### State of New York Mortgage Agency

(A Component Unit of the State of New York)

# SONYMA

Financial Statements

Fiscal Year

2018

## State of New York Mortgage Agency

(A Component Unit of the State of New York)

#### **Financial Statements**

Fiscal Years Ended October 31, 2018 and 2017

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#### RESPONSIBILITY FOR FINANCIAL REPORTING

The financial statements of the State of New York Mortgage Agency (the "Agency"), for the fiscal years ended October 31, 2018 and 2017, are the responsibility of management. The financial statements were prepared in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles.

The Agency maintains a system of internal control. The objectives of an internal control system are to provide reasonable assurance as to the protection of, and accountability for, assets; compliance with applicable laws and regulations; proper authorization and recording of transactions; and the reliability of financial records for preparing financial statements. The system of internal control is subject to periodic review by management and the internal audit staff.

The Agency's annual financial statements have been audited by Ernst & Young LLP, independent auditors appointed by the Members of the Agency. Management has made available to Ernst & Young LLP all the financial records and related data of the Agency and has provided access to all the minutes of the meetings of the Members of the Agency. The independent auditors also periodically meet with the Members of the Agency to provide engagement related updates and communications.

The independent auditors conducted their audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States of America. Those standards require that they plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the respective financial statements are free of material misstatement. The audit includes consideration of internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Agency's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, the independent auditors do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Agency's internal control over financial reporting. The audit also includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the respective financial statements, assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. The independent auditors' unmodified report expresses that the financial statements are presented, in all material respects, in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles.

Ruth Anne Visnauskas

President/Chief Executive Officer

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Senior Vice President/Chief Financial Officer



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#### Report of Independent Auditors

Management and the Directors of the Board State of New York Mortgage Agency New York, New York

#### **Report on the Financial Statements**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the State of New York Mortgage Agency (the Agency), a component unit of the State of New York, as of and for the years ended October 31, 2018 and 2017, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Agency's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

#### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free of material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audits. We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audits to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.



We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

#### **Opinion**

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Agency as of October 31, 2018 and 2017, and the changes in its financial position and its cash flows for the years then ended in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles.

#### Adoption of New Accounting Pronouncement

As discussed in Note 3 to the financial statements, as of November 1, 2016, the Agency adopted Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No, 75, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Plans Other Than Pension Plans*. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

#### Required Supplementary Information

U.S. generally accepted accounting principles require that Management's Discussion and Analysis, the Schedule of Changes in Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios, the Schedule of Contributions to the NYSLRS, and the Schedule of the State of New York Mortgage Agency's Proportionate Share of the NYSLRS Net Pension Liability, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board which considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audits of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

#### Supplementary and Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Agency's basic financial statements. The Supplementary Section is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements.



The Supplementary Section is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States. In our opinion, the Supplementary Section is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The Introductory Section has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements, and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

#### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we also have issued our report dated January 28, 2019 on our consideration of the Agency's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Agency's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Agency's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Ernst + Young LLP

January 28, 2019

# STATE OF NEW YORK MORTGAGE AGENCY (A Component Unit of the State of New York)

# MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS Fiscal Year Ended October 31, 2018 and October 31, 2017

#### Overview of the Financial Statements

The following is a narrative overview of the financial performance of the State of New York Mortgage Agency (the "Agency" or "SONYMA") for the fiscal years ended October 31, 2018 ("fiscal 2018") and October 31, 2017 ("fiscal 2017") with selective comparative information for the fiscal year ended October 31, 2016 ("fiscal 2016"). Please read this analysis in conjunction with the financial statements.

The annual financial statements consist of five parts: (1) management's discussion and analysis (this section); (2) the financial statements; (3) the notes to the financial statements; (4) required supplementary information and (5) the supplemental schedules that report programs of the Agency individually.

The Agency's financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles.

#### Management's Discussion and Analysis

• This section of the Agency's financial statements, Management's Discussion and Analysis (the "MD&A"), presents an overview of the Agency's financial performance during fiscal 2018 and fiscal 2017. It provides a discussion of financial highlights and an assessment of how the Agency's financial position has changed from the past years. It identifies the factors that, in management's view, significantly affected the Agency's overall financial position. It may contain opinions, assumptions or conclusions by the Agency's management that should not be considered a replacement for, and must be read in conjunction with, the financial statements and other information described below.

#### The Financial Statements

- The Statement of Net Position provides information about the liquidity and solvency of the Agency by reporting the assets, deferred inflows and outflows of resources, liabilities and net position.
- The Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position accounts for all of the current year's revenues and expenses in order to measure the success of the Agency's operations over the past year. It can be used to determine how the Agency has funded its costs. By presenting the financial performance of the Agency, the change in net position is similar to net profit or loss for a business.
- The Statement of Cash Flows is presented on the direct method of reporting. It provides information about the Agency's cash receipts, cash payments, and net changes in cash resulting from operations, investing, and financing activities. Cash collections and payments are presented in this statement to arrive at the net increases or decreases in cash for each year.

#### The Notes to the Financial Statements

- The notes provide information that is essential to understanding the financial statements, such as the Agency's accounting methods and policies as well as providing information about the content of the financial statements.
- Details include contractual obligations, future commitments and contingencies of the Agency.
- Information is disclosed regarding any other events or developing situations that could materially affect the Agency's financial position.

#### Required Supplementary Information ("RSI")

• The RSI schedules present information regarding the Agency's (1) progress in funding its obligation to provide postemployment benefits other than pensions to its employees, (2) Schedule of Contributions to the New York State and Local Retirement System ("NYSLRS") Pension Plan and (3) Schedule of the Proportionate Share of the NYSLRS Net Pension Liability.

#### **Supplementary Information**

 Presentations of the Agency's financial information by program are listed in accordance with the requirements of each program.

#### **Background**

The Agency is a corporate governmental Agency, constituting a public benefit corporation and a component unit of the State of New York (the "State"). The Agency and its corporate existence shall continue until terminated by law; provided, however, that no such law shall take effect so long as the Agency has bonds, notes or other obligations outstanding.

The Agency has two primary lines of operations: Single Family Operations and Mortgage Insurance Fund Operations.

Single Family Operations are dedicated to providing affordable mortgage financing to New York State home purchasers with low and moderate incomes. The Agency provides such financing through a network of participating lenders for the purchase of newly constructed and existing homes; homes in need of renovation; permanently affixed manufactured homes and financing for cooperatives and condominiums.

Mortgage Insurance Fund (the "MIF") Operations are dedicated to providing mortgage insurance for multi-family affordable residential projects and special care facilities, as well as providing pool and primary mortgage insurance on single family mortgages purchased by the Agency.

The Student Loan Program was established in order to offer education loans to eligible students attending colleges and universities in the State. The program has been on hiatus since fiscal 2012. There have not been any Student Loan purchases since May 1, 2012.

In 2016, legislation was adopted at the State level to authorize the creation of a program to assist homeowners affected by the national mortgage crisis who are either delinquent on their mortgage payments or in danger of going into default. The legislation created the New York State Community Restoration Fund as a new fund to be held by SONYMA and to be managed by a newly-created subsidiary of SONYMA called the SONYMA Community Restoration Fund ("CRF"). Moneys in this fund are not to be commingled with any other monies of SONYMA. The Agency currently owns 570 defaulted mortgage loans as a partner in a joint venture with New Jersey Community Capital (NJCC-NYS Community Restoration Fund, L.L.C.), a nationally recognized nonprofit specializing in assisting troubled homeowners. The Agency has received \$22.4 million to date, and has invested \$10.5 million into the partnership.

#### **Single Family Operations Highlights**

#### General

Fiscal 2018 saw continued uncertainty in the housing market coupled with the lingering impact of the Federal Reserve's post-Financial Crisis monetary policy impacting SONYMA's ability to maintain its traditional interest rate advantage. As a result of continued aggressive efforts to reduce the Agency's cost of funds and offer the most competitively priced mortgages on the market in the State, SONYMA's loan production remained at the high levels seen in fiscal year 2017. During fiscal year 2018, SONYMA assisted 1,667 low and moderate-income households (compared to 1,873 households in fiscal 2017 and 2,022 households in fiscal 2016) by purchasing \$339.4 million in mortgage loans (compared to \$369.9 million in fiscal 2017 and \$368.0 million in fiscal 2016). In fiscal year 2018, the Agency funded 8.98% less in mortgage loans than during fiscal 2017, and 8.42% less than in fiscal year 2016. The majority of the bond financed loans were purchased under SONYMA's two primary programs - Low Interest Rate and Achieving the Dream.

During fiscal 2018, the Low Interest Rate Program provided financing to 457 households (compared to 540 households in fiscal 2017 and 585 in fiscal 2016), and the Achieving the Dream Program, which assists lower-income homebuyers (80% of area median income or less), provided financing for 1,093 households (compared to 1,249 households in fiscal 2017 and 1,351 in fiscal 2016). The continuing success of the Achieving the Dream Program, which continues to outperform the Low Interest Rate Program in terms of production, continues to signal the success of the Agency, even in a period of market volatility, in assisting borrowers who would otherwise find it difficult to attain homeownership. Of the loans purchased under all of the Agency's programs, 898 borrowers (53.87%) received down payment assistance totaling \$20.3 million in fiscal year 2018, compared to 930 borrowers, totaling \$6.6 million in fiscal 2017 and 1,017 borrowers, totaling \$6.7 million in fiscal 2016.

SONYMA continues to provide financing to underserved populations and communities. In fiscal year 2018, 811 loans were made to low-income households and 561 loans were made to minorities, compared to 891 and 583 respectively in fiscal 2017 as well as 1,087 and 539 respectively in fiscal 2016. In addition, 203 loans were made to households buying in Federally-designated target areas, down from 220 in fiscal 2017 and 129 the prior year.

During fiscal 2018, SONYMA continued to better serve its borrowers and industry partners by:

- Focusing its efforts on Low-Income and Minority Homebuyers: The Agency directed its energies towards providing mortgage loans to those individuals and families for whom SONYMA mortgages make the difference in achieving sustainable homeownership. This was accomplished by continuing to target mortgage financing activities on the Achieving the Dream Program, which assists lower-income homebuyers. In fiscal year 2018, 1,093 of the Agency's mortgages were originated under this program, keeping close pace with 1,249 in 2017 and 1,351 in 2016. Overall, 811 of the mortgages purchased were made to low-income homebuyers (80% of area median income or less), keeping pace with 891 in 2017, and 233 of the loans SONYMA purchased statewide were made to low-income, minority households.
- Continuing to promote and expand the reach of the Conventional Plus Program in fiscal 2018: Conventional Plus was launched in November 2012 and complements SONYMA's existing tax-exempt bond financed programs and the FHA Plus Program described below. The product takes advantage of certain pricing and underwriting benefits afforded to SONYMA by Fannie Mae. The features of Conventional Plus are as follows:
  - No loan level price adjustments;
  - Lower mortgage insurance coverage requirements than standard loans;
  - ➤ The availability of mortgage insurance provided by Genworth Mortgage Insurance (or SONYMA's MIF, in the event that Genworth is unwilling to insure the loan); and
  - Down payment and/or closing cost assistance up to 3% of the home purchase price (SONYMA allows its Down Payment Assistance Loan to be used to pay a one-time upfront mortgage

insurance premium, thus eliminating the monthly mortgage insurance premium and significantly lowering the monthly payment).

The product is available for home purchases and for limited cash-out refinances.

Under Conventional Plus, 43 mortgages of \$4.98 million in total principal and \$32.5 thousand in Down Payment Assistance were originated in fiscal year 2018. In addition, as of October 31, 2018, the Agency had 17 mortgages of \$2.1 million in total principal and \$9.8 thousand in Down Payment Assistance in its pipeline.

- Continuing to promote and expand the footprint of the FHA Plus Program SONYMA launched in December 2013. Complementing SONYMA's existing tax-exempt bond financed programs and the Conventional Plus Program, FHA Plus takes advantage of a special exemption from HUD that enables state housing finance agencies to offer down payment assistance on FHA-insured mortgages, where the down payment assistance may be used towards the borrower's minimum cash investment. The benefits of FHA Plus are:
  - ➤ Eligible borrowers do not have to be first-time homebuyers;
  - No income or purchase price limits; and
  - ➤ Availability of SONYMA down payment assistance:
    - o for purchase transactions, up to 3% of the home purchase price.
    - o for refinance transactions, up to 3% of the lower of the unpaid principal balance or the appraised value. (The assistance may be used as a credit against closing costs and be prepaid.)

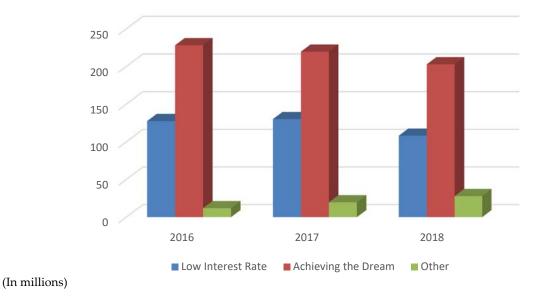
Under this program, 160 mortgages of \$40.4 million in total principal and \$1.2 million in Down Payment Assistance were originated in fiscal year 2018. In addition, as of October 31, 2018, the Agency had 40 mortgages of \$10.8 million in total principal and \$320 thousand in Down Payment Assistance in its pipeline.

- The Agency has continued to enhance the SONYMA Express® automated system that was developed to assist participating lenders by providing expedited decisions on SONYMA loan eligibility. The system has: (a) streamlined the Agency's loan origination process and dramatically reduced the time it takes participating lenders to originate SONYMA loans; (b) eliminated uncertainty of a borrower's eligibility early in the mortgage application process; (c) lowered overall lender costs; and (d) provided lenders with the capacity to submit electronic loan files to the Agency, thus eliminating the need to submit paper files. Continued efforts to improve user experience through SONYMA Express®, led to an additional 21 lenders opting to use the system in 2018. It is anticipated that approximately 85% of the SONYMA volume will come through SONYMA Express® in fiscal year 2019 as a result.
- Continuing to work with SONYMA's Advisory Council in gathering insights and recommendations
  on future direction from expert industry professionals. The Council helps SONYMA maximize its
  effectiveness while simultaneously providing a forum for knowledge-sharing and relationship
  building among different members of SONYMA's distribution and supply-networks. The Agency
  held two meetings with the Advisory Council in fiscal 2018, as well as monthly subcommittee
  meetings.
- Continuing Outreach Efforts to Industry Partners by participating in 81 events across the state with homeownership counseling organizations, realtors, lenders, not-for profits, veterans groups, community groups and others. The outreach efforts and collaboration in planning events have deepened the Agency's relationships with its partners in the housing community and provided additional opportunities to promote SONYMA products and services.
- Growing the Neighborhood Revitalization Program (NRP). In June 2016, SONYMA announced a
  program that leverages \$22 million in Chase settlement dollars to aid in the purchase and renovation
  of vacant/abandoned homes in neighborhoods hard hit by the foreclosure crisis. The program was
  originally launched in Kingston, Middletown, Troy, Rochester, certain parts of New York City and
  all of Long Island due to their high level of impact from the foreclosure crisis. SONYMA collaborated

with various divisions of HCR, nonprofits based in the communities selected for this pilot program, local government, realtors and SONYMA participating lenders. NRP enables borrowers to purchase a vacant home and receive down payment assistance, a subsidized interest rate, and \$20,000 toward property repairs with the ability to finance any additional necessary repairs into the loan. In fiscal 2018, SONYMA funded 52 NRP properties investing over \$17.6 million in the effort. The decision was made to expand access to the program into all of Orange County, Rensselaer County, Schenectady County, Staten Island, the Bronx, and Buffalo.

- Expanding the SONYMA Spruce up Initiative. SONYMA Spruce Up is an event in which SONYMA, local nonprofit partners, lenders, sponsors, contractors and neighborhood associations partner to do a one-day exterior clean-up of a targeted area. SONYMA held its first event in the Sheridan Hollow neighborhood in Albany with the assistance of the Affordable Housing Partnership and the Sheridan Hollow Neighborhood Association in 2016. This pilot was continued with another four events in 2017 throughout New York State (Buffalo, Newburgh, Troy and Brentwood) and four more events in 2018 (Rochester, Queens, Walden, and Central Islip). Volunteers completed exterior repairs, such as repair/painting of stoops, planting trees, and cleaning up sidewalks on over 250 homes, completed a total renovation of seven local parks, eleven vacant homes, five vacant lots as well as the clean-up and painting of a playground, and an outdoor classroom. Local lenders, community volunteers, school civics clubs, several local nonprofits, realtors and SONYMA's MI partners both sponsored and contributed volunteers to complete the work.. There was radio and media coverage across all the local networks.
- An additional purchase of 172 delinquent notes in Fiscal year 2018 increased the number of delinquent notes purchased through CRF to 570. This fund was intended to be a vehicle through which SONYMA can purchase delinquent notes from various sources in order to help borrowers modify their loans and remain in their homes. Since inception, the SONYMA CRF, in partnership with New Jersey Community Capital, a nonprofit organization specializing in this work, leveraged \$10.5 million in settlement dollars against \$112 million in private financing to purchase the mortgages for 570 homes in a strategic effort to bring owners out of foreclosure and keep the homes from abandonment. The 570 homes in the CRF program are in 37 of the State's 62 counties, with the majority of the homes located on Long Island and in the Mid-Hudson Valley.
- We have continued to offer bi-monthly webinars through SONYMA University using content with topics coming from attendee feedback and the SONYMA Advisory Council. To date, more than 3,700 attendees, from our lender, nonprofit and realtor partners, have participated in web-based training on SONYMA programs. The course content has also been used to create consistent presentations for onsite trainings that are given by our three Business Development Officers throughout the State. We also offered 3 Regional Learnings Days throughout New York State (Buffalo, Syracuse, and Fishkill) to provide lenders with an opportunity for face-to-face interaction with key SONYMA staff with open dialogue and training in the morning. We offered a NYS Accredited Course for realtor continuing education on SONYMA in the afternoon and trained approximately 120 realtors.
- Continuing to promote the enhanced Remodel New York Program ("Remodel NY"). As the existing housing stock continues to age, many homebuyers are faced with the need to complete renovations to properties they are purchasing. This can be burdensome to first-time homebuyers adjusting to homeownership, and can keep homebuyers from being able to purchase properties in need of significant repair. In order to address this increasing need, SONYMA made a number of enhancements to its Remodel NY program in 2015 and 2016. In 2016, the Agency hired a dedicated Renovation Loan Analyst to enable the quick and efficient review of Remodel NY loans submitted pre- and post-purchase. In addition, during fiscal year 2018, SONYMA purchased approximately \$3.8 million in Remodel NY loans compared to \$3.2 million in fiscal year 2017, with another \$2.1 million in the pipeline for purchase in late 2018 and early 2019. The program continues to gain momentum and assist first time homebuyers purchasing homes in need of repair.

The following table compares SONYMA's loan purchases (based on dollars purchased) by calendar year and program:



The following table compares SONYMA's loan purchases (based on number of loans purchased) by calendar year and program:



#### **Performance of Mortgage Portfolio**

At the end of fiscal 2018, SONYMA's 60 days or more delinquencies were 2.61% (based on the number of loans). This compares to the New York State and national averages of 5.21% and 2.93%, respectively. As of the end of fiscal year 2017, the percentage of 60 days or more delinquencies was 3.18%.

Since the end of fiscal year 2009, the percentage of the Agency's delinquencies has increased by 29% (from 2.02% as of October 31, 2009 to 2.61% as of October 31, 2018). The increase is primarily due to the significant increases in the elapsed time to complete a foreclosure proceeding. Foreclosure timeframes have increased in New York since the State requires judicial intervention prior to foreclosure completion. There are a number

of steps required, such as mandatory settlement conferences that prolong the process in the State. Burdens on the court system have caused the time for a foreclosure completion in the State to average over 3 years.

With respect to mortgage loans foreclosed between January 1, 2018 and October 31, 2018, an average of 1,374 days elapsed between the date of default and the date foreclosure proceedings were completed. In contrast, with respect to Agency mortgage loans foreclosed in 2009, 2010, 2011, 2012, 2013, 2014, 2015, 2016 and 2017, an average of, respectively, 502 days, 644 days, 803 days, 931 days, 1,071 days, 1,171 days, 1,247 days, 1,292 days and 1,441 days elapsed between such dates.

