Restricted Investment Income. — 0 — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — <td>TOTAL EXPENSES</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>18,693</td> | TOTAL EXPENSES | | | 18,693 | |
| Charges for Services, Fees, Fines and Forfeitures. 125,064 10,312 6,399 Operating Grants, Contributions and Restricted Investment Income. 17,287 18,116 1,301 Capital Grants, Contributions and Restricted Investment Income. — 0 — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> | | | | | |
| Operating Grants, Contributions and Restricted Investment Income | | | | | |
| and Restricted Investment Income. 17,287 18,116 1,301 Capital Grants, Contributions and Restricted Investment Income. — — — — TOTAL PROGRAM REVENUES. 142,351 28,428 7,700 NET PROGRAM (EXPENSE) REVENUE (75,803) (12,261) (10,993) GENERAL REVENUES: Unrestricted Investment Income. 2,922 5,259 6 State Assistance. 81,647 17,032 10,216 Other. 11,414 — 6,065 TOTAL GENERAL REVENUES. 95,983 22,291 16,287 ADDITIONS (DEDUCTIONS) TO ENDOWMENTS AND PERMANENT FUND PRINCIPAL — 274 — CHANGE IN NET POSITION. 20,180 10,304 5,294 NET POSITION (DEFICITS), JULY 1 (as restated) 121,392 42,643 11,320 | | 125,064 | 10,312 | 6,399 | |
| Capital Grants, Contributions and Restricted Investment Income | 1 5 | | | | |
| And Restricted Investment Income | | 17,287 | 18,116 | 1,301 | |
| TOTAL PROGRAM REVENUES. 142,351 28,428 7,700 NET PROGRAM (EXPENSE) REVENUE (75,803) (12,261) (10,993) GENERAL REVENUES: Unrestricted Investment Income. 2,922 5,259 6 State Assistance. 81,647 17,032 10,216 Other. 11,414 — 6,065 TOTAL GENERAL REVENUES. 95,983 22,291 16,287 ADDITIONS (DEDUCTIONS) TO ENDOWMENTS AND PERMANENT FUND PRINCIPAL — 274 — CHANGE IN NET POSITION. 20,180 10,304 5,294 NET POSITION (DEFICITS), JULY 1 (as restated). 121,392 42,643 11,320 | • | | | | |
| NET PROGRAM (EXPENSE) REVENUE (75,803) (12,261) (10,993) GENERAL REVENUES: Unrestricted Investment Income 2,922 5,259 6 State Assistance 81,647 17,032 10,216 Other 11,414 — 6,065 TOTAL GENERAL REVENUES 95,983 22,291 16,287 ADDITIONS (DEDUCTIONS) TO ENDOWMENTS — 274 — CHANGE IN NET POSITION 20,180 10,304 5,294 NET POSITION (DEFICITS), JULY 1 (as restated) 121,392 42,643 11,320 | and Restricted Investment Income | | | | |
| GENERAL REVENUES: Unrestricted Investment Income. 2,922 5,259 6 State Assistance. 81,647 17,032 10,216 Other. 11,414 — 6,065 TOTAL GENERAL REVENUES. 95,983 22,291 16,287 ADDITIONS (DEDUCTIONS) TO ENDOWMENTS — 274 — AND PERMANENT FUND PRINCIPAL — 274 — CHANGE IN NET POSITION. 20,180 10,304 5,294 NET POSITION (DEFICITS), JULY 1 (as restated) 121,392 42,643 11,320 | TOTAL PROGRAM REVENUES | 142,351 | 28,428 | 7,700 | |
| Unrestricted Investment Income 2,922 5,259 6 State Assistance 81,647 17,032 10,216 Other 11,414 — 6,065 TOTAL GENERAL REVENUES 95,983 22,291 16,287 ADDITIONS (DEDUCTIONS) TO ENDOWMENTS AND PERMANENT FUND PRINCIPAL — 274 — CHANGE IN NET POSITION 20,180 10,304 5,294 NET POSITION (DEFICITS), JULY 1 (as restated) 121,392 42,643 11,320 | NET PROGRAM (EXPENSE) REVENUE | (75,803) | (12,261) | (10,993) | |
| Unrestricted Investment Income 2,922 5,259 6 State Assistance 81,647 17,032 10,216 Other 11,414 — 6,065 TOTAL GENERAL REVENUES 95,983 22,291 16,287 ADDITIONS (DEDUCTIONS) TO ENDOWMENTS AND PERMANENT FUND PRINCIPAL — 274 — CHANGE IN NET POSITION 20,180 10,304 5,294 NET POSITION (DEFICITS), JULY 1 (as restated) 121,392 42,643 11,320 | GENERAL REVENUES: | | | | |
| State Assistance 81,647 17,032 10,216 Other 11,414 — 6,065 TOTAL GENERAL REVENUES 95,983 22,291 16,287 ADDITIONS (DEDUCTIONS) TO ENDOWMENTS AND PERMANENT FUND PRINCIPAL — 274 — CHANGE IN NET POSITION 20,180 10,304 5,294 NET POSITION (DEFICITS), JULY 1 (as restated) 121,392 42,643 11,320 | | 2 022 | 5 250 | 6 | |
| Other | | , | , | | |
| TOTAL GENERAL REVENUES | | | 17,052 | , | |
| ADDITIONS (DEDUCTIONS) TO ENDOWMENTS — 274 — AND PERMANENT FUND PRINCIPAL | Ourier | 11,414 | | 0,000 | |
| AND PERMANENT FUND PRINCIPAL — 274 — CHANGE IN NET POSITION 20,180 10,304 5,294 NET POSITION (DEFICITS), JULY 1 (as restated) 121,392 42,643 11,320 | TOTAL GENERAL REVENUES | 95,983 | 22,291 | 16,287 | |
| AND PERMANENT FUND PRINCIPAL — 274 — CHANGE IN NET POSITION 20,180 10,304 5,294 NET POSITION (DEFICITS), JULY 1 (as restated) 121,392 42,643 11,320 | ADDITIONS (DEDUCTIONS) TO ENDOWMENTS | | | | |
| NET POSITION (DEFICITS), JULY 1 (as restated) 121,392 42,643 11,320 | , | | 274 | | |
| <u> </u> | CHANGE IN NET POSITION | 20,180 | 10,304 | 5,294 | |
| NET POSITION (DEFICITS), JUNE 30\$ 141,572 \$ 52,947 \$ 16,614 | NET POSITION (DEFICITS), JULY 1 (as restated) | 121,392 | 42,643 | 11,320 | |
| | NET POSITION (DEFICITS), JUNE 30 | \$ 141,572 | \$ 52,947 | \$ 16,614 | |

| | SOUTHERN STATE COMMUNITY COLLEGE | WASHINGTON STATE COMMUNITY COLLEGE | CINCINNATI STATE COMMUNITY COLLEGE | NORTHWEST STATE COMMUNITY COLLEGE | OWENS STATE COMMUNITY COLLEGE | TOTAL NONMAJOR COMPONENT UNITS |
|----|---|---|---|--|--|---|
| \$ | _ | \$ — | \$ — | \$ — | \$ — | \$ 276,142 |
| | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | 1,660,828 |
| | 3,798 | 4,205 | 22,503 | 17,294 | 29,036 | 1,908,470 |
| | _ | _ | _ | _ | 266 | 329,749 |
| | 1,385 | _ | 1,706 | 27 | 1,815 | 240,720 |
| | 1,216 | 2,047 | 4,595 | 967 | 2,729 | 445,742 |
| | 2,183 | 1,322 | 3,803 | 2,130 | 5,934 | 273,069 |
| | 1,725 | 3,355 | 18,074 | 6,516 | 15,009 | 633,213 |
| | 1,019 | 1,762 | 5, 359 | 1,018 | 6,838 | 301,002 |
| | 1,484 | 1,273 | 3,560 | 2,486 | 3,008 | 386,484 |
| | 903 | _ | 602 | 1,105 | 526 | 492,418 |
| | - | _ | - | _ | _ | 386,587 |
| | 419 | - | 914 | | | 319,578 |
| | 1,108 | 928 | 3,452 | 1,542 | 6,243 | 664,716 |
| _ | | | 720 | 12 | 83 | (239, 129) |
| _ | 15,240 | 14,892 | 65,288 | 33,097 | 71,487 | 8,079,589 |
| | | | | | | |
| | 5,276 | 3,739 | 17,493 | 14,097 | 27,705 | 5,678,650 |
| | 2,491 | 6,511 | 33, 266 | 6,656 | 4,620 | 1,430,516 |
| | | | | | | 30,029 |
| | 7,767 | 10,250 | 50,759 | 20,753 | 32,325 | 7,139,195 |
| _ | (7,473) | (4,642) | (14,529) | (12,344) | (39,162) | (940,394) |
| | | | | | | |
| | 577 | 494 | 2,901 | 1,598 | 1,066 | 1,163,450 |
| | 11,334 | 6,617 | 31,973 | 11,503 | 28,477 | 1,531,000 |
| | 4,308 | 298 | 8,452 | <u> </u> | 21,885 | 826,611 |
| | 16,219 | 7,409 | 43,326 | 13,101 | 51,428 | 3,521,061 |
| | | | | | | |
| | _ | _ | _ | _ | 331 | 69,683 |
| | 8,746 | 2,767 | 28,797 | 757 | 12,597 | 2,650,350 |
| | 3,879 | 14,752 | 5,517 | 14,342 | 50,898 | 8,396,254 |
| \$ | 12,625 | \$ 17,519 | \$ 34,314 | \$ 15,099 | \$ 63,495 | \$ 11,046,604 |

BALANCE SHEET OHIO FACILITIES CONSTRUCTION COMMISSION DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNIT JUNE 30, 2021 (dollars in thousands)

| | OHIO FACILITIES CONSTRUCTION COMMISSION | | |
|--|---|-------------|--|
| ASSETS: | | | |
| Cash Equity with Treasurer | \$ | 359,134 | |
| Investments | • | 2,514 | |
| Collateral on Lent Securities | | 79,991 | |
| TOTAL ASSETS | \$ | 441,639 | |
| LIABILITIES: | | | |
| Accounts Payable | \$ | 3,281 | |
| Accrued Liabilities | | 271 | |
| Obligations Under Securities Lending | | 79,991 | |
| Intergovernmental Payable | | 375,215 | |
| Refund and Other Liabilities | | 2,514 | |
| TOTAL LIABILITIES | | 461,272 | |
| DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES | | 3,104,058 | |
| FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS): | | | |
| Restricted for: | | | |
| Community and Economic Development | | 6,950 | |
| Unassigned | | (3,130,641) | |
| TOTAL FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS) | | (3,123,691) | |
| TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF | | | |
| RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES | \$ | 441,639 | |

RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION OHIO FACILITIES CONSTRUCTION COMMISSION DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNIT JUNE 30, 2021 (dollars in thousands)

| | _ | COMMISSION |
|--|----|-------------|
| Total Fund Balances (Deficits) | \$ | (3,123,691) |
| Total net position reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position is different because: | | |
| Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources, and therefore, are not reported in the funds. Those assets consist of: | | |
| Machinery and Equipment, net of \$3,921 accumulated depreciation | | 13 |
| The following liabilities are not due and payable in the current period, and therefore, are not reported in the funds: | | |
| Refund and Other Liabilities-Compensated Absences | | (1,423) |
| Total Net Position (Deficits) | \$ | (3,125,101) |

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OHIO FACILITIES CONSTRUCTION COMMISSION DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNIT FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021 (dollars in thousands)

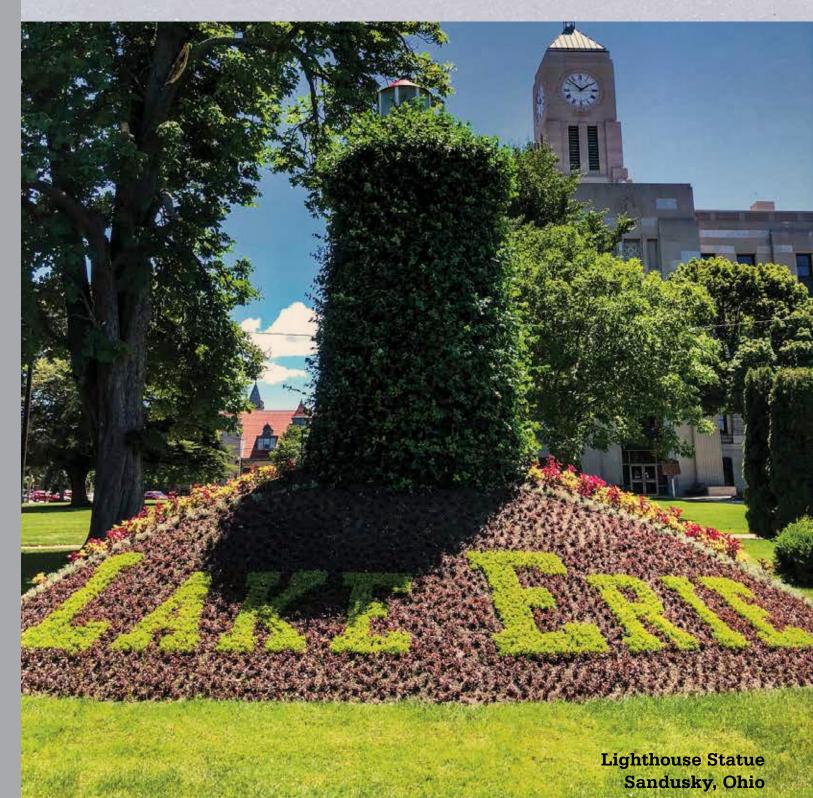
| | OHIO FACILITIES CONSTRUCTION COMMISSION | | |
|--|---|-------------|--|
| REVENUES: | | | |
| State Assistance | \$ | 454,795 | |
| Investment Income | | 1,985 | |
| Other | | 6,019 | |
| TOTAL REVENUES | | 462,799 | |
| EXPENDITURES: | | | |
| CURRENT OPERATING: | | | |
| Primary, Secondary and Other Education | | 5,475 | |
| Community and Economic Development | | 55,195 | |
| TOTAL EXPENDITURES | | 60,670 | |
| NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES | | 402,129 | |
| FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS), JULY 1 | | (3,525,820) | |
| FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS), JUNE 30 | \$ | (3,123,691) | |

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES OHIO FACILITIES CONSTRUCTION COMMISSION DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNIT FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021 (dollars in thousands)

| | CON | O FACILITIES ISTRUCTION OMMISSION |
|---|-----|---|
| Net Change in Fund Balances | \$ | 402,129 |
| The change in net position reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities is different because: | | |
| Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlays were in excess/deficient over depreciation in the current period. | | |
| Depreciation Expense | | (2) |
| Expenses for compensated absences reported in the Statement of Activities are not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds. | | (200) |
| Change in Net Position | \$ | 401,927 |



Statistical Section





STATISTICAL SECTION

This section of the State of Ohio's Annual Comprehensive Financial Report presents detailed information as a context for understanding the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information.

| | Pages |
|---|---------|
| Financial Trends | 280-293 |
| These schedules contain trend information to assist the reader in understanding how the State's financial performance and condition have changed over time. | |
| Revenue Capacity | 294-307 |
| These schedules contain information to assist the reader in assessing the State's two most significant own-source revenues: income taxes and sales taxes. | |
| Debt Capacity | 308-315 |
| These schedules present information to assist the reader in assessing the affordability of the State's current levels of outstanding debt and its ability to issue additional debt in the future. | |
| Economic and Demographic Information | 316-319 |
| These schedules offer economic and demographic indicators to assist the reader in understanding the environment within which the State's financial activities take place. | |
| Operating Information | 320-327 |
| These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to assist the reader in understanding how the information in the State's financial report relates to the services the State provides and to the activities it performs. | |

Source:

Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the annual comprehensive financial reports for the relevant year.

NET POSITION BY COMPONENT FOR THE LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(accrual basis of accounting) (dollars in thousands)

| | 2021 | 2020 | 2019 | 2018 |
|--|----------------------|---------------|---------------|---------------------|
| GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES: | | | | |
| Net Investment in Capital Assets | \$ 25,297,331 | \$ 24,838,706 | \$ 24,458,022 | \$ 24,363,007 |
| Restricted for: | | | | |
| Primary, Secondary and Other Education | | 101,891 | 133,130 | 139,583 |
| Higher Education Support | 76,044 | 7,710 | 14,444 | 23,579 |
| Public Assistance and Medicaid | 442,377 | 419,930 | 459,789 | 500,747 |
| Health and Human Services | 487,403 | 192,898 | 126,724 | 116,726 |
| Justice and Public Protection | 166,156 | 99,642 | 38,126 | 159,884 |
| Environmental Protection and Natural Resources | 417,404 | 339,004 | 359,593 | 275,626 |
| Transportation | 2,849,466 | 2,421,542 | 1,919,480 | 2,534,052 |
| General Government | 280,968 | 245,143 | 218,522 | 277,782 |
| Community and Economic Development | 1,049,749 | 855,297 | 659,085 | 529,084 |
| Total Restricted Net Position | 5,905,280 | 4,683,057 | 3,928,893 | 4,557,063 |
| Unrestricted | (5,376,159) | (10,968,244) | (11,132,056) | (12,787,140) |
| TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES NET POSITION | \$ 25,826,452 | \$ 18,553,519 | \$ 17,254,859 | \$ 16,132,930 |
| | | | | |
| BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES: | | | | |
| Net Investment in Capital Assets | \$ 91,810 | \$ 111,342 | \$ 134,728 | \$ 162,367 |
| Restricted for: | | | | |
| Workers' Compensation | 9,275,737 | 11,466,770 | 11,178,867 | 9,791,094 |
| Lottery Prizes | 91,013 | 99,467 | 57,181 | 27,954 |
| Unemployment Compensation | _ | _ | 1,303,856 | 974,990 |
| Tuition Trust Authority | 114,227 | 108,561 | 105,906 | 97,366 |
| Total Restricted Net Position | 9,480,977 | 11,674,798 | 12,645,810 | 10,891,404 |
| Unrestricted | (774,386) | (146,253) | 78,530 | 64,432 |
| TOTAL BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES NET POSITION | \$ 8,798,401 | \$ 11,639,887 | \$ 12,859,068 | \$ 11,118,203 |
| | | | | |
| PRIMARY GOVERNMENT: | Ф о <u>г</u> ооо 444 | Ф 04.050.040 | Ф 04 F00 750 | A 04 505 074 |
| Net Investment in Capital Assets | | \$ 24,950,048 | \$ 24,592,750 | \$ 24,525,374 |
| Restricted | 15,386,257 | 16,357,855 | 16,574,703 | 15,448,467 |
| Unrestricted | (6,150,545) | (11,114,497) | (11,053,526) | (12,722,708) |
| TOTAL PRIMARY GOVERNMENT NET POSITION | \$ 34,624,853 | \$ 30,193,406 | \$ 30,113,927 | \$ 27,251,133 |
| | | | | |

Source:

Ohio Office of Budget and Management

Note:

When practical or material, net position reported on the above table has been restated for prior period adjustments, corrections, and reclassifications. However, restatements do not include changes in reporting entity. For comparative purposes, however, the effects of such adjustments and corrections on the revenue and expense activity reported for the applicable fiscal years on the "Changes in Net Position" table may not have been determined for presentation on that table.