#### **Mortgage Insurance Fund Operations**

The Mortgage Insurance Fund has two lines of business. It provides insurance on mortgages for affordable multi-family housing and special needs facilities and on other mortgage loans made by government entities and commercial lenders. It also provides both pool and primary insurance on single family mortgages purchased by SONYMA.

The following graph highlights the MIF's project insurance commitments for the fiscal years indicated.

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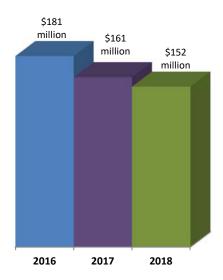
#### **Units and Loan Amount**

The loan amount increased slightly from \$480 million in fiscal 2017 to \$482 million in fiscal 2018. However, in 2018 the MIF insured mortgages on several large rehabilitation projects where the loan per unit was lower than for new construction projects in 2017.

The decrease in the loan amounts in 2018 and 2017 as compared to 2016 were due primarily to the absence of large NYC Housing Development Corporation affordable housing rehabilitation loans.

Substantially all of the MIF's revenues are derived from a New York State mortgage recording surtax. Details are indicated in the following chart:

#### New York State Mortgage Recording Surtax Receipts



New York State Mortgage Recording Surtax Receipts were \$152.0 million during fiscal 2018, \$160.5 million during fiscal 2017 and \$180.8 million during fiscal 2016. The decline was due to a reduced rate of mortgage recordings principally of large commercial projects in NYC. The MIF also received \$30.1 million in insurance recoveries, application fees and insurance premiums during fiscal 2018 as compared with \$22.4 million during fiscal 2017 and \$23.7 million during fiscal 2016. Interest earned on investments by the MIF during fiscal years 2018, 2017 and 2016 was \$37.7 million, \$29.5 million and \$26 million, respectively.

The claims-paying ability of the Project Pool Insurance Account and the Single Family Pool Insurance Account of the MIF are rated "AA-" and "AA+", respectively by Fitch Inc. ("Fitch"). Fitch affirmed its ratings on the Single Family Pool Insurance Account and the Project Pool Insurance Account, with a stable outlook on July 21, 2016.

On November 8, 2016, Moody's affirmed the "Aa1" rating on the Project Pool Insurance Account with a stable outlook and its "Aa1" rating on the Single Family Pool Insurance Account with a negative outlook.

#### **Condensed Financial Information**

#### **Net Position Summary Schedules**

Condensed Statement of Net Position

2018   2017   2016   2017
Assets  Cash \$ 13,004 \$ 15,967 \$ 13,873 (19%) 15%  Investments 2,375,565 2,364,584 2,401,691 "-" (2%)  Mortgage and student loans receivables 2,879,431 2,794,636 2,710,011 3% 3%  Interest receivable due on loans 20,809 19,748 19,806 5% "-"  Other assets 24,521 24,029 17,732 2% 36%  Total assets 5,313,330 5,218,964 5,163,113  Deferred outflows of resources
Assets Cash \$ 13,004 \$ 15,967 \$ 13,873 (19%) 15% Investments 2,375,565 2,364,584 2,401,691 "-" (2%) Mortgage and student loans receivables 2,879,431 2,794,636 2,710,011 3% 3% Interest receivable due on loans 20,809 19,748 19,806 5% "-" Other assets 24,521 24,029 17,732 2% 36% Total assets 5,313,330 5,218,964 5,163,113  Deferred outflows of resources
Cash       \$ 13,004 \$       15,967 \$       13,873       (19%)       15%         Investments       2,375,565       2,364,584       2,401,691       "-"       (2%)         Mortgage and student loans       2,879,431       2,794,636       2,710,011       3%       3%         Interest receivable due on loans       20,809       19,748       19,806       5%       "-"         Other assets       24,521       24,029       17,732       2%       36%         Total assets       5,313,330       5,218,964       5,163,113         Deferred outflows of resources
Investments       2,375,565       2,364,584       2,401,691       "-"       (2%)         Mortgage and student loans       receivables       2,879,431       2,794,636       2,710,011       3%       3%         Interest receivable due on loans       20,809       19,748       19,806       5%       "-"         Other assets       24,521       24,029       17,732       2%       36%         Total assets       5,313,330       5,218,964       5,163,113         Deferred outflows of resources
Mortgage and student loans receivables 2,879,431 2,794,636 2,710,011 3% 3% Interest receivable due on loans 20,809 19,748 19,806 5% "-" Other assets 24,521 24,029 17,732 2% 36% Total assets 5,313,330 5,218,964 5,163,113 Deferred outflows of resources
receivables         2,879,431         2,794,636         2,710,011         3%         3%           Interest receivable due on loans         20,809         19,748         19,806         5%         "-"           Other assets         24,521         24,029         17,732         2%         36%           Total assets         5,313,330         5,218,964         5,163,113           Deferred outflows of resources         5,313,330         5,218,964         5,163,113
Interest receivable due on loans       20,809       19,748       19,806       5%       "-"         Other assets       24,521       24,029       17,732       2%       36%         Total assets       5,313,330       5,218,964       5,163,113         Deferred outflows of resources       5,313,330       5,218,964       5,163,113
Other assets         24,521         24,029         17,732         2%         36%           Total assets         5,313,330         5,218,964         5,163,113           Deferred outflows of resources
Total assets         5,313,330         5,218,964         5,163,113           Deferred outflows of resources
Deferred outflows of resources
Accumulated degrees in fair
Accumulated decitedse iii idii
value of hedging derivatives – 2,990 14,021 (100%) (79%)
Deferred loss on refunding 4,704 4,982 5,258 (6%) (5%)
Deferred outflows relating to pension
and other post retirement benefits 5,991 4,781 4,771 25% 0%
Total deferred outflows of resources 10,695 12,753 24,050
Liabilities
Bonds payable 2,611,334 2,552,343 2,524,109 2% 1%
Derivative instruments - interest
rate swaps 9,891 16,057 27,088 (38%) (41%)
Interest payable 6,856 6,422 6,942 7% (7%)
Allowance for anticipated claims 15,745 17,164 17,164 (8%) "-"
Unearned income, accounts
payable and other liabilities 39,909 156,466 168,783 (74%) (7%)
Other postemployment retirement
benefits 43,712 44,370 49,145 (1%) (10%)
Total liabilities 2,727,447 2,792,822 2,793,231
Deferred inflows of resources
Deferred increase in fair value of
hedging derivatives 3,176 – 100% "-"
Deferred inflows relating to pension
and other post retirement benefits 7,081 535 595 1,224% (10%)
Total deferred outflows of resources 10,257 535 595
Net position
Restricted for bond obligations 667,339 657,498 630,765
Restricted by enabling legistlation 1,938,269 1,795,027 1,785,332
Unrestricted (deficit) (19,287) (14,166) (22,760)
Total net position \$ 2,586,321 \$ 2,438,359 \$ 2,393,337

N/A - Not applicable

<sup>&</sup>quot;-" Indicates a % < 1%

#### **Assets**

#### **Investments**

Investments held by the Agency vary throughout the year as funds are received or disbursed. Investments remained relatively unchanged with a balance of \$2.38 billion as of October 31, 2018 and \$2.36 billion as of October 31, 2017. This compares with a decrease from \$2.40 billion at October 31, 2016 to \$2.36 billion at October 31, 2017, a decrease of approximately \$37.1 million or 2%.

#### Mortgage and Student Loans Receivable

Mortgage and student loans receivable are the primary assets of the Agency's Single Family operation and the Student Loan Program constituting 54% of the Agencies total assets at October 31, 2018, 54% as of October 31, 2017 and 52% as of October 31, 2016.

Mortgage and student loans receivable increased from \$2.79 billion at October 31, 2017 to \$2.88 billion at October 31, 2018, an increase of approximately \$84.8 million or 3%. This compares to a similar increase from \$2.71 billion at October 31, 2016 to \$2.79 billion at October 31, 2017, an increase of approximately \$84.6 million or 3%. The increases in mortgage loans during both periods was due to the continued uptick in loans purchased as a result of new incentive programs.

#### **Interest Receivable**

Interest receivable due on mortgage loans increased as a result of the rise in interest rates and loans outstanding from \$19.7 million to \$20.8 million at October 31, 2018, an increase in the amount of \$1.1 million or 5%. This compares with \$19.8 million in fiscal 2016.

#### Other Assets

Other assets are primarily comprised of Owned Real Estate held by the Agency's Single Family operations and the CRF program which has invested \$10.5 million initially into a non-profit partnership to assist with foreclosure and abandoned home mitigation. This program was funded from settlement fees from the Attorney General's office during fiscal 2016.

Other assets decreased from \$24.0 million at October 31, 2017 to \$22.2 million at October 31, 2018 a decrease of \$1.8 million or 8%. This compares to an increase from \$17.7 million at October 31, 2016 to \$24.0 million at October 31, 2017, an increase of approximately \$6.3 million or 36%.

#### Liabilities

#### **Bonds Payable**

At approximately 96% of total liabilities at October 31, 2018 (91% at October 31, 2017 and 90% at October 31, 2016), bonds payable comprise the largest component of liabilities. Funds generated by the sale of bonds are used to purchase mortgage loans or to economically refund outstanding bonds. Mortgage loan payments together with interest earnings thereon, are the sources of funds used to pay scheduled principal and interest due on bonds payable.

Bonds payable increased from \$2.55 billion at October 31, 2017, to \$2.61 billion at October 31, 2018, an increase of approximately \$58.9 million or 2%. This compares with an increase from \$2.52 billion at October 31, 2016, to \$2.55 billion at October 31, 2017, an increase of approximately of \$28.2 million or 1%. The change in bonds payable during both periods is the net result of bonds issued, redeemed and amortized.

#### Derivative Instruments - Interest Rate Swaps and Deferred Outflows of Resources

The Agency has entered into various interest rate swap contracts in order to manage risk associated with interest on its variable rate bond portfolio. The Agency recognizes the fair value of all derivative instruments as either an asset or liability on its statements of net position with the offsetting gains or losses recognized in earnings or as either deferred inflows or outflows of resources if deemed an effective hedge (see note 9). For fiscal 2018, 2017 and 2016, all of the Agency's interest rate swaps were determined to be effective hedges. Therefore, the Agency recorded the amount of the fair values of these interest rate swaps along with a corresponding deferred outflow of resources.

Due to the expiration of several swap contracts throughout the year there was a decline in fair value from \$16.1 million at October 31, 2017 to \$9.9 million at October 31, 2018, a decrease of \$6.2 million or 38%. This compares to a decline from \$27.1 million at October 31, 2016 to \$16.1 million at October 31, 2017, a decline or 11 million or 41%. However, new swaps were put in place in October 2018.

#### **Interest Payable**

As a result of higher interest rates due on bonds and a higher balance in bonds payable, interest payable increased from \$6.4 million at October 31, 2017 to \$6.9 million at October 31, 2018, an increase of approximately \$400 thousand, or 7%. This compares with a decrease from \$6.9 million at October 31, 2016 to \$6.4 million at October 31, 2017, a decrease of approximately \$500 thousand, or 7%.

#### **Allowance for Anticipated Claims**

Allowance for anticipated claims decreased from \$17.2 million for October 31, 2017 to \$15.7 million at October 31, 2018 a decrease of approximately \$1.5 million or 9%. Allowances for anticipated claims remained unchanged with a balance on \$17.2 million at October 31, 2017 and October 31, 2016. The MIF establishes provisions for potential insurance claims on its policies that are non-performing. The balance fluctuates as projects are moved to and from performing status or as periodic claims are paid.

During fiscal 2018, 2017 and 2016 the MIF made claim payments in the amounts of \$11 million, \$13.1 million and \$9.9 million respectively.

#### **Unearned Income, Accounts Payable and Other Liabilities**

Unearned income, accounts payable and other liabilities decreased from \$156.5 million at October 31, 2017 to \$37.5 million at October 31, 2018, a decrease of \$119.0 million or 76%. This compares to a decrease from \$168.8 million at October 31, 2016 to \$156.5 million at October 31, 2017, a decrease of approximately \$12.3 million or 7%. The continued fluctuation year to year is primarily due to MIF transfer requirements and changes in insurance requirements and mortgage record surtax received. In fiscal 2018, the MIF was not required to transfer funds to State Agencies therefore an accrual was not required. The decrease was primarily a result of the commitment by the MIF to transfer an additional \$100 million to the State and its Agencies in fiscal 2017 with no corresponding transfer requirement in fiscal 2018.

#### Other Postemployment Benefits ("OPEB")

The Agency provides certain group health care benefits to eligible retirees (and for eligible dependents and survivors of such retirees). The balance in other postemployment benefits represents the accumulated unfunded actuarial liability required to pay the cost of retiree health care benefits. An actuarial calculation is performed on a bi-annual basis and is rolled forward to the next fiscal year. The accumulated amount of other postemployment benefits decreased from \$44.4 million in fiscal 2017 to \$43.7 million in fiscal 2018, a decrease of approximately \$700 thousand, or 1%. The decline was a result of the change in the discount rate of 3.65% per annum as of October 31, 2017, 3.32% per annum as of October 31, 2016 and 3.66% per annum as of October 31, 2015. Additionally, the balance was affected by the implementation of GASB Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions ("GASB No. 75") effective in fiscal 2017.

#### Summary of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position

		(	% Change			
					2018-	2017-
	_	2018	2017	2016	2017	2016
		(ir	n thousands)			
Operating Revenues						
Interest on loans	\$	128,822 \$	131,632 \$	130,697	2%	1%
Recoveries		11,775	5,236	5 <i>,</i> 709	(125%)	(8%)
Investment Income		51,816	37,507	32,896	(38%)	14%
Other operating revenues	_	18,558	18,701	17,030	1%	10%
Total operating revenues	_	210,971	193,076	186,332		
Operating Expenses						
Interest expense and amortization						
of discount on debt		80,350	79,859	82,170	1%	(3%)
Provision for estimated claims		11,845	13,087	10,371	(9%)	26%
Pool insurance		761	547	530	39%	3%
Expenditures related to federal						
grants		_	602	763	(100%)	(21%)
Net change in fair value						
of investments		53,227	36,968	10,407	(44%)	255%
Other operating expenses		50,569	51,198	45,973	(1%)	11%
Total operating expenses	_	196,752	182,261	150,214		
Net operating revenue		14,219	10,815	56,932	31%	(81%)
Non-operating revenues (expenses)						
Mortgage insurance reserves retained		122,439	111,419	117,076	10%	(5%)
Federal grants		_	602	763	(100%)	(21%)
Transfers from/to New York State and its						
Agencies		11,304	(90,298)	(110,865)	113%	19%
Total non-operating revenues (expenses)		133,743	21,723	6,974		
Increase in net position	_	147,962	32,538	63,906		
Total net position - beginning of fiscal year						
(as previously reported)		2,438,359	2,395,599	2,329,431		
Effect of implementing GASB No. 75			10,222			
Net positon, beginning of fiscal year (as restated)		2,438,359	2,405,821	2,329,431		
Total net position- end of fiscal year	\$	2,586,321 \$	2,438,359 \$	2,393,337		

N/A - Not applicable

#### **Operating Revenues**

#### **Interest on Loans**

Interest on Single Family mortgage loans receivable represents the primary source of funds available for the Agency to pay scheduled interest due on the Agencies' outstanding bonds payable. Interest on loans decreased from \$131.6 million in fiscal 2017 to \$128.8 million in fiscal 2018, a decrease of approximately \$2.8 million or 2%. This compares to an increase from \$130.7 million in fiscal 2016 to \$131.6 million in fiscal 2017, an increase of approximately \$900 thousand or 1%. The variances are primarily due to fluctuations in the duration of mortgages loans outstanding and interest rates on loans held by the Agency during these periods. The prior year's increase in interest income during fiscal 2017 was directly related to an increase in mortgage loans outstanding.

#### Recoveries

Recoveries result from the reclassification of certain loans insured by the MIF from non-performing status to performing status. Recoveries also include payments made to the MIF after a final claim payment was made. Recoveries increased from \$5.2 million at October 31, 2017 to \$11.7 million at October 31, 2018 an increase of \$6.5 million or 56%. This compares to a decline from \$5.7 million in fiscal year 2016 to \$5.2 million in fiscal year 2017, a decrease of approximately \$500 thousand, or 8%. During fiscal 2018 one mortgage was sold totaling \$10.8 million.

#### **Other Operating Revenues**

Other operating revenues primarily consist of commitment fees, insurance premiums and application fees earned by the MIF. Other operating revenues decreased from \$18.7 million at October 31, 2017 to \$18.6 million at October 31, 2018, a decrease of approximately \$100 thousand or 1%. This compares to an increase from \$17 million at October 31, 2016 to \$18.7 million at October 31, 2017, an increase of approximately \$1.7 million or 10%. The variances are primarily due to fluctuations in the level of insurance commitments issued by the MIF during fiscal years 2018, 2017 and 2016.

#### **Expenses**

#### Interest Expense and Amortization of Discount on Debt

Interest expense and amortization of discount on debt increased from \$79.8 million in fiscal 2017 to \$80.3 million in fiscal 2018, an increase of approximately \$500 thousand or 1%. This compares with a decline from \$82.1 million in fiscal 2016 to \$79.8 million in fiscal 2017, a decline of approximately \$2.3 million or 3%. The fluctuation in interest was due to variations in debt and steady increases in interest rates.

#### **Provision for Estimated Claims**

The MIF sets aside provisions for potential insurance claims on the MIF insured multi-family loans and the special needs facilities that are non-performing. This account fluctuates as loans are moved to and from performing status or as periodic claims are paid. The provision for estimated claims decreased from approximately \$13.1 million in fiscal year 2017 to \$11.8 million in fiscal year 2018, a decrease of approximately \$1.3 million, or 9%. This compares to an increase from approximately \$10.4 million in fiscal year 2016 to \$13.1 million in fiscal year 2017, an increase of approximately \$2.7 million, or 26%.

In fiscal 2018, 2017 and 2016, provisions were set aside for multi-family loans insured by the MIF. For the MIF's claim activity, including provisions for estimated claims established and the balance of total reserves for the fiscal years ended 2018 and 2017, see Note 8 to the financial statements.

#### Investment Income and Net Change in Fair Value of Investments

During fiscal 2018, the Agency recognized \$51.8 million in net investment income from maturities, sales and investments amortization (compared with \$37.5 million and \$32.9 million during fiscal years 2017 and 2016, respectively). The calculation of realized gains and losses is independent of the calculation of the net increase or decrease in the fair value of investments. Realized gains and losses on investments that had been held in more than one fiscal year and sold in the current fiscal year may have been recognized as an increase or decrease in the fair value of investments reported in prior years. The Agency recorded mark to market adjustments as follows (\$53) million, (\$37) million, and \$10.4 million, for fiscal years 2018, 2017, and 2016 respectively. These amounts take into account all changes in fair value (including purchases, maturities and sales) that occurred during the year.

#### **Other Operating Expenses**

Other operating expenses primarily consist of bond issuance costs, retiree healthcare expenses, general expenses and the cost recovery fee charged by the State. Other operating expenses decreased from \$51.2 million at October 31, 2017 to \$50.6 million at October 31, 2018, a decrease of approximately \$600 thousand or 1%. This compares to an increase from \$46 million at October 31, 2016 to \$51.2 million at October 31, 2017, an increase of approximately \$5.2 million or 11%. The variations were primarily the result of fluctuations in legal expenses, information technology expenses and other general operating expenses.

#### **Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses)**

#### Mortgage Insurance Reserves Retained

Mortgage insurance reserves retained totaled \$122.4 million during fiscal 2018 as compared to \$111.4 million during fiscal 2017 and \$117.1 million during fiscal 2016. Such reserves are funded by mortgage recording surtax receipts. Mortgage surtax receipts for fiscal years 2018, 2017 and 2016 were received in the amounts of \$152.0 million, \$160.5 million and \$180.8 million. The change in reserves retained was due to the varying levels of commitments to insure policies originated by the MIF.

#### Transfers to/from New York State and its Agencies, net

During fiscal 2018, 2017 and 2016 the MIF was directed by the State to make transfers from the Project Pool Account to the General Fund, municipalities and authorities in the approximate amount of \$100 million in fiscal 2016 and 2017 and approximately \$3 million in fiscal 2018.