| 2017 | 2016 | 2015 | 2014 | 2013 | | 2012 | |
|------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|------|-------------|------|-------------|
| | | | | | | | |
| \$ 24,140,366 | \$ 23,925,328 | \$ 23,396,447 | \$ 22,627,911 | \$ | 22,489,929 | \$ | 22,147,262 |
| 95,110 | 148,740 | 110,978 | 137,427 | | 236,391 | | 129,353 |
| 25,999 | 26,255 | 25,974 | 26,320 | | _ | | _ |
| 736,002 | 810,132 | 746,730 | 508,588 | | 535,410 | | 219,153 |
| 143,264 | 103,534 | 81,982 | 54,834 | | 100,424 | | 101,056 |
| 160,990 | 132,257 | 122,305 | 30,570 | | 42,623 | | 29,516 |
| 191,591 | 199,490 | 199,409 | 160,607 | | 147,955 | | 148,200 |
| 3,369,425 | 3,191,913 | 3,370,828 | 3,238,716 | | 3,064,127 | | 2,613,620 |
| 266,681 | 169,286 | 200,748 | 133,877 | | 131,823 | | 93,089 |
| 424,992 | 329,909 | 243,166 | 164,784 | | 250,797 | | 245,631 |
| 5,414,054 | 5,111,516 | 5,102,120 | 4,455,723 | | 4,509,550 | | 3,579,618 |
| (10,571,925) | (9,089,117) | (9,180,751) | (5,828,679) | | (5,784,139) | | (7,128,873) |
| \$ 18,982,495 | \$ 19,947,727 | \$ 19,317,816 | \$ 21,254,955 | \$ | 21,215,340 | \$ | 18,598,007 |
| | | | | | | | |
| \$ 176,237 | \$ 186,037 | \$ 159,466 | \$ 129,804 | \$ | 92,290 | \$ | 67,331 |
| 9,603,996 | 8,596,001 | 9,125,985 | 9,334,215 | | 6,690,414 | | 7,760,634 |
| 46,998 | 77,464 | 66,332 | 73,751 | | 85,085 | | 123,724 |
| 644,872 | 315,980 | _ | _ | | _ | | _ |
| 97,985 | 74,559 | 89,896 | 73,631 | | 39,379 | | _ |
| 10,393,851 | 9,064,004 | 9,282,213 | 9,481,597 | | 6,814,878 | | 7,884,358 |
| 154,915 | 131,660 | (163,314) | (670,679) | | (1,085,302) | | (1,383,125) |
| \$ 10,725,003 | \$ 9,381,701 | \$ 9,278,365 | \$ 8,940,722 | \$ | 5,821,866 | \$ | 6,568,564 |
| | | | | | | | |
| \$ 24,316,603 | \$ 24,111,365 | \$ 23,555,913 | \$ 22,757,715 | \$ | 22,582,219 | \$ | 22,214,593 |
| 15,807,905 | 14,175,520 | 14,384,333 | 13,937,320 | | 11,324,428 | | 11,463,976 |
| (10,417,010) | (8,957,457) | (9,344,065) | (6,499,358) | | (6,869,441) | | (8,511,998) |
| \$ 29,707,498 | \$ 29,329,428 | \$ 28,596,181 | \$ 30,195,677 | \$ | 27,037,206 | \$ | 25,166,571 |
| | | | | | | | |

CHANGES IN NET POSITION

FOR THE LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(accrual basis of accounting) (dollars in thousands)

| | | 2021 | | 2020 | | 2019 |
|---|----|------------------------|----|------------------------|----|------------------------|
| EXPENSES: | | | | | | |
| GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES: | • | | _ | | _ | |
| Primary, Secondary and Other Education | \$ | 14,679,666 | \$ | 13,500,953 | \$ | 13,115,806 |
| Higher Education Support | | 3,008,618 | | 2,696,257 | | 2,731,166 |
| Public Assistance and Medicaid Health and Human Services | | 37,646,142 | | 32,728,623 | | 30,187,506 |
| Justice and Public Protection | | 1,898,068 | | 1,922,794 | | 1,926,151 |
| Environmental Protection and Natural Resources | | 3,303,035 457,657 | | 4,213,200 505,950 | | 4,383,344 557,249 |
| | | 2,565,694 | | 2,661,529 | | 2,715,640 |
| Transportation | | | | | | 1,223,453 |
| General Government Community and Economic Development | | 2,085,214 4,003,838 | | 1,331,397 3,498,595 | | 3,386,936 |
| Interest on Long-Term Debt | | 4,003,636 | | 3,490,393 | | 3,300,930 |
| (excludes interest charged as program expense) | | 91,499 | | 98,824 | | 102,143 |
| TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES EXPENSES | | 69,739,431 | | 63,158,122 | | 60,329,394 |
| BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES: | | 09,739,431 | | 03,130,122 | | 00,329,394 |
| Workers' Compensation | | 6,845,396 | | 2,772,348 | | 2,113,612 |
| Lottery Commission | | 4,091,517 | | 3,209,778 | | 3,242,547 |
| Unemployment Compensation | | 14,539,576 | | 9,765,240 | | 841,040 |
| Ohio Building Authority | | 14,559,570 | | 9,705,240 | | 041,040 |
| Tuition Trust Authority | | 31,902 | | 44,813 | | 50,778 |
| Liquor Control | | 31,302 | | | | 50,770 |
| Office of Auditor of State | | 41,946 | | 95,221 | | 102,347 |
| TOTAL BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES EXPENSES | | 25,550,337 | | 15,887,400 | | 6,350,324 |
| TOTAL PRIMARY GOVERNMENT EXPENSES | \$ | 95,289,768 | \$ | 79,045,522 | \$ | 66,679,718 |
| PROGRAM REVENUES: | | | | | | |
| GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES: | | | | | | |
| Charges for Services, Fees, Fines and Forfeitures: | | | | | | |
| Public Assistance and Medicaid | \$ | 3,516,188 | \$ | 2,887,667 | \$ | 2,663,006 |
| Justice and Public Protection | · | 1,197,262 | · | 1,091,454 | | 1,125,871 |
| General Government | | 662,303 | | 438,463 | | 500,983 |
| Community and Economic Development | | 465,365 | | 447,166 | | 402,064 |
| Other Activities | | 668,264 | | 639,319 | | 591,294 |
| Operating Grants, Contributions | | 000,20 | | 000,0.0 | | 001,201 |
| and Restricted Investment Income/(Loss) | | 36,859,973 | | 28,234,460 | | 25,555,901 |
| Capital Grants, Contributions | | 00,000,010 | | 20,201,100 | | 20,000,001 |
| and Restricted Investment Income/(Loss) | | 1,485,791 | | 1,509,920 | | 1,481,791 |
| TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES | | ,, - | | ,,- | | , - , - |
| PROGRAM REVENUES | | 44 OEE 446 | | 25 249 440 | | 22 220 040 |
| | | 44,855,146 | | 35,248,449 | | 32,320,910 |
| BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES: | | | | | | |
| Charges for Services, Fees, Fines and Forfeitures: Workers' Compensation | | 1,176,954 | | 1 257 420 | | 1 200 905 |
| Lottery Commission | | 5,515,487 | | 1,257,429 4,294,220 | | 1,299,895 4,423,668 |
| Unemployment Compensation | | 1,264,495 | | 1,162,361 | | 1,154,235 |
| | | 1,204,495 | | 1,102,301 | | 1,154,255 |
| Liquor Control Other Activities | | 51,552 | | 52,382 | | 51,387 |
| Operating Grants, Contributions | | 31,332 | | 32,302 | | 31,307 |
| and Restricted Investment Income/(Loss) | | 16,042,228 | | 9,011,299 | | 2,303,277 |
| TOTAL BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES | | 10,072,220 | | 0,011,209 | | 2,000,211 |
| PROGRAM REVENUES | | 24,050,716 | | 15,777,691 | | 9,232,462 |
| TOTAL PRIMARY GOVERNMENT | | 27,000,710 | | 13,111,031 | | 3,232,402 |
| PROGRAM REVENUES | \$ | 68,905,862 | \$ | 51,026,140 | \$ | 41,553,372 |
| | | | _ | | - | |

| \$ 13,244,868 \$ 13,227,781 \$ 12,728,780 \$ 12,767,328 \$ 12,287,325 \$ 11,461,600 \$ 12,340,848 \$ 2,771,493 \$ 2,760,035 \$ 2,603,480 \$ 2,536,850 \$ 2,474,851 \$ 2,403,149 \$ 2,348,154 \$ 3,046,468 \$ 29,873,408 \$ 29,103,304 \$ 28,265,942 \$ 25,289,157 \$ 1,624,298 \$ 21,206,515 \$ 1,774,164 \$ 1,636,753 \$ 1,665,750 \$ 1,576,168 \$ 1,579,168 \$ 3,587,349 \$ 3,853,349 \$ 3,867,788 \$ 571,532 \$ 586,001 \$ 507,889 \$ 419,539 \$ 437,279 \$ 2,598,688 \$ 2,860,338 \$ 2,602,708 \$ 2,606,362 \$ 2,706,248 \$ 2,657,961 \$ 2,564,702 \$ 951,063 \$ 946,923 \$ 946,796 \$ 291,426 \$ 835,785 \$ 921,536 \$ 599,639 \$ 3,458,487 \$ 3,256,685 \$ 3,353,689 \$ 3,518,678 \$ 3,448,735 \$ 3,510,004 \$ 3,867,888 \$ 97,799 \$ 94,290 \$ 99,819 \$ 102,980 \$ 103,283 \$ 114,859 \$ 118,902 \$ 59,559,677 \$ 59,111,551 \$ 57,271,182 \$ 56,068,605 \$ 52,523,416 \$ 49,771,278 \$ 50,492,666 \$ 2,2724,306 \$ 2,214,26 \$ 2,214,26 \$ 2,214,279 \$ 2,419,185 \$ 3,322,700 \$ 2,533,883 \$ 2,417,674 \$ 3,428,869 \$ 1,946,190 \$ 2,206,860 \$ 985,624 \$ 1,021,152 \$ 1,034,060 \$ 1,444,870 \$ 1,976,518 \$ 2,764,835 \$ 2,743,851 \$ 2,744 | | 2018 | | 2017 | | 2016 | | 2015 | 2014 | | 2013 | | 2012 |
|---|----|------------|----|------------|----|------------|----|------------|------------------|----|------------|----|------------|
| 2,771,493 2,760,035 2,691,03304 2,826,549 2,826,840 2,82 | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 2,771,493 2,760,035 2,691,03304 2,826,549 2,826,840 2,82 | \$ | 13,244,868 | \$ | 13,227,781 | \$ | 12,728,780 | \$ | 12,767,328 | \$ 12,287,325 | \$ | 11,461,600 | \$ | 12,340,848 |
| 1,744,243 | · | | · | | · | | · | | | · | | · | |
| 3,670,780 3,883,836 3,587,845 3,210,965 3,385,337 3,136,239 3,202,970 667,788 571,532 586,001 507,889 419,539 437,297 407,379 2,598,688 2,680,338 2,602,788 2,660,362 2,706,248 2,687,961 2,564,702 951,063 946,923 948,796 921,426 835,785 921,636 599,639 97,799 94,290 99,819 102,980 103,283 114,859 118,902 59,559,677 59,111,551 57,271,182 56,068,605 52,523,416 49,771,278 50,492,366 2,227,977 2,419,185 3,322,700 2,533,883 2,417,674 3,428,859 1,945,190 3,022,690 2,882,887 2,866,920 2,724,306 2,310,169 2,100,887 2,001,671 929,460 985,624 1,021,152 1,034,060 1,444,870 1,976,518 2,754,835 97,115 63,711 67,335 71,801 72,215 80,560 80,157 81,574 | | 30,454,468 | | 29,873,408 | | 29,103,304 | | 28,265,942 | 25,283,157 | | 21,624,298 | | 21,206,515 |
| 567,788 571,532 586,001 507,889 419,539 437,297 407,379 2,586,888 2,860,338 2,660,708 2,660,362 2,766,248 2,657,961 2,564,702 951,063 946,923 948,796 921,426 835,785 921,836 599,639 3,488,487 3,256,665 3,353,699 3,518,678 3,448,735 3,510,004 3,867,888 97,799 94,290 99,819 102,980 103,283 114,859 118,902 59,559,677 59,111,551 57,271,182 56,068,605 52,523,416 49,771,278 50,492,366 2,227,977 2,419,185 3,322,700 2,533,883 2,417,674 3,428,659 1,945,190 3,022,600 2,828,287 2,866,920 2,724,306 2,310,169 2,100,887 2,001,671 929,460 985,624 1,021,152 1,034,060 1,444,870 1,976,518 2,754,835 57,155 63,711 67,385 71,801 72,215 80,560 80,157 51,54< | | 1,744,243 | | 1,636,753 | | 1,656,750 | | 1,576,185 | 1,579,156 | | 3,504,235 | | 3,835,369 |
| 2,538,688 | | 3,670,780 | | 3,883,836 | | 3,587,845 | | 3,210,965 | 3,385,337 | | 3,136,239 | | 3,202,970 |
| 951,063 946,923 948,796 921,426 835,785 921,636 599,639 3,485,487 3,256,655 3,353,699 3,518,678 3,448,735 3,510,004 3,867,888 97,799 94,290 99,819 102,980 103,283 114,859 118,902 59,559,677 59,111,551 57,271,182 56,068,605 52,523,416 49,771,278 50,492,366 2,227,977 2,419,185 3,322,700 2,533,883 2,417,674 3,426,859 1,945,190 3,022,690 2,882,887 2,866,920 2,724,306 2,310,169 2,100,887 2,001,671 929,460 985,624 1,021,152 1,034,060 1,444,870 1,976,518 2,754,835 1 | | 567,788 | | 571,532 | | 586,001 | | 507,889 | 419,539 | | 437,297 | | 407,379 |
| 951,063 946,923 948,796 921,426 835,785 921,636 599,639 3,485,487 3,256,655 3,353,699 3,518,678 3,448,735 3,510,004 3,867,888 97,799 94,290 99,819 102,980 103,283 114,859 118,902 59,559,677 59,111,551 57,271,182 56,068,605 52,523,416 49,771,278 50,492,366 2,227,977 2,419,185 3,322,700 2,533,883 2,417,674 3,426,859 1,945,190 3,022,690 2,882,887 2,866,920 2,724,306 2,310,169 2,100,887 2,001,671 929,460 985,624 1,021,152 1,034,060 1,444,870 1,976,518 2,754,835 1 | | 2,598,688 | | 2,860,338 | | 2,602,708 | | 2,660,362 | 2,706,248 | | 2,657,961 | | 2,564,702 |
| 97,799 94,290 99,819 102,980 103,283 114,859 118,902 59,559,677 59,111,551 57,271,182 56,068,605 52,523,416 49,771,278 50,492,366 2,227,977 2,419,185 3,322,700 2,533,883 2,417,674 3,428,859 1,945,190 3,022,690 2,882,887 2,866,920 2,724,306 2,310,169 2,100,867 2,001,671 929,460 985,624 1,021,152 1,034,060 1,444,870 1,976,518 2,754,835 9,7115 63,711 67,385 71,801 72,215 80,560 80,157 8,1574 91,100 76,917 70,032 70,586 65,845 69,183 6,318,816 6,442,507 7,357,074 6,434,082 6,315,514 7,962,878 7,407,775 \$ 65,878,493 \$ 65,554,058 \$ 64,628,256 \$ 62,502,687 \$ 58,838,930 \$ 57,734,156 \$ 57,900,141 \$ 2,680,920 \$ 1,746,969 \$ 1,946,102 \$ 1,438,860 \$ 1,506,096 \$ 1,152,467 \$ 1,289,463< | | 951,063 | | | | | | 921,426 | 835,785 | | 921,636 | | 599,639 |
| 59,559,677 59,111,551 57,271,182 56,068,605 52,523,416 49,771,278 50,492,366 2,227,977 2,419,185 3,322,700 2,533,883 2,417,674 3,428,859 1,945,190 3,022,690 2,882,887 2,866,920 2,724,306 2,310,169 2,100,887 2,001,671 929,460 985,624 1,021,152 1,034,060 1,444,870 1,976,518 2,754,835 57,115 63,711 67,385 71,801 72,215 80,560 80,157 51,574 91,100 78,917 70,032 70,586 65,845 69,183 6,318,816 6,442,507 7,357,074 6,434,082 6,315,514 7,962,878 7,407,775 \$ 65,878,493 \$ 65,554,058 \$ 64,628,256 \$ 62,502,687 \$ 58,838,930 \$ 57,734,156 \$ 57,900,141 \$ 2,680,920 \$ 1,746,969 \$ 1,946,102 \$ 1,438,860 \$ 1,506,096 \$ 1,152,467 \$ 1,289,463 1,129,008 \$ 1,354,111 \$ 1,103,131 1,071,484 1,030,928 1,078,277 | | 3,458,487 | | 3,256,655 | | 3,353,699 | | 3,518,678 | 3,448,735 | | 3,510,004 | | 3,867,888 |
| 2,227,977 2,419,185 3,322,700 2,533,883 2,417,674 3,428,859 1,945,190 3,022,690 2,882,887 2,866,920 2,724,306 2,310,169 2,100,887 2,001,671 929,460 985,624 1,021,152 1,034,060 1,444,870 1,976,518 2,754,835 7,115 63,711 67,385 71,801 72,215 80,560 80,157 81,574 91,100 78,917 70,032 70,556 65,845 69,183 6,318,816 6,442,507 7,357,074 6,434,082 6,315,514 7,962,878 7,407,775 \$ 65,878,493 \$ 65,554,058 \$ 64,628,256 \$ 62,502,687 \$ 58,838,930 \$ 57,734,156 \$ 57,900,141 \$ 2,680,920 \$ 1,746,969 \$ 1,946,102 \$ 1,438,860 \$ 1,506,096 \$ 1,152,467 \$ 1,289,463 1,129,008 1,135,411 1,103,131 1,071,494 1,030,928 1,078,277 943,142 460,910 532,499 567,775 480,796 548,649 418,085 543,699 | | 97,799 | | 94,290 | | 99,819 | | 102,980 | 103,283 | | 114,859 | | 118,902 |
| 3,022,690 2,882,887 2,866,920 2,724,306 2,310,169 2,100,887 2,001,671 929,460 985,624 1,021,152 1,034,060 1,444,870 1,976,518 2,754,835 | | 59,559,677 | | 59,111,551 | | 57,271,182 | | 56,068,605 | 52,523,416 | | 49,771,278 | | 50,492,366 |
| 3,022,690 2,882,887 2,866,920 2,724,306 2,310,169 2,100,887 2,001,671 929,460 985,624 1,021,152 1,034,060 1,444,870 1,976,518 2,754,835 | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 929,460 985,624 1,021,152 1,034,060 1,444,870 1,976,518 2,754,835 57,115 63,711 67,385 71,801 72,215 80,560 80,157 - - - - - - - 310,209 543,729 81,574 91,100 78,917 70,032 70,586 65,845 69,183 6,318,816 6,442,507 7,357,074 6,434,082 6,315,514 7,962,878 7,407,775 \$ 65,878,493 \$ 65,554,058 \$ 64,628,256 \$ 62,502,687 \$ 55,838,930 \$ 57,734,156 \$ 57,900,141 \$ 2,680,920 \$ 1,746,969 \$ 1,946,102 \$ 1,438,860 \$ 1,506,096 \$ 1,152,467 \$ 1,289,463 1,129,008 1,135,411 1,103,131 1,071,484 1,030,928 1,078,277 943,142 460,910 552,489 557,775 480,796 548,649 418,085 543,699 343,546 500,766 571,317 519,685 506,511 594,030 406,022 | | 2,227,977 | | 2,419,185 | | 3,322,700 | | 2,533,883 | 2,417,674 | | 3,428,859 | | 1,945,190 |
| 57,115 63,711 67,385 71,801 72,215 80,560 80,157 81,574 91,100 78,917 70,032 70,586 65,845 69,183 6,318,816 6,442,507 7,357,074 6,434,082 6,315,514 7,962,878 7,407,775 \$ 65,878,493 \$ 65,554,058 \$ 64,628,256 \$ 62,502,687 \$ 58,838,930 \$ 57,734,156 \$ 57,900,141 \$ 2,680,920 \$ 1,746,969 \$ 1,946,102 \$ 1,438,860 \$ 1,506,096 \$ 1,152,467 \$ 1,289,463 \$ 1,129,008 \$ 1,135,411 \$ 1,03,131 \$ 1,071,484 \$ 1,030,928 \$ 1,078,277 \$ 943,142 \$ 400,910 \$ 532,489 \$ 557,775 \$ 480,796 \$ 548,649 \$ 418,085 \$ 543,699 \$ 343,546 \$ 500,766 \$ 71,317 \$ 519,685 \$ 506,511 \$ 594,030 \$ 406,022 \$ 615,324 \$ 641,013 749,346 709,606 \$ 632,883 \$ 950,819 \$ 852,501 \$ 25,162,423 \$ 25,070,684 24,721,794 23,965,473 21,454,316 20,189,7 | | 3,022,690 | | 2,882,887 | | 2,866,920 | | 2,724,306 | 2,310,169 | | 2,100,887 | | 2,001,671 |
| 57,115 63,711 67,385 71,801 72,215 80,560 80,157 81,574 91,100 78,917 70,032 70,586 65,845 69,183 6,318,816 6,442,507 7,357,074 6,434,082 6,315,514 7,962,878 7,407,775 \$ 65,878,493 \$ 65,554,058 \$ 64,628,256 \$ 62,502,687 \$ 58,838,930 \$ 57,734,156 \$ 57,900,141 \$ 2,680,920 \$ 1,746,969 \$ 1,946,102 \$ 1,438,860 \$ 1,506,096 \$ 1,152,467 \$ 1,289,463 \$ 1,129,008 \$ 1,135,411 \$ 1,103,131 \$ 1,071,484 \$ 1,030,928 \$ 1,078,277 943,142 \$ 40,910 \$ 532,489 \$ 57,775 \$ 480,796 \$ 548,649 \$ 418,085 \$ 543,699 \$ 343,546 \$ 500,766 \$ 571,317 \$ 519,685 \$ 506,511 \$ 594,030 \$ 406,022 \$ 51,62,423 \$ 25,070,684 \$ 24,721,794 \$ 23,965,473 \$ 21,454,316 \$ 20,189,757 \$ 20,053,479 \$ 1,424,697 \$ 1,442,906 \$ 1,430,936 \$ 1,398,463 \$ 1,522,237 <th></th> <th>929,460</th> <th></th> <th>985,624</th> <th></th> <th>1,021,152</th> <th></th> <th>1,034,060</th> <th>1,444,870</th> <th></th> <th>1,976,518</th> <th></th> <th>2,754,835</th> | | 929,460 | | 985,624 | | 1,021,152 | | 1,034,060 | 1,444,870 | | 1,976,518 | | 2,754,835 |
| 81,574 91,100 78,917 70,032 70,586 65,845 69,183 6,318,816 6,442,507 7,357,074 6,434,082 6,315,514 7,962,878 7,407,775 \$ 65,878,493 \$ 65,554,058 \$ 64,628,256 \$ 62,502,687 \$ 58,838,930 \$ 57,734,156 \$ 57,900,141 \$ 2,680,920 \$ 1,746,969 \$ 1,946,102 \$ 1,438,860 \$ 1,506,096 \$ 1,152,467 \$ 1,289,463 1,129,008 1,135,411 1,103,131 1,071,484 1,030,928 1,078,277 943,142 460,910 532,489 557,775 480,796 548,649 418,085 543,699 343,546 500,766 571,317 519,685 506,511 594,030 406,022 615,324 641,013 749,346 709,606 632,883 950,819 852,501 25,162,423 25,070,684 24,721,794 23,965,473 21,454,316 20,189,757 20,053,479 1,424,697 1,442,906 1,430,936 1,398,463 1,523,237 1,695,846 1,573,765 <th></th> <th>_</th> <th></th> <th>_</th> <th></th> <th>_</th> <th></th> <th>_</th> <th>_</th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th>13,010</th> | | _ | | _ | | _ | | _ | _ | | | | 13,010 |
| 81,574 91,100 78,917 70,032 70,586 65,845 69,183 6,318,816 6,442,507 7,357,074 6,434,082 6,315,514 7,962,878 7,407,775 \$ 65,878,493 \$ 65,554,058 \$ 64,628,256 \$ 62,502,687 \$ 58,838,930 \$ 57,734,156 \$ 57,900,141 \$ 2,680,920 \$ 1,746,969 \$ 1,946,102 \$ 1,438,860 \$ 1,506,096 \$ 1,152,467 \$ 1,289,463 1,129,008 1,135,411 1,103,131 1,071,484 1,030,928 1,078,277 943,142 460,910 532,489 557,775 480,796 548,649 418,085 543,699 343,546 500,766 571,317 519,685 506,511 594,030 406,022 615,324 641,013 749,346 709,606 632,883 950,819 852,501 25,162,423 25,070,684 24,721,794 23,965,473 21,454,316 20,189,757 20,053,479 1,424,697 1,442,906 1,430,936 1,398,463 1,523,237 1,695,846 1,573,765 <th></th> <th>57,115</th> <th></th> <th>63,711</th> <th></th> <th>67,385</th> <th></th> <th>71,801</th> <th>72,215</th> <th></th> <th>80,560</th> <th></th> <th>80,157</th> | | 57,115 | | 63,711 | | 67,385 | | 71,801 | 72,215 | | 80,560 | | 80,157 |
| 6,318,816 6,442,507 7,357,074 6,434,082 6,315,514 7,962,878 7,407,775 \$ 65,878,493 \$ 65,554,058 \$ 64,628,256 \$ 62,502,687 \$ 58,838,930 \$ 57,734,156 \$ 57,900,141 \$ 2,680,920 \$ 1,746,969 \$ 1,946,102 \$ 1,438,860 \$ 1,506,096 \$ 1,152,467 \$ 1,289,463 1,129,008 1,135,411 1,103,131 1,071,484 1,030,928 1,078,277 943,142 460,910 532,489 557,775 480,796 548,649 418,085 543,699 343,546 500,766 571,317 519,685 506,511 594,030 406,022 615,324 641,013 749,346 709,606 632,883 950,819 852,501 25,162,423 25,070,684 24,721,794 23,965,473 21,454,316 20,189,757 20,053,479 1,424,697 1,442,906 1,430,936 1,398,463 1,523,237 1,695,846 1,573,765 31,816,828 31,070,238 31,080,401 29,584,367 27,202,620 26,079,281 <th></th> <th>_</th> <th></th> <th>_</th> <th></th> <th>_</th> <th></th> <th>_</th> <th>_</th> <th></th> <th>310,209</th> <th></th> <th>543,729</th> | | _ | | _ | | _ | | _ | _ | | 310,209 | | 543,729 |
| \$ 65,878,493 \$ 65,554,058 \$ 64,628,256 \$ 62,502,687 \$ 58,838,930 \$ 57,734,156 \$ 57,900,141 \$ 2,680,920 \$ 1,746,969 \$ 1,946,102 \$ 1,438,860 \$ 1,506,096 \$ 1,152,467 \$ 1,289,463 \$ 1,129,008 \$ 1,135,411 \$ 1,03,131 \$ 1,071,484 \$ 1,030,928 \$ 1,078,277 \$ 943,142 \$ 460,910 \$ 532,489 \$ 557,775 \$ 480,796 \$ 548,649 \$ 418,085 \$ 543,699 \$ 343,546 \$ 500,766 \$ 571,317 \$ 519,685 \$ 506,511 \$ 594,030 \$ 406,022 \$ 25,162,423 \$ 25,070,684 \$ 24,721,794 \$ 23,965,473 \$ 21,454,316 \$ 20,189,757 \$ 20,053,479 \$ 1,424,697 \$ 1,442,906 \$ 1,430,936 \$ 1,398,463 \$ 1,523,237 \$ 1,695,846 \$ 1,573,765 \$ 31,816,828 \$ 31,070,238 \$ 31,080,401 \$ 29,584,367 \$ 27,202,620 \$ 26,079,281 \$ 25,662,071 \$ 1,172,347 \$ 1,554,566 \$ 1,451,585 \$ 1,962,587 \$ 2,093,962 \$ 1,504,112 \$ 1,958,593 \$ 2,720,2620 \$ 26,079,281 | | 81,574 | | 91,100 | | 78,917 | | 70,032 | 70,586 | | 65,845 | | 69,183 |
| \$ 2,680,920 \$ 1,746,969 \$ 1,946,102 \$ 1,438,860 \$ 1,506,096 \$ 1,152,467 \$ 1,289,463 1,129,008 1,135,411 1,103,131 1,071,484 1,030,928 1,078,277 943,142 460,910 532,489 557,775 480,796 548,649 418,085 543,699 343,546 500,766 571,317 519,685 506,511 594,030 406,022 615,324 641,013 749,346 709,606 632,883 950,819 852,501 25,162,423 25,070,684 24,721,794 23,965,473 21,454,316 20,189,757 20,053,479 1,424,697 1,442,906 1,430,936 1,398,463 1,523,237 1,695,846 1,573,765 31,816,828 31,070,238 31,080,401 29,584,367 27,202,620 26,079,281 25,662,071 1,172,347 1,554,566 1,451,585 1,962,587 2,093,962 1,504,112 1,958,593 4,153,363 3,933,361 3,987,235 3,776,450 3,288,039 2,939,773 2,781,737 1,253,015 1,311,094 1,178,304 1,228,403 1,270,232 1,342,217 1,674,456 54,954 55,109 57,035 52,811 57,531 60,028 73,707 1,402,895 1,959,320 1,444,535 609,269 3,398,375 1,697,735 3,568,089 8,036,574 8,813,450 8,118,694 7,629,520 10,108,139 8,029,472 10,848,036 | | 6,318,816 | | 6,442,507 | | 7,357,074 | | 6,434,082 | 6,315,514 | | 7,962,878 | | 7,407,775 |
| 1,129,008 1,135,411 1,103,131 1,071,484 1,030,928 1,078,277 943,142 460,910 532,489 557,775 480,796 548,649 418,085 543,699 343,546 500,766 571,317 519,685 506,511 594,030 406,022 615,324 641,013 749,346 709,606 632,883 950,819 852,501 25,162,423 25,070,684 24,721,794 23,965,473 21,454,316 20,189,757 20,053,479 1,424,697 1,442,906 1,430,936 1,398,463 1,523,237 1,695,846 1,573,765 31,816,828 31,070,238 31,080,401 29,584,367 27,202,620 26,079,281 25,662,071 1,172,347 1,554,566 1,451,585 1,962,587 2,093,962 1,504,112 1,958,593 4,153,363 3,933,361 3,987,235 3,776,450 3,288,039 2,939,773 2,781,737 1,253,015 1,311,094 1,178,304 1,228,403 1,270,232 1,342,217 1,674,456 | \$ | 65,878,493 | \$ | 65,554,058 | \$ | 64,628,256 | \$ | 62,502,687 | \$ 58,838,930 | \$ | 57,734,156 | \$ | 57,900,141 |
| 1,129,008 1,135,411 1,103,131 1,071,484 1,030,928 1,078,277 943,142 460,910 532,489 557,775 480,796 548,649 418,085 543,699 343,546 500,766 571,317 519,685 506,511 594,030 406,022 615,324 641,013 749,346 709,606 632,883 950,819 852,501 25,162,423 25,070,684 24,721,794 23,965,473 21,454,316 20,189,757 20,053,479 1,424,697 1,442,906 1,430,936 1,398,463 1,523,237 1,695,846 1,573,765 31,816,828 31,070,238 31,080,401 29,584,367 27,202,620 26,079,281 25,662,071 1,172,347 1,554,566 1,451,585 1,962,587 2,093,962 1,504,112 1,958,593 4,153,363 3,933,361 3,987,235 3,776,450 3,288,039 2,939,773 2,781,737 1,253,015 1,311,094 1,178,304 1,228,403 1,270,232 1,342,217 1,674,456 | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 460,910 532,489 557,775 480,796 548,649 418,085 543,699 343,546 500,766 571,317 519,685 506,511 594,030 406,022 615,324 641,013 749,346 709,606 632,883 950,819 852,501 25,162,423 25,070,684 24,721,794 23,965,473 21,454,316 20,189,757 20,053,479 1,424,697 1,442,906 1,430,936 1,398,463 1,523,237 1,695,846 1,573,765 31,816,828 31,070,238 31,080,401 29,584,367 27,202,620 26,079,281 25,662,071 1,172,347 1,554,566 1,451,585 1,962,587 2,093,962 1,504,112 1,958,593 4,153,363 3,933,361 3,987,235 3,776,450 3,288,039 2,939,773 2,781,737 1,253,015 1,311,094 1,178,304 1,228,403 1,270,232 1,342,217 1,674,456 - - - - - 485,607 791,454 54,954 | \$ | | \$ | | \$ | 1,946,102 | \$ | | \$ | \$ | | \$ | 1,289,463 |
| 343,546 500,766 571,317 519,685 506,511 594,030 406,022 615,324 641,013 749,346 709,606 632,883 950,819 852,501 25,162,423 25,070,684 24,721,794 23,965,473 21,454,316 20,189,757 20,053,479 1,424,697 1,442,906 1,430,936 1,398,463 1,523,237 1,695,846 1,573,765 31,816,828 31,070,238 31,080,401 29,584,367 27,202,620 26,079,281 25,662,071 1,172,347 1,554,566 1,451,585 1,962,587 2,093,962 1,504,112 1,958,593 4,153,363 3,933,361 3,987,235 3,776,450 3,288,039 2,939,773 2,781,737 1,253,015 1,311,094 1,178,304 1,228,403 1,270,232 1,342,217 1,674,456 - - - - - 485,607 791,454 54,954 55,109 57,035 52,811 57,531 60,028 73,707 1,402,895 | | 1,129,008 | | 1,135,411 | | 1,103,131 | | 1,071,484 | 1,030,928 | | 1,078,277 | | 943,142 |
| 615,324 641,013 749,346 709,606 632,883 950,819 852,501 25,162,423 25,070,684 24,721,794 23,965,473 21,454,316 20,189,757 20,053,479 1,424,697 1,442,906 1,430,936 1,398,463 1,523,237 1,695,846 1,573,765 31,816,828 31,070,238 31,080,401 29,584,367 27,202,620 26,079,281 25,662,071 1,172,347 1,554,566 1,451,585 1,962,587 2,093,962 1,504,112 1,958,593 4,153,363 3,933,361 3,987,235 3,776,450 3,288,039 2,939,773 2,781,737 1,253,015 1,311,094 1,178,304 1,228,403 1,270,232 1,342,217 1,674,456 — — — — — — 485,607 791,454 54,954 55,109 57,035 52,811 57,531 60,028 73,707 1,402,895 1,959,320 1,444,535 609,269 3,398,375 1,697,735 3,568,089 | | 460,910 | | 532,489 | | 557,775 | | 480,796 | 548,649 | | 418,085 | | 543,699 |
| 25,162,423 25,070,684 24,721,794 23,965,473 21,454,316 20,189,757 20,053,479 1,424,697 1,442,906 1,430,936 1,398,463 1,523,237 1,695,846 1,573,765 31,816,828 31,070,238 31,080,401 29,584,367 27,202,620 26,079,281 25,662,071 1,172,347 1,554,566 1,451,585 1,962,587 2,093,962 1,504,112 1,958,593 4,153,363 3,933,361 3,987,235 3,776,450 3,288,039 2,939,773 2,781,737 1,253,015 1,311,094 1,178,304 1,228,403 1,270,232 1,342,217 1,674,456 — — — — — 485,607 791,454 54,954 55,109 57,035 52,811 57,531 60,028 73,707 1,402,895 1,959,320 1,444,535 609,269 3,398,375 1,697,735 3,568,089 8,036,574 8,813,450 8,118,694 7,629,520 10,108,139 8,029,472 10,848,036 | | 343,546 | | 500,766 | | 571,317 | | 519,685 | 506,511 | | 594,030 | | 406,022 |
| 1,424,697 1,442,906 1,430,936 1,398,463 1,523,237 1,695,846 1,573,765 31,816,828 31,070,238 31,080,401 29,584,367 27,202,620 26,079,281 25,662,071 1,172,347 1,554,566 1,451,585 1,962,587 2,093,962 1,504,112 1,958,593 4,153,363 3,933,361 3,987,235 3,776,450 3,288,039 2,939,773 2,781,737 1,253,015 1,311,094 1,178,304 1,228,403 1,270,232 1,342,217 1,674,456 — — — — 485,607 791,454 54,954 55,109 57,035 52,811 57,531 60,028 73,707 1,402,895 1,959,320 1,444,535 609,269 3,398,375 1,697,735 3,568,089 8,036,574 8,813,450 8,118,694 7,629,520 10,108,139 8,029,472 10,848,036 | | 615,324 | | 641,013 | | 749,346 | | 709,606 | 632,883 | | 950,819 | | 852,501 |
| 31,816,828 31,070,238 31,080,401 29,584,367 27,202,620 26,079,281 25,662,071 1,172,347 1,554,566 1,451,585 1,962,587 2,093,962 1,504,112 1,958,593 4,153,363 3,933,361 3,987,235 3,776,450 3,288,039 2,939,773 2,781,737 1,253,015 1,311,094 1,178,304 1,228,403 1,270,232 1,342,217 1,674,456 — — — — 485,607 791,454 54,954 55,109 57,035 52,811 57,531 60,028 73,707 1,402,895 1,959,320 1,444,535 609,269 3,398,375 1,697,735 3,568,089 8,036,574 8,813,450 8,118,694 7,629,520 10,108,139 8,029,472 10,848,036 | | 25,162,423 | | 25,070,684 | | 24,721,794 | | 23,965,473 | 21,454,316 | | 20,189,757 | | 20,053,479 |
| 1,172,347 1,554,566 1,451,585 1,962,587 2,093,962 1,504,112 1,958,593 4,153,363 3,933,361 3,987,235 3,776,450 3,288,039 2,939,773 2,781,737 1,253,015 1,311,094 1,178,304 1,228,403 1,270,232 1,342,217 1,674,456 — — — — — 485,607 791,454 54,954 55,109 57,035 52,811 57,531 60,028 73,707 1,402,895 1,959,320 1,444,535 609,269 3,398,375 1,697,735 3,568,089 8,036,574 8,813,450 8,118,694 7,629,520 10,108,139 8,029,472 10,848,036 | | 1,424,697 | | 1,442,906 | | 1,430,936 | | 1,398,463 | 1,523,237 | | 1,695,846 | | 1,573,765 |
| 1,172,347 1,554,566 1,451,585 1,962,587 2,093,962 1,504,112 1,958,593 4,153,363 3,933,361 3,987,235 3,776,450 3,288,039 2,939,773 2,781,737 1,253,015 1,311,094 1,178,304 1,228,403 1,270,232 1,342,217 1,674,456 — — — — — 485,607 791,454 54,954 55,109 57,035 52,811 57,531 60,028 73,707 1,402,895 1,959,320 1,444,535 609,269 3,398,375 1,697,735 3,568,089 8,036,574 8,813,450 8,118,694 7,629,520 10,108,139 8,029,472 10,848,036 | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 4,153,363 3,933,361 3,987,235 3,776,450 3,288,039 2,939,773 2,781,737 1,253,015 1,311,094 1,178,304 1,228,403 1,270,232 1,342,217 1,674,456 — — — — — 485,607 791,454 54,954 55,109 57,035 52,811 57,531 60,028 73,707 1,402,895 1,959,320 1,444,535 609,269 3,398,375 1,697,735 3,568,089 8,036,574 8,813,450 8,118,694 7,629,520 10,108,139 8,029,472 10,848,036 | | 31,816,828 | | 31,070,238 | | 31,080,401 | | 29,584,367 | 27,202,620 | | 26,079,281 | | 25,662,071 |
| 4,153,363 3,933,361 3,987,235 3,776,450 3,288,039 2,939,773 2,781,737 1,253,015 1,311,094 1,178,304 1,228,403 1,270,232 1,342,217 1,674,456 — — — — — 485,607 791,454 54,954 55,109 57,035 52,811 57,531 60,028 73,707 1,402,895 1,959,320 1,444,535 609,269 3,398,375 1,697,735 3,568,089 8,036,574 8,813,450 8,118,694 7,629,520 10,108,139 8,029,472 10,848,036 | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 4,153,363 3,933,361 3,987,235 3,776,450 3,288,039 2,939,773 2,781,737 1,253,015 1,311,094 1,178,304 1,228,403 1,270,232 1,342,217 1,674,456 — — — — — 485,607 791,454 54,954 55,109 57,035 52,811 57,531 60,028 73,707 1,402,895 1,959,320 1,444,535 609,269 3,398,375 1,697,735 3,568,089 8,036,574 8,813,450 8,118,694 7,629,520 10,108,139 8,029,472 10,848,036 | | 1,172,347 | | 1,554,566 | | 1,451,585 | | 1,962,587 | 2,093,962 | | 1,504,112 | | 1,958,593 |
| 1,253,015 1,311,094 1,178,304 1,228,403 1,270,232 1,342,217 1,674,456 — — — — — 485,607 791,454 54,954 55,109 57,035 52,811 57,531 60,028 73,707 1,402,895 1,959,320 1,444,535 609,269 3,398,375 1,697,735 3,568,089 8,036,574 8,813,450 8,118,694 7,629,520 10,108,139 8,029,472 10,848,036 | | | | 3,933,361 | | | | | | | | | |
| — — — — 485,607 791,454 54,954 55,109 57,035 52,811 57,531 60,028 73,707 1,402,895 1,959,320 1,444,535 609,269 3,398,375 1,697,735 3,568,089 8,036,574 8,813,450 8,118,694 7,629,520 10,108,139 8,029,472 10,848,036 | | | | | | 1,178,304 | | | | | | | 1,674,456 |
| 1,402,895 1,959,320 1,444,535 609,269 3,398,375 1,697,735 3,568,089 8,036,574 8,813,450 8,118,694 7,629,520 10,108,139 8,029,472 10,848,036 | | _ | | _ | | _ | | _ | _ | | | | |
| 8,036,574 8,813,450 8,118,694 7,629,520 10,108,139 8,029,472 10,848,036 | | 54,954 | | 55,109 | | 57,035 | | 52,811 | 57,531 | | 60,028 | | 73,707 |
| | | 1,402,895 | | 1,959,320 | | 1,444,535 | | 609,269 | 3,398,375 | | 1,697,735 | | 3,568,089 |
| <u>\$ 39,853,402</u> <u>\$ 39,883,688</u> <u>\$ 39,199,095</u> <u>\$ 37,213,887</u> <u>\$ 37,310,759</u> <u>\$ 34,108,753</u> <u>\$ 36,510,107</u> | | 8,036,574 | | 8,813,450 | | 8,118,694 | | 7,629,520 | 10,108,139 | | 8,029,472 | | 10,848,036 |
| | \$ | 39,853,402 | \$ | 39,883,688 | \$ | 39,199,095 | \$ | 37,213,887 | \$ 37,310,759 | \$ | 34,108,753 | \$ | 36,510,107 |