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# State of New York Mortgage Agency (A Component Unit of the State of New York)

#### Statements of Net Position

		Octo	ober 31,	
				(Restated)
		2018		2017
Assets		(in th	ousands)	
Current assets:				
Cash-demand deposits unrestricted	\$	2,366	\$	2,660
Cash-demand deposits restricted		8,741		9,936
Cash-custodian deposits		1,897		3,371
Investments unrestricted		21,769		24,862
Investments restricted		655,622		828,036
Total cash and investments		690,395		868,865
Mortgage loans receivable		164,234		165,067
Accrued interest receivable:				
Mortgage and student loans		8,225		8,224
Investments		12,584		11,524
Other assets		23,420		22,859
Total current assets		898,858		1,076,539
Non-current assets:				
Investments restricted		1,698,174		1,511,686
Mortgage loans receivable		2,710,757		2,623,653
Student loans receivable		4,440		5,916
Capital assets - internal use software		1,101		1,170
Total non-current assets	-	4,414,472		4,142,425
Total assets		5,313,330		5,218,964
Deferred outflows of resources		3,020,000		5,215,501
				2 000
Accumulated decrease in fair value of hedging derivatives		_		2,990
Deferred loss on refunding		4,704		4,982
Pension		3,564		2,025
Other post retirement benefits		2,427		2,756
Total deferred outflows of resources		10,695		12,753
Liabilities				
Current liabilities:				
Bonds payable, net		319,878		275,560
Interest payable		6,856		6,422
Allowance for anticipated claims		15,745		17,164
Unearned income, accounts payable and other		36,351		53,632
Amounts due to New York State and its Agencies		2,376		100,000
Total current liabilities		381,206		452,778
Non-current liabilities:		501,200		102,770
Bonds payable, net		2,291,456		2,276,783
Derivative instruments - interest rate swaps		9,891		16,057
Other postemployment benefits payable				
Net pension liability		43,712 1,182		44,370 2,834
Total non-current liabilities				
Total liabilities		2,346,241		2,340,044
		2,727,447		2,792,822
Deferred inflows of resources				
Pension		3,764		69
Accumulated increase in fair value of hedging derivatives		3,176		_
Other postemployment retirement benefits		3,317		466
Total deferred inflows of resources		10,257		535
Net position				
Restricted for bond obligations		((7,000		/FF 400
<u> </u>		667,339		657,498
Restricted by enabling legislation		1,938,269		1,795,027
Unrestricted deficit  Total net position	s—	(19,287)		(14,166)
See notes to financial statements.	Ψ	2,586,321	\$	2,438,359

# State of New York Mortgage Agency (A Component Unit of the State of New York) Statements of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position

		Fiscal Year En	ded O	tober 31,
				(Restated)
		2018		2017
		(in the	ousands	
Operating revenues				
Interest earned on loans	\$	128,822	\$	131,632
Recoveries		11,775		5,236
Investment income		51,816		37,507
Commitment fees, insurance premiums and application				
fees earned		17,425		16,545
Other income		1,133		2,156
Total operating revenues		210,971		193,076
Operating expenses				
Interest and amortization of discount on debt		80,350		79,859
Bond issuance costs		3,015		2,814
Postemployment retirement benefits expense		2,919		5,023
General expenses		24,923		22,410
Overhead assessment by State of New York		4,556		4,556
Pool insurance		761		547
Provision for estimated claims		11,845		13,087
Expenses related to federal grants		_		602
Net change in fair value of investments		53,227		36,968
Other		15,156		16,395
Total operating expenses		196,752		182,261
Operating income		14,219		10,815
Non-operating revenues (expenses)				
Mortgage insurance reserves retained		122,439		111,419
Federal grants		122,437		602
Transfers to/from New York State and its Agencies (net)		11,304		(90,298)
Total non-operating revenues	-	133,743		21,723
Increase in net position		147,962		32,538
Total net position		2,438,359		2,405,821
Total net position, end of fiscal year	\$	2,586,321	\$	2,438,359
-	===	2,000,021	Ψ	2,100,009

See notes to financial statements.

## State of New York Mortgage Agency (A Component Unit of the State of New York)

#### Statements of Cash Flows

	_	Fiscal Year En	ided Oct	ober 31,
		2018	1	(Restated) 2017
			ousands	
Cash flows from operating activities		(	,	,
Interest received on loans	\$	128,821	\$	131,815
Principal payment on loans		548,174	Ψ	285,085
Purchase of loans		(702,322)		(369,692)
Commitment fees, insurance premium and application		30,015		22,121
fees earned				
General expenses		(48,378)		(28,120)
Expenditures related to federal and state grants		_		(602)
Transfers		21,257		11,100
Other		(18,897)		(40,892)
Net cash provided by operating activities		(41,330)		10,815
Cash flows from non-capital financing activities				
Interest paid on bonds		(80,980)		(80,056)
Mortgage recording surtax receipts		152,015		160,510
Payments to New York State and its Agencies		(148,000)		(154,743)
Federal grants		_		602
Bond proceeds		575,056		336,135
Retirement and redemption of bonds		(445,370)		(307,889)
Net cash used in non-capital financing activities		52,721		(45,441)
Cash flows from investing activities				
Purchase of internal software		_		(152)
Earnings on investments		50,868		45,276
Proceeds from the sale or maturities of investments		5,190,207		3,981,940
Purchase of investments		(5,255,428)		(3,989,639)
Net cash provided by investing activities		(14,353)		37,425
Net change in cash		(2,962)		2,799
Cash at beginning of fiscal year		15,966		13,873
Cash at end of fiscal year	\$	13,004	\$	16,672
Reconciliation of operating revenues to net				
cash provided by operating activities:				
Operating income	\$	14,219	\$	10,815
Adjustment to reconcile operating income to net cash				
provided by (used in) operating activities:				
Investment income		(51,816)		(37,486)
Interest payments and amortization		80,350		79,856
Net change in fair market value		53,227		36,969
Other		(6,490)		4,512
Transfers		11,160		11,100
Changes in assets and liabilities		11,100		11,100
Mortgage loans and other loans, net		(154,148)		(86,329)
Interest, fees and other receivables		(2,630)		
Student loans				(5,861)
		28		1,705
Unearned income, accounts payable and other		17,080		(5,046)
Postemployment retirement benefits payable		(658)		(2,181)
Net pension liability	<sub>e</sub> —	(1,652)		2,761
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$	(41,330)	\$	10,815
Non-cash investing activities				
Net increase (decrease) in fair value of investments	\$	(53,227)	\$	(36,969)
See notes to financial statements.			-	

#### State of New York Mortgage Agency (A Component Unit of the State of New York) Notes to Financial Statements October 31, 2018 and 2017

#### 1. Organization and Basis of Presentation

The State of New York Mortgage Agency (the "Agency") is a public benefit corporation of the State of New York (the "State") created by statute in 1970 and for financial reporting purposes is a component unit of the State. The purpose of the Agency is to make mortgages available to low and moderate income first-time homebuyers and to other qualifying homebuyers through its various mortgage programs. The Agency provides mortgage insurance for qualifying real property loans. In addition, credit support is provided for obligations of the Convention Center Development Corporation through its Mortgage Insurance Program, in exchange for a one-time fee received by the Agency in fiscal year 2006. Under State statutes, the Agency's operating provisions are subject to periodic legislative renewal. The Agency is exempt from Federal, State and local income taxes. In April 2009, the Agency's statutory authority to purchase education loans was updated and expanded in order to permit the Agency to work with the New York State Higher Education Services Corporation ("HESC") in developing a new program to offer education loans to eligible students attending colleges and universities in New York State ("Student Loan Program"). The financial statements of the Agency include the accounts of the respective bondholder funds as well as the Mortgage Insurance Fund, Student Loan Program and the General Operating Fund.

In 2016, legislation was adopted at the State level to authorize the creation of a program to assist homeowners affected by the national mortgage crisis who are either delinquent on their mortgage payments or in danger of going into default. The legislation created the New York State Community Restoration Fund as a new fund to be held by SONYMA and to be managed by a newly-created subsidiary of SONYMA called the SONYMA Community Restoration Fund ("CRF"). Monies in this fund are not to be commingled with any other monies of SONYMA.

Pursuant to the general resolutions for the Agency's bond issues and in accordance with the Mortgage Insurance Program legislation, separate funds have been established to record all transactions relating to each of the bond resolutions, the CRF and for the Mortgage Insurance Program. Generally, the Mortgage Insurance Fund and each bond fund's assets are available only for the purposes specified under the respective bond resolutions and/or pursuant to the Agency's enabling legislation.

#### a. Bondholder Funds

Prior to 1983, the Agency issued tax-exempt mortgage revenue bonds and applied the proceeds to the purchase of existing residential mortgage loans from financial institutions operating in the State, on the condition that the purchase proceeds be made available for new residential mortgage loans within the State. In 1982, the enabling legislation was amended to permit application of bond proceeds for direct issuance of forward commitments for new mortgage loans through participating originators. The newly originated loans are approved and acquired by the Agency and are serviced by eligible servicers doing business in the State. Mortgages originated through the Agency's mortgage programs are subject to certain Federal and/or State regulations and

#### 1. Organization and Basis of Presentation (continued)

limitations. The Agency is authorized, however, and has issued obligations, the interest on which is federally taxable.

All acquired mortgage loans are collateralized by first liens. If required, the mortgages are insured with primary mortgage insurance. In addition, pool insurance coverage is provided in amounts ranging from 4%-10% of the original mortgage pool amount of a bond series. The assets of the Agency's bondholder funds are restricted as to purpose under the respective bond resolutions.

Mortgage escrow balances are maintained by each financial institution servicing the mortgages for the credit of the mortgagors. The servicers are responsible for the collections and disbursements made to and from the mortgagors' escrow accounts. Mortgage servicers annually receive a credit equal to 2.93% of actual mortgage payments collected less prepayments and curtailments which they apply as a credit to their applicable New York State tax liability.

#### b. Mortgage Insurance Fund

The Agency operates its Mortgage Insurance Fund (the "Program" or the "MIF") pursuant to a statute enacted in 1978 to encourage the investment by approved lenders in communities where mortgage capital is found to be insufficient for the preservation and rehabilitation of affordable housing. Under the Program, qualifying mortgages granted by approved lenders within the State may be insured, up to 50% of the principal balance, but up to 75% with respect to rehabilitation loans under certain conditions, and 100% of the principal balance for loans made by public pension funds and specified public benefit corporations of the State. The net position of the program are restricted by statutory provisions.

In 1989, the MIF was enhanced by State legislation that expanded the Program's authority to issue mortgage insurance for loans in specified economic development zones and to projects providing affordable housing or are financed by government entities. In addition, the Program was granted authorization to underwrite mortgage pool insurance for the Agency's mortgage programs. The 1989 enhancements to the statute are subject to periodic renewal by the legislature.

Moody's Investors Service rates the claims paying ability of the MIF's Project Pool Insurance Account and the Single Family Pool Insurance Account each rated "Aa1"; Fitch Ratings rates the claims paying ability of the Project Pool Insurance Account and the Single Family Pool Insurance Account "AA-" and "AA+", respectively.

As of October 31, 2018 and 2017, the MIF has outstanding mortgage insurance policies of approximately \$3.9 billion and \$3.6 billion, respectively, of which at least 20% has been provided and reported as restricted for insurance requirements and is a component of restricted net position. Insurance reserves for performing mortgage loans are established at 20% of the original principal amount except for special needs facilities where the insurance reserve is established at 40% of the original principal amount. When an insured mortgage is in default, the insured amount is immediately reserved as a liability reserve at 100% of the original principal amount of the insured mortgage loan. By statute, all costs of providing mortgage insurance, including claims, are chargeable against a State mortgage recording tax surcharge. The State mortgage recording tax surcharge is a dedicated tax revenue stream received directly by the Agency and recorded in the MIF's Special Account (the "Special Account"). Surcharge tax receipts and application fees in excess of expenses and reserve requirements are held in the Special Account. Annually, the excess amount on deposit in the Special Account amount as of March 31, is remitted to the State by June 18 of that year.

#### 1. Organization and Basis of Presentation (continued)

#### b. Mortgage Insurance Fund

Legislation adopted in 2004 added an account to the Agency's MIF, the Development Corporation Credit Support Account, and expanded the powers of the MIF to permit the Agency to provide credit support for the bonds and ancillary bond facilities of the Convention Center Development Corporation, a subsidiary of the New York State Urban Development Corporation. The legislation further limits the aggregate annual amount to be transferred from the Special Account to the Development Corporation Credit Support Account within the MIF during any twelve month period ending on March 31st to the lesser of \$50 million or the aggregate of the amounts required under such contracts. The Agency had set aside \$34.4 million for this purpose. Approximately \$37 million and \$36.8 million remains on deposit for this purpose as of October 31, 2018 and 2017 respectively.

#### c. State of New York Mortgage Agency Community Restoration Fund

The Agency operates the CRF pursuant to amendments to the Agency statute in 2016 to authorize the creation of a program to assist homeowners affected by the national mortgage crises who are either delinquent on their mortgage payments or in danger of going into default. The legislation authorized the Agency to deposit monies received from grants, gifts or from other sources in the Fund.

The monies in the Fund are eligible to be used by the Agency under program guidelines established by the board of directors of the Agency, in consultation with an advisory council to be created by the Agency comprised of a minimum of seven members, where a majority of the membership of the council will be comprised of representatives from non-profit members of the community with knowledge of foreclosures, housing, or community development needs in communities hard hit by foreclosures. The guidelines include, among other things, requirements to ensure that fund monies are expended based upon demonstrable community needs, for the purposes set forth in the legislation.

#### c. General Operating Fund

The expenses of administrative services provided for the Agency are accounted for within the General Operating Fund. Services provided for the MIF are accounted for separately within the MIF.

#### 2. Significant Accounting Policies

#### a. Basis of Accounting

The Agency utilizes the accrual basis of accounting wherein revenues are recognized when earned and expenses when incurred. The financial statements are prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB"). The Agency's operating revenues consist of interest earned on loans, investment income, insurance premiums, application fees and commitment fees. All other revenue, consisting primarily of mortgage insurance reserves retained, are considered non-operating. Operating expenses include interest and amortization of discount on debt, general expenses, the provision for estimated claims and bond issuance costs. All other expenses are considered non-operating.

#### b. Cash

Cash demand deposit accounts are used for the collection of funds received from the servicing banks throughout the month.

Cash custodian deposits represent mortgage payments in-transit held by the servicing financial institutions and not yet remitted to the Agency.

#### c. Investments

Investments other than collateralized investment agreements are recorded at fair value, which is based on quoted market prices. Collateralized investment agreements are reported at amortized cost. For the purpose of financial statement presentation, the Agency does not consider any of its investments to be cash equivalents.

#### d. Mortgage Loans Receivable

Mortgage loans on real estate are stated at their unpaid principal balance where appropriate.

The Agency does not provide a reserve against uninsured mortgage loans receivable because all loans have at least 20 percent equity at origination. Further, most of these loans (70%) were originated in 2004 or earlier and all mortgages are covered by a pool insurance policy.

#### e. Bonds Payable

Serial and term bonds are stated at their principal amounts outstanding, net of unamortized bond discount or premium. Serial and term bonds are maintained at their accreted values for purposes of financial reporting to the date of the respective Statement of Net Position.

In accordance with the respective bond resolutions, funds are available to the trustee to pay debt service on bonds when due, principally April 1 and October 1.

#### f. Unamortized Bond Discount and Premium

Bond discount and premium are amortized using the bonds-outstanding method which yields a level rate of income / expense over the respective lives of each bond series. The remaining unamortized portions of such costs relating to bonds which are retired prior to maturity by the Agency in the open market are included as a deduction in the computation of gain or loss on early extinguishment of debt. The Agency's redemptions using proceeds of refunding bonds resulted in losses that were deferred and amortized over the original life of the refunded bonds or the life of the refunding bonds, whichever was shorter.

#### g. Bond Issuance Costs

Bond issuance costs are recognized as an expense in the period incurred.

#### h. Interest on Loans

Interest on loans is accrued and recognized as revenue when earned.

#### i. Use of Estimates

The preparation of the financial statements in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts and disclosures included in the Agency's financial statements during the reporting periods. Actual amounts could differ from these estimates.

#### j. Derivative Instruments

The Agency has entered into various interest rate swaps contracts in order to manage risks associated with interest on its bond portfolio. The Agency recognizes the fair value of all derivative instruments as either an asset or liability on its statements of net position with the offsetting gains or losses recognized in earnings or as either deferred inflows or outflows, if deemed an effective hedge.

#### k. Capital Assets – Internal Use Software

Expenditures for the purchase, development or licensing of computer software having a cost greater than \$500 thousand are capitalized and amortized on a straight-line basis, generally over the license term (if applicable) or the estimated useful life of the software.

#### 1. Recently Adopted Accounting Pronouncements

In June 2015, GASB issued Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions ("GASB No. 75"). The objective of this Statement is to improve accounting and financial reporting by state and local governments for OPEB. It also improves information provided by state and local governmental employers about financial support for OPEB that is provided by other entities. The provisions of this statement are effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2017. Refer to Note 3 "Impact of the Adoption of GASB No. 75" for further information regarding the impact of the adoption of GASB No. 75 on the financial statements.

In March 2017, GASB issued Statement No. 85, *Omnibus* 2017 ("GASB No. 85"). The objective of this Statement is to address practice issues that have been identified during implementation and application of certain GASB Statements. This Statement addresses a variety of topics including issues related to blending component units, goodwill, fair value measurement and application, and postemployment benefits (pensions and other postemployment benefits ("OPEB")). The provisions of this statement are effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2017. The adoption of this standard did not have a significant impact on the Agency's financial statements.

In May 2017, GASB issued Statement No. 86, Certain Debt Extinguishment Issues ("GASB No. 86"). The primary objective of this Statement is to improve consistency in accounting and financial reporting for in-substance defeasance of debt by providing guidance for transactions in which cash and other monetary assets acquired with only existing resources—resources other than the proceeds of refunding debt—are placed in an irrevocable trust for the sole purpose of extinguishing debt. This Statement also improves accounting and financial reporting for prepaid insurance on debt that is extinguished and notes to financial statements for debt that is defeased in substance. The provisions of this statement are effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2017. The adoption of this standard did not have an impact on the Agency's financial statements.

#### m. Accounting Pronouncements Issued But Not Yet Adopted

In March 2016, GASB issued Statement No. 83, Certain Asset Retirement Obligations ("GASB No. 83"). The primary objective of this statement is to provide financial statement users with information about asset retirement obligations (ARO's) that were not addressed in GASB standards by establishing uniform accounting and financial reporting requirements for those obligations. The requirements of this statement apply to financial statements of all state and local governments. For purposes of applying this statement, an ARO is a legally enforceable liability associated with the retirement of a tangible capital asset (that is, the tangible capital asset is permanently removed from service). The retirement of a tangible capital asset encompasses its sale, abandonment, recycling, or disposal in some other manner; however, it does not encompass the temporary idling of a tangible capital asset. This statement also applies to legally enforceable liabilities of a lessor in connection with the retirement of its leased property if those liabilities meet the definition of an ARO. The provisions of this statement are effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2018. The Agency is currently evaluating the impact this standard will have on its financial statements.

In January 2017, GASB issued Statement No. 84, Fiduciary Activities ("GASB No. 84"). The primary objective of this statement is to improve guidance regarding the identification of fiduciary activities for accounting and financial reporting purposes and how those activities should be reported. This statement establishes criteria for identifying fiduciary activities of all state and local governments. The focus of the criteria generally is on (1) whether a government is controlling the assets of the fiduciary activity and (2) the beneficiaries with whom a fiduciary relationship exists. Separate criteria are included to identify fiduciary component units and postemployment benefit arrangements that are fiduciary activities. The provisions of this statement are effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2018. The Agency is currently evaluating the impact this standard will have on its financial statements.

In June 2017, GASB issued Statement No. 87, Leases ("GASB No. 87"). The objective of this statement is to better meet the information needs of financial statement users by improving accounting and financial reporting for leases by governments. This statement increases the usefulness of governments' financial statements by requiring recognition of certain lease assets and liabilities for leases that previously were classified as operating leases and recognized as inflows of resources or outflows of resources based on the payment provisions of the contract. It establishes a single model for lease accounting based on the foundational principle that leases are financings of the right to use an underlying asset. Under this Statement, a lessee is required to recognize a lease liability and an intangible right-to-use lease asset, and a lessor is required to recognize a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources, thereby enhancing the relevance and consistency of information about governments' leasing activities. The provisions of this statement are effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2019. The Agency is currently evaluating the impact this standard will have on its financial statements.