CHANGES IN NET POSITION

FOR THE LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(accrual basis of accounting) (dollars in thousands) (continued)

| | 2021 | | 2020 | | 2019 | |
|---|------|-----------------------------|------|---------------------------|------|---------------------------|
| NET (EXPENSE) REVENUE: Governmental Activities Business-Type Activities | \$ | (24,884,285) (1,499,621) | \$ | (27,909,673) (109,709) | \$ | (28,008,484) 2,882,138 |
| TOTAL PRIMARY GOVERNMENT NET (EXPENSE) | \$ | (26,383,906) | \$ | (28,019,382) | \$ | (25,126,346) |
| GENERAL REVENUES AND OTHER CHANGES IN NET POSITION: GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES: TAXES: | | | | | | |
| Income | \$ | 9,852,014 | \$ | 8,793,396 | \$ | 9,532,285 |
| Sales | | 12,338,794 | | 11,000,053 | | 10,791,460 |
| Corporate and Public Utility | | 3,137,355 | | 2,964,107 913,712 | | 3,072,683 917,278 |
| Cigarette Other | | 928,637 1,165,968 | | 1,104,710 | | 1,074,712 |
| Restricted for Transportation Purposes: | | 1,100,900 | | 1,104,710 | | 1,074,712 |
| Motor Vehicle Fuel Taxes | | 2,547,613 | | 2,593,158 | | 1,874,409 |
| TOTAL TAXES | | 29,970,381 | | 27,369,136 | | 27,262,827 |
| | | | | | | |
| Tobacco Settlement | | 362,378 | | 324,269 | | 343,125 |
| Escheat Property | | 230,265 | | 194,814 | | 147,736 |
| Unrestricted Investment Income | | (22,994) | | 210,539 | | 235,370 |
| Other | | 723 | | 67 | | 20 |
| Gain (Loss) on Extinguishment of Debt | | _ | | _ | | _ |
| Transfers-Internal Activities | | 1,342,535 | | 1,109,508 | | 1,141,335 |
| TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES | | 31,883,288 | | 29,208,333 | | 29,130,413 |
| BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES: | | | | | | |
| Unrestricted Investment Income | | 7 | | 21 | | 24 |
| Other | | 552 | | 15 | | 38 |
| Gain on Extinguishment of Debt | | 111 | | _ | | _ |
| Transfers-Internal Activities | | (1,342,535) | | (1,109,508) | | (1,141,335) |
| TOTAL BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES | | (1,341,865) | | (1,109,472) | | (1,141,273) |
| TOTAL PRIMARY GOVERNMENT | \$ | 30,541,423 | \$ | 28,098,861 | \$ | 27,989,140 |
| CHANGE IN NET POSITION: | | | | | | |
| Governmental Activities | \$ | 6,999,003 | \$ | 1,298,660 | \$ | 1,121,929 |
| Business-Type Activities | | (2,841,486) | | (1,219,181) | | 1,740,865 |
| TOTAL PRIMARY GOVERNMENT | \$ | 4,157,517 | \$ | 79,479 | \$ | 2,862,794 |

Source:

Ohio Office of Budget and Management

Note:

During fiscal year 2014, Ohio House Bill 59 line item restructuring resulted in increases to Public Assistance and Medicaid expenses and decreases to Health and Human Services expenses.

Ohio Building Authority ceased operations December 31, 2011.

On February 1, 2013, the State granted a 25-year franchise on its spirituous liquor system. Activity of the Liquor Control Enterprise Fund ceased as of January 31, 2013.

Balances have been restated for prior period adjustments, corrections, and reclassifications, when practical or material.

| | 2018 | | 2017 | | 2016 | | 2015 | | 2014 | 2013 | | 2012 | |
|----|---------------------------|----|---------------------------|----|-------------------------|----|---------------------------|----|---------------------------|------|------------------------|------|---------------------------|
| \$ | (27,742,849) 1,717,758 | \$ | (28,041,313) 2,370,943 | \$ | (26,190,781) 761,620 | \$ | (26,484,238) 1,195,438 | \$ | (25,320,796) 3,792,625 | \$ | (23,691,997) 66,594 | \$ | (24,830,295) 3,440,261 |
| \$ | (26,025,091) | \$ | (25,670,370) | \$ | (25,429,161) | \$ | (25,288,800) | \$ | (21,528,171) | \$ | (23,625,403) | \$ | (21,390,034) |
| \$ | 8,474,637 | \$ | 8,021,202 | \$ | 7,984,708 | \$ | 8,906,476 | \$ | 8,356,216 | \$ | 9,826,097 | \$ | 9,017,760 |
| Ψ | 10,358,501 | Ψ | 10,804,340 | Ψ | 10,548,038 | Ψ | 10,170,995 | Ψ | 9,386,554 | Ψ | 8,635,076 | Ψ | 8,304,263 |
| | 2,843,017 | | 2,754,290 | | 2,737,316 | | 2,687,540 | | 2,682,274 | | 2,560,420 | | 2,501,140 |
| | 939,953 | | 979,973 | | 1,008,677 | | 808,270 | | 813,056 | | 828,812 | | 843,180 |
| | 1,024,397 | | 1,019,058 | | 1,006,342 | | 953,339 | | 888,059 | | 993,217 | | 708,041 |
| | 1,891,116 | | 1,952,512 | | 1,798,483 | | 1,827,134 | | 1,782,437 | | 1,774,781 | | 1,800,473 |
| | 25,531,621 | | 25,531,375 | | 25,083,564 | | 25,353,754 | | 23,908,596 | | 24,618,403 | | 23,174,857 |
| | 352,355 | | 350,378 | | 341,130 | | 284,267 | | 362,472 | | 336,255 | | 333,148 |
| | 158,770 | | 159,585 | | 161,904 | | 220,486 | | 192,184 | | 167,140 | | 153,556 |
| | 24,741 | | 2,975 | | 70,897 | | 36,462 | | 1,733 | | 25,881 | | 3,702 |
| | 17 | | 30 | | 1,683 | | 275 | | 839 | | 239,435 | | 48,078 |
| | _ | | _ | | _ | | 1,276 | | _ | | (154,607) | | _ |
| | 1,168,236 | | 1,031,738 | | 1,160,878 | | 1,082,061 | | 955,721 | | 1,082,887 | | 949,952 |
| | 27,235,740 | | 27,076,081 | | 26,820,056 | | 26,978,581 | | 25,421,545 | | 26,315,394 | | 24,663,293 |
| | 15 | | 12 | | 8 | | 5 | | 3 | | 3 | | 3 |
| | _ | | _ | | _ | | _ | | 11 | | _ | | 5 |
| | _ | | 4,085 | | 502,586 | | 402,562 | | 281,938 | | 273,851 | | _ |
| | (1,168,236) | | (1,031,738) | | (1,160,878) | | (1,082,061) | | (955,721) | | (1,082,887) | | (949,952) |
| | (1,168,221) | | (1,027,641) | | (658,284) | | (679,494) | | (673,769) | | (809,033) | | (949,944) |
| \$ | 26,067,519 | \$ | 26,048,440 | \$ | 26,161,772 | \$ | 26,299,087 | \$ | 24,747,776 | \$ | 25,506,361 | \$ | 23,713,349 |
| \$ | (507,109) 549,537 | \$ | (965,232) 1,343,302 | \$ | 629,275 103,336 | \$ | 494,343 515,944 | \$ | 100,749 3,118,856 | \$ | 2,623,397 (742,439) | \$ | (167,002) 2,490,317 |
| \$ | 42,428 | \$ | 378,070 | \$ | 732,611 | \$ | 1,010,287 | \$ | 3,219,605 | \$ | 1,880,958 | \$ | 2,323,315 |
| | | | | | | _ | | _ | | _ | | _ | |

CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES FOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(modified accrual basis of accounting) (dollars in thousands)

| | 2021 | 2020 | 2019 | 2018 | 2017 |
|------------------------------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|
| REVENUES: | | | | | |
| Income Taxes | \$ 9,843,394 | \$ 8,777,091 | \$ 9,503,674 | \$ 8,463,731 | \$ 8,035,064 |
| Sales Taxes | 12,338,794 | 11,000,053 | 10,791,460 | 10,358,501 | 10,804,340 |
| Corporate and Public Utility Taxes | 3,137,355 | 2,964,107 | 3,072,683 | 2,843,017 | 2,754,290 |
| Motor Vehicle Fuel Taxes | 2,547,613 | 2,593,159 | 1,874,409 | 1,891,116 | 1,952,512 |
| Cigarette Taxes | 928,637 | 913,712 | 917,278 | 939,953 | 979,973 |
| Other Taxes | 1,165,968 | 1,104,710 | 1,074,712 | 1,024,397 | 1,019,058 |
| Licenses, Permits and Fees | 4,800,553 | 4,302,210 | 4,043,779 | 4,004,408 | 3,281,235 |
| Sales, Services and Charges | 125,181 | 146,829 | 154,222 | 152,991 | 149,800 |
| Federal Government | 38,148,796 | 29,335,110 | 26,813,932 | 26,294,572 | 26,258,500 |
| Tobacco Settlement | 308,689 | 289,064 | 298,121 | 331,911 | 270,680 |
| Escheat Property | 230,265 | 194,814 | 147,736 | 158,770 | 159,585 |
| Investment Income | 65,799 | 423,991 | 485,415 | 157,172 | 74,314 |
| Other | 1,706,045 | 1,173,435 | 1,206,735 | 1,194,775 | 1,219,676 |
| TOTAL REVENUES | 75,347,089 | 63,218,285 | 60,384,156 | 57,815,314 | 56,959,027 |
| EXPENDITURES: | | | | | |
| Current Operating: | | | | | |
| Primary, Secondary and | | | | | |
| Other Education | 14,454,715 | 13,186,680 | 12,689,272 | 12,881,773 | 12,836,664 |
| Higher Education Support | 2,898,468 | 2,568,093 | 2,585,035 | 2,627,892 | 2,620,509 |
| Public Assistance and Medicaid | 37,835,781 | 32,682,274 | 30,105,826 | 30,327,824 | 29,666,058 |
| Health and Human Services | 2,420,162 | 1,770,136 | 1,689,843 | 1,643,314 | 1,528,658 |
| Justice and Public Protection | 4,141,065 | 3,866,732 | 3,659,939 | 3,495,950 | 3,444,724 |
| Environmental Protection and | | | | | |
| Natural Resources | 504,780 | 448,235 | 420,258 | 442,004 | 420,190 |
| Transportation | 2,845,423 | 2,708,547 | 2,627,115 | 2,518,937 | 2,689,150 |
| General Government | 2,409,469 | 1,211,884 | 1,007,616 | 898,737 | 827,684 |
| Community and Economic | | | | | |
| Development | 3,956,794 | 3,402,872 | 3,268,371 | 3,344,971 | 3,156,209 |
| Capital Outlay | 512,291 | 740,143 | 820,209 | 771,797 | 673,399 |
| Debt service: | | | | | |
| Principal | 1,010,970 | 1,381,785 | 1,249,145 | 1,196,470 | 1,209,865 |
| Interest | 744,103 | 1,027,375 | 843,917 | 806,468 | 796,699 |
| TOTAL EXPENDITURES | 73,734,021 | 64,994,756 | 60,966,546 | 60,956,137 | 59,869,809 |
| EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF | | | | | |
| REVENUES OVER (UNDER) | | | | | |
| EXPENDITURES | 1,613,068 | (1,776,471) | (582,390) | (3,140,823) | (2,910,782) |

| 2016 | 2015 | 2014 | 2013 | 2012 |
|----------------------|----------------------|----------------------|----------------------|----------------------|
| \$ 7,996,349 | \$ 8,906,259 | \$ 8,411,694 | \$ 9,811,982 | \$ 9,076,284 |
| 10,548,038 | 10,170,995 | 9,386,554 | 8,643,468 | 8,304,705 |
| 2,737,316 | 2,687,540 | 2,682,274 | 2,555,959 | 2,500,905 |
| 1,798,483 | 1,827,134 | 1,782,437 | 1,774,781 | 1,800,473 |
| 1,008,677 | 808,270 | 813,056 | 828,812 | 843,180 |
| 1,006,342 | 953,339 | 888,059 | 993,217 | 708,041 |
| 3,498,903 | 3,000,470 | 3,058,221 | 3,207,414 | 3,002,172 |
| 145,147 | 115,672 | 107,676 | 95,686 | 96,982 |
| 26,281,700 | 24,533,971 | 22,920,755 | 21,537,101 | 21,395,852 |
| 300,051 | 285,916 | 331,129 | 295,086 | 295,736 |
| 161,904 | 220,486 | 208,508 | 175,284 | 151,601 |
| 113,375 | 62,431 | 21,356 | 38,255 | 30,121 |
| 1,392,958 | 1,307,559 | 1,126,759 | 1,207,030 | 1,091,765 |
| 56,989,243 | 54,880,042 | 51,738,478 | 51,164,075 | 49,297,817 |
| | | | | |
| 12,383,787 | 12,385,866 | 11,908,976 | 11,029,898 | 11,928,522 |
| 2,467,060 | 2,400,039 | 2,335,509 | 2,263,026 | 2,210,547 |
| 28,937,506 | 28,632,189 | 25,302,660 | 21,660,378 | 21,211,351 |
| 1,560,412 | 1,519,151 | 1,586,232 | 3,369,506 | 3,723,084 |
| 3,324,692 | 3,195,731 | 3,091,789 | 3,062,006 | 3,073,862 |
| 411,046 | 413,028 | 403,119 | 416,875 | 390,474 |
| 2,841,556 | 2,835,705 | 2,647,937 | 2,637,989 | 2,510,742 |
| 875,371 | 782,777 | 794,985 | 821,512 | 525,706 |
| 2 226 254 | 2 424 424 | 2 220 205 | 2 276 020 | 2 747 460 |
| 3,226,354 678,594 | 3,431,424 510,109 | 3,329,205 379,698 | 3,376,928 352,670 | 3,717,160 377,983 |
| 070,394 | 310,109 | 379,090 | 332,070 | 377,903 |
| 1,199,620 | 1,229,971 | 1,177,305 | 1,813,180 | 702,345 |
| 802,556 | 729,002 | 732,849 | 72,103 | 805,399 |
| 58,708,554 | 58,064,992 | 53,690,264 | 50,876,071 | 51,177,175 |
| | | | | |
| (1,719,311) | (3,184,950) | (1,951,786) | 288,004 | (1,879,358) |

CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES FOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(modified accrual basis of accounting) (dollars in thousands) (continued)

| | 2021 | 2020 | 2019 | 2018 | 2017 |
|-----------------------------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): | | | | | |
| Bonds, Notes and COPs Issued | \$ 1,282,480 | \$ 1,192,590 | \$ 1,001,327 | \$ 1,937,489 | \$ 1,391,350 |
| Refunding Bonds and COPs Issued | 318,995 | 6,372,546 | _ | 748,540 | _ |
| Payment to Refunded Bond and COPs | | | | | |
| Escrow Agents | (479,744) | (6,655,367) | _ | (925,161) | _ |
| Premiums | 344,496 | 821,820 | 156,207 | 454,339 | 220,157 |
| Capital Leases | 1,634 | 1,042 | 792 | 198 | 540 |
| Transfers-in | 3,744,154 | 3,802,681 | 4,036,526 | 4,055,349 | 3,579,105 |
| Transfers-out | (2,401,619) | (2,693,173) | (2,895,191) | (2,887,113) | (2,547,367) |
| TOTAL OTHER FINANCING | | | | | |
| SOURCES (USES) | 2,810,396 | 2,842,139 | 2,299,661 | 3,383,641 | 2,643,785 |
| SPECIAL ITEMS | | - | | - | |
| NET CHANGE IN | | | | | |
| FUND BALANCES | \$ 4,423,464 | \$ 1,065,668 | \$ 1,717,271 | \$ 242,818 | \$ (266,997) |
| Debt Service as a Percentage | | | | | |
| of Noncapital Expenditures | 2.4% | 3.7% | 3.5% | 3.3% | 3.4% |
| Additional Information: | | | | | |
| Increase (Decrease) for | | | | | |
| Changes in Inventories | \$ 90,087 | \$ 55,914 | \$ 14,738 | \$ (16,831) | \$ (19,689) |

Source:

Ohio Office of Budget and Management

Note:

During fiscal year 2014, Ohio House Bill 59 line item restructuring resulted in increases to Public Assistance and Medicaid expenditures and decreases to Health and Human Services expenditures.