In March 2018, GASB issued Statement No. 88, *Certain Disclosures Related to Debt, including Direct Borrowings and Direct Placements* ("GASB No. 88"). The primary objective of this Statement is to improve the information that is disclosed in notes to government financial statements related to debt, including direct borrowings and direct placements. It also clarifies which liabilities governments should include when disclosing information related to debt. This Statement defines debt for purposes of disclosure in notes to financial statements as a liability that arises from a contractual obligation to pay cash (or other assets that may be used in lieu of cash) in one or more payments to settle an amount that is fixed at the date the contractual obligation is established. This Statement requires that additional essential information related to debt be disclosed in notes to financial statements, including unused lines of credit; assets pledged as collateral for the debt; and terms specified in debt agreements related to significant events of default with finance-

related consequences, significant termination events with finance-related consequences, and significant subjective acceleration clauses. For notes to financial statements related to debt, this Statement also requires that existing and additional information be provided for direct borrowings and direct placements of debt separately from other debt. The provisions of this statement are effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2018. The Agency is currently evaluating the impact this standard will have on its financial statements.

In June 2018, GASB issued Statement No. 89, Accounting for Interest Cost Incurred before the End of a Construction Period ("GASB No. 89"). The objectives of this Statement are (1) to enhance the relevance and comparability of information about capital assets and the cost of borrowing for a reporting period and (2) to simplify accounting for interest cost incurred before the end of a construction period. This Statement establishes accounting requirements for interest cost incurred before the end of a construction period. Such interest cost includes all interest that previously was accounted for in accordance with the requirements of paragraphs 5-22 of Statement No. 62, Codification of Accounting and Financial Reporting Guidance Contained in Pre-November 30, 1989 FASB and AICPA Pronouncements ("GASB No. 62"), which are superseded by this Statement. This Statement requires that interest cost incurred before the end of a construction period be recognized as an expense in the period in which the cost is incurred for financial statements prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. As a result, interest cost incurred before the end of a construction period will not be included in the historical cost of a capital asset reported in a business-type activity or enterprise fund. This Statement also reiterates that in financial statements prepared using the current financial resources measurement focus, interest cost incurred before the end of a construction period should be recognized as an expenditure on a basis consistent with governmental fund accounting principles. The provisions of this statement are effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2019. The Agency is currently evaluating the impact this standard will have on its financial statements.

In August 2018, GASB issued Statement No. 90, Majority Equity Interests ("GASB No. 90"). The primary objectives of this Statement are to improve the consistency and comparability of reporting a government's majority equity interest in a legally separate organization and to improve the relevance of financial statement information for certain component units. It defines a majority equity interest and specifies that a majority equity interest in a legally separate organization should be reported as an investment if a government's holding of the equity interest meets the definition of an investment. A majority equity interest that meets the definition of an investment should be measured using the equity method, unless it is held by a special-purpose government engaged only in fiduciary activities, a fiduciary fund, or an endowment (including permanent and term endowments) or permanent fund. Those governments and funds should measure the majority equity interest at fair value. For all other holdings of a majority equity interest in a legally separate organization, a government should report the legally separate organization as a component unit, and the government or fund that holds the equity interest should report an asset related to the majority equity interest using the equity method. This Statement establishes that ownership of a majority equity interest in a legally separate organization results in the government being financially accountable for the legally separate organization and, therefore, the government should report that organization as a component unit. This Statement also requires that a component unit in which a government has a 100 percent equity interest account for its assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources at acquisition value at the date the government acquired a 100 percent equity

interest in the component unit. Transactions presented in flows statements of the component unit in that circumstance should include only transactions that occurred subsequent to the acquisition. The provisions of this statement are effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2018. The Agency is currently evaluating the impact this standard will have on its financial statements.

**n. Reclassifications:** Certain reclassifications have been made to prior year balances in order to confirm to current year presentation.

#### 3. Impact of the Adoption of GASB No. 75

On November 1, 2017, the Agency adopted GASB Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions ("GASB No. 75"). The objective of this Statement is to improve accounting and financial reporting by state and local governments for OPEB. It also improves information provided by state and local governmental employers about financial support for OPEB that is provided by other entities. The provisions of this statement are effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2017.

As a result of adopting this pronouncement, the Agency's Net Position as of November 1, 2016, Statement of Net Position as of October 31, 2017 and the Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position for the year ended October 31, 2017 have been restated to reflect the required adjustments:

	$\mathbf{A}\mathbf{s}$		
	Previously		
	 Reported	Adjustment	Restated
		(in thousands)	)
As of November 1, 2016			
Net Position	\$ 2,393,337	\$ 12,484	\$ 2,405,821
For the year ended October 31, 2017			
Other postemployment benefits	2,761	2,262	5,023
Operating Income	13,077	(2,262)	10,815
Increase in net position	34,800	(2,262)	32,538
As of October 31, 2017			
Deferred outflow of resources related to OPEB	_	2,756	2,756
Other postemployment benefits	51,906	(7,536)	44,370
Deferred inflow of resources related to OPEB	_	69	69
Net position - unrestricted	(24,389)	10,222	(14,167)
Total net position	2,428,137	10,222	2,438,359

#### 4. Investments

The Agency's investments at October 31, 2018 and October 31, 2017, excluding accrued interest, consisted of the following:

October 31, 2018:		Collateralized						
	inv	estment agreemer						
		Money Market	U.S.				Total	
		and Trust	Treasury		Government		Fair	
Category		Accounts/CDs	Obligations		Agencies	Value		
			(in th	ous	ands)			
Invested revenues	\$	3,475	\$ 270,998	\$	992	\$	275,465	
Mortgage insurance reserves		_	1,396,146		554,266		1,950,412	
Mortgage acquisition and								
other bond proceeds		_	11,900		_		11,900	
Bondholder reserves		39,734	98,054		_		137,788	
Total	\$	43,209	\$ 1,777,098	\$	555,258	\$	2,375,565	

October 31, 2017:		Collateralized								
	inv	estment agreemer								
		Money Market		U.S.				Total		
		and Trust		Treasury		Government		Fair		
Category		Accounts/CDs	Obligations			Agencies		Value		
		(in thousands)								
Invested revenues	\$	4,006	\$	245,078	\$	929	\$	250,013		
Mortgage insurance reserves		_		1,633,378		313,335		1,946,713		
Mortgage acquisition and										
other bond proceeds		_		3,582		_		3,582		
Bondholder reserves		46,592		117,684		_		164,276		
Total	\$	50,598	\$	1,999,722	\$	314,264	\$	2,364,584		

Agency funds are invested in accordance with the investment guidelines approved annually by the Agency's board, which are in compliance with the New York State Comptroller's Investment Guidelines.

All of the above investments that are securities are in registered form, and are held by agents of the Agency or by the trustee under the applicable bond resolution, in the Agency's name. The agents or their custodians take possession of the securities.

#### 4. Investments (continued)

#### Permitted Investments

All bond proceeds and revenues can only be invested in Securities [defined as (i) obligations the principal of and interest on which are guaranteed by the United States of America; (ii) obligations of the United States of America; (iii) obligations the principal of and interest on which are guaranteed by the State; (iv) obligations of the State; (v) obligations of any agency of the United States of America; (vi) obligations of any agency of the State; (vii) obligations the principal of and interest on which are guaranteed by an agency or instrumentally of the United States of America; (viii) obligations of the Federal National Mortgage Association ("FNMA")], Time Deposits and Certificates of Deposit. Securities are purchased from Primary and approved Dealers, and Securities are delivered to the applicable Custodian/Trustee who records the investment.

Collateralized Time Deposit Agreements and Certificates of Deposit may only be entered into with banks or trustees rated at least within the second highest rating category without regard to gradations within such category by Moody's Investors Service or Standard & Poor's. Collateralized Time Deposit Agreements and certificates of deposit are collateralized at a minimum of 103% of the principal amount of the agreement and marked to market weekly.

The collateral consists of United States government obligations, other securities the principal of and interest on which are guaranteed by the United States, Government National Mortgage Association obligations and obligations of agencies and instrumentalities of the Congress of the United States and obligations of FNMA. The collateral is delivered to the Custodian and held in the Agency's name.

Investment Maturities in Years at October 31, 2018 are as follows:

	Fair	Less						More
	 Value		Than 1		1 to 5		6 to 10	Than 10
				(	in thousands	s)		
Collateralized investment								
Agreements	\$ 39,734	\$	_	\$	5,685	\$	_	\$ 34,049
Trust Accounts/CDs	3,475		3,475		_		_	_
Municipal Bonds	33,879		33,879		_		_	_
U.S. Treasury Bills	316,630		316,630		_		_	_
U.S. Treasury Notes	1,426,589		323,407		772,731		287,672	42,779
U.S. Government Agencies	555,258		_		4,646		517,700	32,912
Total	\$ 2,375,565	\$	677,391	\$	783,062	\$	805,372	\$ 109,740

#### Interest Rate Risk

The Agency's exposure to fair value losses arising from rising interest rates is limited by the short term duration of 29% and 36% of the Agency's investments for fiscal years ended 2018 and 2017, respectively.

#### Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk may arise from a bank failure resulting in deposits not being immediately available for Agency use. Through its guidelines and policies, the Agency has established minimum capitalization requirements for banks at \$50 million and trustees at \$250 million and ratings requirements of at least within the second highest ratings category without regards to gradations by Moody's Investor Services or Standard & Poor's for banks, and at least the third highest ratings category without regards to gradations by Moody's Investor Services or Standard & Poor's for trustees.

#### 5 - Fair Value Measurement

The Agency categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by GAAP. The hierarchy is based on the evaluation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset or liability. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs. The Agency had the following recurring fair value measurements as of October 31, 2018 and October 31, 2017.

Investment and Derivative		October 31	,		,			
Instruments Measured	2018				2017			
at Fair Value		Amount	Level		Amount	Level		
		(in thousands)		-	(in thousands)			
Investments (debt securities):								
U.S. Treasury Notes	\$	1,426,589	2	\$	1,624,498	2		
U.S. Treasury Bills		316,630	2		375,223	2		
Government Agencies		555,258	2		313,335	2		
Municipal Bonds		33,879	2		929	2		
Total	\$	2,332,356		\$	2,313,985			
	_			_				
Interest rate swaps	\$_	(9,891)	2	\$	(16,057)	2		

Debt securities classified in Level 2 of the fair value hierarchy are valued using a matrix pricing technique. Derivative instruments classified in Level 2 of the fair value hierarchy are valued using a market approach that considers benchmark interest rates.

#### 6. Mortgage and Student Loans Receivables

The principal balances of mortgage and student loans receivables for the years ended October 31, 2018 and October 31, 2017 were as follows:

#### October 31, 2018:

	Balance at	Scheduled		Prepayments,				Balance at
	October 31,	Principal		Transfers and		Purchase of		October 31,
	2017	Payments		Other Credits		New Loans		2018
				(in thousands)				
Homeowner Mortgage								
Revenue	\$ 2,018,050	\$ (83,531)	\$	(109,027)	\$	339,285	\$	2,164,777
Mortgage Revenue	768,468	(24,149)		(35,914)		_		708,405
Homeownership								
Program	2,202	(207)		(186)		_		1,809
Student Loan	5,916	_		(1,476)		_		4,440
Total Mortgage and								
Student Receivable	\$ 2,794,636	\$ (107,887)	\$	(146,603)	\$	339,285	\$	2,879,431

#### October 31, 2017:

	Balance at October 31, 2016	Scheduled Principal Payments	7	Prepayments, Transfers and Other Credits	Purchase of New Loans	Balance at October 31, 2017
				(in thousands)		_
Homeowner Mortgage						
Revenue	\$ 1,965,990	\$ (78,317)	\$	(133,551)	\$ 263,928	\$ 2,018,050
Mortgage Revenue	734,374	(23,065)		(48,007)	105,166	768,468
Homeownership						
Program	2,026	(167)		(255)	598	2,202
Student Loan	7,621	_		(1,705)	_	\$ 5,916
Total Mortgage and						
Student Receivable	\$ 2,710,011	\$ (101,549)	\$	(183,518)	\$ 369,692	\$ 2,794,636

#### 6. Mortgage and Student Loans Receivables (continued)

Mortgage loans outstanding were as follows at October 31, 2018 and October 31, 2017:

October 31, 2018:	Number of Mortgage	Outstanding Principal		
	Loans	Balance		
		(in thousands)		
Homeowner Mortgage Revenue:				
Uninsured	16,729	\$ 1,295,354		
F.H.A. (insured)	2	301		
Private mortgage insurance	4,958	854,915		
Deferred Participation		14,207		
	21,689	2,164,777		
Mortgage Revenue:				
Uninsured	3,856	454,692		
Private mortgage insurance	1,631	267,920		
Participation	=	(14,207)		
1	5,487	708,405		
Homographin Program		-		
Homeownership Program: Uninsured	35	1,809		
Offinsured		1,009		
Total	27,211	\$ 2,874,991		
October 31, 2017:	Number of	Outstanding		
October 51, 2517.	Mortgage	Principal		
	Loans	Balance		
	Loans	(in thousands)		
Homeowner Mortgage Revenue:		(in thousands)		
Uninsured	17,127	\$ 1,270,247		
Private mortgage insurance	4,601	733,153		
Deferred Participation		14,650		
1	21,728	2,018,050		
Mortgage Revenue				
Mortgage Revenue: Uninsured	3,934	455,412		
F.H.A. (insured)				
Private mortgage insurance	1 1,994	1 327,705		
Participation	1,774	(14,650)		
rarucipation	5,929	768,468		
		. 00,100		
Homeownership Program:				
Uninsured	43	2,202		
Total	27,700	\$ 2,788,720		
10141	21,700	ψ 2,700,720		

#### 6. Mortgage and Student Loans Receivables (continued)

The principal balances of mortgage loans receivables in arrears for the years ended October 31, 2018 and October 31, 2017 were as follows:

October 31, 2018:

October 31, 2018:				Percent of Principal
				Outstanding
		Number of		of Loans in
		Loans in		Arrears to
Days in	Arrears	Arrears	Principal	Total Loans
			(in thousands)	
Homeowner Mortga	nge Revenue:			
60		134	\$ 10,979	0.51%
90 plus		435	47,761	2.22%
		569	58,740	2.73%
Mortgage Revenue:				
60		34	4,757	0.66%
90 plus		105	13,344	1.84%
-		139	18,101	2.50%
Homeownership Pro	ogram:			
90 plus		1	70	3.84%
-		1	70	3.84%
Combined:				
60		168	15,736	0.55%
90 plus		541	61,175	2.13%
-		709	\$ 76,911	2.68%
		Number of Loans in		Percent of Principal Outstanding of Loans in Arrears to
Days in	Arrears	Arrears	Principal	Total Loans
Duysin	Tircurs	Tircuis		10tui Louito
Homeowner Mortga			(III thousands)	
_	age Revenue:		(in thousands)	
60	age Revenue:	164		0.72%
60 90 plus	ige Revenue:	164 537	\$ 14,422	0.72% 3.02%
60 90 plus	nge Revenue:	164 537 701	\$ 14,422 60,518	0.72% 3.02% 3.74%
	nge Revenue:	537	\$ 14,422	3.02%
90 plus Mortgage Revenue:	age Revenue:	537 701	\$ 14,422 60,518 74,940	3.02%
90 plus Mortgage Revenue: 60		537 701	\$ 14,422 60,518 74,940	3.02% 3.74% 0.56%
90 plus Mortgage Revenue:		537 701	\$ 14,422 60,518 74,940 4,389 17,441	3.02% 3.74% 0.56% 2.23%
90 plus Mortgage Revenue: 60		537 701 36 140	\$ 14,422 60,518 74,940	3.02% 3.74% 0.56%
90 plus  Mortgage Revenue: 60 90 plus  Homeownership Pro		537 701 36 140 176	\$ 14,422 60,518 74,940 4,389 17,441 21,830	3.02% 3.74% 0.56% 2.23% 2.79%
90 plus Mortgage Revenue: 60 90 plus		537 701 36 140	\$ 14,422 60,518 74,940 4,389 17,441	3.02% 3.74% 0.56% 2.23%
90 plus  Mortgage Revenue: 60 90 plus  Homeownership Pro 60 90 plus		537 701 36 140 176	\$ 14,422 60,518 74,940 4,389 17,441 21,830	3.02% 3.74% 0.56% 2.23% 2.79%
90 plus  Mortgage Revenue: 60 90 plus  Homeownership Pro 60		537 701 36 140 176	\$ 14,422 60,518 74,940 4,389 17,441 21,830	3.02% 3.74% 0.56% 2.23% 2.79% 6.32% 4.30%
90 plus  Mortgage Revenue: 60 90 plus  Homeownership Pro 60 90 plus		537 701 36 140 176	\$ 14,422 60,518 74,940 4,389 17,441 21,830	3.02% 3.74% 0.56% 2.23% 2.79% 6.32% 4.30%
90 plus  Mortgage Revenue: 60 90 plus  Homeownership Pro 60 90 plus  Combined:	ogram:	537 701 36 140 176 3 3 3	\$ 14,422 60,518 74,940 4,389 17,441 21,830 139 95 234	3.02% 3.74% 0.56% 2.23% 2.79% 6.32% 4.30% 10.62%

#### 7. Bonds Payable

Changes in bonds payable, net for the year ended October 31, 2018 and October 31, 2017 were as follows:

October 31, 2018:

								Changes		
		Bonds						in Bond		Bonds
		Outstanding Matured/		Matured/				Premium	Outstanding	
		at October 31,		Called/			ar	nd Discount	at October 31,	
		2017	R	Redeemed Issued			(net)		2018	
					(in t	housands)				
Homeowner Mortgage Revenue	\$	1,858,771	\$	(310,165)	\$	437,355	\$	4,185	\$	1,990,146
Mortgage Revenue		686,332		(69,355)		_		(1,063)		615,914
NYHELPs (Student Loan program)	)	7,240		(1,965)		_		_		5,275
Total Bonds Outstanding	\$	2,552,343	\$	(381,485)	\$	437,355	\$	3,122	\$	2,611,335

October 31, 2017:

		Bonds Outstanding at October 31, 2016	Matured/ Called/ edeemed	(in the	Issued	Changes in Bond Premium nd Discount (net)	Bonds utstanding October 31, 2017
				(m ti	nousands)		
Homeowner Mortgage Revenue	\$	1,853,552	\$ (231,355)	\$	233,690	\$ 2,884	\$ 1,858,771
Mortgage Revenue		660,960	(78,845)		102,445	1,772	686,332
NYHELPs (Student Loan program	.)	9,597	(2,357)		_	_	7,240
Total Bonds Outstanding	\$	2,524,109	\$ (312,557)	\$	336,135	\$ 4,656	\$ 2,552,343

#### Homeowner Mortgage Revenue Bonds

Homeowner Mortgage Revenue Bonds have been issued between 1988 and 2018 in a total original amount of \$11,540,203,000. At October 31, 2018, the interest rates for the fixed rate bonds outstanding ranged from 1.25% to 5% and the interest on the variable rate debt ranged from 1.41% to 1.73%.

The below table assumes the variable rate bonds at the October 31, 2018 rate for the calculation of future debt service costs.

The schedule of Total Annual Maturities as of October 31, 2018 was as follows:

Fiscal Year		Interest	Bonds	Debt			
Ending Oct 31,		Payable	Outstanding	Service			
			(in thousands)				
2019	\$	59,106	\$ 276,495	\$ 335,601			
2020		56,838	96,755	153,593			
2021		53,760	101,215	154,975			
2022		50,561	96,205	146,766			
2023		47,713	89,455	137,168			
2024-2028		194,215	421,515	615,730			
2029-2033		138,083	358,260	496,343			
2034-2038		84,275	206,470	290,745			
2039-2043		46,111	176,510	222,621			
2044-2048		12,283	149,200	161,483			
Total Debt Service				,			
Requirement		742,945	1,972,080	2,715,025			
Unamortized bond premium	ı	_	18,066	_			
Total	\$	742,945	\$ 1,990,146	\$ 2,715,025			

#### **Outstanding Homeowner Mortgage Revenue Bonds**

At October 31, 2018, the interest rate for fixed rate Homeowner Mortgage Revenue Bonds outstanding ranged from 1.25% to 5%.

The schedule of Homeowner Mortgage Revenue Bonds outstanding by series as of October 31, 2018 was as follows:

				Last
	Originally	Currently	Range of	Remaining
Series	Issued	Outstanding	Interest Rates	Maturity
	(in thousa	nds)		
129	\$ 34,000 \$	19,790	Reset Weekly	2035
132	34,000	21,825	Reset Daily	2037
135	34,000	11,990	Reset Daily	2037
139	34,000	27,630	Reset Daily	2037
142	34,000	25,095	Reset Daily	2037
144	30,000	21,085	Reset Daily	2037
159	60,000	60,000	Reset Weekly	2038
162	25,000	23,705	Reset Weekly	2039
163	66,825	24,830	2.9% - 4.0%	2026
165	50,000	195	4.75%	2042
166	107,585	52,315	3.499% - 3.999%	2021
167	10,695	550	3.75% - 3.9%	2021
168	50,065	35,670	2.10% - 5%	2036
169	43,060	2,415	2.05% - 2.6%	2021
170	19,940	13,345	2.7% - 3.9%	2027
171	12,000	12,000	3.40%	2022
172	150,000	113,155	2.28% - 4.203%	2027
175	82,660	68,210	2.664% - 4.116%	2028
176	66,835	60,210	1.75% - 3.75%	2042
177	33,200	5,460	2.5% - 3.05%	2027
178	79,370	8,195	3.50%	2043
180	33,405	15,825	3.05% - 3.95%	2022
182	25,385	3,555	4.40%	2034
183	96,480	62,605	2.2% - 4.45%	2029
184	18,960	2,780	2.1% - 2.685%	2020
185	12,000	3,650	3.95%	2029
186	80,190	58,610	2.0% - 3.95%	2025
188	27,920	25,520	3.6% - 3.85%	2044
189	88,850	66,160	1.75% - 3.85%	2034
	•	•		

#### Outstanding Homeowner Mortgage Revenue Bonds (continued)

				Last	
	Originally	Currently	Range of	Remaining	
Series	Issued	Outstanding	Interest Rates	Maturity	
	(in thousa	nds)			
190	\$ 60,000 \$	58,650	3.45% - 3.85%	2045	
191	72,935	41,920	1.9% - 3.5%	2034	
192	45,410	43,585	3.8% - 4.0%	2035	
193	20,640	11,760	4.10%	2040	
194	85,020	68,725	1.7% - 3.8%	2035	
195	66,185	60,200	3.0% - 4.0%	2046	
196	38,595	33,735	1.25% - 3.7%	2037	
197	100,715	93,655	1.4% - 3.5%	2044	
198	23,095	14,470	1.25% - 1.75%	2022	
199	50,000	50,000	Reset Weekly	2037	
200	64,025	57,665	3.5% - 3.9%	2045	
201	18,945	16,000	1.65% - 3.85%	2031	
202	29,345	29,345	Reset Daily	2034	
203	102,190	101,300	2.0% - 3.5%	2047	
204	19,185	16,625	1.3% - 2.40%	2025	
205	51,590	50,055	1.85% - 4.0%	2040	
206	53,050	48,850	1.35% - 4.0%	2037	
207	40,000	40,000	Reset Weekly	2047	
208	85,135	85,135	3.1% - 4.0%	2048	
209	41,990	40,090	1.55% - 3.35%	2029	
210	40,590	40,590	Reset Weekly	2039	
211	82,750	82,750	3.625% - 3.8%	2048	
212	42,250	40,600	1.8% - 3.7%	2033	
Jnamortized bond					
premium	_	18,066			
Total	\$ 2,674,065 \$	1,990,146			

#### **Outstanding Homeowner Mortgage Revenue Bonds (continued)**

As of October 31, 2018, the additional debt service requirements of the Agency's hedged variable rate debt on associated derivative instruments for the period hedged are as follows:

			Fixed					
Fiscal Year	r Swap Nominal		Interest		Swap Offset	Net Swap		
Ending Oct 31,		Amount	Payments		Payments	Interest		
			(in	thou	usands)			
2019	\$	1,440	\$ 7,581	\$	(5,021)	\$	2,560	
2020		1,520	7,530		(4,996)		2,534	
2021		1,600	7,475		(4,970)		2,505	
2022		1,450	7,422		(4,944)		2,478	
2023		1,775	7,365		(4,917)		2,448	
2024-2028		100,155	35,952		(24,167)		11,785	
2029-2033		140,715	13,779		(9,734)		4,045	
2034-2038		17,980	962		(466)		496	
Total	\$	266,635	\$ 88,066	\$	(59,215)	\$	28,851	

The above amounts assume that current interest rates on October 31, 2018 and the variable-rate offset to the fixed rates of the hedging derivative instruments will remain the same for the term of the respective swaps.

#### Mortgage Revenue Bonds

Mortgage Revenue Bonds have been issued between 1984 and 2017 in a total original amount of \$4,617,539,000. At October 31, 2018, the interest rates for the fixed rate bonds outstanding ranged from 1.5% to 5.0%.

The Schedule of Total Annual Maturities at October 31, 2018 was as follows:

Fiscal Year		Interest	Bonds	Debt	
Ending Oct 31,		Payable	Outstanding	Service	
		(	in thousands)		
2019	\$	20,568 \$	21,520 \$	42,088	
2020		20,458	20,510	40,968	
2021		19,819	18,655	38,474	
2022		19,126	12,985	32,111	
2023		18,738	10,570	29,308	
2024-2028		88,130	76,810	164,940	
2029-2033		70,142	138,605	208,747	
2034-2038		43,515	160,010	203,525	
2039-2043		15,432	132,060	147,492	
2044-2048		1,511	20,445	21,956	
Total Debt Service					
Requirement		317,439	612,170	929,609	
Unamortized bond					
premium		_	4,042	_	
discount		_	(298)	_	
Total	\$	317,439 \$	615,914 \$	929,609	

#### **Outstanding Mortgage Revenue Bonds**

At October 31, 2018, the interest rate for fixed rate Mortgage Revenue Bonds outstanding ranged from 1.5% to 5%.

The schedule of Mortgage Revenue Bonds outstanding by series as of October 31, 2018 as follows:

	Originally	Currently	Range of	Remaining
Series	Issued	Outstanding	Interest Rates	Maturity
	(in thous	sands)		
38B	\$ 30,000 \$	24,700	3.07%	2041
38C	66,000	47,070	3.01%	2041
38D	138,110	93,900	3.55%	2041
38E	35,000	23,750	3.55%	2035
39	57,385	13,440	3.45% - 5.0%	2028
41	14,820	10,095	2.95% - 4.0%	2028
44	38,555	7,130	3.65% - 4.0%	2021
45	44,000	7,975	3.15% - 4.5%	2029
46	97,855	14,425	3.95% - 5.0%	2029
48	110,905	99,500	2.625% - 3.75%	2041
49	54,755	52,255	2.45% - 4%	2043
50	33,165	5,455	2.35% - 3.15%	2027
51	75,180	73,815	2.25% - 4.0%	2045
52	40,220	29,920	1.50% - 3.50%	2030
53	20,135	12,160	2.188% - 3.069%	2023
54	80,070	77,650	2.45% - 4.0%	2047
55	22,375	18,930	1.5% - 2.8%	2024
Unamortized bond				
premium	_	4,042		
discount	 	(298)		
Total	\$ 958,530 \$	615,914		

#### **Student Loan Program**

The Agency, doing business as The State of New York Higher Education Finance Authority issued the NYHELPs Educational Loan Revenue Bond, 2009 Series A in a total original amount of \$97,795,000. At October 31, 2018, the amount of \$5,275,000 remained outstanding with the interest rates ranging from 4.3% to 5.25%.

The schedule of Total Annual Maturities as of October 31, 2018 was as follows:

				Total
Fiscal Year	Interest		Bonds	Debt
Ending Oct 31,	Payable	I	Payable	Sevice
		(in th	iousands)	
2019	\$ 223	\$	1,295	\$ 1,518
2020	162		1,275	1,437
2021	102		1,210	1,312
2022	73		-	73
2023	73		-	73
2024-2027	232		1,495	1,727
Total Debt Service				
Requirement	\$ 865	\$	5,275	\$ 6,140

#### 8. Other Assets

At October 31, 2018 and October 31, 2017 other assets consisted primarily of Owned Real Estate and CRF for which the balances were as follows:

October 31, 2018:

Bondholder Funds	Number of Loans		Book Value	Appraised Value		
	_	(\$ in thousands)				
Homeowner Mortgage Revenue	156	\$	10,629	\$	19,691	
Mortgage Revenue	29		1,670		3,749	
Homeownership	1		30		110	
Prepaid Mortgage Insurance	_		548		_	
Sub Total bondholder funds	186	\$	12,877	\$	23,550	
Community Restoration Fund			10,543			
Total Other Assets		\$	23,420			

October 31, 2017:

Bondholder Funds	Number of Loans	 Book Value	Appraised Value
		(\$ in th	ousands)
Homeowner Mortgage Revenue	185	\$ 12,507	\$ 19,750
Mortgage Revenue	29	2,327	4,527
Prepaid Mortgage Insurance	_	483	_
Sub Total bondholder funds	214	\$ 15,317	\$ 24,277
Community Restoration Fund		7,542	
Total Other Assets		\$ 22,859	

#### 9. Allowance for Anticipated Claims

The Mortgage Insurance Fund claim activity for the fiscal years ended October 31, 2015 and October 31, 2014 was as follows:

October 31, 2018:

		Project	Pool		Primary		Total
		Insurance	Insurance		Insurance	Ir	nsurance
	'		(in the	ousar	nds)		
Allowance, beginning of year	\$	17,164	\$ _	\$	_	\$	17,164
Current year provision							
for estimated claims		_	10,969		189		11,158
Current year adjustment to							
claims status		(11,774)	_		_		(11,774)
Claims paid and recoveries, net		10,355	(10,969)		(189)		(803)
Allowance, end of year	\$	15,745	\$ _	\$	- \$	5	15,745

October 31, 2017:

	 Project Insurance	Pool Insurance	Primary Insurance	Total Insurance
		(in t	housands)	
Allowance, beginning of year	\$ 17,164 \$	_	\$ -	\$ 17,164
Current year provision				
for estimated claims	2,190	10,816	81	13,087
Current year adjustment to				
claims status	(5,236)	_	_	(5,236)
Claims paid and recoveries, net	3,046	(10,816)	(81)	(7,851)
Allowance, end of year	\$ 17,164 \$	_	\$ -	\$ 17,164

#### 10. Synthetic Fixed Rate Swaps

As of October 31, 2018, the Agency has entered into three negotiated and two competitive swaps as part of its risk management program, serving to increase financial flexibility and reduce interest costs. These swaps were entered into with four financial institutions (the "Counterparties") for a current total notional principal of \$266,635,000. These synthetic fixed-rate swaps correspond to the State of New York Mortgage Agency Homeowner Mortgage Revenue ("HMB") variable-rate bond series listed below.

The fair value balances and notional amounts of derivative instruments outstanding at October 31, 2018 are within level 2 category of the fair value hierarchy. The changes in fair value of such derivative instruments from the year then ended as reported in the 2018 financial statements are as follows:

	Changes in	fair value	Fair value at O		
	Classification	Amount	Classification	Amount	Notional
Cash flow hedge	Deferred outflow	\$6,166,727	Debt	(\$9,890,509)	\$266,635,000

The fair value of the interest rate swaps were estimated using the zero-coupon method. This method calculates the future net settlement payments required by the swap, assuming that the current forward rates implied by the yield curve correctly anticipate future spot interest rates. These payments are then discounted using the spot rates implied by the current yield curve for hypothetical zero-coupon bonds due on the date of each future net settlement on the swaps.

#### Objective and Terms of Hedging Derivative Instruments

The following table displays terms of the Agency's hedging derivative instruments outstanding at October 31, 2018, along with the credit rating of the associated counterparty. The objective of all of the swaps entered into was to hedge changes in cash flows in the associated bond series:

**Synthetic Fixed Rate Swaps** 

		Ter	ms			
Associated Bond Series (Note 1)	Notional Amount (000s)	Effective Date	Maturity Date	Fixed rate paid	Fair Value	Counterparty
HMB Series 129/162/199/207* HMB Series 139/162/199/202/207* HMB Series 142/159** HMB Series 139/207** HMB Series 139/207** HMB Series 144/199/210***	\$32,635 \$34,000 \$70,000 \$40,000 \$90,000	11/17/05 03/09/06 10/01/18 10/01/18 10/12/18	10/01/35 04/01/37 10/01/33 10/01/33 10/01/28	3.5870% 3.4783% 2.5025% 2.4890% 2.7855%	(\$3,870,305) (\$4,687,505) (\$359,135) (\$205,220) (\$768,344)	Wells Fargo Bank NA JPMorgan Chase Bank NA The Bank of New York Mellon Wells Fargo Bank NA Royal Bank of Canada

<sup>\*</sup> Variable rate payment received from counterparties is 63% of 1 month LIBOR plus 0.25%.

<sup>\*\*</sup> Variable rate payment received from counterparties is 75% of 1 month LIBOR with a 10 year Optional Termination

<sup>\*\*\*</sup> Variable rate payment received from counterparties SIFMA with a 5 year Optional Termination

#### 10. Synthetic Fixed Rate Swaps (Continued)

#### **COUNTERPARTY RATINGS**

**Counterparty Name** 

JPMorgan Chase Bank N.A. The Bank of New York Mellon Royal Bank of Canada Wells Fargo Bank, NA Moody's/S&P/Fitch

Aa2/A+/AA Aa2/AA-/AA Aa2/AA-/AA

#### Risks

Credit risk. The Agency is exposed to credit risk on hedging derivative instruments that are in asset positions. To minimize its exposure to loss related to credit risk, it is the Agency's policy to require counterparty collateral posting provisions in its non-exchange-traded hedging derivative instruments. These terms require full collateralization of the fair value of hedging derivative instruments in asset positions (net of the effect of applicable netting arrangements) should the counterparty's credit rating not be within the two highest investment grade categories by at least one nationally recognized statistical rating agency or the rating by any nationally recognized statistical rating agency fall below the three highest investment grade rating categories. The Agency has never been required to access collateral.

It is the Agency's policy to enter into netting arrangements whenever it has entered into more than one derivative instrument transaction with a counterparty. Under the terms of these arrangements, should one party become insolvent or otherwise default on its obligations, close-out netting provisions permit the non-defaulting party to accelerate and terminate all outstanding transactions and net the transactions' fair values so that a single sum will be owed by, or owed to, the non-defaulting party.

*Interest rate risk*. The Agency is exposed to interest rate risk on its interest rate swaps. On its pay-fixed, receive-variable interest rate swap, as LIBOR or SIFMA decreases, the Agency's net payment on the swap increases.

*Basis risk.* The Agency is exposed to basis risk on its pay-fixed interest rate swap hedging derivative instruments because the variable-rate payments received by the Agency on these hedging derivative instruments are based on a rate other than interest rates the Agency pays on its hedged variable-rate debt, which is remarketed on either weekly or daily basis. As of October 31, 2018, the weighted-average interest rate on the Agency's hedged variable-rate debt is 1.653%, while the applicable 63% of one month LIBOR plus 0.25%, 75% of one month LIBOR, and SIFMA were 1.70%, 1.73 and 1.60%, respectively.

*Termination risk.* The Agency or its counterparty may terminate a derivative instrument if the other party fails to perform under the terms of the contract. If at the time of termination, a hedging derivative instrument is in a liability position, the Agency would be liable to the counterparty for a payment equal to the liability, subject to netting arrangements.

*Rollover risk*. The Agency is exposed to rollover risk on hedging derivative instruments should a termination event occur prior to the maturity of the hedged debt.

#### 10. Synthetic Fixed Rate Swaps (Continued)

#### Contingencies

Four of the Agency's counterparties have derivative instruments that include provisions that require the Agency to post collateral in the event its credit rating falls below certain levels. The collateral posted is to be in the form of U.S. Treasury securities in the amount of the fair value of the hedging derivative in a liability position net of the effect of applicable netting arrangements. If the Agency does not post collateral, the hedging derivative instrument may be terminated by the counterparty.

Three of the four counterparties requiring collateral posting have collateral posting provisions if the Agency's rating falls to Baa1 or below or not rated by Moody's or BBB+ or below or not rated by Standard & Poor's. If the collateral posting requirements were triggered at October 31, 2018, the Agency would be required to post \$4,687,505 in collateral to these counterparties (\$7,670,920 at October 31, 2017).

Three of the four counterparties requiring collateral posting have collateral posting thresholds relating to various rating levels.

- The threshold amount is \$10,000,000 if the Agency's rating falls to Baa1 as rated by Moody's and BBB+ as rated by Standard and Poor's. At these ratings, if collateral posting requirements were triggered at October 31, 2018, the Agency would have been required to post \$0 in collateral to these counterparties.
- The threshold amount is \$5,000,000 if the Agency's rating falls to Baa2 as rated by Moody's and BBB as rated by Standard and Poor's. At these ratings, if collateral posting requirements were triggered at October 31, 2018, the Agency would have been required to post \$0 in collateral to these counterparties.
- The threshold amount is \$1,000,000 if the Agency's rating falls to Baa3 as rated by Moody's and BBB- as rated by Standard and Poor's. At these ratings, if collateral posting requirements were triggered at October 31, 2018, the Agency would have been required to post \$3,075,525 in collateral to these counterparties.
- The threshold amount is zero if the Agency's ratings fall to below Baa3 as rated by Moody's and below BBB- as rated by Standard and Poor's. At those ratings, if collateral posting requirements were triggered at October 31, 2018, the Agency would have been required to post \$5,203,004 in collateral to these counterparties.

#### **NOTE 11 – OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS**

#### PLAN DESCRIPTION AND BENEFITS PROVIDED

The Agency provides postemployment healthcare benefits (including Medicare Part B reimbursement) and prescription drug coverage through participation in the New York State Health Insurance Program ("NYSHIP"), as sponsored and administered by the State of New York to eligible retirees and eligible dependents and survivors of retirees. The State has the authority to establish the amend the benefit provisions offered and contribution requirements. The plan is considered a single employee defined benefit plan for financial reporting purposes. The Agency has elected to fund postretirement health benefits on a pay-as-you-go basis. Therefore, no plan assets exist in a trust that meets the specified criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB No. 75.

Under the plan, eligible retired employees receive health care benefits with employees paying 25% of dependent coverage costs and 10% of individual employee costs. The Agency's plan complies with the NYSHIP benefit provisions. In addition, as provided for in Civil Service Law Section 167, the Agency applies the value of accrued sick leave of employees who retire out of service to the retiree's share of costs for health benefits.

Contributions towards part of the costs of these benefits are required of the retirees.

#### EMPLOYEES COVERED BY BENEFIT TERMS

At October 31, 2017 and 2015, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

	2017	2015
Actives	138	118
Retirees	50	48
Vestees	2	2
Beneficiaries	7	6
Spouses of Retirees	21	20
Total	218	194

#### TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY

The Agency's reported total OPEB liability of \$43.7 million and \$51.9 million as of October 31, 2018 and 2017, respectively. The liability amounts measured as of October 31, 2017 and 2016 was determined by an actuarial valuation as of October 31, 2017 and 2015, respectively.

#### ACTUARIAL ASSUMPTIONS AND OTHER INPUTS

The total OPEB liability in the October 31, 2017 and 2016 actuarial valuations were determined using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified.

<u>Discount Rate</u>: 3.65% per annum as of October 31, 2017, 3.32% per annum as of October 31, 2016 and 3.66% per annum as of October 31, 2015 (The discount rate was based on the Bond Buyer General Obligation 20-Bond Municipal Bond Index).

#### **NOTE 11 – OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (continued)**

Inflation: 2.3% per annum, compounded annually.

Salary Scale: 3.5% per annum, compounded annually.

Other Key Actuarial Assumptions: The plan has not had a formal actuarial experience study performed.