Revenues, expenditures, and other financing sources (uses) have been restated for prior period adjustments, corrections, and reclassifications, when practical or material.

| 2016 | 2015 | 2014 | 2013 | | 2012 |
|--|--|--|------|--|--|
| \$ 1,070,000 473,270 | \$ 1,110,591 254,590 | \$ 1,347,005 407,540 | \$ | 712,470 470,520 | \$ 1,357,640 1,374,660 |
| (584,504) 273,422 — 3,751,704 | (382,933) 219,999 — 3,673,216 | (479,249) 207,372 2,196 3,426,036 | | (1,465,468) 209,381 108 4,448,253 | (1,604,658) 379,506 560 2,803,070 |
| 2,393,066 | 2,284,308 | 2,440,585 | | 1,009,898 | 2,457,660 |
| - | - | - | | 1,463,506 | - |
| \$ 673,755 | \$ (900,642) | \$ 488,799 | \$ | 2,761,408 | \$ 578,302 |
| 3.5% | 3.4% | 3.6% | | 3.7% | 3.0% |
| \$ 26,495 | \$ 924 | \$ 14,593 | \$ | (21,245) | \$ 14,982 |

FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(modified accrual basis of accounting) (dollars in thousands)

| | 2021 | 2020 | 2019 | 2018 | 2017 |
|-------------------------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|
| GENERAL FUND: | | | | | |
| Nonspendable | \$ 47,018 | \$ 60,524 | \$ 55,497 | \$ 52,267 | \$ 43,576 |
| Restricted | 1,605,009 | 1,410,994 | 1,592,716 | 1,465,460 | 1,370,010 |
| Committed | 837,568 | 764,322 | 728,698 | 772,528 | 739,749 |
| Assigned | 3,856,376 | 3,207,189 | 2,885,896 | 2,539,407 | 2,995,792 |
| Unassigned | 5,717,927 | 2,924,183 | 2,455,345 | 667,887 | 239,478 |
| TOTAL GENERAL FUND | 12,063,898 | 8,367,212 | 7,718,152 | 5,497,549 | 5,388,605 |
| ALL OTHER GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS: | | | | | |
| Nonspendable, reported in: | | | | | |
| Special Revenue Funds | 324,566 | 139,742 | 92,572 | 84,330 | 94,241 |
| Restricted, reported in: | | | | | |
| Special Revenue Funds | 3,096,738 | 2,715,280 | 2,257,872 | 2,277,693 | 2,348,843 |
| Debt Service Funds | 4,191,849 | 4,315,820 | 4,435,344 | 4,524,129 | 4,634,898 |
| Capital Projects Funds | 700,159 | 539,100 | 564,484 | 910,048 | 512,771 |
| Committed, reported in: | | | | | |
| Special Revenue Funds | 1,339,378 | 845,279 | 738,669 | 777,030 | 864,815 |
| Unassigned, reported in: | | | | | |
| Special Revenue Funds | (6,674) | - | (1,079) | (1,937) | (1,318) |
| Capital Projects Funds | | | (5,163) | | |
| TOTAL ALL OTHER | _ | | | | |
| GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS | 9,646,016 | 8,555,221 | 8,082,699 | 8,571,293 | 8,454,250 |
| TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS | \$ 21,709,914 | \$ 16,922,433 | \$ 15,800,851 | \$ 14,068,842 | \$ 13,842,855 |

Source:

Ohio Office of Budget and Management

Note:

When practical or material, fund balances reported on the above table have been restated for prior period adjustments, corrections, and reclassifications; however, restatements do not include changes in reporting entity. For comparative purposes, however, the effects of such adjustments and corrections on the revenue and expenditure activity reported for the applicable fiscal years on the "Changes in Fund Balances for Governmental Funds" table and the "Condensed Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances for the General Fund" table may not have been determined for presentation on each of the two respective tables.

| | 2016 | 2015 | | 2014 | 2013 | | 2012 |
|----|------------|------------------|----|------------|------|------------|------------------|
| | | | | | | | |
| \$ | 45,953 | \$ 49,655 | \$ | 69,787 | \$ | 59,896 | \$ 86,982 |
| | 1,270,315 | 1,153,828 | | 1,462,971 | | 1,126,686 | 1,027,885 |
| | 820,878 | 803,551 | | 773,730 | | 751,615 | 824,607 |
| | 2,653,290 | 2,585,575 | | 2,366,979 | | 2,042,246 | 1,666,177 |
| | 863,925 | 411,190 | | 1,255,489 | | 1,259,670 | (415,658) |
| | 5,654,361 | 5,003,799 | | 5,928,956 | | 5,240,113 | 3,189,993 |
| | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | |
| | 109,665 | 80,141 | | 76,987 | | 59,902 | 86,691 |
| | 109,003 | 00,141 | | 10,901 | | 39,902 | 00,091 |
| | 2,326,231 | 2,197,584 | | 2,460,777 | | 2,671,751 | 2,039,390 |
| | 4,764,200 | 4,869,269 | | 4,989,278 | | 5,087,771 | 5,216,312 |
| | 528,827 | 672,113 | | 474,897 | | 387,874 | 222,778 |
| | | | | | | | |
| | 746,685 | 606,055 | | 631,086 | | 613,984 | 561,849 |
| | (420) | (206) | | (462) | | (205) | (E 4 7) |
| | (428) | (306) | | (163) | | (395) | (547) |
| | | | | | | (5,388) | |
| | 8,475,180 | 8,424,856 | | 8,632,862 | | 8,815,499 | 8,126,473 |
| \$ | 14,129,541 | \$ 13,428,655 | \$ | 14,561,818 | \$ | 14,055,612 | \$ 11,316,466 |
| _ | | | _ | | _ | | |

CONDENSED STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES FOR THE GENERAL FUND

FOR THE LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(modified accrual basis of accounting) (dollars in thousands)

| | 2021 | 2020 | 2019 | 2018 | 2017 |
|-------------------------------------|---------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|
| REVENUES: | | | | | |
| Income Taxes | \$ 9,843,394 | \$ 8,777,052 | \$ 9,503,588 | \$ 8,463,620 | \$ 8,034,901 |
| Sales Taxes | 12,338,794 | 11,000,053 | 10,791,460 | 10,358,501 | 10,804,340 |
| Corporate and Public Utility Taxes | 3,092,343 | 2,895,596 | 2,984,810 | 2,776,908 | 2,697,003 |
| Motor Vehicle Fuel Tax | 1,429,435 | 1,391,745 | 1,153,540 | 1,139,218 | 1,175,285 |
| Cigarette Taxes | 928,637 | 913,712 | 917,278 | 939,953 | 979,973 |
| Other Taxes | 794,540 | 756,390 | 722,801 | 694,845 | 706,841 |
| Licenses, Permits and Fees | 1,329,822 | 1,175,303 | 1,200,753 | 1,186,458 | 748,344 |
| Sales, Services and Charges | 98,976 | 112,172 | 115,337 | 121,708 | 93,120 |
| Federal Government | 12,272,448 | 10,064,078 | 9,404,643 | 9,239,529 | 11,593,813 |
| Tobacco Settlement | 252 | 214 | 386 | 117 | 449 |
| Escheat Property | 230,265 | 194,814 | 147,736 | 158,770 | 159,585 |
| Investment Income | 31,450 | 351,873 | 416,878 | 111,458 | 41,986 |
| Other | 560,049 | 258,146 | 294.125 | 309,746 | 270,734 |
| TOTAL REVENUES | 42,950,405 | 37,891,148 | 37,653,335 | 35,500,831 | 37,306,374 |
| EXPENDITURES: | | | | | |
| Current Operating | 38,782,210 | 36,005,625 | 34,554,711 | 34,908,401 | 36,730,447 |
| Capital Outlay | | - | - | 34,300,401 | - |
| TOTAL EXPENDITURES | 38,782,210 | 36,005,625 | 34,554,711 | 34,908,401 | 36,730,447 |
| | | | | | |
| EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF | | | | | |
| REVENUES OVER (UNDER) | | | | | |
| EXPENDITURES | 4,168,195 | 1,885,523 | 3,098,624 | 592,430 | 575,927 |
| OTHER FINANCING SOURCES | | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| (USES): | | | | | |
| Bonds, Notes and COPs Issued | 737,411 | 497,000 | 617,435 | 855,000 | 849,941 |
| Premiums | 188,996 | 115,596 | 89,878 | 93,912 | 71,161 |
| Capital Leases | 1,634 | 1,042 | 792 | 198 | 540 |
| Transfers-in | 281,440 | 312,304 | 531,759 | 629,232 | 292,078 |
| Transfers-out | (1,908,638) | (2,165,522) | (2,119,050) | (2,062,561) | (2,054,788) |
| TOTAL OTHER FINANCING | | | | | |
| SOURCES (USES) | (699,157) | (1,239,580) | (879,186) | (484,219) | (841,068) |
| SPECIAL ITEMS | - | - | - | - | - |
| NET CHANGE IN | | | | | |
| FUND BALANCES | 2 460 020 | 645,943 | 2 240 420 | 100 211 | (265 141) |
| FUND BALANCES | 3,469,038 | 045,945 | 2,219,438 | 108,211 | (265,141) |
| FUND BALANCES, JULY 1 (as restated) | 8,600,905 | 7,718,152 | 5,497,549 | 5,388,605 | 5,654,361 |
| Increase (Decrease) | | | | | |
| for Changes in Inventories | (6,045) | 3,117 | 1,165 | 733 | (615) |
| FUND BALANCES, JUNE 30 | \$ 12,063,898 | \$ 8,367,212 | \$ 7,718,152 | \$ 5,497,549 | \$ 5,388,605 |
| . C.I. DALAHOLO, CONL CO | Ţ 12,000,000 | 9 0,501,212 | 7,710,132 | | |

Source:

Ohio Office of Budget and Management

Note:

The July 1 fund balances, revenues, and expenditures have been restated for prior period adjustments, corrections, and reclassifications, when practical or material.

| 2016 | 2015 | 2014 | 2013 | 2012 |
|--------------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|----------------|
| A 7.005.050 | Φ 0.005.400 | Φ 0000040 | Φ 0.700.050 | Φ 0.000.007 |
| \$ 7,995,959 | \$ 8,895,192 | \$ 8,398,840 | \$ 9,798,658 | \$ 9,063,827 |
| 10,547,926 | 10,166,332 | 9,380,762 | 8,637,501 | 8,297,544 |
| 2,670,854 | 2,597,993 | 2,680,923 | 2,554,965 | 2,499,601 |
| 1,109,241 | 1,114,542 | 1,091,123 | 1,087,748 | 1,104,127 |
| 1,008,677 | 808,270 | 813,056 | 828,812 | 843,180 |
| 691,250 | 648,099 | 661,870 | 747,882 | 670,831 |
| 706,064 | 734,839 | 722,403 | 816,564 | 781,717 |
| 85,579 | 76,208 | 68,918 | 59,839 | 64,025 |
| 11,309,010 | 8,942,561 | 8,313,226 | 7,225,992 | 7,131,978 |
| 2,953 | 94 | 38,620 | 475.004 | 454.004 |
| 161,904 | 220,486 | 208,508 | 175,284 | 151,601 |
| 93,014 | 47,438 | 8,662 | 26,454 | 19,654 |
| 354,151 | 244,296 | 246,632 | 283,339 | 300,150 |
| 36,736,582 | 34,496,350 | 32,633,543 | 32,243,038 | 30,928,235 |
| | | | | |
| 34,842,685 | 33,941,965 | 30,970,485 | 29,451,874 | 29,972,837 |
| · · · | - | 734 | 42 | , , , <u>-</u> |
| 34,842,685 | 33,941,965 | 30,971,219 | 29,451,916 | 29,972,837 |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |
| 1,893,897 | 554,385 | 1,662,324 | 2,791,122 | 955,398 |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |
| 500.000 | 400.000 | 000 000 | 470.000 | 4 400 000 |
| 530,000 | 460,000 | 800,000 | 178,000 | 1,109,228 |
| 56,696 | 48,536 | 28,310 | 7,911 | 60,983 |
| - - | - | 2,196 | 108 | 560 |
| 286,624 | 321,156 | 221,697 | 545,356 | 314,048 |
| (2,116,780) | (2,072,234) | (2,026,789) | (2,928,231) | (1,472,254) |
| (1,243,460) | (1,242,542) | (974,586) | (2,196,856) | 12,565 |
| | | | | |
| | | | 1,463,506 | |
| 650,437 | (688,157) | 687,738 | 2,057,772 | 967,963 |
| · | ` ' ' | • | , , | • |
| 5,004,435 | 5,695,511 | 5,240,486 | 3,188,956 | 2,223,608 |
| (511) | (3,555) | 732 | (6,615) | (1,578) |
| \$ 5,654,361 | \$ 5,003,799 | \$ 5,928,956 | \$ 5,240,113 | \$ 3,189,993 |
| | | | | |

TAX REVENUES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BY MAJOR SOURCE AND EFFECTIVE STATE INCOME TAX RATE FOR THE LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(modified accrual basis of accounting) (dollars in millions)

| INCOME TAX | 2021 | 2020 | 2019 | 2018 | 2017 |
|---|----------------------|----------------------|----------------------|----------------------|----------------------|
| Personal Income Tax Revenue Personal Income(A) | \$9,843 \$627,231 | \$8,777 \$586,784 | \$9,504 \$569,727 | \$8,464 \$544,828 | \$8,035 \$517,918 |
| Average Effective State Income Tax Rate | 1.57% | 1.50% | 1.67% | 1.55% | 1.55% |
| SALES TAX | 2021 | 2020 | 2019 | 2018 | 2017 |
| SALES TAX | 2021 | 2020 | 2019 | 2010 | 2017 |
| State Sales Tax Revenue | \$12,339 | \$11,000 | \$10,791 | \$10,359 | \$10,804 |

Source:

U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of Economic Analysis Ohio Office of Budget and Management

Note:

(A) Data presented is as of December 31 of the given fiscal year.

| 2016 | 2015 | 2014 | 2013 | 2012 |
|----------------------|----------------------|----------------------|----------------------|----------------------|
| \$7,996 \$505.950 | \$8,906 \$489,695 | \$8,412 \$472,846 | \$9,812 \$462,424 | \$9,076 \$436,818 |
| Ψ000,000 | Ψ-00,000 | Ψ+12,0+0 | Ψ+02,+2+ | Ψ-00,010 |
| 1.58% | 1.82% | 1.78% | 2.12% | 2.08% |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |
| 2016 | 2015 | 2014 | 2013 | 2012 |
| \$10,548 | \$10,171 | \$9,387 | \$8,643 | \$8,305 |

PERSONAL INCOME BY INDUSTRY, EFFECTIVE TAX RATE, EXEMPTIONS, AND INCOME TAX RATES FOR THE LAST TEN CALENDAR YEARS

STATE INCOME TAX BY INDUSTRY

| (dollars in millions) | 2020 | 2019 | 2018 | 2017 | 2016 |
|---|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|
| Services | \$ 167,823 | \$ 168,726 | \$ 162,998 | \$ 157,563 | \$ 149,264 |
| Manufacturing | 57,126 | 59,254 | 58,528 | 55,478 | 54,677 |
| Government | 62,376 | 61,287 | 59,721 | 58,272 | 57,702 |
| Wholesale and Retail Trade | 46,399 | 45,863 | 44,369 | 43,680 | 42,530 |
| Finance, Insurance, and Real Estate | 33,565 | 32,430 | 31,650 | 30,219 | 27,024 |
| Construction | 26,000 | 24,984 | 24,072 | 23,727 | 20,997 |
| Transportation and Public Utilities | 23,637 | 22,642 | 20,990 | 19,090 | 19,605 |
| Other | 210,305 | 171,598 | 167,399 | 156,799 | 146,119 |
| Total Personal Income | \$ 627,231 | \$ 586,784 | \$ 569,727 | \$ 544,828 | \$ 517,918 |
| | | | | | |
| Average Effective State Income Tax Rate | 1.57% | 1.50% | 1.67% | 1.55% | 1.55% |

EXEMPTIONS BY CALENDAR YEAR

| Exemptions | 2020 | 2019 | 2018 | 2017 | 2016 |
|--------------------------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| Personal/Dependent Exemption: | | | | | |
| \$0-\$40,000 | 2,400 | 2,350 | 2,350 | 2,300 | 2,250 |
| \$40,001-80,000 | 2,150 | 2,100 | 2,100 | 2,050 | 2,000 |
| \$80,001 and above | 1,900 | 1,850 | 1,850 | 1,800 | 1,750 |
| Exemption Credit per Taxpayer, | | | | | |
| Spouse, and Dependent(A) | 20 | 20 | 20 | 20 | 20 |

Source:

U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of Economic Analysis

Ohio Office of Budget and Management

Ohio Department of Taxation

Note:

(A) The \$20 personal and dependent exemption credit is only available to taxpayers with Ohio taxable income of less than \$30,000.

| 2015 | 2014 | 2013 | 2012 | 2011 |
|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|
| \$ 147,288 | \$ 142,532 | \$ 137,541 | \$ 132,344 | \$ 123,939 |
| 54,536 | 52,490 | 50,541 | 50,024 | 48,612 |
| 56,281 | 54,715 | 53,485 | 53,886 | 49,969 |
| 42,141 | 40,997 | 39,565 | 38,687 | 37,048 |
| 26,349 | 28,766 | 27,397 | 25,873 | 24,116 |
| 19,967 | 18,837 | 17,523 | 16,341 | 15,473 |
| 17,363 | 15,129 | 15,207 | 14,837 | 13,813 |
| 142,025 | 136,229 | 131,587 | 130,432 | 123,848 |
| \$ 505,950 | \$ 489,695 | \$ 472,846 | \$ 462,424 | \$ 436,818 |
| | | | | |
| 1.58% | 1.82% | 1.78% | 2.12% | 2.08% |

| 2015 | 2014 | 2013 | 2012 | 2011 |
|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| | | | | |
| 2,200 | 2,200 | 1,700 | 1,700 | 1,650 |
| 1,950 | 1,950 | 1,700 | 1,700 | 1,650 |
| 1,700 | 1,700 | 1,700 | 1,700 | 1,650 |
| | | | | |
| 20 | 20 | 20 | 20 | 20 |

PERSONAL INCOME BY INDUSTRY, EFFECTIVE TAX RATE, EXEMPTIONS, AND INCOME TAX RATES FOR THE LAST TEN CALENDAR YEARS (continued)

INCREMENTAL TAX RATES BY CALENDAR YEAR

| Ohio Income Tax Brackets (A) | 2020 (B) | 2019 | 2018 | 2017 |
|------------------------------|----------|--------|--------|--------|
| Tax Bracket 1 | 0.000% | 0.000% | 0.000% | 0.000% |
| Tax Bracket 2 | 2.850% | 2.850% | 1.980% | 1.980% |
| Tax Bracket 3 | 3.326% | 3.326% | 2.476% | 2.476% |
| Tax Bracket 4 | 3.802% | 3.802% | 2.969% | 2.969% |
| Tax Bracket 5 | 4.413% | 4.413% | 3.465% | 3.465% |
| Tax Bracket 6 | 4.797% | 4.797% | 3.960% | 3.960% |
| Tax Bracket 7 | (D) | (D) | 4.597% | 4.597% |
| Tax Bracket 8 | | | 4.997% | 4.997% |
| Tax Bracket 9 | | | (C) | (C) |

TAX BRACKETS BY CALENDAR YEAR

| Ohio Income Tax Brackets (A) | 2020 (B) | 2019 | 2018 | 2017 |
|------------------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|
| Tax Bracket 1 | \$0- \$22,150 | \$0- \$21,750 | \$0- \$10,850 | \$0- \$10,650 |
| Tax Bracket 2 | 22,151-44,250 | 21,751- 43,450 | 10,851- 16,300 | 10,651- 16,000 |
| Tax Bracket 3 | 44,250-88,450 | 43,450-86,900 | 16,300- 21,750 | 16,000- 21,350 |
| Tax Bracket 4 | 88,450-110,650 | 86,900-108,700 | 21,750- 43,450 | 21,350- 42,650 |
| Tax Bracket 5 | 110,650- 221,300 | 108,700- 217,400 | 43,450-86,900 | 42,650-85,300 |
| Tax Bracket 6 | 221,300 & above | 217,400 & above | 86,900- 108,700 | 85,300- 106,650 |
| Tax Bracket 7 | (D) | (D) | 108,700- 217,400 | 106,650- 213,350 |
| Tax Bracket 8 | | | 217,400 & above | 213,350 & above |
| Tax Bracket 9 | | | (C) | (C) |

Source:

Ohio Department of Taxation

Note:

- (A) O.R.C. 5747.02 (A) directs that the Tax Commission will adjust the income brackets for inflation.
- (B) Calendar year 2020 is most recent year for which data available.
- (C) Starting in calendar year 2017, there are only eight tax brackets.
- (D) Starting in calendar year 2019, there are only 6 tax brackets.

| 2016 | 2015 | 2014 | 2013 | 2012 | 2011 |
|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| 0.495% | 0.495% | 0.528% | 0.537% | 0.587% | 0.587% |
| 0.990% | 0.990% | 1.057% | 1.074% | 1.174% | 1.174% |
| 1.980% | 1.980% | 2.113% | 2.148% | 2.348% | 2.348% |
| 2.476% | 2.476% | 2.642% | 2.686% | 2.935% | 2.935% |
| 2.969% | 2.969% | 3.169% | 3.222% | 3.521% | 3.521% |
| 3.465% | 3.465% | 3.698% | 3.760% | 4.109% | 4.109% |
| 3.960% | 3.960% | 4.226% | 4.296% | 4.695% | 4.695% |
| 4.597% | 4.597% | 4.906% | 4.988% | 5.451% | 5.451% |
| 4.997% | 4.997% | 5.333% | 5.421% | 5.925% | 5.925% |

| 2016 | 2015 | 2014 | 2013 | 2012 | 2011 |
|------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|
| \$0- \$5,250 | \$0- \$5,200 | \$0- \$5,200 | \$0- \$5,200 | \$0- \$5,200 | \$0- \$5,100 |
| 5,250- 10,500 | 5,200- 10,400 | 5,200- 10,400 | 5,200- 10,400 | 5,200- 10,400 | 5,101- 10,200 |
| 10,500- 15,800 | 10,400- 15,650 | 10,400- 15,650 | 10,400- 15,650 | 10,400- 15,650 | 10,201- 15,350 |
| 15,800- 21,100 | 15,650- 20,900 | 15,650- 20,900 | 15,650- 20,900 | 15,650- 20,900 | 15,351-20,450 |
| 21,100- 42,100 | 20,900- 41,700 | 20,900- 41,700 | 20,900- 41,700 | 20,900- 41,700 | 20,451-40,850 |
| 42,100- 84,200 | 41,700-83,350 | 41,700-83,350 | 41,700-83,350 | 41,700-83,350 | 40,851-81,650 |
| 84,200- 105,300 | 83,350- 104,250 | 83,350- 104,250 | 83,350- 104,250 | 83,350- 104,250 | 81,651- 102,100 |
| 105,300- 210,600 | 104,250- 208,500 | 104,250- 208,500 | 104,250- 208,500 | 104,250- 208,500 | 102,101- 204,200 |
| 210,600 & above | 208,500 & above | 208,500 & above | 208,500 & above | 208,500 & above | 204,200 & above |

STATE INDIVIDUAL INCOME TAX RETURNS AND LIABILITY BY INCOME LEVEL FOR TAX YEAR 2019 WITH COMPARATIVES FOR TAX YEAR 2010 (NINE YEARS PRIOR)

2019 TAX YEAR (most recent information available)

| | _ | Ohio Tax | Returns |
|-------------------|--|-----------|-----------------------------------|
| Income Level | Federal Adjusted Gross Income (in thousands) | Number | Percentage of Total Returns |
| \$200,001 & Above | \$241,657,711 | 280,840 | 4.88% |
| 100,001-200,000 | 101,007,801 | 754,628 | 13.11% |
| 80,001-100,000 | 37,603,716 | 420,295 | 7.30% |
| 40,001-80,000 | 87,141,435 | 1,523,682 | 26.47% |
| 20,001-40,000 | 39,096,275 | 1,316,924 | 22.87% |
| 15,001-20,000 | 6,194,543 | 354,509 | 6.16% |
| 10,001-15,000 | 4,718,737 | 377,648 | 6.55% |
| 5,001-10,000 | 2,759,767 | 368,933 | 6.41% |
| 5,000 & Under | 923,974 | 359,856 | 6.25% |
| | \$521,103,959 | 5,757,315 | 100.00% |

2010 TAX YEAR

| | _ | Ohio Tax | Returns |
|-------------------|--|-----------|-----------------------------------|
| Income Level | Federal Adjusted Gross Income (in thousands) | Number | Percentage of Total Returns |
| \$200,001 & Above | \$116,340,886 | 135,193 | 2.59% |
| 100,001-200,000 | 58,995,477 | 449,878 | 8.63% |
| 80,001-100,000 | 30,324,262 | 339,991 | 6.52% |
| 40,001-80,000 | 77,292,686 | 1,354,903 | 25.99% |
| 20,001-40,000 | 37,935,606 | 1,292,420 | 24.79% |
| 15,001-20,000 | 7,141,872 | 409,086 | 7.85% |
| 10,001-15,000 | 5,569,789 | 445,638 | 8.55% |
| 5,001-10,000 | 3,199,656 | 423,884 | 8.13% |
| 5,000 & Under | 980,350 | 362,298 | 6.95% |
| | \$337,780,584 | 5,213,291 | 100.00% |

Source:

Ohio Department of Taxation

Note:

⁽A) The effective tax rate is calculated by dividing Ohio income tax receipts by federal adjusted gross income.

| Ohio Income 7 | | | | |
|--------------------------------|---------------------------------|---------------------------|--|--|
| Tax Receipts (in thousands) | Percentage of Total Taxes | Effective Tax Rate (A) | | |
| \$3,356,967 | 40.53% | 1.39% | | |
| 2,375,795 | 28.68% | 2.35% | | |
| 757,550 | 9.15% | 2.01% | | |
| 1,480,678 | 17.88% | 1.70% | | |
| 310,683 | 3.75% | 0.79% | | |
| 449 | 0.01% | 0.01% | | |
| 262 | 0.00% | 0.01% | | |
| 307 | 0.00% | 0.01% | | |
| 228 | 0.00% | 0.02% | | |
| \$8,282,919 | 100.00% | 1.59% | | |

| Ohio Income T | | | | | |
|--------------------------------|---------------------------------|---------------------------|--|--|--|
| Tax Receipts (in thousands) | Percentage of Total Taxes | Effective Tax Rate (A) | | | |
| \$2,747,650 | 33.64% | 2.36% | | | |
| 2,024,034 | 24.77% | 3.43% 2.89% | | | |
| 877,016 | 10.73% | | | | |
| 1,851,465 | 22.66% | 2.40% | | | |
| 598,933 | 7.33% | 1.58% | | | |
| 53,749 | 0.66% | 0.75% | | | |
| 16,909 | 0.21% | 0.30% | | | |
| 248 | 0.00% | 0.01% | | | |
| 173 | 0.00% | 0.02% | | | |
| \$8,170,177 | 100.00% | 2.42% | | | |

SALES TAX REVENUE BY TYPE, TAX REVENUES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(cash basis of accounting) (dollars in thousands)

| | 2021 | 2020 | 2019 | 2018 |
|-------------------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|
| Vendors' Sales | \$ 10,514,664 | \$ 9,365,035 | \$ 9,234,581 | \$ 8,865,860 |
| Motor Vehicles and Watercraft | 1,893,763 | 1,526,635 | 1,524,842 | 1,461,660 |
| Alcoholic Beverages | 99,804 | 81,022 | 67,565 | 61,751 |
| Delinquencies and Assessments | 42,891 | 45,807 | 60,900 | 64,119 |
| Permissive Taxes: | | | | |
| County Levies | 23,806 | 22,437 | 21,554 | 20,862 |
| Transit Authorities | 5,736 | 4,806 | 4,686 | 4,592 |
| Total Sales Tax Revenue | \$ 12,580,664 | \$ 11,045,742 | \$ 10,914,128 | \$ 10,478,844 |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |
| Base State Sales Tax Rates | 5.75% | 5.75% | 5.75% | 5.75% |

| 2017 | 2016 | 2015 | 2014 | 2013 | 2012 |
|---------------|---------------|---------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|
| \$ 9,370,739 | \$ 9,128,017 | \$ 8,816,637 | \$ 8,132,482 | \$ 7,485,702 | \$ 7,190,870 |
| 1,413,448 | 1,363,324 | 1,332,239 | 1,224,236 | 1,110,055 | 1,066,141 |
| 58,688 | 55,005 | 50,285 | 46,087 | 41,683 | 38,814 |
| 65,500 | 90,158 | 60,793 | 62,726 | 63,708 | 74,956 |
| 21,288 | 20,848 | 19,221 | 17,163 | 16,046 | 14,970 |
| 4,789 | 4,691 | 4,474 | 4,180 | 4,008 | 3,845 |
| \$ 10,934,452 | \$ 10,662,043 | \$ 10,283,649 | \$ 9,486,874 | \$ 8,721,202 | \$ 8,389,596 |
| 5.75% | 5.75% | 5.75% | 5.75% | 5.75% | 5.50% |

WORKERS' COMPENSATION ENTERPRISE FUND ACTIVE EMPLOYERS, PREMIUM AND ASSESSMENT INCOME AND ACTUAL AVERAGE COLLECTED PREMIUM RATE FOR THE LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

| | | 2021 | _ | 2020 | _ | 2019 | 2018 | _ | 2017 |
|---|------|-----------------------|----|-----------------------|----|-----------------------|-----------------------------|----|-----------------------|
| Active Employers by Type | | | | | | | | | |
| Private | | 248,256 | | 245,040 | | 244,247 | 236,591 | | 237,249 |
| Public (Local) | | 3,805 | | 3,802 | | 3,796 | 3,784 | | 3,796 |
| Public (State) | | 114 | | 114 | | 115 | 115 | | 121 |
| Self-Insured | | 1,110 | | 1,139 | | 1,160 | 1,173 | | 1,166 |
| Black Lung | | 20 | | 26 | | 26 | 28 | | 28 |
| Marine Fund | | 131 | | 129 | | 128 | 121 | | 114 |
| Total | | 253,436 | | 250,250 | | 249,472 | 241,812 | | 242,474 |
| Premium & Assessment Income (dollars in thousands) Premium & Assessment Income Provision for Uncollectibles | . \$ | 1,198,066 (28,471) | \$ | 1,263,961 (15,202) | \$ | 1,322,274 (31,775) | \$ 1,202,517 (39,577) | \$ | 1,574,212 (29,662) |
| Total Premium & Assessment Income | \$ | 1,169,595 | \$ | 1,248,759 | \$ | 1,290,499 | \$ 1,162,940 | \$ | 1,544,550 |
| Average Published Rate per \$100 of Payroll: | | | | | | | | | |
| Private Employers Public Employers-Taxing Districts | | \$0.67 0.69 | | \$0.76 0.77 | | \$0.95 0.85 | \$0.95 0.97 | | \$1.10 1.03 |

Source:

Ohio Bureau of Workers' Compensation Year-End Statistics Report

| 2016 | 2015 | 2014 | 2013 | 2012 |
|--------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| | | | | |
| 239,331 | 247,829 | 249,602 | 249,085 | 249,668 |
| 3,796 | 3,807 | 3,815 | 3,794 | 3,801 |
| 121 | 121 | 121 | 129 | 122 |
| 1,178 | 1,180 | 1,197 | 1,205 | 1,196 |
| 31 | 34 | 36 | 36 | 35 |
| 138 | 135 | 146 | 139 | 132 |
| 244,595 | 253,106 | 254,917 | 254,388 | 254,954 |
| \$ 1,456,855 (17,712) | \$ 1,993,706 (39,532) | \$ 2,142,549 (56,728) | \$ 1,533,153 (40,764) | \$ 1,992,018 (47,540) |
| \$ 1,439,143 | \$ 1,954,174 | \$ 2,085,821 | \$ 1,492,389 | \$ 1,944,478 |
| \$1.07 1.03 | \$1.17 1.12 | \$1.30 1.23 | \$1.43 1.24 | \$1.43 1.31 |

LOTTERY COMMISSION ENTERPRISE FUND TICKET SALES BY MAJOR GAME TYPE FOR THE LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (dollars in millions)

| | 2021 | 2020 | | 2019 | | 2018 | | 2017 |
|----------------------------|---------------|---------------|----|---------|----|---------|----|---------|
| Online Games: | | | | | | | | |
| Pick 3 | \$ 485.9 | \$ 400.6 | \$ | 354.0 | \$ | 340.1 | \$ | 340.0 |
| Pick 4 | 284.0 | 240.5 | | 216.9 | | 205.1 | | 201.0 |
| Pick 5 (B) | 66.1 | 51.2 | | 44.5 | | 40.8 | | 38.1 |
| Rolling Cash 5 | 57.0 | 51.7 | | 52.1 | | 53.0 | | 55.5 |
| Classic Lotto/Kicker(A) | 28.0 | 28.8 | | 31.4 | | 34.4 | | 30.9 |
| Raffle | - | - | | - | | - | | 3.6 |
| Kicker(A) | - | - | | - | | - | | - |
| Mega Millions/Megaplier(A) | 152.7 | 102.0 | | 192.7 | | 120.1 | | 93.3 |
| EZPLAY | 112.2 | 88.4 | | 100.4 | | 113.2 | | 120.2 |
| Ten-OH!(B) | - | - | | - | | - | | - |
| Keno | 577.4 | 439.4 | | 453.9 | | 421.1 | | 396.3 |
| Power Ball/Power Play | 120.1 | 85.2 | | 143.3 | | 148.1 | | 129.8 |
| EZPLAY TAP(C) | 44.8 | 38.9 | | 40.8 | | 31.8 | | 30.0 |
| EZPLAY Touch & Win(D)(E) | 35.2 | 31.4 | | 30.4 | | 19.5 | | 16.0 |
| Lucky for Life(D) | 22.2 | 19.5 | | 20.4 | | 20.7 | | 19.9 |
| The Lucky One(F) | 28.7 | 20.1 | | 16.9 | | 11.6 | | - |
| Total Online Games | 2,014.3 | 1,597.7 | | 1,697.7 | | 1,559.5 | | 1,474.6 |
| | | | | | | | | |
| Instant Games | 1,873.8 | 1,873.8 | | 1,663.0 | | 1,600.6 | | 1,527.1 |
| Total Ticket Sales | \$ 3,888.1 | \$ 3,471.5 | \$ | 3,360.7 | \$ | 3,160.1 | \$ | 3,001.7 |

Source:

Ohio Lottery Commission

Note:

- (A) In fiscal year 2011, the Kicker was retired and the Megaplier was added. Kicker was reintroduced in 2012 as an add-on to Classic Lotto.
- (B) August 2012, the Ten-Oh game was replaced by Pick 5.
- (C) In fiscal year 2015, the EZPLAY TAP game was introduced.
- (D) In fiscal year 2016, the EZPLAY QUICKENO and Lucky for Life was introduced.
- (E) In fiscal year 2018, EZPLAY QUICKENO was rebranded to EZPLAY Touch & Win.
- (F) In fiscal year 2018, the Lucky One was introduced.

| 2016 | 2015 | 2014 | 2013 | 2012 | | |
|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|--|--|
| | | | | | | |
| \$ 343.0 | \$ 338.0 | \$ 339.0 | \$ 345.2 | \$ 357.4 | | |
| 200.3 | 192.8 | 185.8 | 189.8 | 207.9 | | |
| 36.4 | 33.3 | 27.9 | 28.0 | - | | |
| 60.3 | 62.6 | 63.4 | 61.5 | 63.8 | | |
| 35.8 | 31.0 | 54.1 | 41.5 | 42.3 | | |
| - | 7.0 | 1.0 | 9.1 | 10.0 | | |
| - | 4.7 | 6.0 | 5.1 | 0.9 | | |
| 102.2 | 113.3 | 133.4 | 102.8 | 179.3 | | |
| 115.2 | 99.8 | 84.8 | 68.0 | 46.5 | | |
| - | - | - | 8.0 | 8.3 | | |
| 365.9 | 329.5 | 298.1 | 251.5 | 209.8 | | |
| 193.5 | 105.0 | 122.8 | 166.6 | 105.3 | | |
| 31.5 | 24.0 | - | - | - | | |
| 0.7 | - | - | - | - | | |
| 14.1 | - | - | - | - | | |
| - | - | - | - | - | | |
| 1,498.9 | 1,341.0 | 1,316.3 | 1,269.9 | 1,231.5 | | |
| | | | | | | |
| 1,560.7 | 1,551.0 | 1,426.8 | 1,428.0 | 1,507.5 | | |
| \$ 3,059.6 | \$ 2,892.0 | \$ 2,743.1 | \$ 2,697.9 | \$ 2,739.0 | | |

RATIOS OF OUTSTANDING DEBT BY TYPE FOR THE LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

| (do | llars | in | thousands) | |
|-----|-------|----|------------|--|
| | | | | |

| | | Governmental Activities | | | | | | | | | | |
|----------------|--------------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------------|-----------|--------------------------------|-----------|-------------------------------------|---------|-------------------|--------|--|--|
| As of June 30, | General Obligation Bonds | | Revenue Bonds and Notes | | Special Obligation Bonds | | Certificates of Participation | | Capital Leases | | | |
| 2021 | \$ | 9,442,030 | \$ | 6,627,043 | \$ | 2,628,132 | \$ | 273,100 | \$ | 27,394 | | |
| 2020 | | 9,418,099 | | 6,743,423 | | 2,278,884 | | 281,757 | | 24,278 | | |
| 2019 | | 9,570,682 | | 6,570,318 | | 2,213,180 | | 277,452 | | 21,044 | | |
| 2018 | | 9,734,361 | | 6,689,337 | | 2,237,096 | | 204,620 | | 19,632 | | |
| 2017 | | 9,297,641 | | 6,394,647 | | 2,016,991 | | 241,627 | | 17,361 | | |
| 2016 | | 9,283,156 | | 6,261,882 | | 1,930,592 | | 194,899 | | 8,806 | | |
| 2015 | | 9,149,055 | | 6,409,774 | | 1,906,844 | | 231,837 | | 2,072 | | |
| 2014 | | 9,366,348 | | 6,355,222 | | 1,836,136 | | 173,603 | | 3,055 | | |
| 2013 | | 8,812,499 | | 6,486,884 | | 1,925,252 | | 198,266 | | 2,294 | | |
| 2012 | | 8,888,085 | | 7,129,786 | | 2,090,889 | | 156,664 | | 4,199 | | |

Source:

U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of Economic Analysis Ohio Office of Budget and Management

Note:

Balances have been restated for prior period adjustments, corrections, and reclassifications, when practical.