Valuation date	October 31, 2015	October 31, 2017
Measurement date	October 31, 2016	October 31, 2017
Actuarial cost method	Entry Age Normal	Entry Age Normal

Health Cost Trend: The healthcare trend assumption is based on the Society of Actuaries-Getzen Model version 2017 utilizing the baseline assumptions included in the model. Further adjustments are made for changes due to the Affordable Care Act ("ACA"), aging, percentage of costs associated with administrative expenses, inflation on administrative costs and potential excise tax due to ACA. Excise taxes are estimated based on 2018 premium rates, 2018 adjusted thresholds of \$11,850 for individual coverage and \$30,950 for family coverage and increases in those threshold at assumed inflation (plus 1% for 2018). The trend assumption for the Medicare Part B reimbursement is base on the lessor of 4.5% and the rates (without excise tax) contained in the table below beginning in 2018. For determining retiree contributions, the less than age 65 trend (with Excise Tax) are applied to all ages since the premium rate does not vary by age. The health cost trend assumption at sample years is as follows:

	< Age 65		>= Age 65	_		< Age 65		>= Age 65	<u>.</u>
<u>Calendar</u>		<u>With</u>		<u>With</u>	<u>Calendar</u>	≣.	<u>With</u>		<u>With</u>
<u>Year</u>	<u>Trend</u>	Excise Tax	<u>Trend</u>	Excise Tax	<u>Year</u>	<u>Trend</u>	Excise Tax	<u>Trend</u>	Excise Tax
2016	11.9%	11.9%	0.0%	0.0%	2026	4.9	5.7	4.9	4.9
2017	8.5	8.5	8.2	8.2	2031	4.9	5.7	4.9	4.9
2018	6.2	6.2	5.5	5.5	2036	5	5.6	5	5
2019	5.6	6.2	5.3	5.3	2046	4.8	5.3	4.8	5.7
2020	5.1	5.3	5.1	5.1	2056	4.7	5	4.7	5.3
2021	5.1	5.9	5.1	5.1					

For purposes of applying the Entry Age Normal cost method, the healthcare trend prior to the first calendar year shown in the table above is based on the ultimate rate, which is 4.0% for costs prior to age 65 and 4.1% of costs at age 65 and later.

Retiree's Share of Benefit-Related Costs: 25% of dependent coverage costs and 10% of individual employee costs.

Mortality Rates: Healthy Lives: RPH-2006 Healthy Mortality Tables with White Collar adjustments adjusted to reflect Mortality Improvement Scale MP-2017 and projected forward on a generational basis, with employee rates before benefit commencement and healthy annuitant rates after benefit commencement and reflecting mortality improvements both before and after the valuation date. Disabled Lives: RPH-2006 Disability Mortality Tables adjusted to reflect Mortality Improvement Scale MP-2017 and projected forward on a generational basis reflecting

mortality improvements both before and after the valuation date.

#### NOTE 11 – OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (continued)

For purposes of applying the Entry Age Normal cost method, the healthcare trend prior to the first calendar year shown in the table above is based on the ultimate rate, which is 4.0% for costs prior to age 65 and 4.1% of costs at age 65 and later.

#### CHANGES IN THE TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY

		<b>Total OPEB Liability</b>			
		Fiscal Year Ended			
		2018		2017	
Balance as of the beginning of the year	\$	44,370,000	\$	39,183,278	
Changes for the year:					
Service cost		2,321,523		2,049,816	
Interest on total OPEB liability		1,537,835		1,495,693	
Effect of economic/demographic gains or losses		(504,754)		(80,839)	
Effect of assumptions changes or inputs		(3,264,435)		2,463,000	
Benefit payments		(650,492)		(643,948)	
Implicit rate subsidy payments	_	(98,000)		(97,000)	
Balance as of the end of the year	\$	43,711,677	\$	44,370,000	

#### SENSITIVITY OF THE OPEB LIABILITY TO CHANGES IN THE DISCOUNT RATE

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the Agency, calculated using the discount rate of 3.65%, as well as what the Agency's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (2.65%) or one percentage point higher (4.65%) than the current rate.

	1% Decrease	Discount Rate	1% Increase	
	2.65%	3.65%	4.65%	
Total OPEB liability	\$51,921,912	\$43,711,677	\$37,242,467	

#### SENSITIVITY OF THE TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY TO CHANGES IN THE HEALTHCARE COST TREND RATES

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the Agencies, calculated using the current healthcare cost trend rates as well as what the Agency's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using trend rates that are one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current trend rates.

		Healthcare Cost	
	1% Decrease	Trend Assumption	1% Increase
Total OPEB liability	\$36,696,088	\$43,711,677	\$52,887,616

#### NOTE 11 - OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (continued)

OPEB EXPENSE AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES RELATED TO OPEB

For the years ended October 31, 2018 and 2017, the Agency recognized OPEB expense of \$2.9 million and \$3.8 million, respectively.

At October 31, 2018 and 2017, the Agency reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred Inflows	<b>Deferred Outflows</b>
	of Resources	of Resources
Payments subsequent to measurement date	<b>\$</b> —	\$678,234
Differences between expected and actual experience	(\$493,951)	<b>\$</b> —
Changes of assumptions	(\$2,823,295)	\$1,749,086
Total	(\$3,317,246)	\$2,427,320

In accordance with GASB No. 75, the Agency reported \$678,234 as deferred outflows of resources related to the Agency's OPEB contribution subsequent to the measurement date and will be recognized as a reduction of the total OPEB liability in the year ending October 31, 2019. Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to other postemployment benefits will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year ended October 31:	
2019	(\$164,109)
2020	(164,109)
2021	(164,069)
2022	(164,069)
2023	(198,635)
Thereafter*	(713,089)

<sup>\*</sup>Note that additional future deferred inflows and outflows of resources may impact these numbers.

#### 12. Commitments and Contingencies

#### **Office Leases**

The Agency is obligated under leases for office locations in the City of New York and Buffalo.

The Agency and the New York State Housing Finance Agency ("HFA") entered into an operating lease for office space which commenced in fiscal year 1994 for a term of fifteen years. The lease was renewed on January 1, 2009 for a term of ten years expiring January 31, 2019. During fiscal 2019, the Agency will make its final payments on the city office lease, totaling \$591 thousand.

The leases obligate the Agency to pay for escalations in excess of the minimum annual rental (ranging from \$2.4 million to \$4.7 million) based on operating expenses and real estate taxes. The Agency bears approximately 50% of the minimum annual lease payments under this lease with the balance paid by HFA, with whom the Agency shares the leased space.

Rental expense for all office locations for both fiscal years ended October 31, 2018 and October 31, 2017 was \$2.9 million, net of allocations to certain State-related agencies.

Subsequent to the end of fiscal 2018, the Agency entered into a new lease agreement.

#### Litigation

In the course of business, the Agency is party to various administrative and legal proceedings. Although the ultimate outcome of these actions cannot be ascertained at this time and the results of legal proceedings cannot be predicted with certainty, it is the opinion of management that the resolution of these matters will not have a material adverse effect on the financial position, changes in financial position or cash flows of the State of New York Mortgage Agency as set forth in the Financial Statements.

#### Risk Management

The Agency is subject to normal risks associated with its operations, including property damage, general liability and crime. Such risks are managed through the purchase of commercial insurance. There have been no decreases in coverage in the last three years.

#### 13. Net Position

The Agency's Net Position represents the excess of assets and deferred outflows over liabilities and deferred inflows and largely consists of mortgage loans and investments. The Agency's net position is categorized as follows:

#### a. Restricted for Bond Obligations

Such amount represents earned commitment fees and net investment earnings accumulated to date. These amounts are invested in mortgage receivables and reserve investments. The revenues from the investments are necessary to meet scheduled payments of interest and principal on bonds, amortization of bond issuance costs and, if available, used to redeem bonds in advance of scheduled maturities as provided under the various bond resolutions.

#### b. Restricted for Insurance Requirements

As of October 31, 2018 and 2017, the Mortgage Insurance Fund's net position represents the reserve for policies in force of \$3.90 billion and \$3.66 billion, respectively. Included within policies in force are single family mortgage primary and pool policies (total aggregate loss limit) totaling \$541 million and \$519 million in 2018 and 2017, respectively. Commitments outstanding as of fiscal years ended 2018 and 2017 were \$1.63 billion and \$1.47 billion, respectively. The Agency provided \$14.0 million and \$13.1 million during fiscal 2018 and 2017 for potential claims on mortgages insured by the Mortgage Insurance Fund.

In December 2017, the Agency sold the mortgage on a nursing home in Kingston, NY for \$10.8 million.

The Agency has determined the excess tax collections received during fiscal 2018 to have been \$8.1 million. The excess amount collected during fiscal 2017 was \$28.4 million. The Agency was instructed to transfer to the State, Municipalities and Agencies from the project insurance account \$55 million for fiscal year 2018 and \$100 million for fiscal 2017.

#### Plan Description & Benefits Provided

The Agency participates in the New York State and Local Employees' Retirement System (ERS) which together with the New York State and Local Police and Fire Retirement System (PFRS) is collectively referred to as New York State and Local Retirement System (NYSLRS). These are cost-sharing multiple-employer retirement systems. The NYSLRS provides retirement benefits as well as death and disability benefits. The net position of the NYSLRS is held in the New York State Common Retirement Fund (the "Fund"), which was established to hold all net assets and record changes in plan net position allocated to the NYSLRS. The Comptroller of the State of New York serves as the trustee of the Fund and is the administrative head of the System. The Comptroller is an elected official determined in a direct statewide election and serves a four year term. Thomas P. DiNapoli has served as Comptroller since February 7, 2007. In November, 2018, he was elected for a new term commencing January 1, 2019. NYSLRS benefits are established under the provisions of the New York State Retirement and Social Security Law (RSSL). Once a public employer elects to participate in the NYSLRS, the election is irrevocable. The New York State Constitution provides that pension membership is a contractual relationship and plan benefits cannot be diminished or impaired. Benefits can be changed for future members only by enactment of a State statute. The Agency also participates in the Public Employees' Group Life Insurance Plan (GLIP), which provides death benefits in the form of life insurance. The NYSLRS is included in the State's financial report as a pension trust fund. That report, including information with regard to benefits provided, may be found at www.osc.state.nv.us/retire/publications/index.php or obtained by writing to the New York State and Local Retirement System, 110 State Street, Albany, NY 12244.

#### **Employee Contributions**

Pension legislation enacted in 1973, 1976, 1983, 2009 and 2012 established distinct classes of membership. For convenience, the system uses a tier concept, ranging from Tier 1 to 6, to distinguish these groups. Generally, Tier 3, 4, and 5 members must contribute 3% of their salary to the System. As a result of Article 19 of the RSSL, eligible Tier 3 and 4 employees, with a membership date on or after July 27, 1976, who have ten or more years of membership or credited service with the System, are not required to contribute. Members cannot be required to begin making contributions or to make increased contributions beyond what was required when membership began. For Tier 6 members, the contribution rate varies from 3% to 6% depending on salary. Generally, Tier 5 and 6 members are required to contribute for all years of service.

Employee contributions for employees of the Agency and AHC for the current year and two preceding years were equal to 100 percent of the contributions required, and were as follows:

Year 2018 \$297,563 Year 2017 \$231,563 Year 2016 \$153,327

- Chapter 260 of the Laws of 2004 of the State of New York allows local employers to bond or amortize a portion of their retirement bill for up to 10 years in accordance with the following schedule:
- For State fiscal year (SFY) 2004-05, the amount in excess of 7 percent of employees' covered pensionable salaries, with the first payment of those pension costs not due until the fiscal year succeeding that fiscal year in which the bonding/amortization was instituted.
- For SFY 2005-06, the amount in excess of 9.5 percent of employees' covered pensionable salaries.
- For SFY 2007-08, the amount in excess of 10.5 percent of employees' covered pensionable salaries

This law requires participating employers to make payments on a current basis, while bonding or amortizing existing unpaid amounts relating to the System's fiscal years ending March 31, 2005 through 2008. The Agency has made all required payments on a current basis.

# Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At October 31, 2018 and 2017, the Agency reported a liability of \$1,182,101 and \$2,833,944 respectively, for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of October 31, 2018 and 2017 respectively and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The Agency's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the Agency's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating members, actuarially determined.

At March 31, 2018 and 2017, the Agency's proportion was 0.0366265% and 0.0301605% respectively.

For the years ended October 31, 2018 and 2017, the Agency recognized pension expense of \$1,654,456 and \$1,756,887 respectively. At October 31, 2018, the Agency reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$421,617	\$348,409
Changes of Assumptions	783,831	_
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	1,716,908	3,389,005
Changes in proportion and differences between Agency contributions and proportionate share of contributions	642,126	26,503
Total	\$3,564,482	\$3,763,917

There were no amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from the Agency contributions subsequent to the measurement date. The cumulative net amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

#### Year ended October 31:

2019	\$478,409
2020	\$379,980
2021	(\$751,385)
2022	(\$306,438)

#### **Actuarial Assumptions**

The total pension liability at March 31, 2018 was determined by using an actuarial valuation as of April 1, 2016, with update procedures used to roll forward the total pension liability to March 31, 2018. The actuarial valuations for NYSLRS used the following actuarial assumptions:

Inflation rate 2.5%

Salary scale 3.8% in ERS, 4.5% in PFRS, indexed by service

Investment rate of return,

including inflation 7.0% compounded annually, net of investment expenses

Cost of living adjustments 1.3% annually

Decrements Developed from the Plan's 2015 experience study of the

period April 1, 2010 - March 31, 2015

Mortality improvement Society of Actuaries Scale MP-2014

The long term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building block method in which best estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns net of investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the target asset allocation as of March 31, 2018 and 2017 are summarized below.

	<u>Target</u>	Long-Term Expected Real
Asset Class	<u>Allocation</u>	Rate of Return
Domestic Equity	36%	4.55%
International Equity	14	6.35
Private Equity	10	7.50
Real Estate	10	5.55
Absolute Return Strategies*	2	3.75
Opportunistic Portfolio	3	5.68
Real Asset	3	5.29
Bonds and Mortgages	17	1.31
Cash	1	(0.25)
Inflation Indexed Bonds	4	1.25
	100%	

The real rate of return is net of the long-term inflation assumption of 2.50%

\* Excludes equity-oriented and long-only funds. For investment management purposes, these funds are included in domestic equity and international equity, respectively.

#### **Discount Rate**

The discount rate used to calculate the total pension liability as of March 31, 2018 and 2017 was 7.0%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumes that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rates and that contributions from employers will be made at statutorily required rates, actuarially. Based upon the assumptions, the NYSLRS's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore the long term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

### Sensitivity of the Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to the Discount Rate Assumption (EPS)

The following presents the collective net pension liability of participating employers calculated using a discount rate assumption of 7.0%, as well as what the collective net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.0%) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.0%) than the current rate (in thousands):

	1%Decrease	Current Assumption	1% Increase
October 31, 2018	6.0%	(in thousands) 7.0%	8.0%
EPS pension liability	\$8,944	\$1,182	(\$5,384)
October 31, 2017	6.0%	7.0%	8.0%
EPS pension liability	\$9,051	\$2,834	(\$2,423)

#### **Deferred Compensation**

Some employees of the Agency have elected to participate in the State's deferred compensation plan in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 457. Agency employees contributed \$642 thousand and \$550 thousand during fiscal 2018 and fiscal 2017, respectively.

#### New York State Voluntary Defined Contribution Program

In March 2012, Chapter 18 of the Laws of 2012 was signed into law and allows Agency employees that meet certain requirements, to participate in the State University of New York ("SUNY") optional retirement plan called the NYS Voluntary Defined Contribution Plan ("VDC Program").

Beginning July 1, 2013, all non-union employees hired on or after July 1, 2013 with an annual salary of \$75,000 or more were given the option of joining the VDC program. The VDC Program provides benefits that are based on contributions made by both the Agency and the participant. Employee contribution rates range from 4.5% to 6%, dependent upon annual salary. The employer contribution rate is 8% of gross income. All contributions and any subsequent earnings are to be held by the Agency in a segregated account and credited to the individual accounts for each plan participant. Employees vest after one year of service, at which time their entire account balance is transferred to an investment firm of their choosing within the VDC Program. The amount owed to participants upon retirement is based solely on the account balance at the time of withdrawal. Employees may choose either the New York State and Local Employees' Retirement System or the VDC Program, but not both. As of October 31, 2017, there were seven Agency employees enrolled in the VDC Program.

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# Required Supplementary Information

#### State of New York Mortgage Agency

(A Component Unit of the State of New York)

# REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS

	Year Ending O	ctober 31
	2018	2017
Total OPEB Liability		
Service cost	\$ 2,321,523 \$	2,049,816
Interest on total OPEB liability	1,537,835	1,495,693
Effect of economic/demographic (gains) or losses	(504,754)	(80,839)
Effect of assumption changes or inputs	(3,264,435)	2,463,000
Benefit payments	(748,492)	(740,948)
Net change in total OPEB liability	(658,323)	5,186,722
Total OPEB liability - beginning of year	44,370,000	39,183,278
Total OPEB liability - end of year	\$ 43,711,677 \$	44,370,000
Covered payroll	12,336,391	9,619,848
Total OPEB liability as a % of covered payroll	354.33%	461.23%

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

#### NOTES TO SCHEDULE

Changes in Benefit Terms: None.

Changes in Assumptions: The changes listed below reflect differences in actuarial assumptions used in measuring the liability as of October 31, 2017 versus the measurement as of October 31, 2016:

- A change in the discount rate from 3.32% as of October 31, 2016 to 3.65% as of October 31, 2017.
- The per capita claim cost assumption and health cost trend assumption have been updated since the prior valuation.

No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB No. 75 to pay related benefits.

#### State of New York Mortgage Agency

(a component unit of the State of New York)

#### REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS TO THE NYSLRS PENSION PLAN LAST 10 FISCAL YEARS

October 31,	2018	2017		2016		2015	2014
			(\$ i1	n thousar	nds)		
Contractually required contribution	\$ 1,548	\$ 1,321	\$	1,656	\$	1,500	\$ 1,300
Contributions in relation to the contractually required							
contribution	 1,548	1,321		1,656		1,500	1,300
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ _	\$	_	\$	_	\$ _
Covered payroll	\$ 10,923	\$ 9,104	\$	9,614	\$	9,000	\$ 8,300
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	14%	15%		17%		17%	16%
October 31,	2013	2012		2011		2010	2009
			(\$ i1	n thousar	nds)		
Contractually required contribution Contributions in relation to the contractually required	\$ 1,300	\$ 1,600	\$	992	\$	610	\$ 678
contribution	1,300	1,600		992		610	678
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ _	\$ _	\$	_	\$	_	\$ _
Covered payroll	\$ 7,400	\$ 7,400	\$	7.9	\$	8.6	\$ 8.4
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	18%	0%					

#### NOTES TO SCHEDULE

Valuation Date: Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of April 1, one year prior to the end of the fiscal year in which hthe contributions are reported.