(dollars in thousands)

| Rucinoce-Tv | pe Activities |
|---------------|---------------|
| Business- i v | De Activities |

| Revenue Capital Bonds Leases | | • | (| Total Primary Government | Percentage of Personal Income | Per Capita | | |
|------------------------------|----|--------|----|--------------------------------|-------------------------------------|------------|--|--|
| \$ - | \$ | 14,917 | \$ | 19,012,616 | 3.03% | 1,626 | | |
| - | | 2,911 | | 18,749,352 | 3.20% | 1,604 | | |
| - | | 4,654 | | 18,657,330 | 3.27% | 1,596 | | |
| - | | 3,164 | | 18,888,210 | 3.47% | 1,620 | | |
| - | | 6,277 | | 17,974,544 | 3.47% | 1,548 | | |
| - | | 10,077 | | 17,689,412 | 3.50% | 1,523 | | |
| - | | 13,094 | | 17,712,676 | 3.62% | 1,528 | | |
| - | | 15,357 | | 17,749,721 | 3.75% | 1,534 | | |
| 15,422 | | 33,009 | | 17,473,626 | 3.78% | 1,514 | | |
| 31,633 | | 45,289 | | 18,346,545 | 4.21% | 1,589 | | |



RATIOS OF GENERAL AND SPECIAL OBLIGATION BONDED DEBT OUTSTANDING FOR THE LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

| Bonded | Deht | (dollars | in thous | ande) |
|--------|------|----------|----------|-------|
| Donaca | Deni | luulais | แม แมงนอ | anusi |

| As of June 30, | General Obligation Bonds | Special Obligation Bonds | Total Bonded Debt | Percentage of Personal Income | Per Capita Total Bonded Debt |
|-------------------|--------------------------------|--------------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------------------|------------------------------------|
| 2021 | \$ 9,442,030 | \$ 2,628,132 | \$ 12,070,162 | 1.92% | 1,032 |
| 2020 | 9,418,099 | 2,278,884 | 11,696,983 | 1.99% | 1,001 |
| 2019 | 9,570,682 | 2,213,180 | 11,783,862 | 2.07% | 1,008 |
| 2018 | 9,734,361 | 2,237,096 | 11,971,457 | 2.20% | 1,027 |
| 2017 | 9,297,641 | 2,016,991 | 11,314,632 | 2.18% | 974 |
| 2016 | 9,283,156 | 1,930,592 | 11,213,748 | 2.22% | 966 |
| 2015 | 9,149,055 | 1,906,844 | 11,055,899 | 2.26% | 954 |
| 2014 | 9,366,348 | 1,836,136 | 11,202,484 | 2.37% | 968 |
| 2013 | 8,812,499 | 1,925,252 | 10,737,751 | 2.32% | 930 |
| 2012 | 8,888,085 | 2,090,889 | 10,978,974 | 2.52% | 951 |

Source:

U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of Economic Analysis Ohio Office of Budget and Management

Note:

This table includes general and special obligation bonds for which debt service payments have been made from the following combining funds in the Debt Service and Capital Projects Funds. Balances have been restated for prior period adjustments, corrections, and reclassifications, when practical.

In fiscal year 2018, the table was restated to reflect Total Bonded Debt rather than Net Bonded Debt for the ten year period. The Total Bonded Debt, Percentage of Personal Income, and Per Capita Total Bonded Debt were restated accordingly.

Debt Service Fund:

Coal Research/Development General Obligations
Local Infrastructure Improvements General Obligations
State Projects General Obligations
Highway Capital Improvements General Obligations
Higher Education Capital Facilities General Obligations
Common Schools Capital Facilities General Obligations
Conservation Projects General Obligations
Third Frontier Research/Development General Obligations
Job Ready Site Development General Obligations
Persian Golf Conflict Compensation General Obligations
Lease Rental Special Obligations*

Capital Projects Fund:

Mental Health/Developmental Disabilities Facilities Improvements Adult Correctional Building Improvements

^{*} As of fiscal year 2012, Lease Rental Special Obligations encompasses Chapter 154 Special Obligations, Higher Education Facilities Special Obligations, Mental Health Facilities Special Obligations, Parks and Recreation Facilities Special Obligations, and Ohio Building Authority Special Obligations.

ANNUAL LIMITATION ON DEBT SERVICE EXPENDITURES (BUDGETARY BASIS) FOR THE LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(dollars in thousands)

| | 2021(A) | | 2020 | | 2019 | | 2018 | | 2017 |
|--|---------|------------|------------------|----|------------|----|------------|----|------------|
| Debt Service Expenditures | \$ | 1,061,721 | \$ 1,414,867 | \$ | 1,402,757 | \$ | 1,338,396 | \$ | 1,328,277 |
| General Revenue Fund (GRF) Revenues and Transfers from the Lottery Enterprise Fund | \$ | 40,723,295 | \$ 34,551,772 | \$ | 34,921,508 | \$ | 33,642,813 | \$ | 35,218,700 |
| Calculation of Annual 5% Debt Service Cap | \$ | 2,036,165 | \$ 1,727,589 | \$ | 1,746,075 | \$ | 1,682,141 | \$ | 1,760,935 |
| Amount Under the Debt Service Expenditure Cap | \$ | 974,444 | \$ 312,722 | \$ | 343,318 | \$ | 343,745 | \$ | 432,658 |
| Ratio of Debt Service Expenditures to Total GRF Revenues and Lottery Transfers | | 2.61% | 4.09% | | 4.02% | | 3.98% | | 3.77% |

Limitations on Debt

A 1999 amendment to the Ohio Constitution provides an annual debt service "cap" on general obligation bonds and other direct obligations payable from the General Revenue Fund (GRF) or net state lottery proceeds. Generally, such bonds may not be issued if the future fiscal year debt service on the new bonds and previously issued bonds exceeds five percent of total estimated GRF revenues plus net state lottery proceeds during the fiscal year of issuance. Application of the cap may be waived in a particular instance by a three-fifths vote of each house of the General Assembly and may be changed by future constitutional amendments. Direct obligations of the State include, for example, special obligation bonds issued by the Ohio Building Authority and the Treasurer of State that are paid from GRF appropriations, but exclude bonds such as highway bonds that are paid from highway user receipts.

Source:

Ohio Office of Budget and Management

Note:

(A) Debt Service Expenditures reflect the restructuring of net debt service payments into later fiscal years.

| 2016 | 2015 | 2014 | 2013 | | 2012(A) | | |
|------------------|------------------|------------------|------|------------|---------|------------|--|
| \$ 1,314,513 | \$ 1,278,259 | \$ 1,237,701 | \$ | 1,204,776 | \$ | 692,776 | |
| \$ 34,997,700 | \$ 32,463,100 | \$ 30,137,140 | \$ | 30,362,815 | \$ | 27,956,513 | |
| \$ 1,749,885 | \$ 1,623,155 | \$ 1,506,857 | \$ | 1,518,141 | \$ | 1,397,826 | |
| \$ 435,372 | \$ 344,896 | \$ 269,156 | \$ | 313,365 | \$ | 705,050 | |
| | | | | | | | |
| 3.76% | 3.94% | 4.11% | | 3.97% | | 2.48% | |

REVENUE BOND AND NOTE COVERAGE FOR THE LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(dollars in thousands)

Buckeye Tobacco Settlement Financing Authority Revenue Bonds

| - | Buckeye Tobacco Settlement Financing Authority Revenue Bonds Fund | | | Debt Se | | | |
|----------------|--|---|---|-----------|-----------|-----------|----------|
| Fiscal Year | Gross Revenues (A) | Direct Operating Expenses Exclusive of Depreciation | Net Revenue Available For Debt Service | Principal | Interest | Total | Coverage |
| 2021 | \$307,187 | N/A | \$307,187 | \$85,010 | \$221,480 | \$306,490 | 1.00 |
| 2020 (B) | 294,613 | N/A | 294,613 | 395,807 | 197,905 | 593,712 | 0.50 |
| 2019 | 307,169 | N/A | 307,169 | 11,890 | 288,351 | 300,241 | 1.02 |
| 2018 | 337,774 | N/A | 337,774 | 44,590 | 290,659 | 335,249 | 1.01 |
| 2017 | 282,512 | N/A | 282,512 | 38,995 | 292,609 | 331,604 | 0.85 |
| 2016 | 299,239 | N/A | 299,239 | 35,000 | 294,359 | 329,359 | 0.91 |
| 2015 | 286,914 | N/A | 286,914 | 26,640 | 295,691 | 322,331 | 0.89 |
| 2014 | 293,573 | N/A | 293,573 | 23,995 | 296,892 | 320,887 | 0.91 |
| 2013 | 296,261 | N/A | 296,261 | 12,320 | 285,700 | 298,020 | 0.99 |
| 2012 | 295,259 | N/A | 295,259 | 20,295 | 274,874 | 295,169 | 1.00 |

Infrastructure Bank Revenue Bonds

Issuer: Treasurer of State

| | Highway Operating Fund | | | Debt Se | | | |
|----------------|------------------------|---------------------------------|---|-----------|----------|-----------|-------------|
| Fiscal Year | Gross Revenues (C) | Direct Operating Expenses | Net Revenue Available For Debt Service | Principal | Interest | Total | Coverage |
| 2021 | \$166,730 | N/A | \$166,730 | \$182,174 | \$45,672 | \$227,846 | 0.73 |
| 2020 | 179,823 | N/A | 179,823 | 144,495 | 38,797 | 183,292 | 0.98 |
| 2019 | 185,013 | N/A | 185,013 | 139,380 | 48,461 | 187,841 | 0.98 |
| 2018 | 149,213 | N/A | 149,213 | 117,555 | 34,154 | 151,709 | 0.98 |
| 2017 | 151,170 | N/A | 151,170 | 124,280 | 38,571 | 162,851 | 0.93 |
| 2016 | 176,933 | N/A | 176,933 | 144,405 | 35,414 | 179,819 | 0.98 |
| 2015 | 170,368 | N/A | 170,368 | 200,801 | 38,699 | 239,500 | 0.71 |
| 2014 | 167,653 | N/A | 167,653 | 136,415 | 41,511 | 177,926 | 0.94 |
| 2013 | 160,339 | N/A | 160,339 | 123,685 | 44,357 | 168,042 | 0.95 |
| 2012 | 152,561 | N/A | 152,561 | 123,235 | 50,338 | 173,573 | 0.88 |
| | | | | | | | (continued) |

Notes

⁽A) The Buckeye Tobacco Settlement Financing Authority revenue bonds were first issued in fiscal year 2008. Gross revenues consist of tobacco settlement receipts (TSRs) and investment income.

⁽B) In March 2020, BTSFA refunded its outstanding bonds and issued Series 2020 Senior Bonds. Because of the refunding, fiscal year 2020 principal amount also includes bond issuance costs and the advance refunding payment to escrow.

⁽C) The gross revenue for Infrastructure Bank Revenue Bonds includes GARVEE receipts, which stands for Grant Anticipation Revenue Vehicles, and other revenue. GARVEE receipts are capital market borrowings repaid by federal transportation funds deposited in the State's Highway Operating Fund.

REVENUE BOND AND NOTE COVERAGE FOR THE LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(dollars in thousands) (continued)

Economic Development and Revitalization Project Revenue Bonds and Notes

Issuer: Treasurer of State

| | Liquor Conti | rol Enterprise Fund | | Debt Service Requirements | | | | | |
|----------------------|-----------------------------|---|---|---------------------------|--------------------|---------------------|--------------|--|--|
| Fiscal Year | Gross Liquor Revenues | Direct Operating Expenses Exclusive of Depreciation | Net Revenue Available For Debt Service | Principal | Interest | Total | Coverage | | |
| 2013 (D) 2012 (E) | \$485,607 791,454 | \$310,209 543,375 | \$175,398 248,079 | \$26,440 119,625 | \$15,168 31,613 | \$41,608 151,238 | 4.22 1.64 | | |

Bureau of Workers' Compensation Revenue Bonds

Issuer: Ohio Building Authority

| | Workers' Co Enterpris | • | | Debt Se | ervice Requirem | ents | |
|------------------------------|---------------------------------------|---|---|------------------------------|-------------------------|------------------------------|-------------------------|
| Fiscal Year | Gross Revenues (F) | Direct Operating Expenses Exclusive of Depreciation | Net Revenue Available For Debt Service | Principal | Interest | Total | Coverage |
| 2014 (G) 2013 (H) 2012 | \$5,107,570 2,404,966 4,002,237 | \$2,408,977 3,419,204 1,934,524 | \$2,698,593 (1,014,238) 2,067,713 | \$15,200 15,915 15,890 | \$751 1,543 2,326 | \$15,951 17,458 18,216 | 169.18 N/A 113.51 |

Source:

Ohio Office of Budget and Management

Note (continued):

- (D) On February 1, 2013, the State granted a 25-year franchise on its spirituous liquor system. Activity of the Liquor Control Enterprise Fund ceased as of January 31, 2013. The final debt service payments on the Economic Development and Revitalization Project Revenue Bonds and Notes were made during fiscal year 2013.
- (E) Fiscal year 2012 debt service requirements includes payments for Bond Anticipation Notes (BANS), the term of which is no longer than one year.
- (F) Gross revenues consist of operating revenues and investment income.
- (G) The final debt service payments on the Bureau of Workers' Compensation Revenue Bonds were made during fiscal year 2014.
- (H) During fiscal year 2013, the Bureau of Workers' Compensation (BWC) adjusted its premium rates and recorded a premium rebate.

DEMOGRAPHIC AND ECONOMIC STATISTICS FOR THE LAST TEN CALENDAR YEARS

| Ρ | opulation |
|-----|------------|
| /in | thousands) |

Per Capita Personal Income

| Calendar Year | U.S. | Change from Prior Period | Ohio | Change from Prior Period | U.S. | Ohio | Ohio as a Percentage of U.S. |
|------------------|---------|-----------------------------------|--------|-----------------------------------|----------|----------|---------------------------------------|
| 2020 | 329,484 | 1,244 | 11,693 | 4 | \$59,510 | \$53,641 | 90.1% |
| 2019 | 328,240 | 1,073 | 11,689 | 0 | 56,490 | 50,199 | 88.9% |
| 2018 | 327,167 | 1,448 | 11,689 | 30 | 54,446 | 48,739 | 89.5% |
| 2017 | 325,719 | 2,591 | 11,659 | 45 | 51,640 | 46,732 | 90.5% |
| 2016 | 323,128 | 1,709 | 11,614 | 1 | 49,246 | 44,593 | 90.6% |
| 2015 | 321,419 | 2,562 | 11,613 | 19 | 48,112 | 43,566 | 90.6% |
| 2014 | 318,857 | 2,728 | 11,594 | 23 | 46,049 | 42,236 | 91.7% |
| 2013 | 316,129 | 2,215 | 11,571 | 27 | 44,543 | 40,865 | 91.7% |
| 2012 | 313,914 | 2,322 | 11,544 | (1) | 42,693 | 40,057 | 93.8% |
| 2011 | 311,592 | 2,242 | 11,545 | 9 | 41,663 | 37,791 | 90.7% |

Source:

U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of Economic Analysis for Population, Income, and Employment

Ohio Department of Job and Family Services for unemployment rates

Ohio Department of Education for school enrollment

Ohio Department of Public Safety for motor vehicle registrations

Civilian Labor Force (in thousands)

| Ohioans | Ohio's Unemployment | Public School Enrollment in Ohio | Motor Vehicles Registered in Ohio |
|----------|------------------------|---|--|
| Employed | Rate | (in thousands) | (in thousands) |
| 6,706 | 8.1% | 1,727 | 12,374 |
| 7,142 | 4.1% | 1,776 | 13,285 |
| 7,093 | 4.6% | 1,783 | 13,232 |
| 6,995 | 5.0% | 1,791 | 13,127 |
| 6,958 | 4.9% | 1,790 | 13,157 |
| 6,886 | 4.9% | 1,784 | 13,039 |
| 6,753 | 5.7% | 1,799 | 11,443 |
| 6,663 | 7.4% | 1,845 | 11,998 |
| 6,617 | 7.2% | 1,850 | 11,840 |
| 6,521 | 8.6% | 1,860 | 11,788 |



PRINCIPAL EMPLOYERS FOR CALENDAR YEARS 2020 AND 2011

| | - | 2020 | | | 2011 | |
|------------------------------------|-----------|------|---|-----------|------|---|
| Employer | Employees | Rank | Percentage of Total State Employment | Employees | Rank | Percentage of Total State Employment |
| United States Government | 81,890 | 1 | 1.22% | 80,543 | 1 | 1.24% |
| Cleveland Clinic | 52,800 | 2 | 0.79% | 39,400 | 4 | 0.60% |
| Wal-Mart | 50,400 | 3 | 0.75% | 52,275 | 3 | 0.80% |
| State of Ohio | 47,883 | 4 | 0.71% | 52,599 | 2 | 0.81% |
| Kroger Company | 35,950 | 5 | 0.54% | 39,000 | 5 | 0.60% |
| The Ohio State University | 35,800 | 6 | 0.53% | 28,300 | 7 | 0.43% |
| Bon Secours Mercy Health | 32,300 | 7 | 0.48% | | | |
| University Hospitals Health System | 30,650 | 8 | 0.46% | 21,000 | 8 | 0.32% |
| OhioHealth | 30,000 | 9 | 0.45% | | | |
| Amazon.com, Inc | 23,500 | 10 | 0.35% | | | |
| Catholic Healthcare Partners | | | | 30,300 | 6 | 0.46% |
| JP Morgan | | | | 19,500 | 9 | 0.30% |
| Giant Eagle | | | | 17,000 | 10 | 0.26% |