Methods and assumptions used to determine to actuarially determined employer contributions are as follows:

Actuarial cost method Entry age normal

Inflation rate 2.50%

Salary scale 3.8% in ERS, 4.5% in PFRS, indexed by service

Investment rate of return, including inflation 7.0% compounded annually, net of investment expenses

Cost of living adjustments 1.3% annuall

Decrements Developed from the Plan's 2015 experience study of the period April 1, 2010 — March 31, 2015

Mortality improvement Society of Actuaries Scale MP-2014

#### State of New York Mortgage Agency

(a component unit of the State of New York)

# REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF THE STATE OF NEW YORK MORTGAGE AGENCY'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NYSLRS NET PENSION LIABILITY October 31,2018

	2018	2017	2016	2015
The Agency's portion of the net pension liability	0.0301605%	0.0301605%	0.0312458%	0.0270301%
The Agency's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 1,548,000 \$	2,833,944 \$	5,015,000 \$	928,000
The Agency's covered payroll	\$ 10,923,000 \$	9,104,000 \$	9,614,000 \$	9,030,000
The Agency's proportionate Share of the net pension liability				
as a percentage of its covered payroll	14.2%	31.1%	52.2%	10.3%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	94.7%	94.7%	90.7%	97.9%

This schedule is intended to show information for ten years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

# Supplementary Section

# State of New York Mortgage Agency (A Component Unit of the State of New York)

#### Schedules of Net Position October 31, 2018

#### with comparative totals for 2017

Part	with comparative totals for 201	•	Comoral	Натазутан	
Part   Revenue   Revenue			General	Homeowner	Mortgago
Carrent assets				0 0	0 0
Current assets   Curr			runa		Revenue
Cash-demand deposits restricted         5         \$ 1,104         \$ 9.1           Cash-demand deposits unrestricted         2,366         —         —           Cash-custodian deposits unrestricted         2,769         —         —           Investments mestricted         —         —         188,576         86,902           Total cash and investments         24,135         1912,18         86,902           Mortgage loans receivable         —         10,127,88         61,309           Accrued intenset receivable         —         1,146         1,948           Investments         8         1,172         3,818           Investments restricted         —         6,146         1,948           Investments restricted         —         2,4143         314,224         153,459           Other assets         —         —         1,102         2,1445           Once-current assets         —         —         2,61,98         2,2145           Once-current assets         —         —         2,61,98         2,21,445           Once-current assets         —         —         4,70         2,61,98         2,21,445         2,61,98         2,21,445         2,61,98         2,21,445         2,61,98	Acceta			(in mousands)	
Cash-demand deposits unrestricted         2,366         −         1,406         49           Cash-custodian deposits         −         1,406         49           Investments unrestricted         −         1,209         −         −           Investments restricted         −         1,88,576         86,902           Total cash and investments         24,135         193,116         87,964           Mortagga loans receivable         −         6,146         1,948           Accrued interest receivable         −         6,146         1,948           Investments         8         1,172         393           Other assets         −         1,100         1,845           Total current assets         24,43         314,24         153,459           Non-current assets         24,43         314,24         153,459           Nortagge loans receivable         −         8,3,50         21,445           Mortagge loans receivable         −         8,3,50         22,143           Mortagge loans receivable         −         8,3,50         82,200           Study of the contract of the contract assets         1,101         2,145,139         668,541           Total anon-current assets         1,201					
Cash-demand deposits unrestricted         2,366         —         —         49           Cash-custodian deposits         21,769         —         —         6           Investments restricted         —         188,576         86,902           Total cash and investments         24,135         193,116         87,964           Mortgage loans receivable         —         102,788         61,309           Accrued interest receivable         —         6,146         1,948           Investments         8         1,172         393           Other assets         —         6,146         1,948           Investments reserved assets         —         1,102         1,485           Oncocurrent assets         —         83,150         21,445           Mortgage loans receivable         —         8,3150         21,445           Mortgage loans receivable         —         2,061,989         647,096           Student loans crecivable         —         2,061,989         647,096           Student loans receivable         —         2,061,989         647,096           Student loans crecivable         —         4,074         —           Capital assets         1,101         2,145,139         668		\$	_	\$ 3134	<b>\$</b> 571
		Ψ	2 366	\$ 5,15 <del>4</del>	ψ 371
Investments unrestricted	<del>_</del>		2,300	1 406	191
Nestments restricted	-		21 769	1,400	471
Total cash and investments			21,707	188 576	86 902
Accrued interest receivable:         —         102,788         61,309           Accrued interest receivable:         —         6,146         1,948           Mortgage and student loans         8         1,172         303           Other assets         —         11,002         1,845           Other assets         —         1,102         1,845           Non-current assets:         —         8,3150         21,445           Investments rectivated         —         2,061,989         647,096           Mortgage loans receivable         —         2,061,989         647,096           Capital assets- internal use software         1,101         2,145,139         668,841           Total non-current assets         1,101         2,145,139         668,741           Total assets- internal use software         1,101         2,145,139         668,741           Total assets- internal use software         1,101         2,145,139         668,741           Total softered outflows of resources         2,242         2,459,363         822,000           Deferred outflows of resources         2,427         —         —           Deferred outflows of resource         5,992         4,704         —           Collegated outflows of resource </td <td></td> <td></td> <td>24 135</td> <td>· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·</td> <td></td>			24 135	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Accured interest receivable:         —         6,146         1,948           Mortgage and student loans         8         1,172         393           Other assets         24,143         314,224         153,459           Total current assets:         24,143         314,224         153,459           Non-current assets:         —         83,150         21,445           Mortgage loans receivable         —         2,061,989         647,096           Student loans receivable         —         —         —           Capital assets: internal use software         1,101         —         —           Total non-current assets         1,101         —         —           Total sects         25,244         2,459,363         822,000           Poferred outflows of resources         —         —         —           Accumulated decrease in fair value of hedging derivatives         —         —         —           Deferred outflows Other postemployment benefits         2,427         —         —           Deferred outflows of resource         5,992         4,704         —           Uneferred outflows of resources         —         —         —         —           Total defreed outflows of resources         —					•
Mortgage and student loans         —         6,146         1,948           Investments         8         1,172         393           Other assets         —         1,1002         1,845           Total current assets         —         8,150         21,445           Investments restricted         —         2,061,989         647,096           Mortgage loans receivable         —         2,061,989         647,096           Capital assets- internal use software         1,101         —         —           Total non-current assets         1,101         2,145,336         668,541           Total assets- internal use software         1,101         2,145,336         668,541           Total assets- internal use software         1,101         2,145,336         668,541           Total assets- internal use software         1,101         2,145,336         622,000           Total concurrent assets         1,101         2,145,336         622,000           Peferred outflows of resource         —         4,704         —           Deferred outflows of resource         2,427         —         —           Ceferred outflows of resource         5,992         4,704         —           Chiabilities         —         2,				,	
Other assets         8         1,172         3.93           Other assets         2         11,002         1.845           Non-current assets         24,143         314,224         153,489           Non-current assets         2         2,143         314,224         153,489           Investments restricted         9         83,150         21,445           Mortgage loans receivable         9         2,061,989         647,096           Student loans receivable         9         2,061,989         647,096           Capital assets         1,101         9         -           Total anon-current assets         1,101         9         -           Total assets         2,524         2,453,363         822,000           Deferred outflows of resources         2         4,704         9           Deferred outflows of resources         3,565         9         9           Deferred outflows of resources         5,992         4,704         9           Deferred outflows related to pension         3,565         9         9           Total current liabilities         9         2,764,95         4,974         4,755           Bodies payable, net         9         2,764,95         4,224			_	6,146	1,948
Other assets         1,1002         1,845           Total current assets.         24,143         314,224         153,459           Non-current assets.         1         1         1,101         2,144,5           Mortgage loans receivable         -         -         0,201,989         647,096           Student loans receivable         -         -         -         -           Student loans receivable         -         1,101         2,145,139         668,741           Total non-current assets         1,101         2,145,139         668,741           Total assets         2,224         2,459,63         32,000           Deferred outflows of resources           Deferred outflows of resources           Deferred outflows Other postemployment benefits         2,427         -         -           Total deferred outflows of resources         -         -         -           Uncerted outflows of resources         -         -         -         -           Uncerted outflows of resources         -         -         -         -           Uncerted outflows of resources         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -			8		•
Non-current assets:         Book of the part o	Other assets		_	*	1,845
Investments restricted	Total current assets		24,143	314,224	153,459
Mortgage loans receivable         —         2,061,989         647,096           Student loans receivable         —         —         —           Capital assets—internal use software         1,101         2,145,139         668,541           Total non-current assets         1,101         2,145,139         668,541           Total assets         25,244         2,459,363         822,000           Deferred outflows of resources         —         —         —           Accumulated decrease in fair value of hedging derivatives         —         —         —           Deferred outflows Other postemployment benefits         2,427         —         —           Deferred outflows related to pension         3,565         —         —           Total deferred outflows of resources         5,992         4,704         —           Deferred outflows of resources         5,992         4,704         —           Total deferred outflows of resources         5,992         4,704         —           Deferred outflows of resources         —         276,495         42,088           Interest payable         —         —         4,974         1,755           All degrade for a payable and other         —         —         —	Non-current assets:				<u> </u>
Mortgage loans receivable         —         2,061,989         647,096           Student loans receivable         —         —         —           Capital assets- internal use software         1,101         —         —           Total non-current assets         1,101         2,145,139         668,541           Total assets         25,244         2,459,363         822,000           Deferred outflows of resources           Accumulated decrease in fair value of hedging derivatives         —         —         —           Deferred outflows Other postemployment benefits         2,427         —         —           Deferred outflows related to pension         3,565         —         —           Total deferred outflows of resources         5,992         4,704         —           Deferred outflows of resources         5,992         4,704         —           Total deferred outflows of resources         5,992         4,704         —           Unearned income, accounts payable         —         276,495         42,088           Interest payable         —         4,974         1,755           Allowance for anticipated claims         —         —         —           Unearned income, accounts payable and other         3,066	Investments restricted		_	83,150	21,445
Student loans receivable         — <td></td> <td></td> <td>_</td> <td></td> <td></td>			_		
Capital assets - internal use software   1,101   2,145,139   668,541   1701   10,145,139   668,541   1701   10,145,139   668,541   1701   10,145,139   668,541   1701   10,145,139   10,145	0 0		_	_	_
Total non-current assets         1,101         2,145,139         668,541           Total assets         25,244         2,459,363         822,000           Deferred outflows of resources         3         2         4,704         —           Deferred loss on refunding         —         4,704         —           Deferred outflows Other postemployment benefits         2,427         —         —           Deferred outflows of resources         5,992         4,704         —           Total deferred outflows of resources         5,992         4,704         —           Liabilities         —         276,495         42,088           Current liabilities:         —         4,974         1,758           Bonds payable, net         —         276,495         42,088           Interest payable         —         4,974         1,758           Allowance for anticipated claims         —         —         —           Interfund payable         (6,888)         2,781         (145           Amounts due to New York State and its Agencies         (6,888)         2,781         (145           Interfund payables         (6,888)         2,781         (145           Derivative instruments - interest rate swaps         —			1,101	_	_
Deferred outflows of resources         ————————————————————————————————————	<del>-</del>		1,101	2,145,139	668,541
Deferred outflows of resources         ————————————————————————————————————	Total assets		25,244	2,459,363	822,000
Accumulated decrease in fair value of hedging derivatives         -	Deferred outflows of resources		•	, ,	,
Deferred loss on refunding         —         4,704         —           Deferred outflows Other postemployment benefits         2,427         —         —           Deferred outflows related to pension         3,565         —         —           Total deferred outflows of resources         5,992         4,704         —           Liabilities         —         5,992         4,704         —           Current liabilities         —         —         4,208           Bonds payable, net         —         —         4,974         1,755           Allowance for anticipated claims         —         —         —         —           Interest payable         —         —         —         —         —           Allowance for anticipated claims         —					
Deferred outflows related to pension         2,427         —         —           Total deferred outflows of resources         5,992         4,704         —           Liabilities         Separation of the past of the			_	4 704	_
Deferred outflows related to pension         3,565         —         —           Total deferred outflows of resources         5,992         4,704         —           Liabilities         Serior of the posterior of the posterio			2 427	4,/04	_
Total deferred outflows of resources         5,992         4,704         —           Liabilities         Current liabilities:         Second payable, net         —         276,495         42,088           Interest payable         —         4,974         1,755           Allowance for anticipated claims         —         —         —           Unearned income, accounts payable and other         3,060         8,265         471           Amounts due to New York State and its Agencies         2,376         —         —           Interfund payables         (6,888)         2,781         (145)           Total current liabilities         (1,452)         292,515         44,169           Non-current Liabilities:         —         1,713,650         573,826           Derivative instruments - interest rate swaps         —         9,891         —           Other postemployment benefits payable         43,712         —         —           Net pension liability         1,182         —         —           Total non-current liabilities         44,894         1,723,541         573,826           Total liabilities         3,317         —         —           Deferred inflows of resources         —         3,176         —      <				_	_
Liabilities           Current liabilities:           Bonds payable, net         —         276,495         42,088           Interest payable         —         4,974         1,755           Allowance for anticipated claims         —         —         —           Unearned income, accounts payable and other         3,06         8,265         471           Amounts due to New York State and its Agencies         2,376         —         —           Interfund payables         (6,888)         2,781         (145)           Total current liabilities         (1,452)         292,515         44,169           Non-current Liabilities         —         1,713,650         573,826           Derivative instruments - interest rate swaps         —         9,891         —           Other postemployment benefits payable         43,712         —         —           Net pension liability         1,182         —         —           Total non-current liabilities         44,894         1,723,541         573,826           Total liabilities         3,317         —         —           Deferred inflows of resources         —         3,176         —           Deferred inflows clainty value of hedging derivatives					
Current liabilities:         Company and the payable p	Total deterred outflows of resources		5,992	4,704	
Bonds payable, net         —         276,495         42,088           Interest payable         —         4,974         1,755           Allowance for anticipated claims         —         —         —           Unearned income, accounts payable and other         3,060         8,265         471           Amounts due to New York State and its Agencies         2,376         —         —           Interfund payables         (6,888)         2,781         (145)           Total current liabilities         1,452         292,515         44,169           Non-current Liabilities         —         1,713,650         573,826           Derivative instruments - interest rate swaps         —         9,891         —           Other postemployment benefits payable         43,712         —         —           Net pension liability         1,182         —         —           Total non-current liabilities         44,894         1,723,541         573,826           Total liabilities         3,317         —         —           Deferred inflows of resources         3,317         —         —           Deferred inflows of tesources         3,317         —         —           Total deferred inflows relating to pensions         3,764	Liabilities				
Interest payable         —         4,974         1,755           Allowance for anticipated claims         —         —         —           Unearned income, accounts payable and other         3,060         8,265         471           Amounts due to New York State and its Agencies         2,376         —         —           Interfund payables         (6,888)         2,781         (145)           Total current liabilities         (1,452)         292,515         44,169           Non-current Liabilities         —         1,713,650         573,826           Derivative instruments - interest rate swaps         —         9,891         —           Other postemployment benefits payable         43,712         —         —           Net pension liability         1,182         —         —           Total non-current liabilities         44,894         1,723,541         573,826           Total liabilities         3,344         2,016,056         617,995           Deferred inflows of resources         3,317         —         —           Deferred inflows of hedging derivatives         3,317         —         —           Accumulated increase in fair value of hedging derivatives         —         3,176         —           Deferred	Current liabilities:				
Allowance for anticipated claims         —         —         —           Unearned income, accounts payable and other         3,060         8,265         471           Amounts due to New York State and its Agencies         2,376         —         —           Interfund payables         (6,888)         2,781         (145)           Total current liabilities         (1,452)         292,515         44,169           Non-current Liabilities:         —         1,713,650         573,826           Derivative instruments - interest rate swaps         —         9,891         —           Other postemployment benefits payable         43,712         —         —           Net pension liability         1,182         —         —           Total non-current liabilities         44,894         1,723,541         573,826           Total liabilities         43,442         2,016,056         617,995           Deferred inflows of resources         —         3,176         —           Accumulated increase in fair value of hedging derivatives         —         3,176         —           Deferred inflows relating to pensions         3,764         —         —           Total deferred inflows of resources         7,081         3,176         —			_		42,088
Unearned income, accounts payable and other         3,060         8,265         471           Amounts due to New York State and its Agencies         2,376         —         —           Interfund payables         (6,888)         2,781         (145)           Total current liabilities         (1,452)         292,515         44,169           Non-current Liabilities:         —         1,713,650         573,826           Bonds payable, net         —         9,891         —           Derivative instruments - interest rate swaps         —         9,891         —           Other postemployment benefits payable         43,712         —         —           Net pension liability         1,182         —         —           Total non-current liabilities         44,894         1,723,541         573,826           Total liabilities         3,317         —         —           Deferred inflows of resources         —         3,176         —           Accumulated increase in fair value of hedging derivatives         —         3,176         —           Deferred inflows relating to pensions         3,764         —         —           Total deferred inflows of resources         7,081         3,176         —           Net position </td <td>- ·</td> <td></td> <td>_</td> <td>4,974</td> <td>1,755</td>	- ·		_	4,974	1,755
Amounts due to New York State and its Agencies         2,376         —         —           Interfund payables         (6,888)         2,781         (145)           Total current liabilities         (1,452)         292,515         44,169           Non-current Liabilities:         —         1,713,650         573,826           Derivative instruments - interest rate swaps         —         9,891         —           Other postemployment benefits payable         43,712         —         —           Net pension liability         1,182         —         —           Total non-current liabilities         44,894         1,723,541         573,826           Total liabilities         43,442         2,016,056         617,995           Deferred inflows of resources         3,317         —         —           Deferred inflows Other postemployment benefits         3,317         —         —           Accumulated increase in fair value of hedging derivatives         —         3,176         —           Deferred inflows relating to pensions         3,764         —         —           Total deferred inflows of resources         7,081         3,176         —           Net position         —         444,835         204,005			_	_	_
Interfund payables         (6,888)         2,781         (145)           Total current liabilities         (1,452)         292,515         44,169           Non-current Liabilities:         3         1,713,650         573,826           Bonds payable, net         -         1,713,650         573,826           Derivative instruments - interest rate swaps         -         9,891         -           Other postemployment benefits payable         43,712         -         -           Net pension liability         1,182         -         -           Total non-current liabilities         44,894         1,723,541         573,826           Total liabilities         43,442         2,016,056         617,995           Deferred inflows of resources         3,317         -         -           Accumulated increase in fair value of hedging derivatives         -         3,176         -           Deferred inflows relating to pensions         3,764         -         -           Total deferred inflows of resources         7,081         3,176         -           Net position         -         444,835         204,005           Restricted for bond obligations         -         444,835         204,005           Restricted by legislation			*	8,265	471
Total current liabilities         (1,452)         292,515         44,169           Non-current Liabilities:         3,713,650         573,826           Bends payable, net         -         1,713,650         573,826           Derivative instruments - interest rate swaps         -         9,891         -           Other postemployment benefits payable         43,712         -         -           Net pension liability         1,182         -         -           Total non-current liabilities         44,894         1,723,541         573,826           Total liabilities         43,442         2,016,056         617,995           Deferred inflows of resources         -         3,176         -           Deferred inflows Other postemployment benefits         3,317         -         -           Accumulated increase in fair value of hedging derivatives         -         3,176         -           Deferred inflows relating to pensions         3,764         -         -           Total deferred inflows of resources         7,081         3,176         -           Net position         -         444,835         204,005           Restricted for bond obligations         -         444,835         204,005           Restricted by legislation<				_	
Non-current Liabilities:         Jack Spayable, net         Jack Spayable	Interfund payables		(6,888)	2,781	(145)
Bonds payable, net         —         1,713,650         573,826           Derivative instruments - interest rate swaps         —         9,891         —           Other postemployment benefits payable         43,712         —         —           Net pension liability         1,182         —         —           Total non-current liabilities         44,894         1,723,541         573,826           Total liabilities         43,442         2,016,056         617,995           Deferred inflows of resources         S         S         —         —           Deferred inflows Other postemployment benefits         3,317         —         —         —           Accumulated increase in fair value of hedging derivatives         —         3,176         —         —           Deferred inflows relating to pensions         3,764         —         —         —           Total deferred inflows of resources         7,081         3,176         —           Net position         —         444,835         204,005           Restricted for bond obligations         —         444,835         204,005           Restricted by legislation         —         —         —         —           Unrestricted (deficit)         (19,287) <td< td=""><td></td><td></td><td>(1,452)</td><td>292,515</td><td>44,169</td></td<>			(1,452)	292,515	44,169
Derivative instruments - interest rate swaps         -         9,891         -           Other postemployment benefits payable         43,712         -         -           Net pension liability         1,182         -         -           Total non-current liabilities         44,894         1,723,541         573,826           Total liabilities         43,442         2,016,056         617,995           Deferred inflows of resources         3,317         -         -           Defferred inflows Other postemployment benefits         3,317         -         -           Accumulated increase in fair value of hedging derivatives         -         3,176         -           Deferred inflows relating to pensions         3,764         -         -           Total deferred inflows of resources         7,081         3,176         -           Net position         -         444,835         204,005           Restricted for bond obligations         -         444,835         204,005           Restricted by legislation         -         -         -           Unrestricted (deficit)         (19,287)         -         -					
Other postemployment benefits payable         43,712         —         —           Net pension liability         1,182         —         —           Total non-current liabilities         44,894         1,723,541         573,826           Total liabilities         43,442         2,016,056         617,995           Deferred inflows of resources         S         S         —         —           Defferred inflows Other postemployment benefits         3,317         —         —         —           Accumulated increase in fair value of hedging derivatives         —         3,176         —         —           Deferred inflows relating to pensions         3,764         —         —         —           Total deferred inflows of resources         7,081         3,176         —           Net position         —         444,835         204,005           Restricted for bond obligations         —         444,835         204,005           Restricted by legislation         —         —         —         —           Unrestricted (deficit)         (19,287)         —         —         —			_		573,826
Net pension liability         1,182         —         —           Total non-current liabilities         44,894         1,723,541         573,826           Total liabilities         43,442         2,016,056         617,995           Deferred inflows of resources         Say 17         —         —           Defferred inflows Other postemployment benefits         3,317         —         —           Accumulated increase in fair value of hedging derivatives         —         3,176         —           Deferred inflows relating to pensions         3,764         —         —           Total deferred inflows of resources         7,081         3,176         —           Net position         —         444,835         204,005           Restricted for bond obligations         —         444,835         204,005           Restricted by legislation         —         —         —           Unrestricted (deficit)         (19,287)         —         —	<u>.</u>		_	9,891	_
Total non-current liabilities         44,894         1,723,541         573,826           Total liabilities         43,442         2,016,056         617,995           Deferred inflows of resources           Defferred inflows Other postemployment benefits         3,317         -         -           Accumulated increase in fair value of hedging derivatives         -         3,176         -           Deferred inflows relating to pensions         3,764         -         -           Total deferred inflows of resources         7,081         3,176         -           Net position         -         444,835         204,005           Restricted for bond obligations         -         444,835         204,005           Restricted by legislation         -         -         -           Unrestricted (deficit)         (19,287)         -         -				_	_
Total liabilities         43,442         2,016,056         617,995           Deferred inflows of resources         5         3,317         -         -           Deferred inflows Other postemployment benefits         3,317         -         -           Accumulated increase in fair value of hedging derivatives         -         3,176         -           Deferred inflows relating to pensions         3,764         -         -           Total deferred inflows of resources         7,081         3,176         -           Net position         -         444,835         204,005           Restricted for bond obligations         -         444,835         204,005           Restricted by legislation         -         -         -           Unrestricted (deficit)         (19,287)         -         -				_	
Deferred inflows of resources           Defferred inflows Other postemployment benefits         3,317         —         —           Accumulated increase in fair value of hedging derivatives         —         3,176         —           Deferred inflows relating to pensions         3,764         —         —           Total deferred inflows of resources         7,081         3,176         —           Net position         —         444,835         204,005           Restricted for bond obligations         —         —         —           Restricted by legislation         —         —         —           Unrestricted (deficit)         (19,287)         —         —			-		
Defferred inflows Other postemployment benefits 3,317 — — — Accumulated increase in fair value of hedging derivatives — 3,176 — — Deferred inflows relating to pensions 3,764 — — — Total deferred inflows of resources 7,081 3,176 — — Net position  Restricted for bond obligations — 444,835 204,005 Restricted by legislation — — — — — Unrestricted (deficit) (19,287) — —	Total liabilities		43,442	2,016,056	617,995
Accumulated increase in fair value of hedging derivatives         —         3,176         —           Deferred inflows relating to pensions         3,764         —         —           Total deferred inflows of resources         7,081         3,176         —           Net position         —         444,835         204,005           Restricted for bond obligations         —         —         —           Restricted by legislation         —         —         —           Unrestricted (deficit)         (19,287)         —         —	Deferred inflows of resources				
Accumulated increase in fair value of hedging derivatives         —         3,176         —           Deferred inflows relating to pensions         3,764         —         —           Total deferred inflows of resources         7,081         3,176         —           Net position         —         444,835         204,005           Restricted for bond obligations         —         —         —           Restricted by legislation         —         —         —           Unrestricted (deficit)         (19,287)         —         —	Defferred inflows Other postemployment benefits		3,317	_	_
Deferred inflows relating to pensions         3,764         —         —           Total deferred inflows of resources         7,081         3,176         —           Net position         —         444,835         204,005           Restricted for bond obligations         —         —         —         —           Restricted by legislation         —         —         —         —           Unrestricted (deficit)         (19,287)         —         —			_	3,176	_
Total deferred inflows of resources         7,081         3,176         —           Net position         —         444,835         204,005           Restricted for bond obligations         —         —         —           Restricted by legislation         —         —         —           Unrestricted (deficit)         (19,287)         —         —	5 5		3,764	· <u> </u>	_
Restricted for bond obligations – 444,835 204,005 Restricted by legislation – – – Unrestricted (deficit) – (19,287) – –	<del>-</del> _ <del>-</del>		7,081	3,176	_
Restricted for bond obligations – 444,835 204,005 Restricted by legislation – – – Unrestricted (deficit) – (19,287) – –				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Restricted by legislation       —       —       —         Unrestricted (deficit)       (19,287)       —       —				444.005	204.005
Unrestricted (deficit) (19,287) – –	9		_	444,835	204,005
			(10.205)	_	_
10tal net position \$\(\pi\) (19,287) \$\(\pi\) 444,835 \$\(\pi\) 204,005		e —			
	total net position	Φ <u></u>	(19,287)	Ф 444,835	φ 204,005

			Single Family	Community	Student		Mortgage	 Total All Funds October 31,		
П	Iomeownersh	пр	Programs	Restoration Fund	Loan		Insurance Fund		ober 31,	
	Program		Total	runa	Program (in thousand	la)	runa	2018		2017
					(in thousand	is)				
\$	_	\$	3,705	<b>\$</b> 46	3,031	\$	1,959	\$ 8,741	\$	9,936
	_		2,366	_	_		_	2,366		2,660
	_		1,897	_	_		_	1,897		3,371
	_		21,769	_	_		_	21,769		24,862
	_		275,478	11,900	14,421		353,823	655,622		828,036
	_		305,215	11,946	17,452		355,782	690,395		868,865
	137		164,234	_	_		_	164,234		165,067
	10		8,104	_	121		_	8,225		8,224
	_		1,573	35	76		10,900	12,584		11,524
	30		12,877	10,543	_		_	23,420		22,859
	177		492,003	22,524	17,649		366,682	898,858		1,076,539
	_		104,595	_	_		1,593,579	1,698,174		1,511,686
	1,672		2,710,757	_	_		_	2,710,757		2,623,653
	_			_	4,440		_	4,440		5,916
			1,101				4 500 550	1,101		1,170
	1,672		2,816,453		4,440		1,593,579	4,414,472		4,142,425
	1,849		3,308,456	22,524	22,089		1,960,261	5,313,330		5,218,964
	_		_	_	_		_	_		2,990
	_		4,704	_	_		_	4,704		4,982
	_		2,427	_	_		_	2,427		2,756
	_		3,565	_	_		_	3,565		2,025
	_		10,696		_		_	10,696		12,753
	_		318,583	_	1,295		_	319,878		275,560
	_		6,729	_	127		_	6,856		6,422
	_		_	_	_		15,745	15,745		17,164
	7		11,803	_	21		24,527	36,351		53,632
	_		2,376	_	_		_	2,376		100,000
	_		(4,252)	1	9		4,242	_		_
	7		335,239	1	1,452		44,514	381,206		452,778
	_		2,287,476	_	3,980		_	2,291,456		2,276,783
	_		9,891	_	_		_	9,891		16,057
	_		43,712	_	_		_	43,712		44,370
	_		1,182	_	_		_	1,182		2,834
	_		2,342,261	_	3,980		_	2,346,241		2,340,044
	7		2,677,500	1	5,432		44,514	2,727,447		2,792,822
	_		3,317	_	_		_	3,317		69
	_		3,176	_	_		_	3,176		
	_		3,764	_	_		_	3,764		466
			10,257					10,257		535
	1,842		650,682	_	16,657		_	667,339		657,498
	-, <del></del>		_	22,522	_		1,915,747	1,938,269		1,795,027
	_		(19,287)		_			(19,287)		(14,166)
<i>-</i>	1,842	\$		\$ 22,522	16,657	\$	1,915,747	\$ 2,586,321	\$	2,438,359

# State of New York Mortgage Agency (A Component Unit of the State of New York)

#### Schedules of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position Fiscal Year Ended October 31, 2018 with comparative totals for 2017

	_	General Operating Fund	Homeowne Mortgage Revenue	r	Mortgage Revenue
Ot'			(in thousands)		
Operating revenues Interest earned on loans	\$				24 == 2
Recoveries	Þ	_	\$ 96,470	\$	31,750
			11 410		2.026
Investment Income		333	11,419		2,026
Commitment fees, insurance premiums and application					
fees earned		_	_		_
Other income	_	325	791		<u> </u>
Total operating revenues		658	108,680		33,776
Operating expenses					
Interest and amortization of discount on debt		_	58,863		21,225
Bond issuance costs		_	3,015		_
Postemployment retirement benefits expense		2,919	_		_
General expenses		15,388	3,774		475
Overhead assessment by State of New York		3,417	_		_
Pool insurance		_	526		96
Provision for estimated claims		_	_		_
Expenditures related to federal grants		_	_		_
Net change in fair market value					
of investments		(2)	2,744		183
Other		548	14,625		(151)
Total operating expenses		22,270	83,547		21,828
Operating (loss) income	_	(21,612)	25,133		11,948
Non-operating revenues (expenses)					
Mortgage insurance reserves retained		_	_		_
Federal grants		_	_		_
Transfers to/from New York State and its Agencies (net)		_	_		_
Interfund transfers		16,492	(16,000)		_
Total non-operating revenues (expenses)		16,492	(16,000)		
(Decrease) Increase in net position		(5,120)	9,133		11,948
Net positon, beginning of fiscal year		(14,166)	435,702		192,056
Total net position, end of fiscal year	<b>\$</b>	(19,286)	\$ 444,835	\$	204,004

		Single Family	Community	Student	Mortgage	_	Total A		
meownersh	ip	Programs	Restoration	Loan	Insurance		Fiscal year en	ded (	
Program		Total	Fund	Program	Fund		2018		2017
			(i	n thousands)					
\$ 133	\$	128,353	\$ _	469	\$ _	\$	128,822	\$	131,632
_		_	_	_	11,775		11,775		5,236
_		13,778	122	210	37,706		51,816		37,507
_		_	_	_	17,425		17,425		16,545
_		1,116	_	17	_		1,133		2,156
133		143,247	122	696	66,906		210,971		193,076
_		80,088	_	262	_		80,350		79,859
_		3,015	_	_	_		3,015		2,814
_		2,919	_	_	_		2,919		5,023
_		19,637	12	76	5,198		24,923		22,410
_		3,417	_	_	1,139		4,556		4,556
2		624	_	_	137		761		547
_		_	_	_	11,845		11,845		13,087
_		_	_	_	_		_		602
_		2,925	(1)	(3)	50,306		53,227		36,968
11		15,033		123	_		15,156		16,395
13		127,658	11	458	68,625		196,752		182,261
120		15,589	111	238	(1,719)		14,219		10,815
_		_	_	_	122,439		122,439		111,419
_			_						602
_		_	11,304	_	_		11,304		(90,298)
(492)		_	_	_	_		_		(50 <u>/</u> 250)
(492)		_	11,304	_	122,439		133,743		21,723
(372)		15,589	11,415	238	120,720		147,962		45,022
 2,214		615,806	11,108	16,419	1,795,027		2,438,359		2,393,337
\$ 1,842	\$	631,395	\$ 22,523 \$	16,657	\$ 1,915,747	\$	2,586,321	\$	2,438,359

# State of New York Mortgage Agency (A Component Unit of the State of New York)

#### Schedules of Cash Flows

#### Fiscal Year Ended October 31, 2018 with comparative totals for 2017

		General		Homeowner		
		Operating	;	Mortgage		Mortgage
		Fund		Revenue		Revenue
	_		(iı	n thousands)		
Cash flows from operating activities						
Interest received on loans	\$	_	\$	96,270	\$	31,920
Principal payment on loans		_		486,241		60,064
Purchase of mortgage loans		_		(632,967)		(69,355)
Commitment fees, insurance premium and application						
fees earned		_		_		_
Operating expenses		(25,777)		(21,941)		(572)
Expenditures related to federal grants		_		_		_
Transfers		24,859		(16,000)		1,238
Other		30		3,237		
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	_	(888)		(85,160)		23,295
Cash flows from non-capital financing activities						
Interest paid on bonds				(EQ 190)		(22,404)
Mortgage recording surtax receipts		_		(58,180)		(22,494)
Payments to New York State and its Agencies		_		_		_
Federal grants		_		_		_
Bond proceeds		_		E7E 0E6		_
Retirement and redemption of bonds		_		575,056		_
Net cash provided by (used in) non-capital		_		(443,405)		_
financing activities	_			73,471		(22.404)
imancing activities	_			/3,4/1		(22,494)
Cash flows from investing activities						
Purchase of internal software		_		_		_
Earnings on investments		(2,500)		10,899		1,595
Proceeds from the sale or maturities of investments		76,570		3,338,636		355,123
Purchase of investments		(73,476)		(3,341,687)		(357,782)
Net cash (used in) provided by investing activities		594		7,848		(1,064)
Net (decrease) increase in cash		(294)		(3,841)		(263)
Cash, beginning of fiscal year		2,660		8,381		1,325
Cash, end of fiscal year	\$	2,366	\$	4,540	\$	1,062
Reconciliation of operating revenues (expenses) to						
net cash (used in) provided by operating activities:						
Net operating revenues (expenses)	\$	(21,612)	\$	25,133	\$	11,948
Adjustment to reconcile operating income to net cash		(==/===/	*		*	,
provided by (used in) operating activities:						
Investment income		(333)		(11,419)		(2,026)
Interest payments and amortization		(655)		58,863		21,225
Net change in fair market value		(2)		2,744		183
Other		8,072		2,044		1,087
Transfers		16,492		(16,000)		
Changes in assets and liabilities		10,472		(10,000)		
Mortgage loans and other loans, net				(146,726)		(0.201)
Interest, fees and other receivables		_				(9,291)
		_		201		169
Student loans		-		_		_
Unearned income, accounts payable and other		(1,195)		_		_
Postemployment retirement benefits payable		(658)		_		_
Net pension liability		(1,652)		_		
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	\$ 	(888)	\$	(85,160)	\$	23,295
N 12 0 020						
Non-cash investing activities	di di	2	¢.	(0.744)	æ	(400)
Net increase (decrease) in fair value of investments	\$	2	\$	(2,744)	\$	(183)

		Single Family	Community	Student	Mortgage		Total All Funds		
Homeownership			Restoration	Loan	Insurance		Fiscal year er	ded C	
	Program	Total	Fund	Program	Fund		2018		2017
				(in thousar	nds)				
\$	134 \$	128,324	<b>\$</b> —	497	\$ -	\$	128,821	\$	131,815
	393	546,698	_	1,476	_		548,174		285,085
	_	(702,322)	_	_	_		(702,322)		(369,692)
	_	_	_	_	30,015		30,015		22,121
	_	(48,290)	(12)	(76)	_		(48,378)		(28,120)
	_	_	_	_	_		_		(602)
	_	10,097	11,270	(110)	_		21,257		11,100
	(527)	2,740	(3,000)		(18,637)		(18,897)		(40,892)
	_	(62,753)	8,258	1,787	11,378		(41,330)		10,815
		(00 (74)		(206)			(00,000)		(00.05()
	_	(80,674)	_	(306)	150.015		(80,980)		(80,056)
	_	_	_	_	152,015		152,015		160,510
	_	_	_	_	(148,000)		(148,000)		(154,743)
	_	- 575,056	_	_	_		575,056		602 336,135
	_	(443,405)	_	(1,965)	_		(445,370)		(307,889)
		(443,403)	_	(1,903)	_		(443,370)		(307,889)
	_	50,977	_	(2,271)	4,015		52,721		(45,441)
									(4.50)
	_	-	_	_	40.500		-		(152)
	_	9,994	92	190	40,592		50,868		45,276
	_	3,770,329	71,352	33,412	1,315,114		5,190,207		3,981,940
		(3,772,945) 7,378	(79,669) (8,225)	(32,951) <b>651</b>	(1,369,863)		(5,255,428) (14,353)		(3,989,639)
		(4,398)	33	167	(14,157) 1,236		(2,962)		37,425 2,799
	_	12,366	13	2,864	723		15,966		13,873
\$	- \$		\$ 46	3,031	\$ 1,959		13,004	\$	16,672
\$	120 \$	15,589	\$ 111	\$ 238	\$ (1,719)	\$	14,219	\$	10,815
				(210)	(07 704)		( <b>=</b> 4.04.6)		(27.406)
	_	(10 000)	(100)						(37,486)
		(13,778)	(122)	(210)	(37,706)		(51,816)		
	_	80,088	_	262	_		80,350		
	- - (21)	80,088 2,925	(1)	262 (3)	50,306		80,350 53,227		36,969
	(21)	80,088	(1)	262 (3) 150	_		80,350 53,227 (6,490)		36,969 4,512
		80,088 2,925	(1)	262 (3)	50,306		80,350 53,227		36,969 4,512
	(21)	80,088 2,925 11,182 — (155,624)	(1) — 11,270	262 (3) 150 (110)	50,306		80,350 53,227 (6,490) 11,160 (154,148)		36,969 4,512 11,100 (86,329)
	(21) (492)	80,088 2,925 11,182 — (155,624) 370	(1)	262 (3) 150 (110) 1,476	50,306		80,350 53,227 (6,490) 11,160 (154,148) (2,630)		4,512 11,100 (86,329) (5,861)
	(21) (492)	80,088 2,925 11,182 — (155,624) 370	(1) — 11,270	262 (3) 150 (110) 1,476 — 28	50,306 (17,822) —		80,350 53,227 (6,490) 11,160 (154,148) (2,630) 28		36,969 4,512 11,100 (86,329) (5,861) 1,705
	(21) (492)	80,088 2,925 11,182 — (155,624) 370 — (1,195)	(1) — 11,270	262 (3) 150 (110) 1,476	50,306		80,350 53,227 (6,490) 11,160 (154,148) (2,630) 28 17,080		36,969 4,512 11,100 (86,329) (5,861) 1,705 (5,046)
	(21) (492)	80,088 2,925 11,182 — (155,624) 370 — (1,195) (658)	(1) — 11,270	262 (3) 150 (110) 1,476 — 28	50,306 (17,822) —		80,350 53,227 (6,490) 11,160 (154,148) (2,630) 28 17,080 (658)		36,969 4,512 11,100 (86,329) (5,861) 1,705 (5,046) (2,181)
	(21) (492) 393 — — — —	80,088 2,925 11,182 — (155,624) 370 — (1,195) (658) (1,652)	(1) - 11,270 - (3,000) - - -	262 (3) 150 (110) 1,476 — 28 (44) —	50,306 (17,822) — — — — — — ———————————————————————		80,350 53,227 (6,490) 11,160 (154,148) (2,630) 28 17,080 (658) (1,652)		36,969 4,512 11,100 (86,329) (5,861) 1,705 (5,046) (2,181) 2,761
\$	(21) (492)	80,088 2,925 11,182 — (155,624) 370 — (1,195) (658)	(1) — 11,270	262 (3) 150 (110) 1,476 — 28	50,306 (17,822) —		80,350 53,227 (6,490) 11,160 (154,148) (2,630) 28 17,080 (658)	\$	36,969 4,512 11,100 (86,329) (5,861) 1,705 (5,046) (2,181)
<u>\$</u>	(21) (492) 393 — — — —	80,088 2,925 11,182 - (155,624) 370 - (1,195) (658) (1,652) (62,753)	(1) - 11,270 - (3,000) - - -	262 (3) 150 (110) 1,476 — 28 (44) —	50,306 (17,822) ———————————————————————————————————	\$	80,350 53,227 (6,490) 11,160 (154,148) (2,630) 28 17,080 (658) (1,652)	\$	36,969 4,512 11,100 (86,329) (5,861) 1,705 (5,046) (2,181) 2,761



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Report of Independent Auditors on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements

Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* 

Management and the Directors of the Board State of New York Mortgage Agency New York, New York

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the State of New York Mortgage Agency (the Agency), a component unit of the State of New York, which comprise the statement of net position as of October 31, 2018, and the related statements of revenues and expenses and changes in net position, and cash flows for the year then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated January 28, 2019.

#### **Internal Control Over Financial Reporting**

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Agency's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Agency's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Agency's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.



Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

#### **Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Agency's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

#### **Purpose of this Report**

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the result of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Agency's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Agency's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Ernst & Young LLP

January 28, 2019