Source:

U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of Economic Analysis Ohio Development Services Agency, Office of Strategic Research State of Ohio Comprehensive Annual Financial Report Fiscal Year 2012

FULL-TIME AND PART-TIME PERMANENT STATE EMPLOYEES DURING THE MONTH OF JUNE BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM FOR THE LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

| <u> </u> | | | Number of Employees | | |
|--|--------|--------|---------------------|--------|--|
| Function/Program | 2021 | 2020 | 2019 | 2018 | |
| Primary, Secondary and Other Education | 1,011 | 998 | 998 | 982 | |
| Higher Education Support | 63 | 66 | 67 | 68 | |
| Public Assistance and Medicaid | 1,112 | 2,032 | 2,176 | 2,209 | |
| Health and Human Services | 8,053 | 8,279 | 8,244 | 8,195 | |
| Justice and Public Protection | 19,031 | 20,026 | 20,102 | 20,189 | |
| Environmental Protection and Natural Resources | 2,529 | 2,640 | 2,620 | 2,630 | |
| Transportation | 4,780 | 4,860 | 4,925 | 4,874 | |
| General Government | 4,453 | 4,568 | 4,643 | 4,635 | |
| Community and Economic Development | 795 | 854 | 866 | 861 | |
| Workers' Compensation | 1,615 | 1,718 | 1,721 | 1,721 | |
| Lottery Commission | 371 | 377 | 387 | 375 | |
| Unemployment Compensation | 1,525 | 654 | 581 | 636 | |
| Other | 801 | 811 | 808 | 821 | |
| Total | 46,139 | 47,883 | 48,138 | 48,196 | |

Source:

| 2017 | 2016 | 2015 | 2014 | 2013 | 2012 |
|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| 997 | 1,014 | 950 | 971 | 971 | 970 |
| 69 | 72 | 71 | 73 | 70 | 70 |
| 2,229 | 2,202 | 2,259 | 2,638 | 2,621 | 2,769 |
| 8,273 | 8,303 | 8,128 | 8,290 | 8,301 | 8,604 |
| 20,285 | 20,194 | 20,114 | 19,827 | 19,974 | 20,196 |
| 2,662 | 2,606 | 2,651 | 2,700 | 2,712 | 2,745 |
| 4,917 | 4,873 | 4,884 | 4,913 | 4,964 | 5,218 |
| 4,705 | 4,705 | 4,739 | 4,826 | 4,839 | 4,984 |
| 990 | 870 | 853 | 870 | 860 | 820 |
| 1,744 | 1,778 | 1,784 | 1,842 | 1,847 | 1,882 |
| 378 | 378 | 376 | 355 | 335 | 326 |
| 703 | 744 | 786 | 524 | 587 | 611 |
| 817 | 818 | 805 | 806 | 799 | 818 |
| 48,769 | 48,557 | 48,400 | 48,635 | 48,880 | 50,013 |

OPERATING INDICATORS BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM FOR THE LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

| Function/Program | 2021 | 2020 | 2019 | 2018 | 2017 |
|---|---------------|---------------|-----------|-----------|---------------|
| Primary, Secondary and Other Education Ohio Department of Education: | | | | | |
| Fall Student Enrollment (Public Schools) | 1,727,048 | 1,779,475 | 1,782,974 | 1,791,218 | 1,790,089 |
| Public School Districts (A) | 609 | 610 | 610 | 610 | 610 |
| Community School Districts (A) | 315 | 313 | 320 | 340 | 362 |
| Vocational School Districts | 49 | 49 | 49 | 49 | 49 |
| High School Graduation Rate (by School year) | (B) | 87.2% | 85.9% | 85.3% | 84.1% |
| Higher Education Support | | | | | |
| Ohio Department of Higher Education (I): | | | | | |
| Student Enrollment at State-Assisted Institutions | 492,702 | 492,424 | 490,082 | 490,243 | 491,402 |
| State-Assisted Institutions | 37 | 37 | 37 | 37 | 37 |
| Ohio College Opportunity Grant Recipients | 51,823 | 56,482 | 60,756 | 69,454 | 68,495 |
| Public Assistance and Medicaid Ohio Department of Job and Family Services: | | | | | |
| Individuals with Medicaid Coverage (G)(J) | | | | | |
| Individuals With Medicald Coverage (G)(d) | 91,920 | 93,904 | 90,247 | 101,602 | 103,900 |
| Individuals on Medicaid Waiver (G)(J) | 91,920 | 93,904 | 90,247 | 101,002 | 103,900 |
| Ohio Department of Medicaid: | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ |
| Individuals with Medicaid Coverage (G) | 3,109,148 | 2,830,520 | 2,866,000 | 3,007,745 | 3,083,568 |
| Individuals on Medicaid Waiver (G) | 7,225 | 6,590 | 5,854 | 5,819 | 5,503 |
| Ohio Department of Aging: | 7,220 | 0,000 | 0,004 | 0,010 | 0,000 |
| Individuals on PASSPORT Waiver (J) | 24,404 | 24,209 | 24,014 | 25,083 | 23,111 |
| Ohio Department of Developmental Disabilities: | 24,404 | 24,200 | 24,014 | 20,000 | 20,111 |
| Individuals on DDD Waiver | 41,972 | 41,293 | 40,349 | 39,627 | 38,487 |
| Health and Human Services | | | | | |
| Ohio Department of Aging: | | | | | |
| Clients Served-PASSPORT (H) | 27,463 | 32,982 | 28,007 | 28,215 | 28,048 |
| Clients Served-Congregate Meals (E) | 19,034 | 43,422 | 44,263 | 45,085 | 45,435 |
| Clients Served-Home Delivered Meals | 64,665 | 50,302 | 40,269 | 39,546 | 38,781 |
| Clients Served-Transportation Provided | 12,287 | 14,182 | 20,004 | 18,968 | 19,691 |
| Ohio Department of Health: | | | | | |
| Average Monthly Caseload-Women, | | | | | |
| Infants, & Children | 168,884 | 186,526 | 195,897 | 212,420 | 224,816 |
| Ohio Department of Mental Health & Addiction Services: | 400.000 | 407.000 | 407.044 | 100 101 | 454.070 |
| Clients Served (Addiction Services) (F) | 123,802 | 137,999 | 127,641 | 139,464 | 154,870 |
| Facilities' Admissions | 3,317 | 4,733 | 5,932 | 5,948 | 6,542 |
| Facilities' Average Daily Residence Population | 930 | 1,027 | 1,070 | 1,068 | 1,050 |
| Individuals Served-Community Facilities (D) | 403,918 | 375,219 | 448,391 | 535,022 | 415,639 |
| Ohio Department of Developmental Disabilities: | OF 424 | 04.005 | 94,768 | 92,980 | 02.002 |
| Individuals Served-Community Facilities (D)Facilities' Average Daily Residence Population | 95,431 617 | 94,885 618 | 640 | 92,960 | 93,892 701 |
| Justice and Public Protection | | | | | |
| Ohio Department of Public Safety: | | | | | |
| Crashes Investigated | 58,092 | 57,710 | 63,773 | 66,485 | 65,726 |
| Total Arrests | 457,378 | 420,955 | 570,520 | 634,084 | 578,579 |
| Ohio Department of Rehabilitation and Correction: | , | 0,000 | 2.0,020 | ,00 . | 2.0,0.0 |
| Inmate Population | 43,046 | 46,657 | 49,031 | 49,379 | 50,174 |
| Environmental Protection and Natural Resources | | | | | |
| Ohio Department of Natural Resources: | | | | | |
| Licenses and Registrations (C) | 2,255,360 | 2,308,423 | 2,232,201 | 2,299,572 | 2,308,438 |

| 2016 | 2015 | 2014 | 2013 | 2012 |
|-------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|
| | | | | |
| 1,784,397 611 372 | 1,799,107 612 382 | 1,845,441 612 393 | 1,850,281 612 369 | 1,859,821 612 341 |
| 49 | 49 | 49 | 49 | 49 |
| 83.5% | 83.0% | 82.2% | 82.2% | 81.3% |
| 492,555 | 498,276 | 510,794 | 521,368 | 539,058 |
| 37 | 37 | 37 | 37 | 37 |
| 76,171 | 80,344 | 86,435 | 94,479 | 98,751 |
| | _ | _ | 2,382,381 | 2,213,104 |
| 108,262 | 114,913 | 124,033 | 140,368 10,941 | 181,934 13,410 |
| _ | _ | _ | 10,941 | 13,410 |
| 3,024,213 | 2,960,279 | 2,509,360 | _ | _ |
| 5,630 | 6,896 | 10,715 | _ | _ |
| 23,106 | 21,492 | 38,771 | 38,379 | 42,060 |
| 36,627 | 35,119 | 34,411 | 29,066 | 28,077 |
| | | | | |
| 28,064 | 27,513 | 43,593 | 42,521 | 42,060 |
| 46,473 | 47,225 | 47,384 | 48,541 | 50,347 |
| 38,130 20,818 | 37,441 20,058 | 35,298 20,095 | 35,960 20,273 | 36,056 21,702 |
| 20,010 | 20,000 | 20,000 | 20,270 | 21,702 |
| 237,987 | 246,142 | 252,253 | 267,011 | 277,379 |
| 112,777 | 97,673 | 94,685 | 104,058 | 99,605 |
| 6,933 | 7,282 | 7,761 | 7,089 | 6,756 |
| 1,028 | 1,027 | 1,021 | 1,013 | 1,008 |
| 417,963 | _ | _ | _ | _ |
| 94,056 | 514,579 | 546,041 | 466,634 | 451,907 |
| 806 | 926 | 942 | 1,000 | 1,184 |
| | | | | |
| 66,027 | 68,967 | 70,170 | 63,599 | 64,519 |
| 642,268 | 606,888 | 603,094 | 576,700 | 554,794 |
| 51,001 | 50,407 | 50,420 | 50,153 | 49,774 |
| 31,001 | 50,407 | 50,420 | 50,155 | 43,114 |
| 0.040.75 | 0.045 =0- | | | |
| 2,346,769 | 2,345,788 | 2,426,968 | 2,387,225 | 2,506,036 |

OPERATING INDICATORS BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM

FOR THE LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(continued)

| Function/Program | 2021 | 2020 | 2019 | 2018 | 2017 |
|---|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| Transportation | | | | | |
| Ohio Department of Transportation: Pavement Resurfacing (in miles): | | | | | |
| Two-Lane | 2,223 | 2,478 | 2,854 | 3,103 | 4,029 |
| Four-Lane | 1,003 | 942 | 625 | 1,236 | 1,112 |
| Interstate | 913 | 1,164 | 1,014 | 980 | 1,145 |
| Workers' Compensation | | | | | |
| Ohio Bureau of Workers' Compensation: | | | | | |
| Claims Filed | 75,834 | 81,863 | 96,604 | 97,185 | 97,931 |
| Open Claims | 579,101 | 609,965 | 646,379 | 672,188 | 704,756 |
| Lottery | | | | | |
| Ohio Lottery Commission: | | | | | |
| Prize Awards Paid (in billions) | \$ 2.84 | \$ 2.26 | \$ 2.14 | \$ 2.00 | \$ 1.91 |
| Bonuses and Commissions Paid (in millions) | \$ 296.3 | \$ 233.6 | \$ 223.4 | \$ 206.1 | \$ 185.7 |
| Transfers to | | | | | |
| Lottery Profits Education Fund (in millions) | \$ 958.6 | \$ 846.3 | \$ 810.1 | \$ 794.7 | \$ 739.4 |
| Unemployment Compensation | | | | | |
| Ohio Department of Job and Family Services: | | | | | |
| Initial Claims | 1,862,245 | 1,641,914 | 354,259 | 384,578 | 414,766 |
| Continuing Claims | 9,632,997 | 9,738,755 | 2,715,458 | 3,009,916 | 3,250,737 |
| | | | | | |

Source:

Various state agencies, as noted above.

Note:

- (A) The number of school districts include only those with enrollment.
- (B) Data for the year indicated was not readily available.
- (C) Data includes hunting licenses, fishing licenses, permits, and boating licenses.
- (D) Prior to fiscal year 2016, the clients served by both the Department of Mental Health & Addiction Services and Department of Developmental Disabilities were reported as one total.
- (E) Department of Aging began using a new reporting system in fiscal year 2012, resulting in lower count for Congregate Meals served.
- (F) Beginning in fiscal year 2014, the Department of Mental Health and the Department of Alcohol & Drug Addiction Services merged to form the Department of Mental Health & Addiction Services (MHAS).
- (G) In fiscal year 2014, the Ohio Department of Medicaid was formed and the Medicaid and Medicaid Waiver operations were transferred to the new agency from the Ohio Department of Job and Family Services.
- (H) In fiscal year 2015, a number of clients transferred from the PASSPORT program to the MyCare Ohio program.
- (I) In fiscal year 2016, the Ohio Board of Regents was renamed the Ohio Department of Higher Education.
- (J) Average total.

| | 2016 | 2015 | | 2014 | | | 2013 | | 2012 |
|----|-----------|------|-----------|------|-----------|---------|-----------|---------|----------|
| | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | |
| | 3,347 | | 2,843 | | 2,362 | | 2,296 | | 2,683 |
| | 1,018 | | 1,048 | | 892 | | 624 | | 1,098 |
| | 1,147 | | 680 | | 1,024 | 1,589 | | | 1,417 |
| | • | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | |
| | 99,082 | | 104,997 | | 108,549 | 108,090 | | 112,613 | |
| | 752,312 | | 791,638 | | 858,773 | | 958,625 | 1 | ,070,056 |
| | , | | , | | , | | , | | , , |
| | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | |
| \$ | 1.93 | \$ | 1.88 | \$ | 1.70 | \$ | 1.67 | \$ | 1.68 |
| \$ | 188.6 | \$ | 179.2 | \$ | 169.9 | \$ | 166.9 | \$ | 172.0 |
| * | | * | | * | | • | | * | |
| \$ | 784.1 | \$ | 990.0 | \$ | 904.3 | \$ | 803.1 | \$ | 771.0 |
| * | | * | | • | | * | | * | |
| | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | |
| | 440,484 | | 472,813 | | 548,361 | | 629,525 | | 635,733 |
| | 3,400,000 | 3 | 3,647,400 | | 4,492,364 | | 4,942,305 | 5 | ,388,767 |
| | 3,400,000 | | 3,647,400 | | 4,492,364 | - | 4,942,305 | 5 | ,388,767 |

CAPITAL ASSET STATISTICS BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM FOR THE LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

| Function/Program | 2021 | 2020 | 2019 | 2018 | 2017 |
|--|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|
| Primary, Secondary and Other Education | | | | | |
| Historical Sites Owned by the State | 38 | 38 | 38 | 38 | 33 |
| Historical Sites Jointly Owned by the State and the | | | | | |
| Ohio Historical Society | 8 | 8 | 9 | 9 | 12 |
| Health and Human Services | | | | | |
| Developmental Disabilities Institutions | 8 | 8 | 8 | 10 | 10 |
| Mental Health Institutions | 6 | 6 | 6 | 6 | 6 |
| Justice and Public Protection | | | | | |
| Rehabilitation and Correction Institutions | 25 | 25 | 25 | 25 | 25 |
| Youth Services Institutions | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 |
| State Highway Patrol Structures | 77 | 77 | 75 | 75 | 75 |
| Number of Readiness Centers (B) | 49 | 57 | 48 | 48 | 48 |
| Environmental Protection and Natural Resources | | | | | |
| Number of State Parks | 75 | 75 | 75 | 74 | 74 |
| Area of State Parks, Natural & Wildlife Lands (in acres) | 381,927 | 351,581 | 345,539 | 342,795 | 333,727 |
| Area of State Forest Lands (in acres) | 202,114 | 201,695 | 200,690 | 200,183 | 200,185 |
| Transportation | | | | | |
| Buildings | 857 | 838 | 836 | 805 | 819 |
| Number of Rest Stops | 83 | 84 | 85 | 88 | 89 |
| Licensed Vehicles | 5,129 | 5,308 | 5,107 | 4,987 | 4,265 |
| Infrastructure Assets(A): | | | | | |
| Pavement (in lane-miles): | | | | | |
| Priority Subsystem | 13,829 | 13,803 | 13,724 | 13,849 | 13,720 |
| General Subsystem | 29,604 | 29,619 | 29,637 | 29,487 | 29,473 |
| Bridges: | | | | | |
| Number of Bridges | 14,265 | 14,352 | 14,344 | 14,305 | 14,276 |
| Deck Area (in thousand square feet) | 109,007 | 108,401 | 108,195 | 107,372 | 107,489 |
| General Government | | | | | |
| State Office Buildings (C) | 9 | 9 | 9 | 10 | 5 |
| Community and Economic Development | | | | | |
| Permanent Agricultural Easement Land (in acres) | 95,916 | 83,549 | 75,996 | 71,420 | 65,860 |

Source:

Ohio Department of Developmental Disabilities

Ohio Department of Mental Health and Addiction Services

Ohio Department of Rehabilitation and Correction

Ohio Department of Youth Services

Ohio Department of Natural Resources

Ohio Department of Transportation

Ohio Department of Agriculture

Ohio Department of Administrative Services

Ohio Department of Public Safety

Ohio Historical Society

Ohio Adjutant General's Department

Note:

- (A) The Priority Subsystem includes the interstate highways, freeways, and multi-lane portions of the National Highway System. The General Subsystem consists of two-lane routes outside of cities.
- (B) Three buildings were previously classified as armories/readiness centers.
 - In 2013 changes in federal regulation have changed the classifications of the three buildings.
- (C) Prior to fiscal year 2018, State Office Buildings consisted of state owned office towers. Starting in fiscal year 2018, State Office Building includes state owned office towers and buildings.

| 2016 | 2015 | 2014 | 2013 | 2012 |
|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|
| | | | | |
| 32 | 33 | 34 | 35 | 35 |
| 12 | 11 | 9 | 8 | 8 |
| | | | | |
| 10 6 | 10 6 | 10 6 | 10 6 | 10 6 |
| 0 | б | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 25 | 25 | 25 | 26 | 26 |
| 3 | 3 | 3 | 4 | 4 |
| 75 | 75 | 76 | 76 | 77 |
| 48 | 49 | 48 | 51 | 50 |
| 74 | 74 | 74 | 74 | 74 |
| 333,525 | 333,196 | 332,903 | 332,754 | 332,106 |
| 199,344 | 204,247 | 204,054 | 203,736 | 203,078 |
| | | | | |
| 809 | 818 | 828 | 830 | 830 |
| 91 | 96 | 96 | 96 | 116 |
| 4,247 | 4,029 | 4,428 | 4,475 | 4,604 |
| 13,748 | 13,737 | 13,650 | 13,499 | 13,109 |
| 29,470 | 29,461 | 29,512 | 29,591 | 29,918 |
| 14,266 | 14,229 | 14,236 | 14,223 | 14,182 |
| 106,580 | 106,206 | 106,474 | 105,690 | 105,309 |
| 5 | 5 | 5 | 5 | 5 |
| 62,942 | 56,761 | 54,214 | 52,452 | 47,424 |

Prepared by

Ohio Office of Budget and Management State Accounting and Reporting